## **Final Exam**

## **Latest Submission Grade 100%**

| 1. Question 1 The first state of the is Business Understanding.  |
|--|
| 1/1 point  |
| Data collection methodology  |
|  |
| Computer modeling methodology  |
|  |
| Data science methodology   |
| 0  |
| Data analysis methodology  |
|  |
| Correct  |
| <ul><li>Question 2</li><li>Business Understanding is an important stage in the data science methodology because;</li></ul>   |
| 1/1 point  |
|  |
| It is determined by the analytical approach you want to use.   |
|  |
| It ensures that the work generates all possible solutions.   |
|  |
| It clearly defines the problem and the needs from a business perspective.  |
| 0  |
| It generates the data that will be used in the study.  |
| Correct  |
| 3.   |
| Question 3   |
| According to the videos, you can think of the and stages as a cooking task, where the problem at hand is a recipe, and the data to answer the question is the ingredients. |
|  |
| 1/1 point  ●   |
| Data Requirements; Data Collection   |
|  |
| Data Analysis: Presentation Requirements   |

| 0  |
|--|
| Analytics; Business Requirements   |
| 0  |
| Business Requirements; Presentation Requirements   |
| Correct  |
| 4.   |
| Question 4   |
| In the Data Collection stage, techniques such as and visualization can be applied to the data set, |
| to assess the content, quality, and initial insights about the data.                               |
| 1/1 point<br>●   |
| Descriptive statistics   |
|  |
| The supervised method  |
|  |
| O Data manipulation  |
|  |
| C The superior of the discrete of  |
| The unsupervised method  |
| Correct  |
| 5.   |
| Question 5 A training set is used for  |
|  |
| 1/1 point  •   |
| Predictive modeling  |
| 0  |
| Descriptive modeling   |
|  |
| Statistical analysis   |
|  |
| O Data Visualization   |
|  |
| Correct  |
| 6. Question 6  |
| A false-negative is what type of error?  |
|  |
| 1/1 point  •   |

| Type II error  |
|--|
| C  |
| Type I error   |
| 0  |
| Type L error   |
| O  |
| Type III error                                       |
| Correct  |
| 7.   |
| Question 7 The Data Understanding stage encompasses  |
|  |
| 1/1 point  O   |
| Sorting the data.                                    |
|  |
| All activities related to constructing the dataset.  |
| O  |
| Removing redundant data.                             |
|  |
| Transforming data.                                   |
| Correct  |
| 8.   |
| Question 8 The Data Preparation stage involves what? |
|  |
| 1/1 point  O   |
| Addressing missing values.                           |
| O  |
| Correcting invalid values and addressing outliers.   |
| O  |
| Removing duplicate data.                             |
| O  |
| Formatting the data.                                 |
|  |
| All of the above                                     |

| Correct  |
|--|
| 9. Question 9 The final stages of the data science methodology are an iterative cycle between which of the different stages? |
| 1/1 point  |
| Data Understanding, Data Preparation, Evaluation, and Modelling.   |
| O Modelling, Evaluation, Data Understanding, Data Preparation, and Deployment.   |
| Modelling, Evaluation, Deployment, and Feedback.   |
| Modelling, Data Preparation, Deployment, and Feedback.   |
| Correct  |
| 10. Question 10 Deploying a model into production represents the beginning of an iterative process between;                  |
| 1/1 point  |
| C<br>Feedback  |
| Model Refinement   |
| © Redeployment   |
| All of the above   |
| Correct  |
| 11. Question 11 Select the correct sentence about the data science methodology as explained in the course.                   |
| 1/1 point  |
| The data science methodology does not depend on a specific set of technologies or tools.                                     |
| C The data science methodology always starts with Business Understanding.  |
| The data science methodology is an iterative process.  |

| All of the above  |
|---|
| Correct   |
| 12. Question 12 What do data scientists typically use for exploratory analysis of data and to get acquainted with it? |
| 1/1 point   |
|   |
| They use support vector machines and neural networks as feature extraction techniques.                                |
| 0   |
| They use deep learning.   |
| 0   |
| They begin with regression, classification, or clustering.  |
|   |
| They use descriptive statistics and data visualization techniques.  |

Correct