

IBM Cloud Watson Studio

Estimated Time (45 min)

IBM Watson Studio is a service from IBM, that provides a suite of tools and a collaborative environment for data scientists, developers and domain experts. In this lab, you will use Watson Studio and explore different datasets. As we have learnt in the course, the data is not only about numbers, it can be anything such as numeric data, text data, images, videos, audios etc. You will work on three samples.

Sample 1 in which you will learn about the dataset in which only numeric attributes are present.

Sample 2 in which you will learn about the dataset in which numeric & text attributes are present.

Sample 3 in which you will analyze how the Jupyter Notebooks look like. How a Data Scientist create the models?

Let's take a look that how different datasets are used by Data Scientist.

Objectives:

You will learn to:

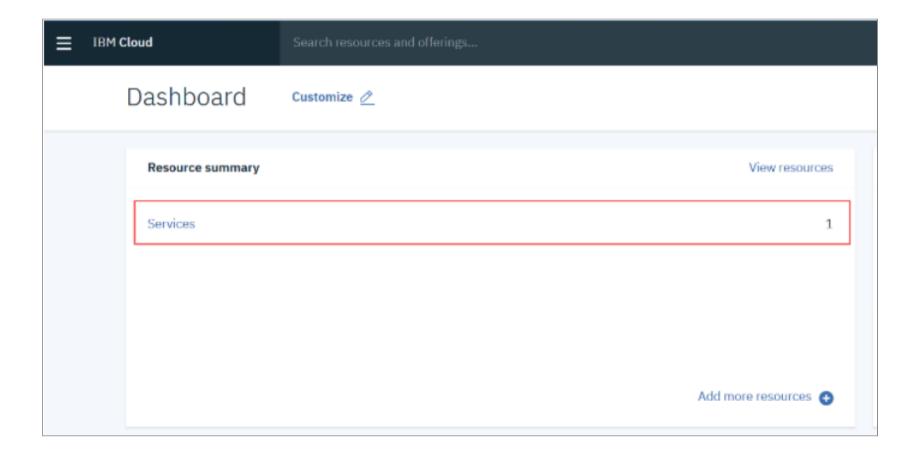
- Launch Watson Studio for accessing Data Science Problems
- Evaluate Numeric dataset
- Evaluate dataset with Non-Numeric attributes
- Evaluate Jupyter Notebook

Pre-requisite:

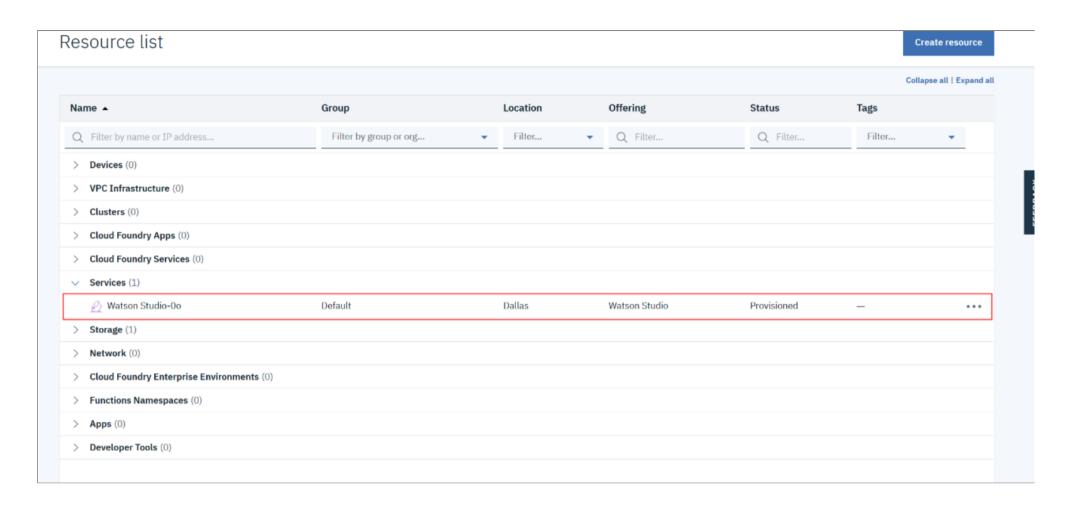
Before you start, you need to have an IBM Cloud account. If not, follow the instructions given in the <u>link</u>

Exercise 1: Launch Watson Studio for accessing Data Science Problems

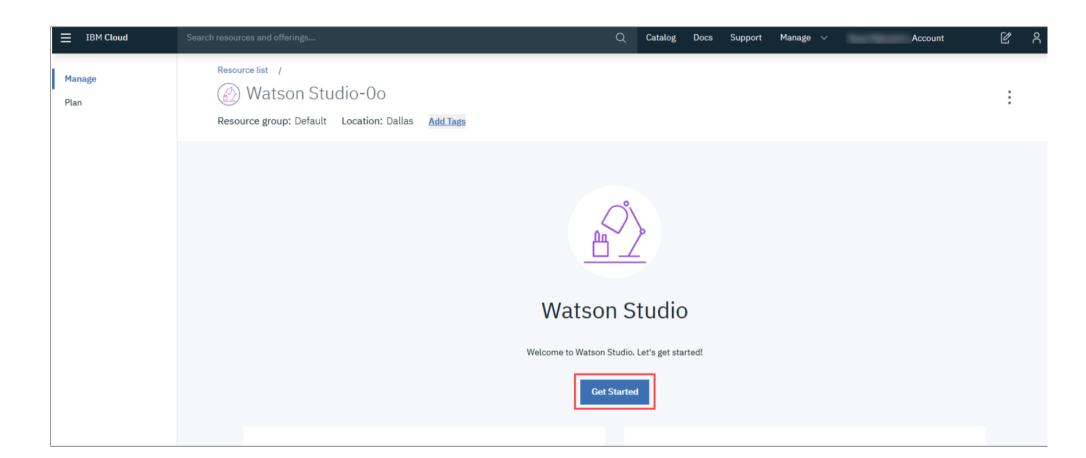
- 1. Login to IBM Cloud: https://cloud.ibm.com/login
- 2. Scroll down and click Services given in Resource Summary.



3. When you click on Services, all your existing services will be shown in the list. Click the Watson Studio service you created:

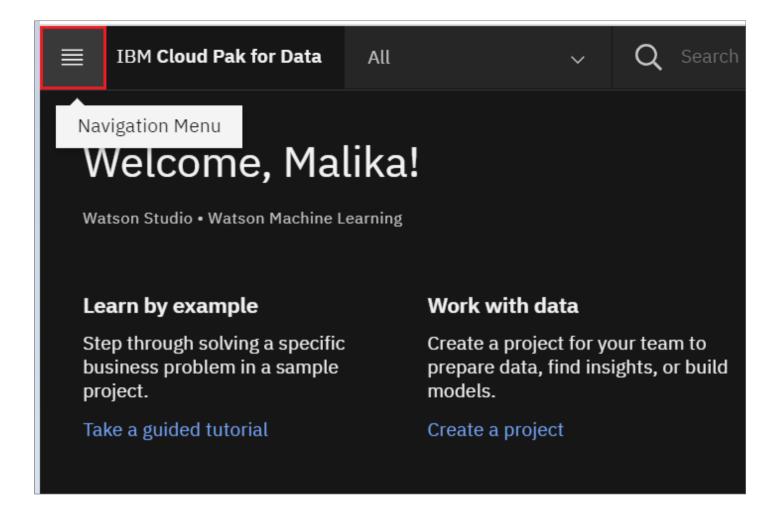


4. Click Get Started.

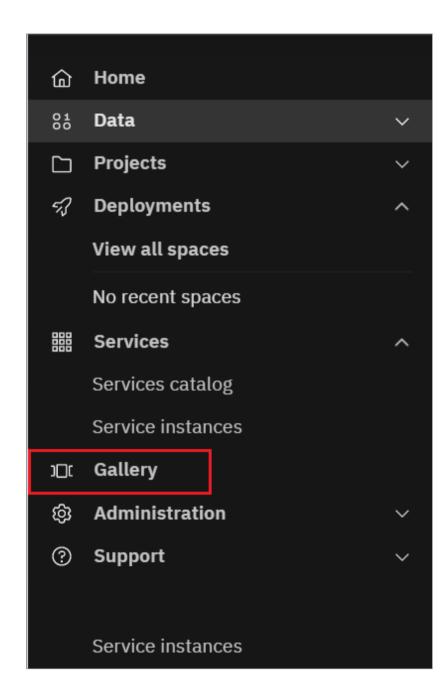


Exercise 2: Evaluate Numeric dataset

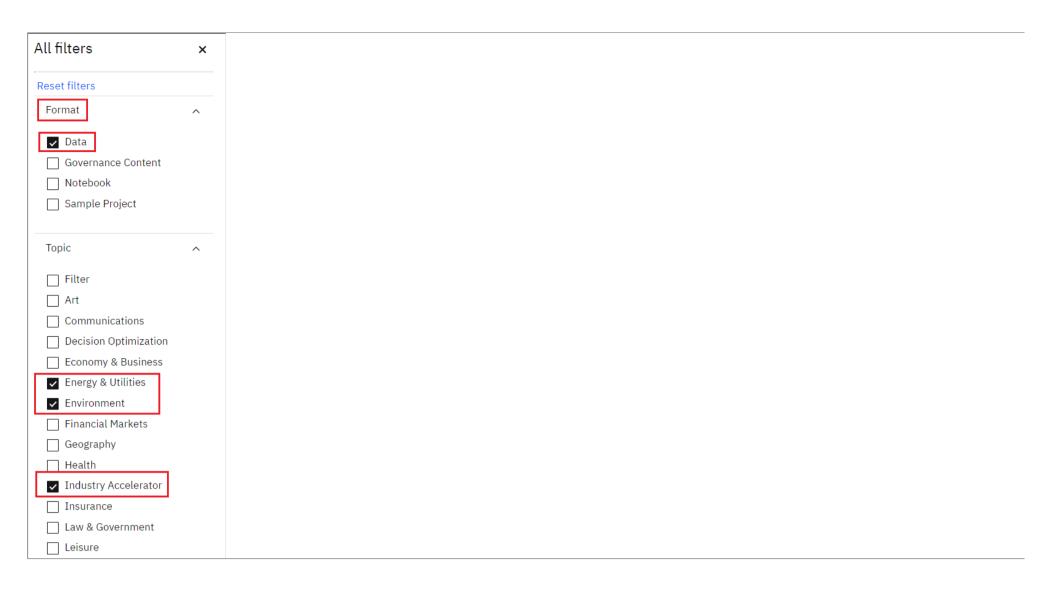
1. Click on Navigation Menu.



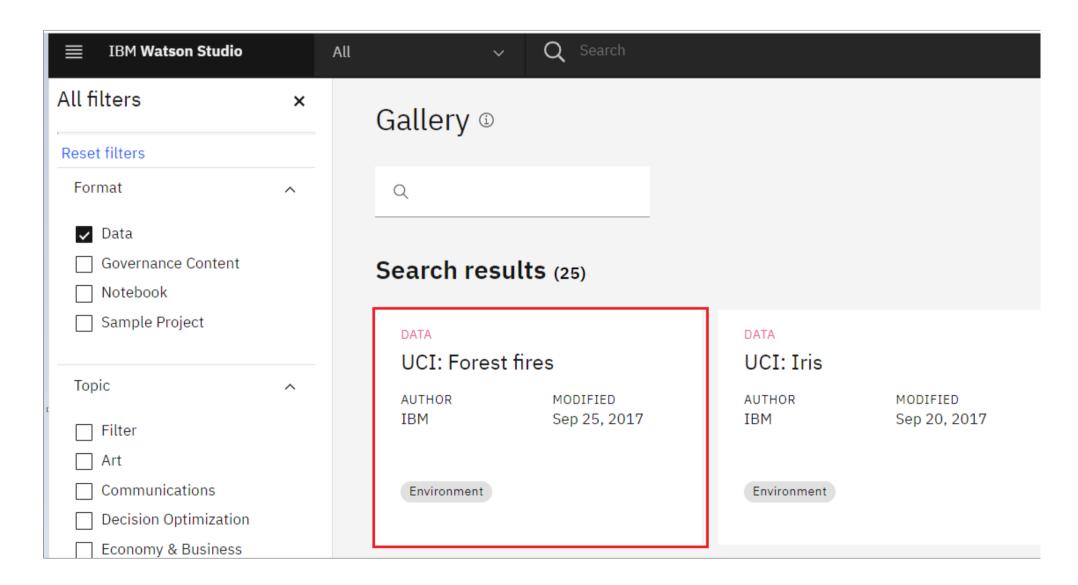
2. Click on Gallery.



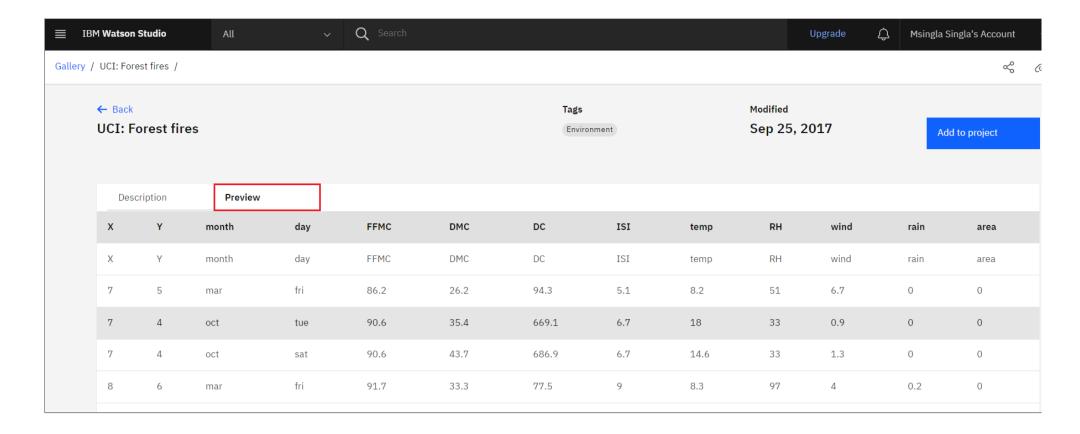
3. Select All Filters. From Format select Data and from Topic select Energy & Utilities, Enviornment and Industry Accelerator



4. Click on UCI: Forest Fires.



5. Preview the data using the *Preview* option.



Explore the data

The data is related to forest fires where the aim is to predict the burned area of forest fires, in the northeast region of Portugal, by using meterological and other data.

Attribute Information:

- 1. X x-axis spatial coordinate within the Montesinho park map: 1 to 9
- 2. Y y-axis spatial coordinate within the Montesinho park map: 2 to 9
- 3. month month of the year: 'jan' to 'dec'
- 4. day day of the week: 'mon' to 'sun'
- 5. FFMC FFMC index from the FWI system: 18.7 to 96.20
- 6. DMC DMC index from the FWI system: 1.1 to 291.3
- 7. DC DC index from the FWI system: 7.9 to 860.6
- 8. ISI ISI index from the FWI system: 0.0 to 56.10
- 9. temp temperature in Celsius degrees: 2.2 to 33.30
- 10. RH relative humidity in %: 15.0 to 100
- 11. wind wind speed in km/h: 0.40 to 9.40
- 12. rain outside rain in mm/m2: 0.0 to 6.4
- 13. area the burned area of the forest (in ha): 0.00 to 1090.84

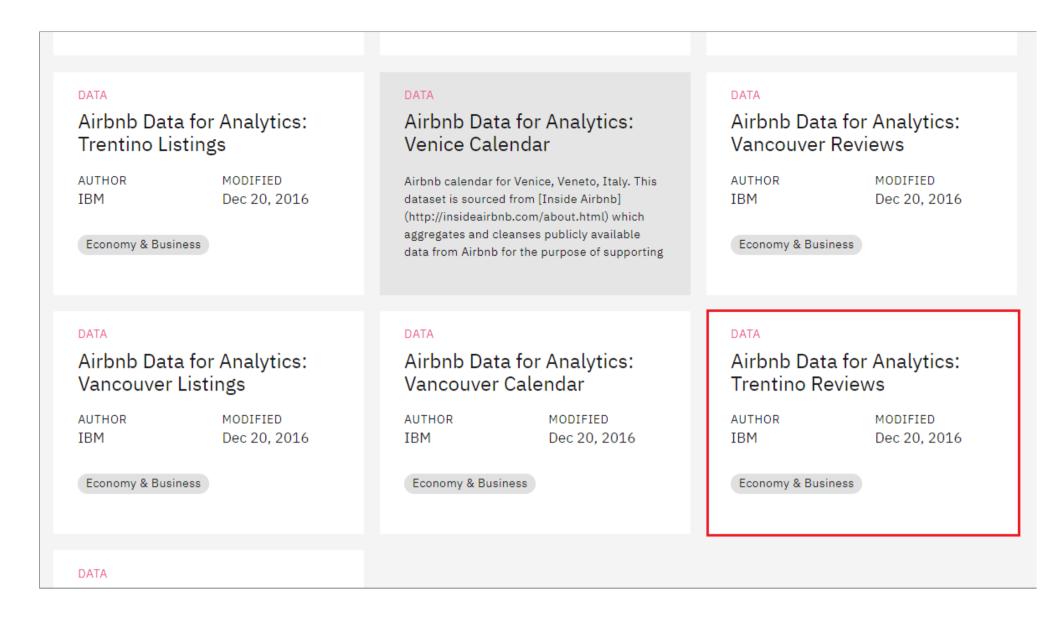
(this output variable is very skewed towards 0.0, thus it may make sense to model with the logarithm transform).

Exercise 2: Evaluate Non-Numeric dataset

The data doesn't have to be only based on numbers. Data can be text, images and other types as well. Let's look into data having text values.

1. Use the All Filters. From Format select Data and from Topic select Economy and Business.

You will get mutiple datasets given. Scroll down and select *Airbnb Data for Analytics: Trentino Reviews* (If you will not get the data using **Load More** option)



2. Preview the data using the *Preview* option.

Airbnb Data for Analytics: Trentino Reviews				Economy & Business		Dec 20, 2016		Add to	Add to project	
Description		Preview								
listing_id	id	date	reviewer_id	reviewer_name	comments	listing_name	host_id	listing_latitude	listing_longitude	host_name
listing_id	id	date	reviewer_id	reviewer_name	comments	listing_name	host_id	listing_latitude	listing_longitude	host_name
5064970	29436648	2015- 04-07	11582326	Stephan	Marina is very kind and friendly. We enjoyed her apartment, that was very modern and clean with two rooms, a bathroom and the kitchen inside the living-room with a balcony that goes to the north. All in all a good flat to stay. Thanks!	apartment + Wi-FI + parking!	2845951	45.88512254895795	10.859054481189382	Marina
5064970	33481368	2015- 05-28	20223641	Annika	Marinas flat was a dream! Spotlessly clean, very cute decorated and the balcony was the biggest plus! Marina welcomed us in her flat and gave us many tips for hiking, mountainbiking and restaurants. You have to ask her for the best Gelateria in Riva. The best ice cream I 've ever eaten! We will definitly come back! Thank you Marina for the awesome time we could spend in your flat. Annika & Joachim	apartment + Wi-FI + parking!	2845951	45.88512254895795	10.859054481189382	Marina

Explore the data

Airbnb, Inc. is an American company that operates an online marketplace for lodging, primarily homestays for vacation rentals, and tourism activities. Airbnb guests may leave a review after their stay, and these can be used as an indicator of airbnb activity. The minimum stay, price and number of reviews have been used to estimate the occupancy rate, the number of nights per year and the income per month for each listing.

This data can be used in various ways - To analyze the star ratings of places, to analyze the location preferences of the customers, to analyze the tone and sentiment of customer reviews and many more. Airbnb uses location data to improve guest satisfaction.

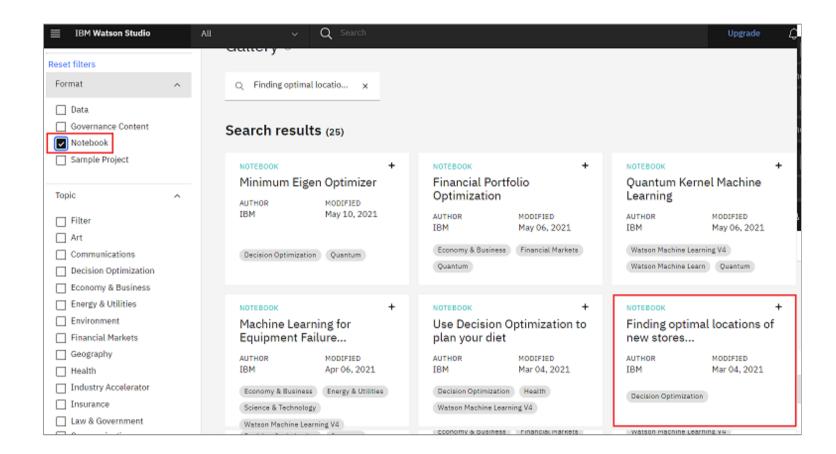
© Can you think of what you can use this data for?

The dataset comprises of three main tables:

- listings Detailed listings data showing 96 attributes for each of the listings. Some of the attributes used in the analysis are price(continuous), longitude (continuous), latitude (continuous), listing_type (categorical), is_superhost (categorical), neighbourhood (categorical), ratings (continuous) among others.
- reviews Detailed reviews given by the guests with 6 attributes. Key attributes include date (datetime), listing_id (discrete), reviewer_id (discrete) and comment (textual).
- calendar Provides details about booking for the next year by listing. Four attributes in total including listing_id (discrete), date(datetime), available (categorical) and price (continuous).

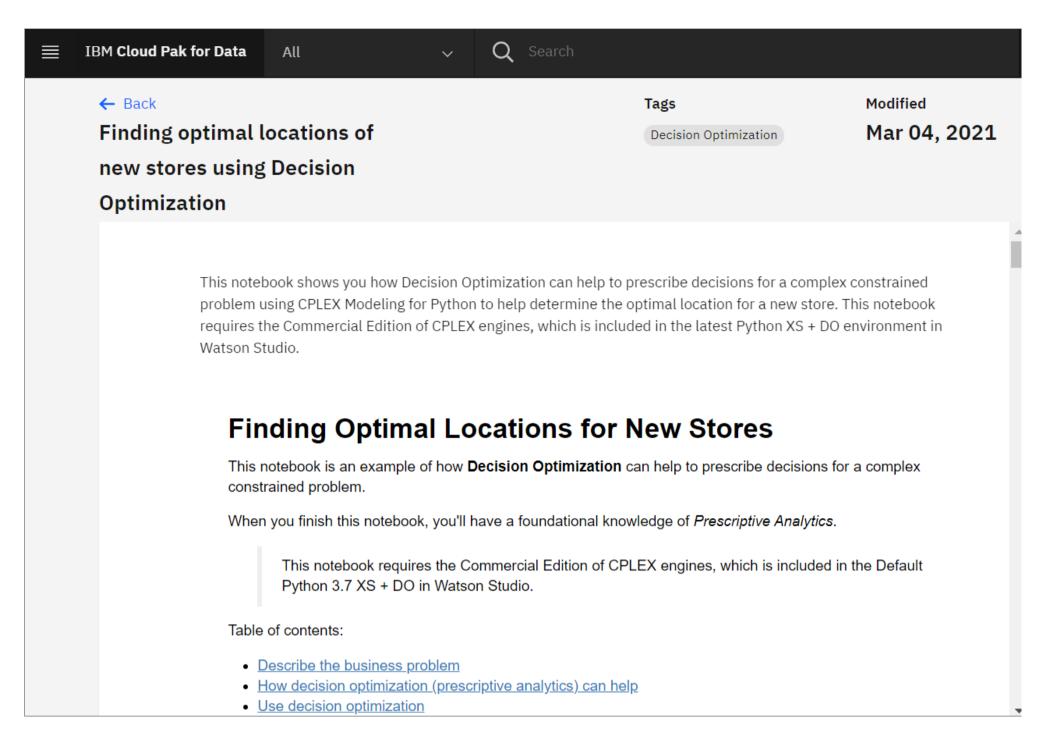
Exercise 3: Evaluate Jupyter Notebook

Use the All Filters. From Format select Notebook and select Finding optimal locations of new stores using Decision Optimization

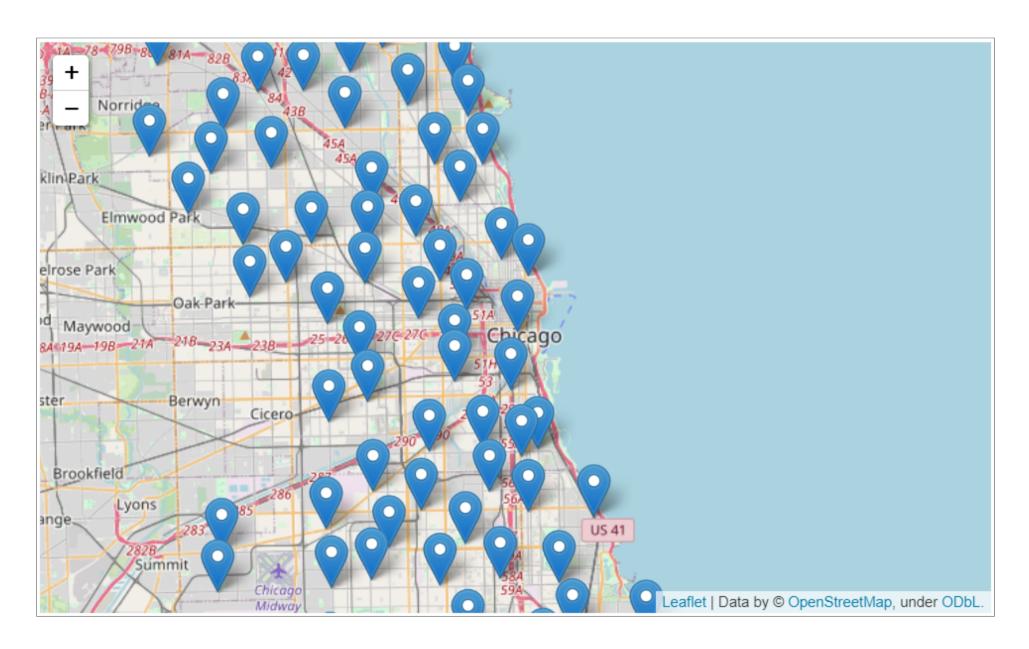


This notebook shows you how Decision Optimization can help to prescribe decisions for a complex constrained problem using Python to help determine the optimal location for a new store.

The objective is to minimize the total distance from libraries to coffee shops so that a book reader always gets to our coffee shop easily. It can be done by analyzing and displaying the location of the coffee shops on a map.

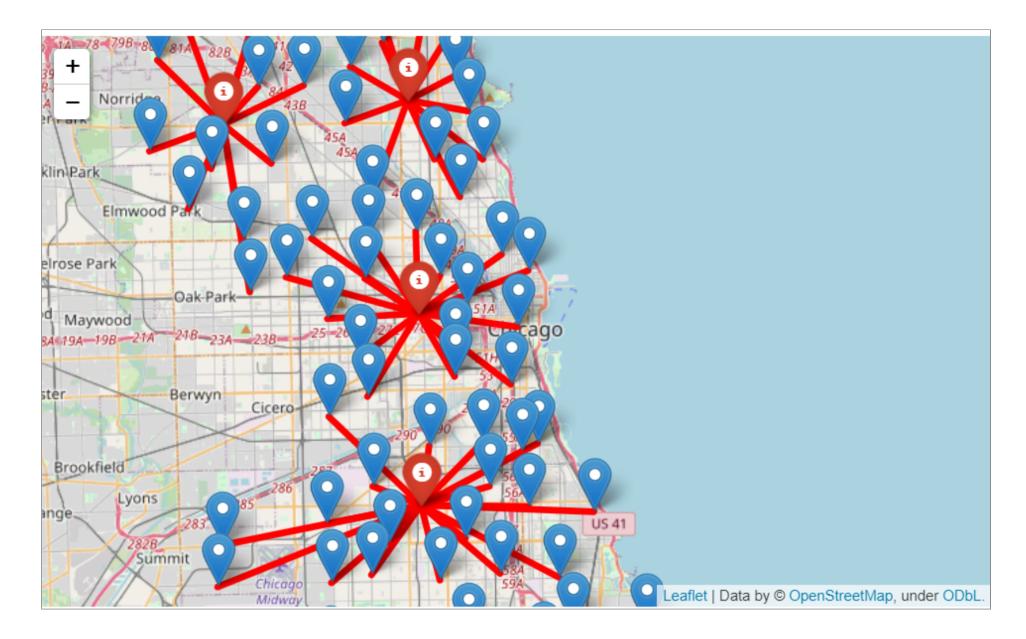


When we validate the dataset, the locations on map are seperated.



But it is impossible to determine where to ideally open the coffee shops by just looking at the map.

This is solved by an optimization model that will help us determine where to locate the coffee shops in an optimal way.



Summary

In this lab, you have learnt about how different datasets are available and how a data scientist create and predict the models using the model building in IBM Watson Jupyter Notebook.

Author(s)

Malika Singla

Other Contributor(s)

<u>Lavanya</u>

Change log

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2021-06-010	1.0	Malika Singla	Initial Version

© IBM Corporation 2021. All rights reserved.