

# Think Python

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- Chapter 0 preface
- Chapter 1 The way of the program
  - What is a program:input-output-math-conditionnal execution-repetition
  - Running Python:interpreter&prompt
  - The first program:print('hello,world')
  - Arithmetic operators:+;-;\*;/:\*\*
  - Values and types:integer/floating-point number/string
  - Formal and natural languages
    - formal language and natural language have common in tokens,structure,syntax
  - Debugging
  - Exercise
- Chapter 2 Variables,expressions and statements
  - Assignment statements:create a new variable and gives it a value
  - Variable names
    - the first character can't be a number
    - notice these keywords:False/None/True
  - Expressions and statements
    - expression:a combination of values,variables,and operators
    - statements:a unit of that has an effect
  - Script mode:interactive mode &script mode
  - Order of operations
    - PEMDAS(parentheses-exponentiation-multiplication/division/addition/subtraction)
  - String operations:+/\*
  - comments:#
  - Debugging:syntax error/runtime error/semantic error
- Chapter 3 Functions
  - function calls
    - int();convert to integers(chops off the fraction part)
    - float()
    - str()
  - composition
    - the argument of a function can be any kind of expression
    - the left side of an assignment statement has to be a variable name
  - add new functions
  - flow of execution
    - statements inside the function don't run until the function is called

- parameters and arguments
- variable and parameters are local
- stack diagrams
- fruitful functions and void functions
- Chapter 4 Case study: interface design
  - the turtle module: an example of the use of turtle function
  - encapsulation/generalization/refactoring/docstring
- Chapter 5 Conditionals and recursion
  - floor division and modulus
    - floor division://
    - modulus operator:%; check whether one number is divisible by another/extract the right-most digit
  - boolean expressions:==
  - logical operators:and/or/not
  - conditional statements
    - conditional execution:if
    - alternative execution:if-else
    - chained conditional:elif
    - nested conditionals
  - recursion
  - keyboard input
- Chapter 6 Fruitful functions
- Chapter 7 Iteration
  - reassignment
  - the while statement
  - break
- Chapter 8 String
  - a string is a sequence
  - len()
  - traversal with a for loop
  - string slices
  - string methods
    - string.upper()
    - string.find()
  - the in operator
- Chapter 9 Case study: word play
- Chapter 10 List
  - a list is a sequence
  - lists are mutable
  - traversing a list
  - list methods
    - most list methods are void

- `t=t.sort()`----return **None**
- map,filter and reduce
- deleting elements:`s.pop()/s.remove()/del`
- lists and strings
  - `list()`:convert a string to a list of characters
  - `s.split()`:break a string into words
- objects and values
- aliasing
- list arguments
  - the **append** method/**slice** operator modifies a list,the **+** operator creates a new list
- debugging
  - most list methods modify the argument and return **None**
  - **this is wrong:**`t=t.sort()`
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