Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information				
Candidate surname	(Other names		
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number		
Tuesday 19 May 2020				
Morning (Time: 2 hours)	Paper Ref	erence 4MA1/1H		
Mathematics A Paper 1H Higher Tier	\			
You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.				

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



International GCSE Mathematics

Formulae sheet - Higher Tier

Arithmetic series

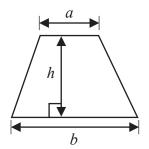
Sum to *n* terms, $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$

The quadratic equation

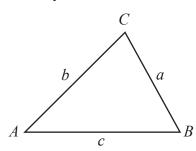
The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \ne 0$ are given by:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$



Trigonometry



In any triangle ABC

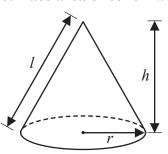
Sine Rule
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine Rule
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Area of triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

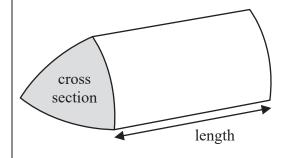
Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = πrl

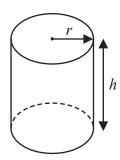


Volume of prism

= area of cross section \times length

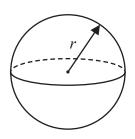


Volume of cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$ Curved surface area of cylinder = $2\pi rh$



Volume of sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

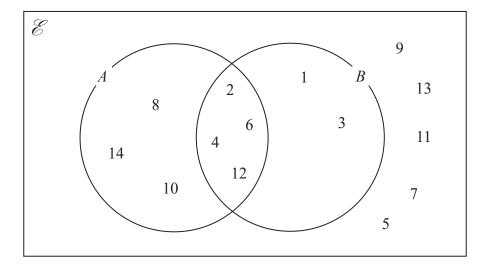


Answer ALL TWENTY FIVE questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 The numbers from 1 to 14 are shown in the Venn diagram.



(a) List the members of the set $A \cap B$

(1)

(b) List the members of the set B'

(1)

A number is picked at random from the numbers in the Venn diagram.

(c) Find the probability that this number is in set A but is **not** in set B.

(2)

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)



2 Toy cars are made in a factory.

The toy cars are made for 15 hours each day.

5 toy cars are made every 12 seconds.

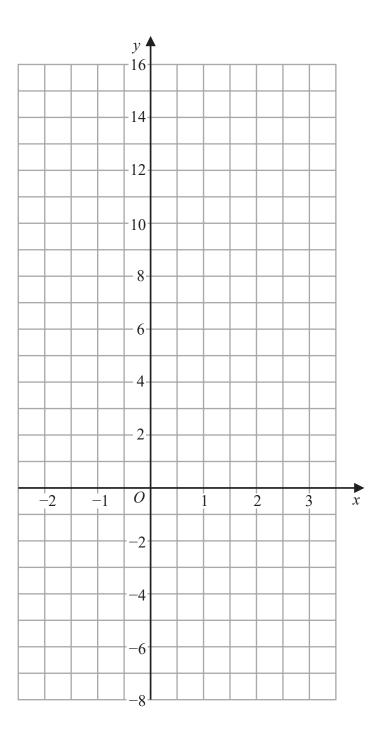
For the toy cars made each day, the probability of a toy car being faulty is 0.002

Work out an estimate of the number of faulty toy cars that are made each day.

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)



3 On the grid, draw the graph of y = 7 - 4x for values of x from -2 to 3



(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 Here is a list of six numbers written in order of size.

4

7

10

У

y

The numbers have

a median of 9

a mean of 11

Find the value of x and the value of y.

x =

...

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

5 (a) Write 5.7×10^{-3} as an ordinary number.

(1)

(b) Write 800 000 in standard form.

(1)

(c) Work out $\frac{3 \times 10^5 - 2.7 \times 10^4}{6 \times 10^{-2}}$

(2)

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

 $\mathbf{6}$ A rocket travelled 100 km at an average speed of $28\,440$ km/h.

Work out how long it took the rocket to travel the 100 km. Give your answer in seconds, correct to the nearest second.

seconds

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)



7 (a) Solve 5(4-x) = 7 - 3xShow clear algebraic working.



(b) Factorise fully $16m^3g^3 + 24m^2g^5$

(2)

(c) (i) Factorise $y^2 - 2y - 48$

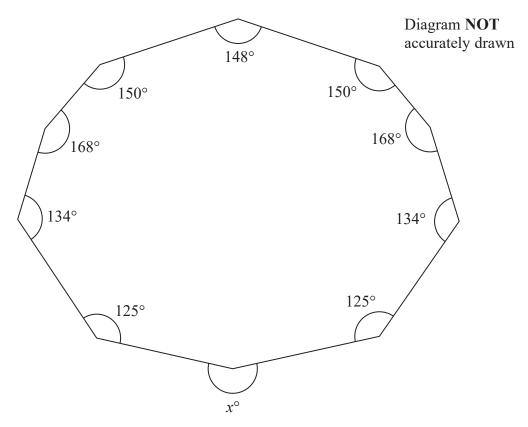
(2)

(ii) Hence, solve $y^2 - 2y - 48 = 0$



(Total for Question 7 is 8 marks)

8 Here is a 10-sided polygon.



Work out the value of x.

 $x = \dots$

(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)



9 In a sale, normal prices are reduced by 20%

A bag costs 1080 rupees in the sale.

Work out the normal price of the bag.

runees

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

10
$$A = 2 \times 3^{43}$$

$$B=16\times 3^{37}$$

(a) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of A and B.

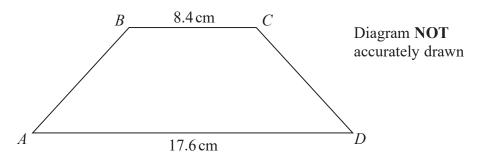
(1)

(b) Express the number $A \times B$ as a product of powers of its prime factors. Give your answer in its simplest form.

(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

11 The diagram shows trapezium ABCD in which BC and AD are parallel.



The trapezium has exactly one line of symmetry.

 $BC = 8.4 \,\mathrm{cm}$

 $AD = 17.6 \, \text{cm}$

The trapezium has area 179.4 cm²

Work out the size of angle ABC.

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

(Total for Question 11 is 6 marks)

12 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$7x - 2y = 34$$
$$3x + 5y = -3$$

Show clear algebraic working.

x =

v =

(Total for Question 12 is 4 marks)

13 Jan invests \$8000 in a savings account.

The account pays compound interest at a rate of x% per year.

At the end of 6 years, there is a total of \$8877.62 in the account.

Work out the value of x.

Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

x =

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

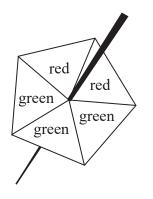
14 F is inversely proportional to the square of v.

Given that F = 6.5 when v = 4

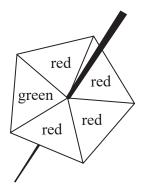
find a formula for F in terms of v.

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

15 Harry has two fair 5-sided spinners.



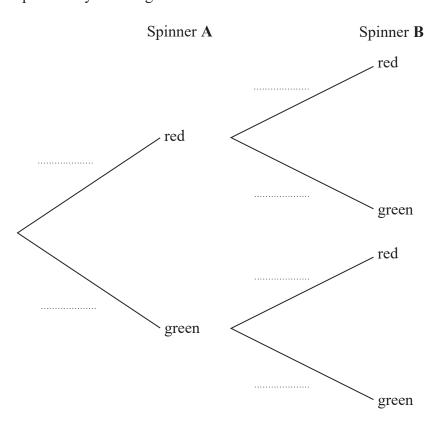
Spinner A



Spinner B

Harry is going to spin each spinner once.

(a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(2)

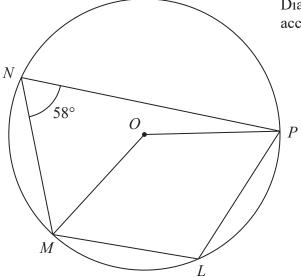


(b) Work out the probability that at least one of the spinners will land on green.

(3)

(Total for Question 15 is 5 marks)

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



L, M, N and P are points on a circle, centre O

Angle $MNP = 58^{\circ}$

- (a) (i) Find the size of angle MLP
 - (ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(b) Find the size of the reflex angle MOP

(2)

(2)

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)

17	A metal block has a mass of 5 kg, correct to the nearest 50 grams. The block has a volume of (1.84×10^{-3}) m ³ , correct to 3 significant figures.	
	Work out the upper bound for the density of the block. Give your answer in kg/m³ correct to 1 decimal place.	

Show your working clearly.

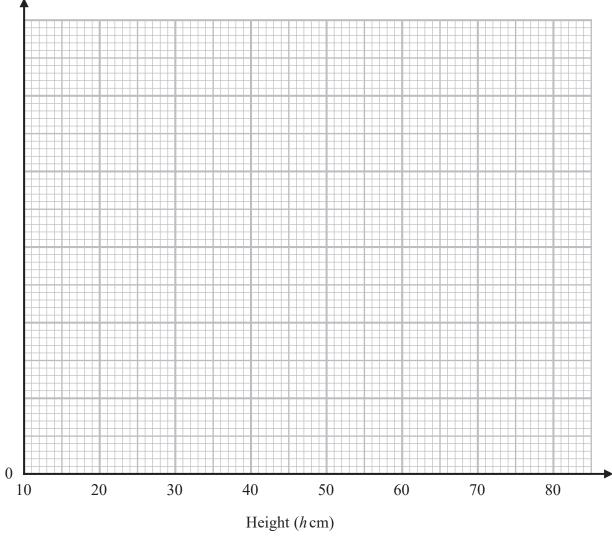
kg/m

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

18 The table gives information about the heights, in centimetres, of some plants.

Height (h cm)	Frequency
$10 < h \leqslant 20$	35
$20 < h \leqslant 35$	45
$35 < h \leqslant 50$	75
$50 < h \leqslant 70$	40
$70 < h \leqslant 80$	8

(a) On the grid, draw a histogram for this information.



(3)

(b) Work out an estimate for the number of these plants with a height greater than 40 cm.

(2)

(Total for Question 18 is 5 marks)

19 Without using a calculator, rationalise the denominator of $\frac{6}{3-\sqrt{7}}$

Simplify your answer.

You must show each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

20 R and S are two similar solid shapes.

Shape $\bf R$ has surface area $108\,{\rm cm^2}$ and volume $135\,{\rm cm^3}$ Shape $\bf S$ has surface area $300\,{\rm cm^2}$

Work out the volume of shape S.

.....cm

(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)

21 Express

$$\frac{1}{3x-2} \times \frac{9x^2-4}{3x^2-13x-10} - \frac{7}{x-1}$$

as a single fraction in its simplest form.

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

22 *ABCD* is a rhombus.

The diagonals, AC and BD, intersect at the point M. The coordinates of M are (6, -11)

The points A and C both lie on the line with equation 2y + 7x = 20

Find the exact coordinates of the point where the line through B and D intersects the y-axis.

(.....,

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)

23 Curve C has equation $y = px^3 - mx$ where p and m are positive integers.

Find the range of values of x, in terms of p and m, for which the gradient of C is negative.

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

24 Here are the first five terms of an arithmetic sequence.

8

15

22

29

36

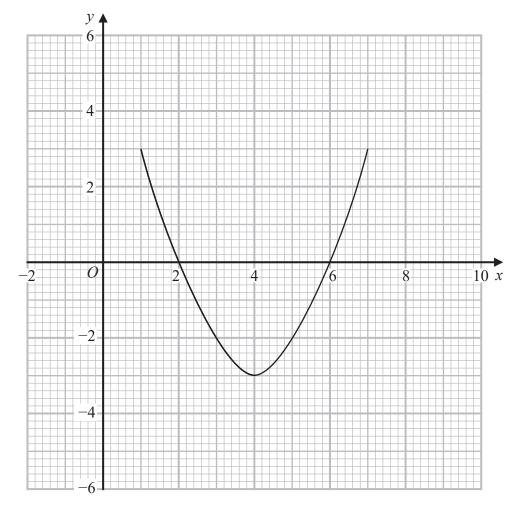
Work out the sum of all the terms from the 50th term to the 100th term inclusive.

(Total for Question 24 is 4 marks)

- 25 The curve with equation y = g(x) is transformed to the curve with equation y = -g(x) by the single transformation **T**.
 - (a) Describe fully the transformation T.

(1)

The diagram shows the graph of y = f(x)



(b) On the grid, draw the graph of y = 2f(x - 1)

(2)

(Total for Question 25 is 3 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS

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