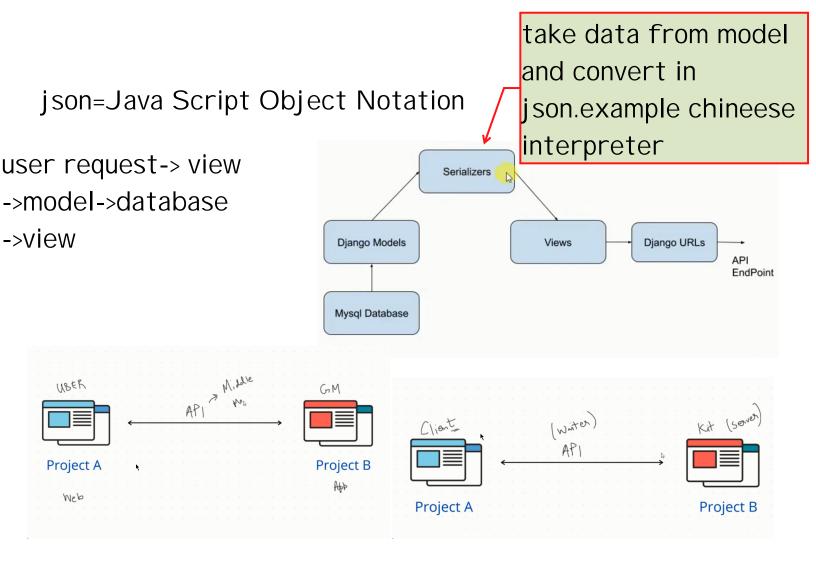
rest framework rest architecture

api = application programming interface -> we can run multiple app using one database. Example facebook whatsapp insta server down if the organisation use one database but they are interconnected each other through api. if server down then 3 application will not work properly

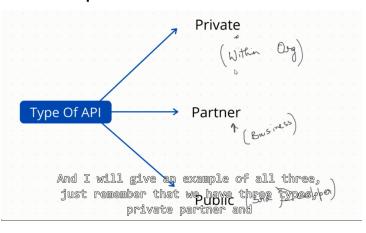
convert database in api

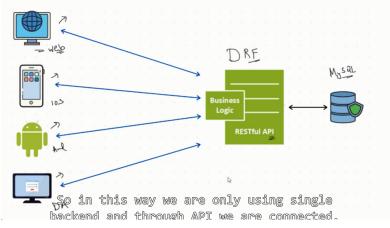
Rest = Representational state transfer

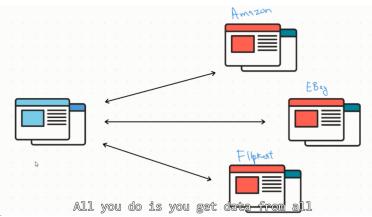
is a type of architecture (make of such kinds of algo ) thats makes the data in one kind of standard data form JSON

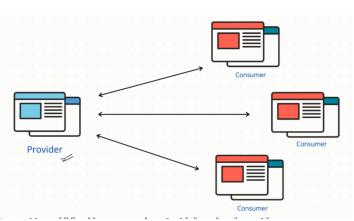


# api act as a middle man between client and server









#### Understanding URL

https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/ https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/list/

https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/127/ https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/127/reviews/ https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/127/reviews/?limit=20

https://www.api.movielist.com/account/login/ https://www.api.movielist.com/account/register/

It can be Spider-Man, Superman or any other movie.

#### Understanding URL

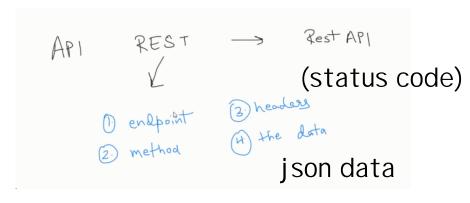
https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/ https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/list/

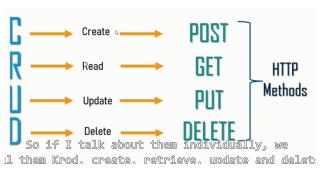
https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/127/ https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/127/reviews/ https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/127/reviews/?limit=20

https://www.api.movielist.com/account/login/ https://thenathrevielisterni/account/register/ part

is known as End Point.

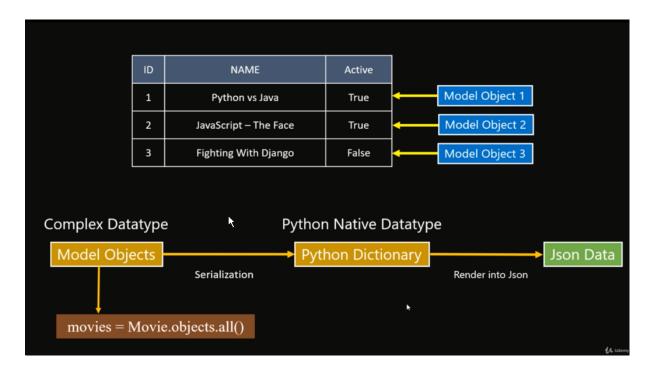
**End Point** 

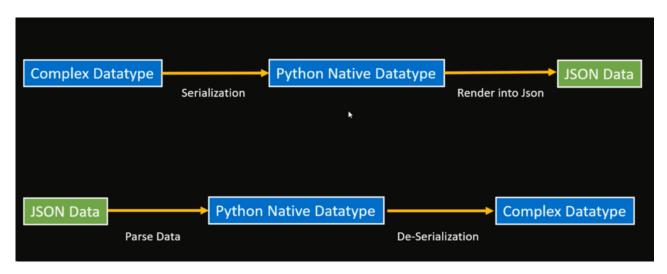


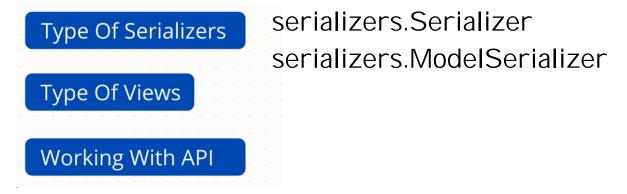


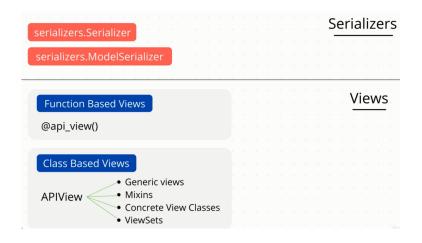
```
Understanding URL
                                API +
                                                           REST API
https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/
                                        Architecture
https://www.api.movielist.com/movies/127/
                                 I. End Points
                                                            (Status Code)
                                                   3. Headers
                                 2. Methods (CRUD)
                                                            (JSON)
                                                   4. The Data
def movie(request):
                                              queryset -> python
   movies = Movie.objects.all()
                                              dictionary
   data = {
                                              python dictionary ->json
      'movies': list(movies.values())
                                               response
   return JsonResponse(data)
   def movie_details(requst,pk):
      movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
      data={
           'name'=movie.name,
           'description'=movie.description
   return JsonResponse(data)
```

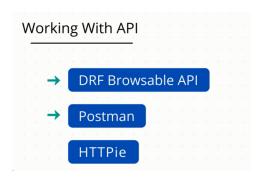
#### serializations in DRF











#### serializers:

```
class MovieSerializer(serializers.Serializer):
   id=serializers.IntergerField(read_only=True)
   name=serializers.CharField()
```

#### views:

```
@api_view(['GET','POST'])
def movie_list(request):
    movies=Movie.objects.all()
    serializer=MovieSerializer(movies, many=True)
    return Response(serializer.data)
```

```
@api_view(['GET','POST'])
def movie_details(request,pk):
    movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
    serializer=MovieSerializer(movie)
    return Response(serializer.data)
```

#### views:

```
@api_view(['GET','POST'])
def movie_list(request):
    if request.method == 'GET':
        movies=Movie.objects.all()
        serializer=MovieSerializer(movies)
        return Response(serializer.data)

if request.method == 'POST':
        serializer=MovieSerializer(data=request.data)
        if serializer.is_valid():
            serializer.save()
            return Response(serializer.data)
        else:
            return Response(serializer.errors)
```

```
@api_view(['GET','PUT','DELETE'])
def movie_details(request,pk):
 if request.method =="GET":
   movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
   serializer=MovieSerializer(movie)
   return Response(serializer.data)
 if request.method=='PUT'
   movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
   serializer=MovieSerializer(movie,data=request.data)
   if serializer.is_valid():
      serializer.save()
      return Response(serializer.data)
   else:
    w return Response(serializer.errors)
  if request.method=="DELETE":
    movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
    movie.delete()
    return Response(status=status.HTTP___204___No
Content)
```

### status Code

# Informational - 1xx

This class of status code indicates a provisional response. There are no 1xx status codes used in REST framework by default.

```
HTTP_100_CONTINUE
HTTP_101_SWITCHING_ROTOCOLS
```

### Successful - 2xx

This class of status code indicates that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and accepted.

```
HTTP_200_OK
HTTP_201_CREATED
HTTP_202_ACCEPTED
HTTP_203_NON_AUTHORITATIVE_INFORMATION
HTTP_204_NO_CONTENT
HTTP_205_RESET_CONTENT
HTTP_206_PARTIAL_CONTENT
HTTP_207_MULTI_STATUS
HTTP_208_ALREADY_REPORTED
HTTP_226_IM_USED
```

## Redirection - 3xx

This class of status code indicates that further action needs to be taken by the user agent in order to fulfill the request.

```
HTTP_300_MULTIPLE_CHOICES
HTTP_301_MOVED_PERMANENTLY
HTTP_302_FOUND
HTTP_303_SEE_OTHER
HTTP_304_NOT_MODIFIED
HTTP_305_USE_PROXY
HTTP_306_RESERVED
HTTP_307_TEMPORARY_REDIRECT
HTTP_308_PERMANENT_REDIRECT
```

Client Error - 4xx

The 4xx class of status code is intended for cases in which the client seems to have erred. Except when responding to a HEAD request, the server SHOULD include an entity containing an explanation of the error situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

HTTP\_400\_BAD\_REQUEST HTTP\_401\_UNAUTHORIZED HTTP\_402\_PAYMENT\_REQUIRED HTTP\_403\_FORBIDDEN HTTP\_404\_NOT\_FOUND HTTP\_405\_METHOD\_NOT\_ALLOWED HTTP 406 NOT ACCEPTABLE HTTP 407 PROXY AUTHENTICATION REQUIRED HTTP\_408\_REQUEST\_TIMEOUT HTTP\_409\_CONFLICT HTTP 410 GONE HTTP\_411\_LENGTH\_REQUIRED HTTP\_412\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED HTTP\_413\_REQUEST\_ENTITY\_TOO\_LARGE HTTP\_414\_REQUEST\_URI\_TOO\_LONG HTTP\_415\_UNSUPPORTED\_MEDIA\_TYPE HTTP\_416\_REQUESTED\_RANGE\_NOT\_SATISFIABLE HTTP\_417\_EXPECTATION\_FAILED HTTP\_422\_UNPROCESSABLE\_ENTITY HTTP\_423\_LOCKED HTTP\_424\_FAILED\_DEPENDENCY HTTP\_426\_UPGRADE\_REQUIRED HTTP\_428\_PRECONDITION\_REQUIRED HTTP\_429\_TOO\_MANY\_REQUESTS HTTP 431 REQUEST HEADER FIELDS TOO LARGE HTTP\_451\_UNAVAILABLE\_FOR\_LEGAL\_REASONS

Server Error - 5xx

Response status codes beginning with the digit "5" indicate cases in which the server is aware that it has erred or is incapable of performing the request. Except when responding to a HEAD request, the server SHOULD include an entity containing an explanation of the error situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

HTTP\_500\_INTERNAL\_SERVER\_ERROR
HTTP\_501\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED
HTTP\_502\_BAD\_GATEWAY
HTTP\_503\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE
HTTP\_504\_GATEWAY\_TIMEOUT
HTTP\_505\_HTTP\_VERSION\_NOT\_SUPPORTED
HTTP\_506\_VARIANT\_ALSO\_NEGOTIATES
HTTP\_507\_INSUFFICIENT\_STORAGE
HTTP\_508\_LOOP\_DETECTED
HTTP\_509\_BANDWIDTH\_LIMIT\_EXCEEDED
HTTP\_510\_NOT\_EXTENDED
HTTP\_511\_NETWORK\_AUTHENTICATION\_REQUIRED

Helper functions

The following helper functions are available for identifying the category of the response code.

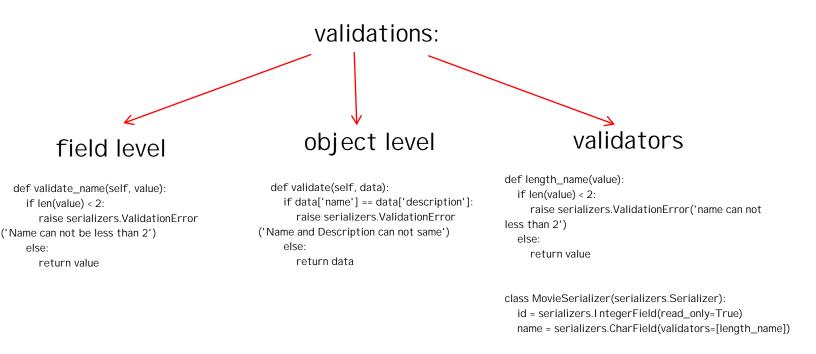
```
is_informational() # 1xx
  is_success() # 2xx
  is_redirect() # 3xx
  is_client_error() # 4xx
  is_server_error() # 5xx
@api_view(['GET','POST'])
def movie_list(request):
   if request.method=="get":
      movies=Movie.objects.all()
      serilizer=MovieSerializer(movies,many=True)
      return Response(serializer.data)
   if request.method=="POST":
      serializer=MovieSerializer(data=request.data)
       if serializer.is_valid():
         serializer.save()
          return Response(serializer.data)
      else:
          return Response(status=status.HTTP___404)
```

```
@api_view('GET','PUT','DELETE')
def movie_details(request,pk):
   if request.method=='GET':
     try:
        movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
     except Movie.DoesNotExit:
        content={'errors':'Movie not found'}
        return Response(content, status=status.)
     serializer=MovieSerializer(movie)
     return response(serializer.data)
   if request.method=="PUT":
     movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
     serializer=MovieSerializer(movie,data=request.data)
     if serializer.is_valid():
        serializer.save()
        return Response(serializer.data)
     else:
        return Response(status=status.HTTP ___204___)
    if request.method=="DELETE":
       movie=Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
       movie.Delete()
       return Response(status=status.HTTP___data not fo)
```

```
class MovieListAV(API View):
    def get(self, request):
        movies = Movie.objects.all()
        serializer = MovieSerializer(movies, many=True)
        return Response(serializer.data)

def post(self, request):
        serializer = MovieSerializer(data=request.data)
        if serializer.is_valid():
            serializer.save()
            return Response(serializer.data,
status=status.HTTP_201_CREATED)
        else:
        return Response(serializer.errors)
```

```
class MovieDetailsAV(API View):
  def get(self, request, pk):
     try:
       movie = Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
     except Movie.DoesNotExist:
       content = {
          'error': 'Movie not found'
       return Response(content,
status=status.HTTP_400_BAD_REQUEST)
     serializer = MovieSerializer(movie)
     print(serializer)
     return Response(serializer.data)
  def put(self, request, pk):
     movie = Movie.objects.get(id=pk)
     serializer = MovieSerializer(movie, data=request.data)
     if serializer.is_valid():
       serializer.save()
       return Response(serializer.data,
status=status.HTTP_202_ACCEPTED)
     else:
       return Response(status=status.HTTP_400_BAD_REQUEST)
  def delete(self, request, pk):
     Movie.objects.get(id=pk).delete()
     return Response(status=status.HTTP_204_NO_CONTENT)
```



### Serializer Fields and Core Arguments:

```
class MovieSerializer(serializers.Serializer):
   id = serializers.IntegerField(read_only=True)
   name = serializers.CharField(validators=[length_name])
   Model Serializer:
```

```
class MovieSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
    class Meta:
        model = Movie
        fields = "__all__"
        # fields = ['id', 'name', 'description']
        # exclude = ['name']
```

```
def validate_name(self, value):
    if len(value) < 2:
        raise serializers.ValidationError('Name can not be less than 2')
    else:
        return value

def validate(self, data):
    if data['name'] == data['description']:
        raise serializers.ValidationError('Name and Description can not same')
    else:
        return data</pre>
```

custom Serializer:

```
class MovieSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
    length_name=serializers.SerializerMethodField()
    class Meta:
        model=Movie
        fields="__all__"
    def get_length_name(self,object):
        return len(object.name)
```