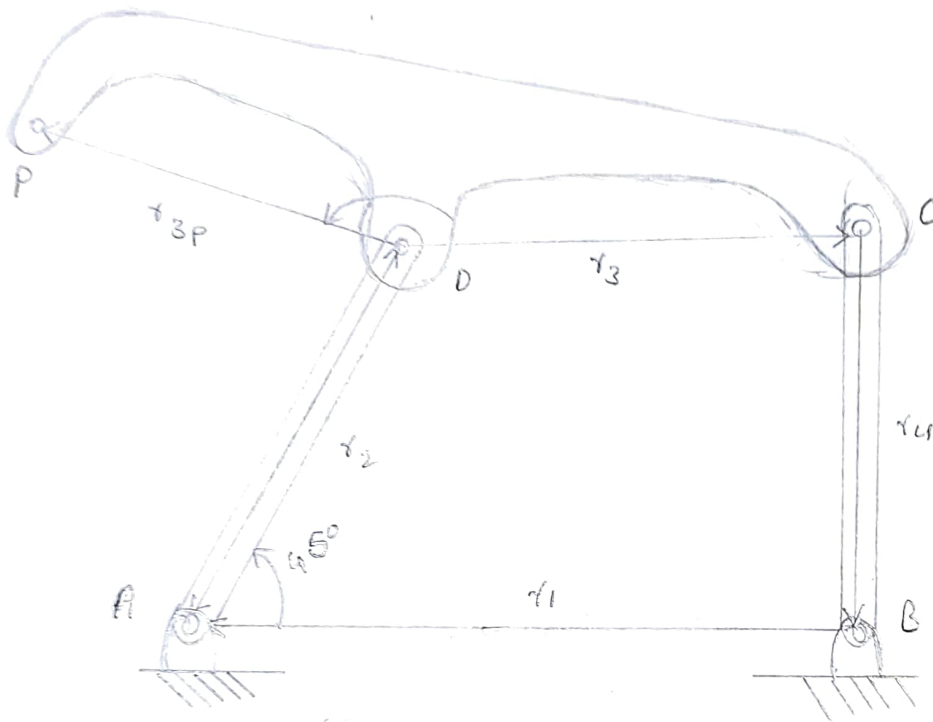


Q1)



⇒ Given:-

$$r_1 = 161 \text{ cm}$$

$$\theta_2 = 45^\circ$$

$$r_2 = 141 \text{ cm}$$

$$\omega_2 = 0.5 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$r_3 = 120 \text{ cm}$$

$$r_{3P} = 200 \text{ cm}$$

$$r_4 = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$\alpha_{3P} = 135^\circ$$

⇒ To find:  $V_P$ 

⇒ We know that

$$\vec{r}_1 + \vec{r}_2 + \vec{r}_3 + \vec{r}_4 = 0 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$\text{(where } \vec{r}_i = r_i e^{i\theta_i} \text{)}$$

$$\theta_{3p} = \theta_3 + \alpha_{3p} \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

differentiating (i) and (ii) with time  $\rightarrow t$

$$r_2 \omega_2 e^{i\theta_2} + r_3 \omega_3 e^{i\theta_3} + r_4 \omega_4 e^{i\theta_4} = 0 \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

$$\omega_{3p} = \omega_3 \quad \text{--- (iv)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{AP} = \vec{r}_2 + \vec{r}_{3p}$$

$$V_p = \frac{d(\vec{AP})}{dt} = \frac{d(\vec{r}_2 + \vec{r}_{3p})}{dt}$$

$$= r_2 \omega_2 e^{i\theta_2} + r_{3p} \omega_{3p} e^{i\theta_{3p}} \quad \text{--- (v)}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Using equation (iii) for x axis

$$+r_2 \omega_2 \sin \theta_2 + r_3 \omega_3 \sin \theta_3 + r_4 \omega_4 \sin \theta_4 = 0 \quad \text{--- (vi)}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Using equation (iii) for y axis

$$r_2 \omega_2 \cos \theta_2 + r_3 \omega_3 \cos \theta_3 + r_4 \omega_4 \cos \theta_4 = 0 \quad \text{--- (vii)}$$

$\rightarrow$  Using equation (v) for x axis

$$V_{px} = -r_2 \omega_2 \sin \theta_2 - r_{3p} \omega_{3p} \sin \theta_{3p} \quad \text{--- (viii)}$$

$\rightarrow$  For y axis

$$V_{py} = r_2 \omega_2 \cos \theta_2 + r_{3p} \omega_{3p} \cos \theta_{3p} \quad \text{--- (ix)}$$

solving equation (vi) and (vii)

$$(vi) \rightarrow +141 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 120 \times \omega_3 \times 0 + 100 \times \omega_4 \times \sin(-90) = 0$$

$$(vii) \rightarrow 141 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 120 \times \omega_3 \times 1 + 100 \times \omega_4 \times 0 = 0$$

thus we have:-

$$\omega_4 = 0.4985$$

$$\omega_3 = -0.4154$$

From equation (iv)

$$\omega_{3p} = \omega_3 = -0.4154$$

thus

$$V_{px} = -141 \times 0.5 \times \sin 45 - 200 \times (-0.4154) \times \sin 135$$

$$= 8.896$$

$$V_{py} = 141 \times 0.5 \times \cos 45 + 200 \times (-0.4154) \times \cos 135$$

$$= 108.6$$

$$V_p = \sqrt{V_{px}^2 + V_{py}^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{8.896^2 + 108.6^2}$$

$$= 108.96 \text{ cm/s}$$