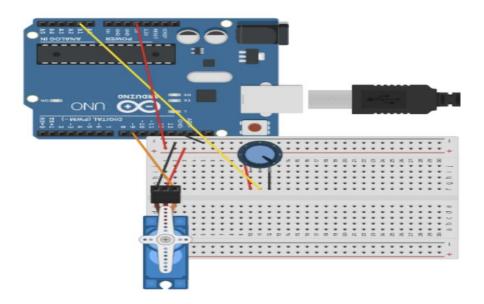
### 1- Servo Motor:

I used the potentiometer to control the angle of the servo.

# The Servo Motor circuit:



# **Arduino Code:**

```
#include <Servo.h>
Servo myservo;
int val;
void setup()
{
   myservo.attach(9);
}
void loop()
{
   val = analogRead(1);
   val = map(val, 0, 1023, 0, 180);
   myservo.write(val);
   delay(15);
}
```

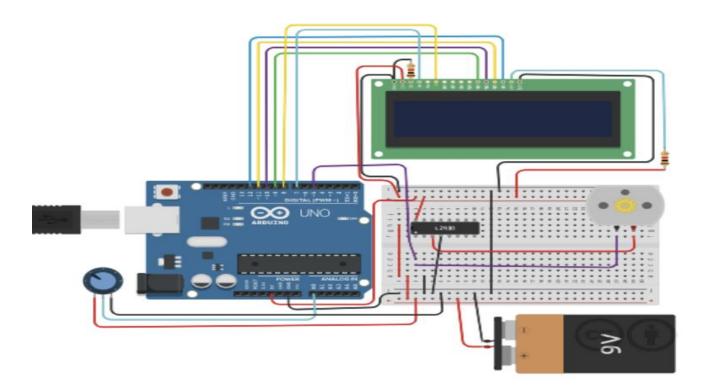
# This is the tinkercard simulation for the Servo Motor:

https://www.tinkercad.com/things/jaHfunVHOsX

# 2- Brushless motor:

I used the lcd in order to see the results on it. And I connected the motor to the Arduino through the H-bridge motor driver(L293D)

# The Brushless Motor circuit:



### **Arduino Code:**

```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal mylcd(7,8,9,10,11,12);
volatile int a;
volatile int b;void setup(){
 mylcd.begin(16,2);
 mylcd.setCursor(1-1, 1-1);
 mylcd.print("hello");
 delay(1000);
 mylcd.clear();
 a = 0;
 b = 0;
}
void loop(){
 a = analogRead(A0) / 4;
 b = a * 70;
 analogWrite(5,a);
 mylcd.setCursor(1-1, 2-1);
 mylcd.print("RPM=");
 mylcd.setCursor(5-1, 2-1);
 mylcd.print(b);
}
```

### This is the tinkercard simulation for the brushless Motor:

 $\underline{https://www.tinkercad.com/things/4WwGFxpkTM4?sharecode=0jvoAisoqGZNQit4kGR}\\ \underline{crjDedViH8SUcaBF\ thIT8K4}$