A1 3

March 27, 2024

0.1 MNIST Data Download

```
[1]: # Load and preprocess MNIST dataset using NumPy
from keras.datasets import mnist
```

0.2 Part I

```
[5]: import numpy as np
     (X_tr, y_tr), (X_t, y_t) = mnist.load_data()
     X_{tr} = X_{tr.reshape}(-1, 28*28) / 255.
     X_t = X_t.reshape(-1, 28*28) / 255.
     # Define neural network architecture
     class NeuralNetwork:
         def __init__(self, in_s, hid_s, out_s):
             self.W1 = np.random.randn(in_s, hid_s)
             self.b1 = np.zeros(hid s)
             self.W2 = np.random.randn(hid_s, out_s)
             self.b2 = np.zeros(out_s)
         def sigmoid(self, x):
             return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
         def forward(self, x):
             self.z1 = np.dot(x, self.W1) + self.b1
             self.a1 = self.sigmoid(self.z1)
             self.z2 = np.dot(self.a1, self.W2) + self.b2
             self.a2 = self.sigmoid(self.z2)
             return self.a2
     # Convert data to NumPy arrays
     in_s = X_tr.shape[1]
     hid_s = 64
     out_s = 10
     X_tr, y_tr = np.array(X_tr), np.array(y_tr)
     X_t, y_t = np.array(X_t), np.array(y_t)
```

```
# Initialize the neural network
model = NeuralNetwork(in_s, hid_s, out_s)
# Define loss function
def mse_loss(predictions, targets):
    return np.mean((predictions - targets)**2)
# Define sigmoid derivative
def sigmoid_derivative(x):
    return x * (1 - x)
# Define learning rate
learning_rate = 0.1
# Train the model
num_epochs = 10
batch_size = 64
num_batches = X_tr.shape[0]
# Train the model with SGD
for epoch in range(num_epochs):
    epoch_1 = 0.0
    for i in range(X_tr.shape[0]):
        # Select a random sample
        index = np.random.randint(X_tr.shape[0])
        input_sample = X_tr[index:index+1]
        label_sample = y_tr[index:index+1]
        # Forward pass
        output = model.forward(input_sample)
        # One-hot encode labels
        label_onehot = np.eye(out_s)[label_sample.astype(int)]
        # Compute loss
        loss = mse_loss(output, label_onehot)
        epoch_1 += loss
        # Backpropagation
        d_loss = 2 * (output - label_onehot)
        d_z2 = d_loss * sigmoid_derivative(model.a2)
        d_a1 = np.dot(d_z2, model.W2.T)
        d_z1 = d_a1 * sigmoid_derivative(model.a1)
        # Update parameters
        model.W2 -= learning_rate * np.dot(model.a1.T, d_z2)
        model.b2 -= learning_rate * np.sum(d_z2, axis=0)
```

```
model.W1 -= learning_rate * np.dot(input_sample.T, d_z1)
       model.b1 -= learning_rate * np.sum(d_z1, axis=0)
    epoch_1 /= X_tr.shape[0]
   print(f"Ep [{epoch+1}/{num_epochs}], L: {epoch_1:.4f}")
# Evaluate the model
correct = 0
total = 0
for i in range(0, len(X_t), batch_size):
   inputs = X_t[i:i+batch_size]
   labels = y_t[i:i+batch_size]
   outputs = model.forward(inputs)
   predicted = np.argmax(outputs, axis=1)
   total += batch_size
    correct += np.sum(predicted == labels)
accuracy = correct / total * 100
print(f"Accuracy on the test set: {accuracy:.2f}%")
```

```
Ep [1/10], L: 0.0468

Ep [2/10], L: 0.0197

Ep [3/10], L: 0.0111

Ep [4/10], L: 0.0091

Ep [5/10], L: 0.0082

Ep [6/10], L: 0.0074

Ep [7/10], L: 0.0072

Ep [8/10], L: 0.0066

Ep [9/10], L: 0.0059

Ep [10/10], L: 0.0058

Accuracy on the test set: 94.69%
```

Using the above trained model to predict this image:

```
[7]: from PIL import Image
  img = Image.open('img_1.jpg')

# Assuming X_custom contains your own data
X_custom = np.array(img)
X_custom = X_custom.reshape(-1, 28*28)

# Normalize your custom data (if necessary)
```

```
X_custom_normalized = X_custom / 255.0
# Create an empty array to store predictions
predictions = []
# Loop over each sample in the custom data
for sample in X_custom_normalized:
    # Reshape the sample to match the input size of the model
    sample = sample.reshape(1, -1)
    # Forward pass through the model
   output = model.forward(sample)
   # Get the predicted label (index of the maximum value in the output)
   predicted_label = np.argmax(output)
    # Append the predicted label to the list of predictions
   predictions.append(predicted_label)
# Convert the list of predictions to a NumPy array
predictions = np.array(predictions)
# Print the predictions
print("Predictions:", predictions)
```

Predictions: [2]

0.3 Pytorch Dependencies

```
[21]: # Setting up Pytorch imports and Data

import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as opt
import torchvision.datasets as datset
import torchvision.transforms as trans
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader

# Set device
dev = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")

# Load MNIST dataset and preprocess
trans = trans.Compose([
    trans.ToTensor(),
    trans.Normalize((0.5,), (0.5,))
])
```

```
tr_dataset = datset.MNIST(root='./data', train=True, transform=trans, u
    download=True)
t_dataset = datset.MNIST(root='./data', train=False, transform=trans, u
    download=True)

tr_loader = DataLoader(tr_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
t_loader = DataLoader(t_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=False)
```

0.4 Part II

```
[25]: # Define the autoencoder architecture
      class Autoencoder(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, in_s, hid_s):
              super(Autoencoder, self).__init__()
              self.encoder = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Linear(in_s, hid_s),
                  nn.Tanh()
              self.decoder = nn.Linear(hid_s, in_s)
          def forward(self, x):
              x = self.encoder(x)
              x = self.decoder(x)
              return x
      # Initialize the autoencoder
      in_s = 28 * 28  # MNIST image size
      hid_s = 64
      autoenc = Autoencoder(in_s, hid_s).to(dev)
      # Loss and Optimizer
      c = nn.MSELoss()
      op = opt.Adam(autoenc.parameters(), lr=0.001)
      # Train the autoencoder
      num_epochs = 10
      for ep in range(num_epochs):
          r_loss = 0.0
          for img, _ in tr_loader:
              img = img.view(img.size(0), -1).to(dev)
              out = autoenc(img)
              loss = c(out, img)
              op.zero_grad()
              loss.backward()
```

```
op.step()

r_loss += loss.item()

ep_loss = r_loss / len(tr_loader)
print(f"Ep [{ep+1}/{num_epochs}], L: {ep_loss:.4f}")
```

```
Ep [1/10], L: 0.1265

Ep [2/10], L: 0.0585

Ep [3/10], L: 0.0505

Ep [4/10], L: 0.0470

Ep [5/10], L: 0.0455

Ep [6/10], L: 0.0442

Ep [7/10], L: 0.0433

Ep [8/10], L: 0.0428

Ep [9/10], L: 0.0423

Ep [10/10], L: 0.0420
```

0.5 Part III

```
[23]: # Define the neural network architecture
      class MLP(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, in_s, hid_s1, hid_s2, out_s):
              super(MLP, self).__init__()
              self.fc1 = nn.Linear(in_s, hid_s1)
              self.fc2 = nn.Linear(hid_s1, hid_s2)
              self.fc3 = nn.Linear(hid_s2, out_s)
              self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()
          def forward(self, x):
              x = self.sigmoid(self.fc1(x))
              x = self.sigmoid(self.fc2(x))
              x = self.fc3(x)
              return x
      # Hyperparameters
      in_s = 784  # 28x28 for MNIST images
      hid_s1 = 256
      hid_s2 = 128
      out_s = 10 # 10 classes for MNIST digits
      lr = 0.2
      batch_size = 64
      num_epochs = 10
      # Initialize the model
```

```
model = MLP(in_s, hid_s1, hid_s2, out_s)
# Training loop
tot_stp = len(tr_loader)
for ep in range(num_epochs):
    for i, (img, lbl) in enumerate(tr_loader):
        # Flatten
        img = img.view(-1, 28*28)
        # Forward pass
        out = model(img)
        # Compute MSE loss
        c = nn.MSELoss()
        loss = c(out, torch.nn.functional.one_hot(lbl, num_classes=out_s).
 →float())
        # Zero gradients, backward pass, and optimize
        model.zero grad()
        loss.backward()
        # SGD update
        with torch.no_grad():
            for par in model.parameters():
                par -= lr * par.grad
        if (i+1) \% 100 == 0:
            print ('Ep [{}/{}], S [{}/{}], L: {:.4f}'
                   .format(ep+1, num_epochs, i+1, tot_stp, loss.item()))
# Test the model
with torch.no_grad():
    corr = 0
    total = 0
    for img, lbl in t_loader:
        img = img.view(-1, 28*28)
        out = model(img)
        _, predicted = torch.max(out.data, 1)
        total += lbl.size(0)
        corr += (predicted == lbl).sum().item()
    print('Accuracy of the network on the 10000 test images: {:.2f} %'.
 ⇔format(100 * corr / total))
```

```
Ep [1/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0918
Ep [1/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0869
Ep [1/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0881
```

```
Ep [1/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0838
Ep [1/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0789
Ep [1/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0718
Ep [1/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0695
Ep [1/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0708
Ep [1/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0665
Ep [2/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0626
Ep [2/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0567
Ep [2/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0578
Ep [2/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0549
Ep [2/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0550
Ep [2/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0588
Ep [2/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0544
Ep [2/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0523
Ep [2/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0510
Ep [3/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0415
Ep [3/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0541
Ep [3/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0515
Ep [3/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0463
Ep [3/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0426
Ep [3/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0403
Ep [3/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0463
Ep [3/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0475
Ep [3/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0493
Ep [4/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0466
Ep [4/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0467
Ep [4/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0554
Ep [4/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0423
Ep [4/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0446
Ep [4/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0422
Ep [4/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0452
Ep [4/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0361
Ep [4/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0393
Ep [5/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0418
Ep [5/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0411
Ep [5/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0366
Ep [5/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0466
Ep [5/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0390
Ep [5/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0396
Ep [5/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0446
Ep [5/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0406
Ep [5/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0313
Ep [6/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0471
Ep [6/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0364
Ep [6/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0424
Ep [6/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0460
Ep [6/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0351
Ep [6/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0388
```

```
Ep [6/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0328
Ep [6/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0389
Ep [7/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0388
Ep [7/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0404
Ep [7/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0331
Ep [7/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0354
Ep [7/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0389
Ep [7/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0317
Ep [7/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0350
Ep [7/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0295
Ep [7/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0309
Ep [8/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0371
Ep [8/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0272
Ep [8/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0298
Ep [8/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0288
Ep [8/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0370
Ep [8/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0299
Ep [8/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0267
Ep [8/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0335
Ep [8/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0319
Ep [9/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0267
Ep [9/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0324
Ep [9/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0333
Ep [9/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0289
Ep [9/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0312
Ep [9/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0288
Ep [9/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0332
Ep [9/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0259
Ep [9/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0273
Ep [10/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0272
Ep [10/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0320
Ep [10/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0292
Ep [10/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0205
Ep [10/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0256
Ep [10/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0247
Ep [10/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0238
Ep [10/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0298
Ep [10/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0392
Accuracy of the network on the 10000 test images: 89.18 %
```

0.6 Part IV

```
[27]: # Define Autoencoder architecture
class Autoencoder(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, in_s, hid_s):
        super(Autoencoder, self).__init__()
        self.encoder = nn.Linear(in_s, hid_s)
```

```
self.decoder = nn.Linear(hid_s, in_s)
    def forward(self, x):
        x = torch.sigmoid(self.encoder(x))
        x = torch.sigmoid(self.decoder(x))
        return x
# Hyperparameters
in_s = 784  # 28x28 for MNIST images
hid_s = 256
batch size = 64
num_epochs = 10
# Initialize the autoencoder
autoenc = Autoencoder(in_s, hid_s)
# Define the loss function and optimizer
c = nn.MSELoss()
op = opt.SGD(autoenc.parameters(), lr=0.1)
# Training loop for the autoencoder
tot_stp = len(tr_loader)
for ep in range(num_epochs):
    for i, (img, _) in enumerate(tr_loader):
        img = img.view(-1, in_s)
        # Forward pass
        out = autoenc(img)
        loss = c(out, img)
        # Backward and optimize
        op.zero_grad()
        loss.backward()
        op.step()
        if (i+1) \% 100 == 0:
            print ('Autoencoder: Ep [{}/{}], S [{}/{}], L: {:.4f}'
                   .format(ep+1, num_epochs, i+1, tot_stp, loss.item()))
# Save the pre-trained weights of the first layer
pretrained_weights = autoenc.encoder.weight.detach().clone()
# Define the MLP architecture with pre-trained weights
class MLP(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, in_s, hid_s1, hid_s2, out_s):
        super(MLP, self).__init__()
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(in_s, hid_s1)
```

```
self.fc2 = nn.Linear(hid_s1, hid_s2)
        self.fc3 = nn.Linear(hid_s2, out_s)
        self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()
        # Initialize first two layers with pre-trained weights
       with torch.no_grad():
            self.fc1.weight = nn.Parameter(pretrained_weights)
            self.fc1.requires_grad = False # Freeze the parameters
   def forward(self, x):
       x = self.sigmoid(self.fc1(x))
       x = self.sigmoid(self.fc2(x))
       x = self.sigmoid(self.fc3(x))
       return x
# Re-initialize the autoencoder for the fine-tuning phase
autoenc = Autoencoder(in_s, hid_s)
# Load MNIST dataset again for fine-tuning
tr_loader = DataLoader(tr_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
# Initialize the MLP model with pre-trained weights
model = MLP(in_s, hid_s1=hid_s, hid_s2=128, out_s=10)
# Define the loss function and optimizer
c = nn.MSELoss()
op = opt.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=0.1)
# Training loop for fine-tuning the entire MLP
for ep in range(num_epochs):
   for i, (img, lbl) in enumerate(tr_loader):
        img = img.view(-1, in_s)
        # Forward pass
        out = model(img)
       lbl = torch.nn.functional.one_hot(lbl, num_classes=10).float()
       loss = c(out, lbl)
        # Backward and optimize
        op.zero_grad()
        loss.backward()
       op.step()
        if (i+1) \% 100 == 0:
            print ('Fine-tuning: Ep [{}/{}], S [{}/{}], L: {:.4f}'
                   .format(ep+1, num_epochs, i+1, tot_stp, loss.item()))
```

```
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [100/938], L: 1.4770
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [200/938], L: 1.1810
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [300/938], L: 1.0684
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [400/938], L: 1.0222
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [500/938], L: 1.0032
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9807
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9776
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9693
Autoencoder: Ep [1/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9638
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9585
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9520
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9516
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9499
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9467
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9468
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9458
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9425
Autoencoder: Ep [2/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9428
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9417
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9372
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9365
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9417
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9407
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9411
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9350
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9370
Autoencoder: Ep [3/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9336
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9369
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9366
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9398
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9308
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9385
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9308
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9340
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9346
Autoencoder: Ep [4/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9329
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9324
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9353
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9342
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9311
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9294
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9298
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9317
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9290
Autoencoder: Ep [5/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9290
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9319
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9315
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9310
```

```
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9297
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9310
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9328
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9308
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9326
Autoencoder: Ep [6/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9309
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9334
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9297
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9309
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9309
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9315
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9298
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9312
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9284
Autoencoder: Ep [7/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9305
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9277
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9302
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9297
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9286
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9317
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9272
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9315
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9279
Autoencoder: Ep [8/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9291
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9291
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9296
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9294
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9290
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9243
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9298
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9292
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9306
Autoencoder: Ep [9/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9288
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [100/938], L: 0.9299
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [200/938], L: 0.9291
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [300/938], L: 0.9302
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [400/938], L: 0.9309
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [500/938], L: 0.9292
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [600/938], L: 0.9291
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [700/938], L: 0.9292
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [800/938], L: 0.9304
Autoencoder: Ep [10/10], S [900/938], L: 0.9285
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0910
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0901
```

```
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0897
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [1/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0896
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0895
Fine-tuning: Ep [2/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [3/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [4/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [5/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0904
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [6/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0899
```

```
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0897
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0903
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [7/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [8/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0898
Fine-tuning: Ep [9/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [100/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [200/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [300/938], L: 0.0900
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [400/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [500/938], L: 0.0902
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [600/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [700/938], L: 0.0901
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [800/938], L: 0.0899
Fine-tuning: Ep [10/10], S [900/938], L: 0.0897
```

0.7 Part V

```
[]: import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as optim
import torchvision
import torchvision.transforms as transforms

# Define LeNet model
class LeNet(nn.Module):
```

```
def __init__(self):
        super(LeNet, self).__init__()
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 6, kernel_size=5)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(6, 16, kernel_size=5)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(16 * 4 * 4, 120)
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(120, 84)
        self.fc3 = nn.Linear(84, 10)
   def forward(self, x):
       x = torch.nn.functional.relu(self.conv1(x))
       x = torch.nn.functional.max_pool2d(x, kernel_size=2, stride=2)
       x = torch.nn.functional.relu(self.conv2(x))
       x = torch.nn.functional.max_pool2d(x, kernel_size=2, stride=2)
       x = torch.flatten(x, 1)
       x = torch.nn.functional.relu(self.fc1(x))
        x = torch.nn.functional.relu(self.fc2(x))
       x = self.fc3(x)
       return x
# Load MNIST dataset
transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.ToTensor(), transforms.Normalize((0.
 (0.5,), (0.5,))
trainset = torchvision.datasets.MNIST(root='./data', train=True, download=True, __
 →transform=transform)
trainloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size=32, shuffle=True)
# Initialize LeNet model
net = LeNet()
# Define loss function and optimizer
criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
optimizer = optim.SGD(net.parameters(), lr=0.001, momentum=0.9)
# Training loop
for epoch in range(5): # loop over the dataset multiple times
   running_loss = 0.0
   for i, data in enumerate(trainloader, 0):
        inputs, labels = data
       optimizer.zero_grad()
        outputs = net(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
       loss.backward()
       optimizer.step()
       running_loss += loss.item()
        if i % 1000 == 999: # print every 1000 mini-batches
```

```
print('[%d, %5d] loss: %.3f' % (epoch + 1, i + 1, running_loss /__
      →1000))
                 running_loss = 0.0
     print('Finished Training')
    [1, 1000] loss: 1.675
    [2, 1000] loss: 0.157
    [3, 1000] loss: 0.100
    [4, 1000] loss: 0.079
    [5, 1000] loss: 0.064
    Finished Training
[]: import torch
     import torchvision
     import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     # Load the test dataset
     testset = torchvision.datasets.MNIST(root='./data', train=False, download=True,_
      →transform=transforms.Compose([
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize((0.5,), (0.5,))
     ]))
     testloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch_size=32, shuffle=False)
     # Function to calculate accuracy
     def calculate_accuracy(net, dataloader):
         correct = 0
         total = 0
         with torch.no_grad():
             for data in dataloader:
                 images, labels = data
                 outputs = net(images)
                 _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
                 total += labels.size(0)
                 correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
         return correct / total
     # Calculate accuracy on test dataset
     accuracy = calculate_accuracy(net, testloader)
     print('Accuracy of the network on the test images: {:.2f}%'.format(accuracy *□
      →100))
```

Accuracy of the network on the test images: 98.13%