BUSINESS ANALYTICS

TYPES OF METHODS

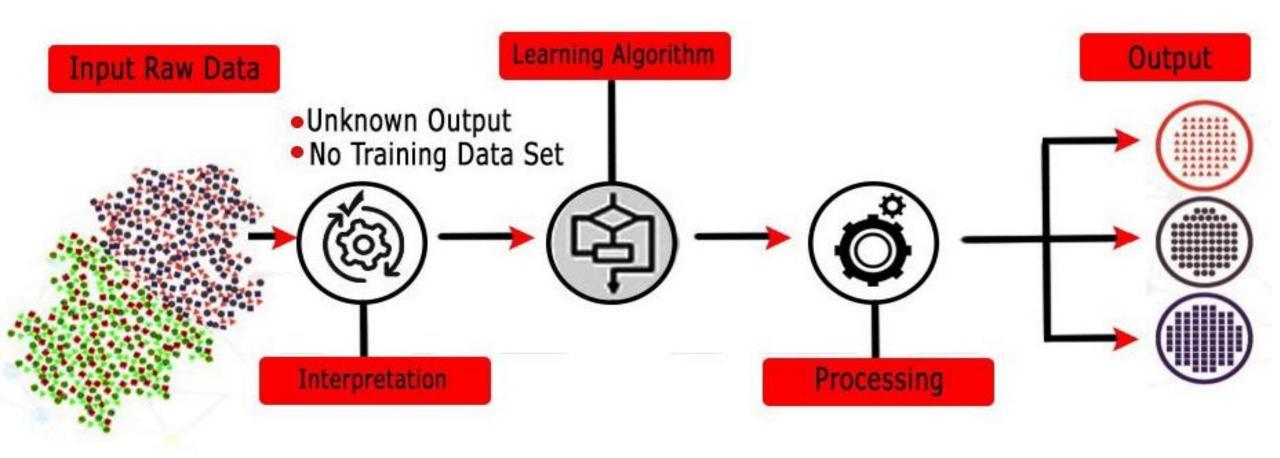
Supervised Learning

- Prediction (Numerical Y)
- Classification (Categorical Y)

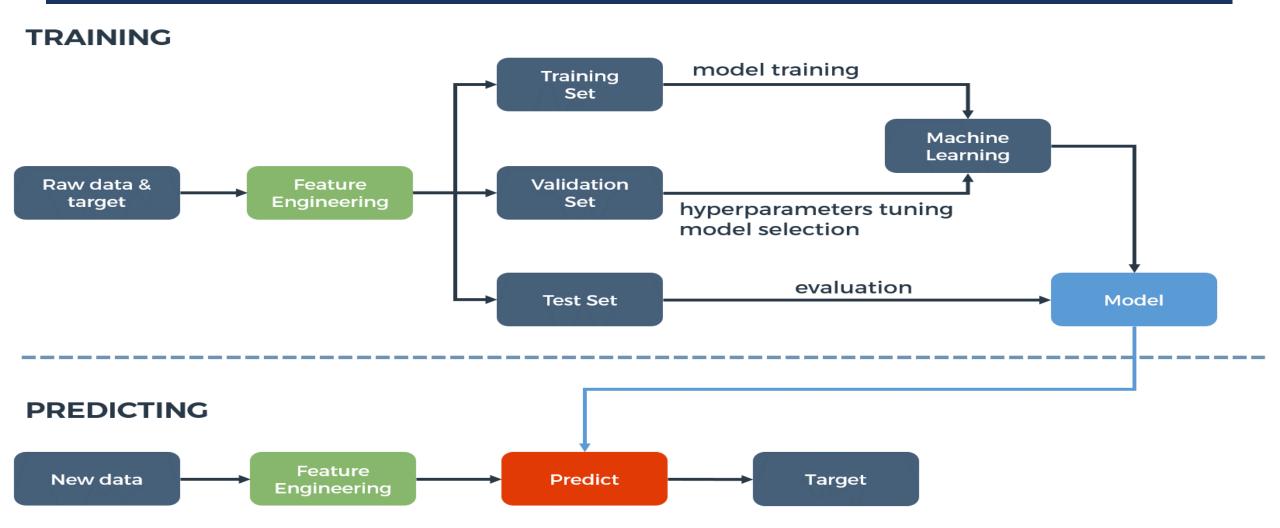
Unsupervised Learning

- Dimension Reduction
- Segmentation
- What goes with what?

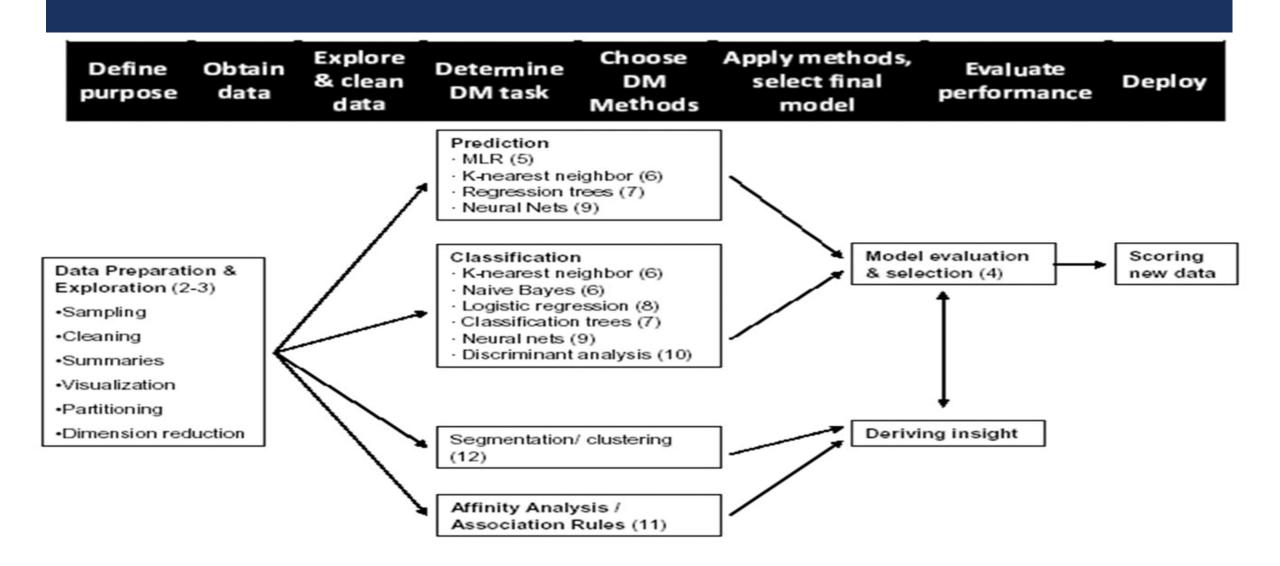
UNSUPERVISED LEARNING



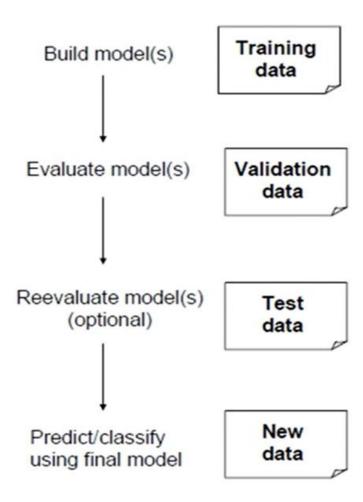
SUPERVISED LEARNING



MODEL BUILDING PROCESS



DATA PARTITIONING



DATA PREPARATION

- Data collection
- Understanding data
 - Data dictionary
 - Data types
 - Range of variables
 - Duplication
 - Outliers
- Choice of variables
- Choice of scales
- Missing values
- Creating derived variables

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION: CLASSIFICATION CONFUSION MATRIX

Confusion Matrix

Observed Class

Predicted Class Yes FP TP

No

TN

FΝ

TN	True Negative
FP	False Positive
FN	False Negative
TP	True Positive

No

Yes

Model Performance

= (TN+TP)/(TN+FP+FN+TP)Accuracy

Precision =TP/(FP+TP)

=TP/(TP+FN) Sensitivity

=TN/(TN+FP) Specificity

Confusion/Classification Matrix

Cut off Prob. Val. for Success (Updatable)

0.5

Classification Confusion Matrix Predicted Class **Actual Class** success failure 800 success failure 100