## 1. Multiple Decision Making

Al Decision Strategies: Multiple Decision Making & KNN

**Policies**: Map from states to actions.

**Value of Information**: Measures benefit of new data before acting.

**Limitations**: Slow prediction, sensitive to irrelevant features and K value.

**Techniques**: Dynamic Programming, Backward Induction.

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**Focus**: Sequential choices under uncertainty to **maximize expected utility**.

Tools: **Decision Networks**: Combine chance, decision, and utility nodes.

2. K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) Type: Instance-based, supervised learning.

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Core Idea: Classify a sample based on majority class of its K closest points.

Distance Metrics: Euclidean, Manhattan, etc.

Advantages: Simple, no training phase.