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PROBLEMS

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B. Turtle Math: Fast Three Task

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input output: standard output

You are given an array a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n .

In one move, you can perform either of the following two operations:

- Choose an element from the array and remove it from the array. As a result, the length of the array decreases by 1;
- Choose an element from the array and increase its value by 1.

You can perform any number of moves. If the current array becomes empty, then no more moves can be made.

Your task is to find the **minimum** number of moves required to make the sum of the elements of the array a divisible by a. It is possible that you may need a0 moves.

Note that the sum of the elements of an empty array (an array of length 0) is equal to 0.

Input

The first line of the input contains a single integer t ($1 \le t \le 10^4$) — the number of test cases.

The first line of each test case contains a single integer n ($1 \le n \le 10^5$).

The second line of each test case contains n integers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n $(1 \le a_i \le 10^4)$.

The sum of n over all test cases does not exceed $2 \cdot 10^5$.

Output

For each test case, output a single integer: the minimum number of moves.

Example

input	Сору
8 4	
2 2 5 4	
3	
1 3 2 4	
3 7 6 8	
1 1 4	
4	
2 2 4 2	
2 5 5 7	
7	
2 4 8 1 9 3 4	
2 4 10	
output	Сору
1	
0	
1	
1 0 0 1 1 2 1	
1	

Codeforces Round 929 (Div. 3)

Finished

→ Practice?

Want to solve the contest problems after the official contest ends? Just register for practice and you will be able to submit solutions.

Register for practice

\rightarrow Virtual participation

Virtual contest is a way to take part in past contest, as close as possible to participation on time. It is supported only ICPC mode for virtual contests. If you've seen these problems, a virtual contest is not for you solve these problems in the archive. If you just want to solve some problem from a contest, a virtual contest is not for you solve this problem in the archive. Never use someone else's code, read the tutorials or communicate with other person during a virtual contest.

Start virtual contest

→ Problem tags

(implementation) (number theory

No tag edit access

→ Contest materials

• Announcement (en)

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Note

In the first test case, initially the array a = [2, 2, 5, 4]. One of the optimal ways to make moves is:

• remove the current 4th element and get a = [2, 2, 5];

As a result, the sum of the elements of the array \boldsymbol{a} will be divisible by 3 (indeed,

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 2 + 2 + 5 = 9$$
).

In the second test case, initially, the sum of the array is 1 + 3 + 2 = 6, which is divisible by

 $3. \ \mbox{Therefore, no moves are required. Hence, the answer is } 0.$

In the fourth test case, initially, the sum of the array is 1, which is not divisible by 3. By removing its only element, you will get an empty array, so its sum is 0. Hence, the answer is 1

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