Undo

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GDB: A Lot More Than You Knew

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The history

I well remember [...] on one of my journeys between the EDSAC room and the punching equipment that "hesitating at the angles of stairs" the realization came over me with full force that a good part of the remainder of my life was going to be spent in finding errors in my own programs.

Sir Maurice Wilkes, 1913-2010



Disclaimer: random bunch of stuff

Learnt along the way, talking to customers

Lots I don't know, lots inevitably missing
please help me improve these slides!

Most of this is about knowing what you don't know
info gdb is quite a useful manual

GDB - more than you knew

GDB may not be intuitive but it is very powerful

Easy to use, just not so easy to learn

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TUI: Text User Interface

As useful as it is poorly named!

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TUI top tips

ctrl-x-a: toggle to/from TUI mode

ctrl-I: refresh the screen

ctrl-p / ctrl-n: prev, next, commands

ctrl-x-2: second window; cycle through

GDB has Python!

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```
Full Python interpreter with access to standard modules
(Unless your gdb installation is messed up!)
The gdb python module gives most access to gdb
(gdb) python gdb.execute() to do gdb commands
(gdb) python gdb.parse_and_eval() to get data from inferior
(gdb) python help('gdb') to see online help
```

Python Pretty Printers

```
class MyPrinter(object):
    def __init__(self,val):
        self.val = val
    def to_string(self):
        return ( self.val['member'])

import gdb.printing
pp = gdb.printing.RegexpCollectionPrettyPrinter('mystruct')
pp.add_printer('mystruct', '^mystruct$', MyPrinter)
gdb.printing.register_pretty_printer( gdb.current_objfile(), pp)
```

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But expensive :-)

.gdbinit

```
My ~/.gdbinit is nice and simple:

set history save on

set print pretty on

set pagination off

set confirm off

If you're funky, it's easy for weird stuff to happen.

Hint: have a project gdbinit with lots of stuff in it, and source that.
```

Remote debugging

Debug over serial/sockets to a remote server Start gdbserver localhost:2000 ./a.out Then connect from a gdb with e.g. 'target remote localhost:2000'

Multiprocess Debugging

Debug multiple 'inferiors' simultaneously Add new inferiors Follow fork/exec

Multiprocess Debugging

set follow-fork-mode child|parent
set detach-on-fork off
info inferiors
inferior N
set follow-exec-mode new|same
add-inferior <count> <name>
remove-inferior N
clone-inferior
print \$ inferior

Non-stop mode

Other threads continue while you're at the prompt

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set non-stop on

continue -a

Make sure you set pagination off otherwise bad stuff happens!

Breakpoints and watchpoints

watch foo
watch -1 foo
rwatch foo
watch foo thread 3
watch foo if foo > 10

stop when foo is modified watch location stop when foo is read stop when thread 3 modifies foo stop when foo is > 10

thread apply

```
thread apply 1-4 print $sp
thread apply all backtrace
Thread apply all backtrace full
```

calling inferior functions

Dynamic Printf

Use dprintf to put printf's in your code without recompiling, e.g.

dprintf mutex_lock,"m is %p m->magic is %u\n",m,m->magic
control how the printfs happen:

```
set dprintf-style gdb|call|agent
set dprintf-function fprintf
set dprintf-channel mylog
```

Catchpoints

Catchpoints are like breakpoints but catch certain events, such as C++ exceptions

- e.g. catch catch to stop when C++ exceptions are caught
- e.g. catch syscall nanosleep to stop at nanosleep system call
- e.g. catch syscall 100 to stop at system call number 100

More Python

```
Create your own commands
    class my_command( gdb.Command):
        '''doc string'''
        def __init__( self):
            gdb.Command.__init__( self, 'my-command', gdb.COMMAND_NONE)
        def invoke( self, args, from_tty):
            do_bunch_of_python()
        my command()
```

Yet More Python

Hook certain kinds of events

```
def stop_handler( ev):
    print( 'stop event!')
    if isinstance( ev, gdb.SignalEvent):
        print( 'its a signal: ' + ev.stop_signal)
gdb.events.stop.connect( stop_handler)
```

Other cool things...

tbreak temporary breakpoint reg-ex breakpoint

command list of commands to be executed when

breakpoint hit

• silent special command to suppress output on

breakpoint hit

save breakpoints
save a list of breakpoints to a script

save history save history of executed gdb commands

• info line foo.c:42 show PC for line

• info line * \$pc
show line begin/end for current program counter

And finally...

- gcc's -g and -O are orthogonal; gcc -Og is optimised but doesn't mess up debug
- see also gdb dashboard on github