

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2013

International GCSE Chemistry (4CH0) Paper 2C

Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Chemistry (KCH0) Paper 2C

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Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
1 (a)	filtration	filtering		1
(b)	(simple) distillation	distilling	fractional distillation	1
(c)	dissolving			1
(d)	chromatography			1
(e)	<u>fractional</u> distillation	fractionally distil(ling)	just distillation / simple distillation	1
			Total	5

Question number	Expected Answer			Accept	Reject	Marks
2	pH at start					
	7	7	Α			1
	7	11	E			1
	14	7	С			1
	7	6	В			1
					Total	4

Question number		Answer		Accept	Reject	Marks
3 (a)	Highest temperature	Temperature rise	Readings to 1dp			
	28	3		only if zero		2
	30	6				
	32	9				
	32	9				
	1 mark for each column comark temp. rise csq on hi	ghest temp.				
(b) (i)	M1 & M2 - all points correctly plotted to the nearest gridline [Deduct 1 mark for each incorrectly plotted point up to a max. of 2]					2
	M3 - <u>straight</u> lines drawn through points 1 to 3 <u>and</u> through points 3 to 5 line does not need to be extrapolated to (0,0) <u>must</u> be drawn with the aid of a ruler					1
(ii)	0.75 (g)			correct reading to nearest gridline from candidate's graph	incorrect unit	1

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
3 (c)	copper sulfate/copper ions completely reacted / been used up / run out	all of the copper has been displaced / deposited		1
	IGNORE copper completely reacted/magnesium is in excess/references to saturated solution / reactant(s) used up	reaction complete		
(d)	M1 – smaller/larger <u>with magnesium</u>	less/low <u>er</u> less heat <u>produced</u>		1
	 M2 - fewer moles of metal/zinc added / less copper displaced/fewer moles of copper sulfate reacted / fewer moles of copper ions reacted IGNORE references to particles / surface area M2 DEP on M1 	ORA less amount fewer atoms of metal/zinc added less (mass/moles of) copper displaced	less mass of metal/zinc added	1
			Total	9

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
4 (a) (i)	poly(ethene)	polyethene / polythene / polyethylene		1
(ii)	cracking			1
(b) (i)	M1 - bar labelled 9			1
	M2 - drawn to correct height			1
(ii)	(boiling point/it) increases as number of carbon atoms increases	ORA as one goes up, the other goes up positive correlation	(directly) proportional	1

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
4 (c)	A/buried underground because			
	Any two from:	ORA carbon monoxide /		1
	M1 (plastics) do not produce carbon dioxide/carbon emissions / toxic / poisonous gases	nitrogen dioxide / hydrogen chloride / chlorine / formulae		
	IGNORE harmful/dangerous/polluting gases / sulfur dioxide	cinorine / formulae		1
	M2 (plastics) do not contribute to global warming /climate change / greenhouse effect / acid rain		References to ozone layer for M2 only	OR
	• M3_Does not pollute the <u>soil</u> / cause damage to the <u>soil</u> .			
	IGNORE references to effect on wildlife/habitats / cost			
	OR			
	B/burned because			1
	• M1 (burning) space in landfill not taken up / does not cause landfill sites to			1
	get filled up / will not run out of space for landfills			
	• M2 it provides heat / can be used to generate electricity			
	IGNORE just provides energy			
			Total	7

Questi		Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
5 (a)	(i)	unsaturated			1
	(ii)	M1 - (unsaturated) colourless IGNORE clear/transparent/looks like water	no colour	discoloured	1
		M2 - (saturated) orange	yellow / brown and any combination	any other colour either on its own or in combination with an	1
	(iii)	addition		accepted colour	1
(b)	(i)	A			1
	(ii)	C <u>and</u> D	C , D	C <u>or</u> D	1
	(iii)	each colouring has a different mixture/combination/patterns of dyes	Spots / dots for dyes		1
		IGNORE references to different heights / distances and solubilities.			
				Total	7

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
6 (a)	(giant) ionic		any other	1
	IGNORE three-dimensional / lattice		answer	
(b)	M1 and M3 can be scored from labelled diagrams			
	sodium:			
	M1 – positive ions/cations/Na ⁺ <u>and</u> (delocalised/sea of) electrons IGNORE metal ions	Sodium / metal ions	atoms/molecu les	1
	M2 – (electrostatic) forces/attraction between positive ions/cations/Na ⁺ and		nuclei	1
	(delocalised) electrons I GNORE references to metallic bonding		intermolecular forces	
	sodium chloride:	oppositely charged		1
	M3 – positive <u>and</u> negative ions/cations <u>and</u> anions / Na ⁺ <u>and</u> Cl ⁻ (ions)	ions	atoms/molecu les	1
	M4 – <u>electrostatic</u> forces/attraction between (oppositely charged/positive	chlorine ions if stated as being negative	intermolecular forces	1
	and negative) ions / cations and anions / Na ⁺ and Cl ⁻ IGNORE references to ionic bonding		reference to	1
	comparison:	less energy required to overcome forces in	covalent loses M4	
	M5 - forces in Na are weak <u>er</u> (than forces in NaCl) can be awarded	Na		
	even if an incorrect description of the forces has been given.	bonds / lattice for forces		
	[standalone]	ORA		

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
6 (c)	$M1 - n(Na) = \frac{0.138}{23} \text{ or } 0.006$			1
	M2 - $n(H_2) = \frac{1}{2} \times M1$ or 0.003			1
	M3 - vol. $H_2 = 24\ 000\ x\ M2$ or 72 (cm ³)	0.072 <u>dm</u> ³		1
	[Mark consequentially. $n(Na)$ and $n(H_2)$ need not be evaluated.]			
	correct final answer on its own without working scores 3			

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Mar ks	
6 (d) (i)	M1 - (add dilute) <u>nitric</u> acid	addition of silver nitrate before nitric acid for both M1 and M2		1	
	M2 - (add aqueous) silver nitrate	correct formulae throughout		1	
	M3 - white precipitate / solid / suspension			1	
(ii)	M3 dependent on M2				
(11)	Reason – it fizzed / a gas was evolved OR sodium hydroxide would not fizz /	sodium hydroxide is soluble		1	
	produce a gas IGNORE incorrect identification of gas			1	
	X = <u>sodium</u> carbonate / <u>sodium</u> hydrogencarbonate				
(e)	M1 - 8 electrons around Na	any combination of dots and crosses		1	
	M2 - 8 electrons around Cl. IGNORE inner shells even if incorrect IGNORE starting diagrams showing atoms either with or without arrow to show movement	0 electrons		1	
	of electron M3 - correct charge on both Na and Cl [standalone]			1	
(f)	M1 - potassium is more reactive than sodium	reactivity increases down Group 1 ORA		1	
	M2 - (but) bromine is less reactive than chlorine	reactivity decreases down Group 7 ORA	-ide endings	1	
			Total	19	

Question number	Answer			Accept	Reject	Marks	
7 (a)	Solution	Negative electrode	Positive electrode	Substance left			1
	silver sulfate	silver			correct formulae	O fa	
	potassium nitrate		oxygen	potassium nitrate	throughout	O for oxygen	2
(b)	platinum				carbon / graphite copper/ silver / gold / titanium		1
	to increase its ((better) (electric resistance IGNORE referen hydrogen ions	cal) conducto	or / to lower it	ts (electrical)	to increase the concentration/numb er of ions		1
(c)	Moles/amount of moles/amount of IGNORE explana	of oxygen (pr	oduced)		number of molecules of hydrogen (produced) is twice that of oxygen	explanations based on atoms	1
	(some of the) oxygen dissolves in water/acid			(some of the) oxygen reacts with the (carbon) electrode/to form CO ₂ (which then dissolves)	oxygen reacts with water/(sulfuric) acid	1	
(d)	M1 - number of	-	96 50 0 or 5				1
	M2 - $n(H_2) = \frac{1}{2}$			20000 7		Incorrect units	1
	Final answer on	its own with	out working s	cores 2		Total	9
						Total for paper	60

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