

# sow - v20 Ada Library User Manual





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1	20210324	Initial release	sr
8	20210402	First review	sr
9	20210404	New Shell_Execute procedure	sr
15	20210412	Refactoring and extend API	sr
23	20210419	Change Humanist 521 BT font to Airbus cockpit free font designed by Intactile 1	sr
27	20210606	Updates about AIDE 2.14, many enhancements and typos fixed	sr
34	20210804	Add Get_Build function and extend procedure Raise_Exception	sr
38	20211012	Fix typos, add numerous functions, mainly in Vst package	sr
39	20211214	Add Cursor_Off/On & Duration_Stamp_Seconds functions	sr
42	20211220	SQLite integration	sr
46	20220129	SQLite high level integration, add Replace_Pattern, Field_Display and more	sr
48	20220202	Begin Net API with Ip_Check, Mount, Send_Command, Send_File, Unmount	sr
51	20220215	Add some API in Fls and TIO	sr
59	20220306	Many enhancements and bug fixes in most packages	sr
62	20220423	Add an enhance API in Sys	sr
66	20220511	Improve system package management	sr
67			

 $<sup>{</sup>f 1}_{{\hbox{https://b612-font.com}}}$  under Open Font License, replaced the Humanist 521 BT licensed by Monotype.

Authors

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Some documentation parts of Sql API are borrowed from low level SQLite driver sources written by Dmitry Kazakov - <a href="http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de">http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de</a>, which is probably one of the most clever SQLite Ada binding ever created.

Manual

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The "Excuse me I'm French" speech - The main author of this manual is a Frenchman with basic English skills. Frenchmen are essentially famous as frog eaters<sup>2</sup>. They have recently discovered that others forms of communication languages are widely used on earth. So, as a frog eater, I've tried to write some stuff in this foreign dialect loosely known here under the name of English. However, it's a well known fact that frogs don't really speak English. So your help is welcome to correct this bloody manual, for the sake of the wildebeests, and penguins too.

Syntax notation

Inside a command line:

- A parameter between brackets [ ] is optional;
- Two parameters separated by I are mutually exclusives.

An important notice:

♦ This is an important notice!

□ Edition

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>We could be famous as designers of the Concorde, Ariane rockets, Airbus planes or even Ada computer language but, definitely, Frenchmen have to wear beret with bread baguette under their arm to go eating frogs in a smokey tavern. That's *le cliché*:]

https://this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org

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# Introduction

## 1 About v20

v20 is a Ada library for Linux service and console programs, primary designed to be used in Genesix, a cluster manager for High Availability virtual instances on GNU/Linux Debian/Xen servers.

However, v20 is a general purpose library, KISS<sup>3</sup> oriented and very efficient to create any command line program. AIDE uses v20 too.

v20 is also a modular library with components designed to work together. Naming and conventions are consistent. Currently, v20 is composed of ten packages in charge of unbounded strings, program and OS functions, console and text files, network, SQLite handling, logging and configuration files handling. At least five other packages are planned, related to databases and web APIs, without being limited to these aspects only.

## 2 About the Ada Community



At first, all our warmly thanks to the Ada Community, definitely one of the best.

### 2.1 Inspiration, ideas, help and more

AdaCore Ada compiler - <a href="https://www.adacore.com/community">https://www.adacore.com/community</a>
Daniel Feneuille - df - <a href="https://d.feneuille.free.fr">https://d.feneuille.free.fr</a>
Gautier de Montmollin - gdm - <a href="https://github.com/zertovitch">https://github.com/zertovitch</a>
Jean-Pierre Rosen - jpr - <a href="https://adalog.fr">https://adalog.fr</a>
Pascal Pignard - pp - <a href="https://github.com/Blady-Com">https://github.com/Blady-Com</a>
Rolf Ebert - re - <a href="https://github.com/RREE">https://github.com/RREE</a>

Special thanks to Ada gurus Daniel Feneuille, Gautier de Montmollin and Jean-Pierre Rosen. The chapter heading quotes are extracted from Murphy's Law and

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Keep It Simple, Stupid - <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle</a> - In memory of <a href="https://www.nason-line.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle</a> - In memory of <a href="https://www.nason-line.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle</a> - In memory of <a href="https://www.nason-line.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle</a> - In memory of <a href="https://www.nason-line.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf">https://www.nason-line.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf</a> the genius father of titanium Blackbirds.

other reasons why things go wrong - A. Bloch. They come from <a href="https://www.ada-log.fr">https://www.ada-log.fr</a> site created by Jean-Pierre Rosen.

# 3 v20 history

We own the copyrights for v89, v90, v93, v95, v04 and v20. Some work in v20 is derived from theses.

Ver.	Langages	Proc.	Système	Context	Copyright	Users
v87	Clipper	i386	MsDos	ST Formation	Proprietary	CEA-DAM CEA EDF
v89	Clipper/C/Asm	i386	MsDos	Atlansys	Proprietary	ETDE SAMU EDF
v90	Clipper/C/Asm	i386	MsDos	Atlansys	Proprietary	Military NGO EDF
v93	C++	i386	Windows	Atlansys	Proprietary	Research
v95	Delphi	i386	Windows	Astriane	Proprietary	Military NGO
v96	Asm	st62xx	Embedded	MRT	Proprietary	Military Civilian
v97	Asm	pic17c44	Embedded	MRT	Proprietary	Military Civilian
v04	Ada	i386	Windows	AIDE v1	GMGPL	Education
v20	Ada	All	Linux	AIDE v2	GPL v3	General Purpose

# Getting started

One can write neatly in any language, including C. One can write badly in any language, including Ada. But Ada is the only language where it is more tedious to write badly than neatly.

Jean-Pierre Rosen



## 1 v20 Distribution

### 1.1 Directories

v20 comes with some inner directories:

Packages	Description
bin	test binary place, with dontdelete.me test file for trailing comments preservation
doc	place of sow - v20 Ada Library User Manual.pdf and others documentation files
doc-generated	API doc generated by GNATStrudio with GNATDoc
obj/debug obj/fast obj/small	build directories
src	sources of v20
src/sys	specials system files as s-memory.adb, the GNATColl memory monitory hook
src-tests	sources of v20 tests programs

### 1.2 Key files

Key files are located in the main directory.

v20.gpr project file for building v20 with GNAT

# 2 Get an Ada compiler

Just use AIDE: <a href="https://github.com/sowebio/aide-bin">https://github.com/sowebio/aide-bin</a>

## 3 Get v20

You can get v20 at <a href="https://github.com/sowebio/v20">https://github.com/sowebio/v20</a>



## 4 v20 build

## Compilation

Assuming you wish to install v20 under <your path> with a GNAT compiler all-ready installed, do the following from a command line interpreter. Open a terminal:

user@system: cd <your path>
user@system: git clone https://github.com/sowebio/v20
user@system: cd v20
user@system: gprbuild -P v20
user@system: cd bin
user@system: ./test

# v20 at work

Investment in C programs reliability will increase up to exceed the probable cost of errors or until someone insists on recoding everything in Ada. Gilb's laws synthesis



1 Basic template

<<<TODO>>>

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# v20 API

There are 10 types of people in the world: those who understand binary and those who don't.

Anonymous



## 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Concepts

The developer is a writer. The writer's courtesy is clarity;

Clarity and ease of use are prioritized over speed and efficiency.

The performance of a compiled language such as Ada as well as the hardware capabilities of current systems justify these choices.

On a simple loop, let's recall that if HAC (Ada subset interpreter) is (among others) 7 times faster than Bash, HAC itself is 300 times slower than Ada.

#### 1.2 Conventions

To ease developers:

♦ All strings constants and function only returns VString typed.

♦ All strings parameters accept both String and VString types.

## 1.3 Usage

The HAC runtime is located in the ./v20/src directory.

Use ./v20/v20.qpr as a stub for your own projects.

Use ./v20/src-tests/test.adb as an template to integrate the appropriate v20 with and use clauses.

## 2 v20

Base package.



## 2.1 Get Version

Description

Returns the Library name and formatted version: "<space>v.minor.major".

Usage

function Get\_Version return VString

Example

```
Log. Msg ["Library version: " & v20. Get_Version];
v20 v0.6
```

## 2.2 Get Build

Description

Returns the formatted build date stamp as: "build YYYY-mm-dd hh:mm:ss".

Usage

function Get\_Build return VString

• Example

```
Log. Msg ["Date stamp build: " & v20. Get_Build];
build 2021-08-04 14:36:27
```

### 2.3 Raise Exception

Description

In addition to the usual trace, a v20 exception give some extra information like: exception time, program uptime, program & library names & versions, start & home directories and Ada and all languages memory allocation, current & maximum [peak] values.

Usage

procedure Raise\_Exception

Example

```
Raise_Exception;
```

```
Exception time
                        : 20210402 160834
                       : 0h00m00s
Program uptime
Program name & version: test v0.2
Library name & version: v20 v0.1
Start directory
                         : /home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/dev/ada/prj/v20/
bin
Home directory
                       : /home/sr
Ada memory allocations: Ada Cur: [ 2272 ] Max: [ 201912 ]
All memory allocations: All Cur: [ 3465216 ] Max: [ 3465216 ]
raised V20. RAISE EXCEPTION. V20 EXCEPTION TEST: v20. adb: 47
[./test]
V20. Raise_Exception at v20. adb: 47
Test at test. adb: 311
Main at b__test.adb: 375
0x475937 __libc_start_main at ???
0x4053c8 _start at ???
```

#### 3 Cfg - Configuration files

#### 3.1 Close

Description

Close Cfg file. For sanity only as each setting is instantly flushed to disk.

Usage

procedure Close

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

#### 3.2 Comment

Description

Insert a comment Text after the last line of the config file.

Usage

procedure Comment (Text : String)

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

#### 3.3 Delete

Description

Delete parameter in section. If no other parameter in this section, delete section too. Avoid reserved chars [ ] = # inside parameters.

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Usage

procedure Delete (Section : String; Parameter : String)

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 3.4 Get
  - Description

Return parameter in section or empty string if not found. Avoid reserved chars [ ] = # inside parameters.

Usage

function Get [Section: String; Parameter: String] return VString

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 3.5 Open
  - Description

Open and load if exist a configuration file. Create blank if non existent. Default configuration file name is "program name" followed by ".cnf" extension and created in the program start directory.

Usage

function Open (Cfg\_File\_Read\_In : String := "") return Boolean

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 3.6 Set
  - Description

Create or replace an existing parameter in a section. If this latter does not exist, also creating it. New setting is persistent even program quits unexpectedly after. Avoid reserved chars [] = # inside parameters. If reserved chars are passed, the procedure does nothing. An optional trailing comment can also be added.

Usage

www.soweb.io

contact@soweb.io

procedure Set [Section : String; Parameter : String; Value : String; Comment :
String := ""]

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Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

### 4 Fls - Files

- 4.1 Backup File
  - Description

Rename file with .bak.n suffix. Iterate n=0..9 searching a free n bak file. If n is free then write .bak.n, if n=9, delete .bak.0

Usage

```
procedure Backup_File (File_To_Backup : String);
procedure Backup File (File To Backup : VString);
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.2 Copy\_File
  - Description

Copy a Source\_Name file to a Target\_Name file destination.

Copy\_Form is "preserve=all\_attributes,mode=overwrite" [full attributes preservation and overwrite file if exists].

Usage

```
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name, Target_Name : String)
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name, Target_Name : VString)
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : VString; Target_Name : String)
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : String; Target_Name : VString)
```

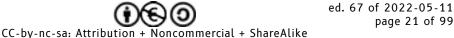
Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.3 Create Directory Tree
  - Description

Create a directory tree Dir\_Tree. Each non-existent directory named by Dir\_Tree is created (possibly including other intermediate directories). Return False if operation is unsuccessful (i.e. if base directory tree is unconsistent or already exist or still don't exist after the creating attempt). Return True if directory tree already exists or has just been created.

Extra inner slashes are processed i.e. a directory like /home/sr/opt/ytr.lkj////kjghgh will be valid. and will create, from /home/sr/opt:



- Directory ytr.lkj
- And then inner directory kjghgh
- Usage

function Create\_Directory\_Tree (Dir\_Tree : String) return Boolean function Create Directory Tree (Dir Tree : VString) return Boolean

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.4 Delete\_Directory\_Tree
  - Description

Delete a directory tree Dir\_Tree. The directory and all of its contents (possibly including other directories) are deleted. Return True if Dir\_Tree is successfully deleted or was already deleted. Return False if operation is unsuccessful (i.e. if base directory tree was non existent or still exists after the deleting attempt).

Dir\_Tree must be fully qualified, ie starting with a slash [/].

This function prevents deletion of the following root directories: bin, boot, dev, etc, home, lib, lib32, lib64, libx32, lost+found, media, mnt, opt, proc, root, run, sbin, srv, sys, tmp, usr, var. Pay close attention, you can't delete /etc but you are allowed to delete /etc/network!

/!\ With programs ran with root rights, this function should be used with infinite caution.

/!\ This function uses Ada.Directories.Delete\_Tree, which raises an exception if the directory tree to delete contains a \*broken\* symbolic link (a file like any other). This latter is seen as \*non-existent\* and, when the parent directory is deleted, an exception occurs: raised ADA.IO\_EXCEPTIONS.USE\_ERROR: directory tree rooted at <directory tree> could not be deleted (because \*not empty\*). Funny, but not so much. Pure C code problem in Ada RTS. Stacked C calls in russian puppet mode until a logical problem arises.

Usage

function Delete\_Directory\_Tree (Dir\_Tree : String) return Boolean function Delete Directory Tree (Dir Tree : VString) return Boolean

Example

<<<TODO>>>

#### 4.5 Delete File

Description

Delete a Name file only if this latter exists. No exception will be raised if the file to delete does not exists.

Usage

```
procedure Delete File (Name : String)
procedure Delete File (Name : VString)
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.6 Delete\_Lines
  - Description

Search and remove file lines matching Pattern in File Name.

Usage

```
procedure Delete Lines (File Name, Pattern : String)
procedure Delete_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : VString)
procedure Delete Lines (File Name: String; Pattern: VString)
procedure Delete Lines (File Name : VString; Pattern : String)
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.7 Download File
  - Description

Download a file from Url to Dlfile. Do nothing if Dlfile already exists with its size equals Dlsize. Name is purely informational and used to named file in text messages.

Return True is Dlfile present at the right size, False otherwise.

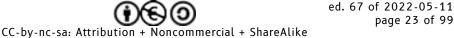
Usage

```
function Download File (Url : VString;
                         Dlfile: VString;
                         Name: VString;
                         Dlsize : Integer := 0) return Boolean;
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

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#### 4.8 Exists

· Description

Returns True if file or directory Name exists.

Usage

function Exists (Name: String) return Boolean function Exists (Name: VString) return Boolean

• Example

```
if Exists [HAC_Dir & "/hac"] then
   Put_Line ["HAC installation is done : ]"];
end if;
```

## 4.9 Extract\_Directory

Description

Returns directory from Name.

Usage

function Extract\_Directory [Name : String] return VString function Extract\_Directory [Name : VString] return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Extract_Directory ("/etc/ssh/sshd_config")) then
/etc/ssh
```

### 4.10 Extract\_Name

· Description

Returns filename from Name.

Usage

```
function Extract_Filename (Name : String) return VString
function Extract_Filename (Name : VString) return VString
```

• Example

```
Put_Line (Extract_Filename ("/etc/ssh/sshd_config")) then
sshd_config
```



## 4.11 File Size

Description

Return size of Name file.

Usage

function File\_Size (Name : String) return Integer function File Size (Name : VString) return Integer

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.12 Get\_Directory
  - Description

Returns current directory.

Usage

function Current\_Directory return String function Current Directory return VString

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.13 Is\_Root\_Directory
  - Description

This function checks the following root directories: bin, boot, dev, etc, home, lib, lib32, lib64, libx32, lost+found, media, mnt, opt, proc, root, run, sbin, srv, sys, tmp, usr, var. Returns True if Dir Tree is a root directory.

Dir Tree must be fully qualified, ie starting with a slash [/].

Usage

```
function Is_Root_Directory (Dir_Tree : String) return Boolean function Is Root Directory (Dir Tree : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

```
Put_Line [Is_Root_Directory ["/etc"]];
True

Put_Line [Is_Root_Directory ["/etc/network"]];
False
```

## 4.14 Move File

Description

Move a Source\_Name file to a Target\_Name file destination. Copy\_Form is "pre-serve=all\_attributes,mode=overwrite" [full attributes preservation and overwrite file if exists].

Usage

```
procedure Move_File (Source_Name, Target_Name : String)
procedure Move_File (Source_Name, Target_Name : VString)
procedure Move_File (Source_Name : VString; Target_Name : String)
procedure Move_File (Source_Name : String; Target_Name : VString)
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

#### 4.15 Rename

Description

Rename an Old\_Name file or directory to a New\_Name file or directory. If exists a file New File, it will be overwritten.

Usage

```
procedure Rename [Old_Name, New_Name : String]
procedure Rename [Old_Name, New_Name : VString]
procedure Rename [Old_Name : VString; New_Name : String]
procedure Rename [Old Name : String; New Name : VString]
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 4.16 Search Lines
  - Description

Search at least a line matching Pattern in File Name and return true if found.

Usage

```
function Search_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : String) return Boolean function Search_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : VString) return Boolean function Search_Lines (File_Name : String; Pattern : VString) return Boolean function Search Lines (File_Name : VString; Pattern : String) return Boolean
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

## 4.17 Set Directory

Description

Change to a directory Directory. Create Directory if this latter does not exist, return False if operation failed.

Usage

```
function Set_Directory (Directory : String) return Boolean
function Set Directory (Directory : VString) return Boolean
```

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

## 5 Log - Logging

- 5.1 Dbq
  - Description

Log a debug message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Dbg [Message : in String]
procedure Dbg [Message : in VString]
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.2 Err
  - Description

Log an error message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Err (Message : in String)
procedure Err (Message : in VString)
```

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

## 5.3 Get Debug

Description

Return true if debug status is on.

Usage

function Get Debug return Boolean

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.4 Line
  - Description

Log a blank line.

Usage

procedure Line

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.5 Log\_Dir
  - Description

Returns log file directory.

Usage

function Log Dir return VString

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.6 Msg
  - Description

Log a message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Msg [Message : in Integer]
procedure Msg [Message : in Character]
procedure Msg [Message : in String]
procedure Msg [Message : in VString]
```



Example

### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.7 Set\_Debug
  - Description

Set debug messages status on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set\_Debug (Action : Boolean)

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.8 Set\_Display
  - Description

Log to display on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set\_Display (Action : Boolean)

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.9 Set Disk
  - Description

Log to disk on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set\_Disk (Action : Boolean)

• Example

## <<<TODO>>>

- 5.10 Set\_Header
  - · Description

Line header on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set\_Header (Action : Boolean)



Example

### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.11 Set Log Dir
  - Description

Set log file directory.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Log_Dir (Dir_In : String)
procedure Set_Log_Dir (Dir_In : VString)
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 5.12 Set Task
  - Description

Set new current log task name. 7 characters max before truncation.

Usage

function Log\_Dir return String

• Example

## <<<TODO>>>

- 5.13 Title
  - Description

Log a title. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Title (Message : in String);
procedure Title (Message : in VString);
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

## 6 Net - Network

- 6.1 Ip Check
  - Description

IP validation

Usage

```
function Ip_Check (IP : in String) return Boolean;
function Ip_Check (IP : in VString) return Boolean;
```

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Ip_Chek ["320.1.1.1"]];

False

Tio.Put_Line [Ip_Chek ["120.1.1.1"]];

True
```

#### 6.2 Mount

Description

Mount a Target as host.

If local admin, automatically create local mount point in
- /mnt/<Target>

If local (non root) user, automatically create local mount point in
- /home/<user>/mnt/<Tarqet>

Usage

procedure Mount (Target : VString);

Example

```
Local admin case: Mount [+"root@i51c1. domain. tld"];

Mounts target root@i51c1. domain. tld: /
to /mnt/root@i51c1. domain. tld

Local <user> case [with home at /home/user]: Mount [+"root@i51c1. domain. tld"];

Mounts target sr@i51c1. domain. tld: /
to /home/<user>/mnt/sr@i51c1. domain. tld
```

## 6.3 Send Command

Description

Send distant command to host.

Usage

procedure Send Command (Target : in VString ; Command : in VString);

Exception

Error Send Command

Raised when send command error

Example

```
List files in a directory:
Send_Command [+"root@i51c1.domain.tld", +"cd /root", +"ls -l"];
drwxr-xr-x 7 root
                      root
                                4.0K Sep 1 10:45 acme.sh
                                3. 4K Aug
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                                          5 09:28 aide.err
                      root
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                                12K Aug
                                         5 09:53 aide.log
                      root
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                                         5 09:28 check.gpr
                      root
                                  1 Aug
                               4. OK Dec 11 15: 02 dmf
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
                      root
                               2.7M Dec 14 11:37 gprbuild
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root
                      root
                                4. 0K Aug 5 09: 53 opt
drwxr-xr-x 3 root
                      root
                                47M Sep 25 11:37 s015.sql
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                      root
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                      root
                                134 Aug 7 17:14 test.txt
Complex command example [massive URL change in wordpress DB]:
Send\_File ~ \texttt{[+"root@i152c1", +"cd /srv/www/adm152.temp\_domain.tld/sar ; php srd-left]} \\
b.cli.php -h localhost -n dmf_transfert -u dmf -p " & Pwd_DB_Prod & " -s
https://www.old_domain.tld -r https://www.new_domain.tld"];
Copy /home/sr/text.txt to root@i51c1.domain.tld/etc/genesix/test.txt
```

## 6.4 Send File

Description

Copy to distant host.

Usage

procedure Send\_File (Target : in VString ; File\_Tx : in VString; Directory\_Rx : in VString);

Exception

Error Send File

Raised when send file error

## Example

```
Send_File [+"root@i51c1.domain.tld", +"/home/sr/text.txt", +"/etc/genesix"];
Copy /home/sr/text.txt to root@i51c1.domain.tld/etc/genesix/test.txt
```

### 6.5 Unmount

Description

Unmount a host

The local mountpoint directory is not deleted.

Usage

procedure Unmount (Target : VString);

Exception

Error\_Unmount

Raised when unmount error

Example

```
Local admin case: Unmount (+"root@i51c1.domain.tld");
Unmounts /mnt/root@i51c1.domain.tld

Local <user> case (home is /home/user): Unmount (+"root@i51c1.domain.tld");
Unmounts /home/<user>/mnt/sr@i51c1.domain.tld
```

## 7 Prg - Program

#### 7.1 Command

Description

Constant storing program command (Arg 0).

Usage

Command: constant VString

Example

```
Tio_Line (Command);
/home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/dev/ada/app/gnx/src/gnx-instance
```

#### 7.2 Current Time Seconds

Description

Returns a duration as seconds since ISO date 197001010. Conforms to Unix time standard. Checked with date +%s. Compliant algorithm until 2070.

Returns a duration in seconds since current time.

Usage

function Current Time Seconds return Natural

Example

```
Log. Msg ("Current time in seconds: " & To_VString (Current_Time_Seconds));
1646227335
```

#### 7.3 Duration\_Stamp

Description

Returns a duration as HHhMMmSSs since Time.

Usage

function Duration Stamp (Time: Ada.Calendar.Time) return VString

Example

```
Log. Msg ["Total execution time: " & Prg. Duration_Stamp [Prg. Start_Time]];
```

- 7.4 Duration\_Stamp\_Seconds
  - Description

Returns a duration as seconds since Time.

Usage

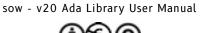
function Duration Stamp Seconds [Time: Ada.Calendar.Time] return Natural

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 7.5 **Duration Stamp Time** 
  - Description

Returns a formatted HHhMMmSSs VString from Time\_Seconds.



Usage

function Duration Stamp Time (Time Seconds : Integer) return VString

Example

Tio.Put\_Line ["Total execution time: " & Prg.Duration\_Stamp\_Time [1646315044]]; 13h35m34s

## 7.6 Generate Password

Description

Password generation with 64 charset ([A-Z] + [a-z] + [0-9] +  $'\_'$  + '-') Search space size greater than 1,26 x 10^25 Space exploration time: 40000 centuries @ 100 billion tests per second.

Command line with standard tools: < /dev/urandom tr -dc \_A-Z-a-z-0-9 | head - c{1:-14};echo; Generates 14 chars long passwords like:  $5fx7_0Fubo-hNa$ 

Usage

function Generate Password return VString

• Example

```
Log. Msg [Generate_Password];

5fx7_0Fubo-hNa
```

## 7.7 Get\_Version

Description

Returns formatted program version: "<space>v.minor.major".

Usage

function Get Version return VString

Example

```
Log. Msg ["Program version:" & prg. Get_Version];
Program version: v2.16
```

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## 7.8 Get Version Major

· Description

Returns Major version.

Usage

function Get\_Version\_Major return Natural;

• Example

```
Log. Msg [prg. Get_Version_Major];
```

## 7.9 Get Version Minor

Description

Returns Minor version.

Usage

function Get\_Version\_Minor return Natural;

• Example

```
Log. Msg (prg. Get_Version_Minor);
16
```

## 7.10 Is\_User\_Not\_Root

Description

Returns true if program user's not root.

Usage

function Is\_User\_Not\_Root return Boolean

Example

### <<<TODO>>>

#### 7.11 Name

Description

Return program name.

function Name return VString

Example

```
sr@ro8    ~/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin > aide
aide
```

#### 7.12 Path

Description

Return program path.

Usage

function Path return String

Example

```
sr@ro8    ~/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin > aide
/home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin
```

### 7.13 Set\_Exit\_Status

Description

Set errorlevel return code. Each call is cumulative. Four calls with 1, 2, 4 and 8 set 15 ie msb-00001111-lsb. Can be used everywhere in the program without special call at its end.

Convention: 1 = no or bad command, 128 = runtime exception [8th bit].

Usage

procedure Set\_Exit\_Status (Code : Natural)

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 7.14 Set\_Version
  - Description

Set program version.

Usage

procedure Set Version [Major : Natural; Minor : Natural]



### <<<TODO>>>

- 7.15 Start Dir
  - Description

Constant storing current directory at start.

Usage

Start\_Dir: constant VString

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 7.16 Start\_Time
  - Description

Constant storing Time at program start.

Usage

Start\_Time : constant Ada.Calendar.Time

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 7.17 Time Stamp
  - Description

Returns current timestamp as YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS

Usage

function Time\_Stamp return VString

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

# 8 Sql - SQLite

See v20-sql.adb to see full high and low level examples.

A comprehensive "SQLite digest manual" is available to ease SQLite newcomers. See Sowebio Github repository.



#### Tech notes

Closing Database and Statement are automatically handling by Finalize procedures, thanks to Dmitry Kazakov low level SQLite driver.

SQLite DB is fully statically linked in projects using V20 (SQLite dynamic extensions are disabled).

#### 8.1 Bind

#### Description

Set a parameter of statement.

The parameters to be bound are usually specified as ? in the command text (see Prepare). Each such parameter has to be bound to a value. The position of a parameter is specified by its index, i.e. by the position of ? in the command text. The first parameter has the position 1.

### Exceptions

Constraint\_Error Command or Parameter is invalid

Data\_Error Data base error

End Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status\_Error Access errors

Use Error File access related errors

## Usage

```
procedure Bind (Parameter : Positive; Value : Integer);
procedure Bind (Local_Handle_Statement : Statement; Parameter : Positive; Value : Integer);
procedure Bind (Parameter : Positive; Value : VString);
procedure Bind (Local_Handle_Statement : Statement; Parameter : Positive; Value : VString);
```

#### Example

```
Key := "key" & Trim_Left(To_VString(Integer'Image(Index)));
Value := "value"& Trim_Left(To_VString(Integer'Image(Index)));
Tio.Put_Line ("Insert Key: " & Key & " with value: " & Value);
Sql.Bind (1, Key);
Sql.Bind (2, Value);
```

### 8.2 Column Integer

#### Description

Return a Integer from a column in the current result row, whatever the column type.



function Column Integer (Position: Positive) return Integer; function Column Integer [Local Handle Statement: Statement; Position: Positive] return Integer;

Exceptions

Constraint Error

Command is an invalid handle

Example

```
Tio. Put [Sql. Column [2]];
1234
```

#### 8.3 Column Text

Description

Return a VString from a column in the current result row, whatever the column type.

Usage

function Column Text (Position: Positive) return VString; function Column Text [Local Handle Statement: Statement; Position: Positive] return VString;

Exceptions

Constraint Error

Command is an invalid handle

Example

```
for Index in 1..Columns loop
  Tio. Put [Sql. Column [Index]];
end loop;
```

#### 8.4 Column Count

Description

Get the number of columns in the current result set.

Usage

function Column\_Count return Natural; function Column Count (Local Handle Statement: Statement) return Integer;

Exceptions

Constraint Error

Command is an invalid handle



```
Columns := Sql.Column_Count;
Tio.Put_Line ["Column count: " & To_VString [Integer' Image[Columns]]];
```

### 8.5 Column Exists

Description

Return true if Column Name exists.

Usage

function Column\_Exists (Table\_Name : String; Column\_Name : String) return Boolean;

function Column\_Exists (Table\_Name : VString; Column\_Name : VString) return Boolean;

Exceptions

Constraint\_Error Base is an invalid handle

Data\_Error Data base error

End Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status\_Error Access error Use\_Error File open error

## Example

```
Tio. Put ["Column_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Column_Exists (+"test_table", +"Existing_Column"]]; -- Existing column

Tio. Put ["Column_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Column_Exists (+"test_table", +"azeazeaze"]]; -- Non existing column

...

Column_Exists: True
Column_Exists: False
```

### 8.6 Column\_Type

Description

Get a column type in the current result row

Usage

function Column\_Type (Position : Positive) return Datatype; function Column\_Type (Local\_Handle\_Statement : Statement; Position : Positive) return Datatype;



Exceptions

Constraint\_Error

Command is an invalid handle

### Example

```
for Index in 1..Columns loop
    Tio. Put [Sql. Column [Index] & " [T" & Trim_Left[To_VString[Sql. Datatype' Image
[Sql. Column_Type [Index]]]] & "] "];
end loop;
...

Row 1 : key11 [T3] value4 [T3] 11 [T1]
Row 2 : key12 [T3] value4 [T3] 12 [T1]
Row 3 : key13 [T3] value4 [T3] 13 [T1]
Row 4 : key14 [T3] value4 [T3] 14 [T1]
Row 5 : key4 [T3] value4 [T3] 4 [T1]
T1 = Integer
T3 = Text
```

#### 8.7 Delete

Description

Delete a row in Table\_Name specifying a Where\_Condition

Usage

procedure Delete (Table Name : VString ; Where Condition : VString);

Exceptions

Constraint Error Base is an invalid handle

Data Error Data base error

End Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status\_Error Access error
Use Error File open error

Example

```
-- Delete row for Number = 1234 in table Cluster

Sql. Delete [+"Cluster", +"Number = 1234"];
```

#### 8.8 Error

Description

SQLite error codes processing. Returns a numeric code and an Information\_Extended string with more comprehensive information.



function Error (Information : String, Information\_Extended : in out VString := +"")
return Natural;

### Example

```
The program attempts to create a row with an non existent foreign key.

.../...

exception
  when Fault: others =>
        Exception_Result := Sql.Error (AE.Exception_Information (Fault),
Exception_Result_Extended);

  Tio.Put_Line ("Exception_Result: " & To_VString (Exception_Result));
  Tio.Put_Line ("Exception_Result_Extended: " & Exception_Result_Extended);

Exception_Result: 19
Exception_Result_Extented: A SQL constraint violation occurred
```

#### 8.9 Exec

### Description

Execute a SQL command when no output is needed. It's a wrapper around Prepare, Step and Finalize, that allows an application to run multiple statements of SQL without having to use a lot of code. Command is UTF-8 encoded.

#### Usage

```
procedure Exec (Command : String);
procedure Exec (Command : VString);
```

### Exceptions

Constraint\_Error Base is an invalid handle

Data Error Data base error

End\_Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status\_Error Access error Use\_Error File open error

### Example

```
-- Write ahead log transaction mode, safe write to avoid corruption Sql. Exec [+"PRAGMA journal_mode=WAL; PRAGMA synchronous=FULL"];
-- Table setup Sql. Exec [+"DROP TABLE IF EXISTS test_table"];
Sql. Exec [+"CREATE TABLE test_table [key TEXT PRIMARY KEY, value TEXT, valuenum INTEGER]"];
```

### 8.10 Get Config

Description

Get configuration Value from Parameter stored in Config table.

Usage

function Get\_Config (Parameter : String) return VString function Get Config (Parameter : VString) return VString

Example

```
-- Get parameter's value 'Schema_Version' [previously set to '0.1']Get_Config ["Schema_Version"];0.1
```

## 8.11 Get\_Version

Description

Return SQLite version, with a x.y.z format.

Usage

function Get\_Version return VString;

• Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Sql.Get_Version];
sql v3.37.0
```

### 8.12 Index Exists

Description

Return true if Index\_Name exists.

Usage

function Index\_Exists (Index\_Name : VString) return Boolean;

Exceptions

Constraint\_Error Base is an invalid handle
Data\_Error Data base error
End\_Error Not found (table does not exist)
Status\_Error Access error
Use Error File open error



```
Tio. Put ["Index_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Index_Exists [+"key"]]; -- Existing index

Tio. Put ["Index_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Column_Exists [+"key1"]]; -- Non existing index

...

Index_Exists: True
Index_Exists: False
```

#### 8.13 Insert

### Description

Create a row in Table Name with Columns Values.

The special character ^ is used to separate column/value pairs and the special character ~ is used to distinguish the name of a column from its value. See example below.

### Usage

procedure Insert [Table Name : VString; Columns Values : VString];

#### Exceptions

Constraint\_Error Base is an invalid handle

Data\_Error Data base error

End Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status\_Error Access error
Use Error File open error

#### Example

```
-- Fill Number with 1234 and Domain with genesix.org in table Cluster Sql.Insert [+"Cluster", +"Number~1234" & "^" & "Domain~genesix.org"]
```

### 8.14 Last Insert RowID

#### Description

The function usually returns the rowid of the most recent successful INSERT into a rowid table or virtual table. Inserts into WITHOUT ROWID tables are not recorded. If no successful INSERTs into rowid tables have ever occurred on the database, then the function returns zero.

Each entry in most SQLite tables (except for WITHOUT ROWID tables) has a unique 64-bit signed integer key called the "rowid". The rowid is always available as an undeclared column named ROWID, OID, or \_ROWID\_ as long as those names are



not also used by explicitly declared columns. If the table has a column of type IN-TEGER PRIMARY KEY then that column is another alias for the rowid [this text from https://www.sqlite.org/c3ref/last\_insert\_rowid.html].

### Usage

function Last Insert RowID return Integer 64;

### Exceptions

Constraint Error Base is an invalid handle

Data Error Data base error

End Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status\_Error Access error
Use Error File open error

### Example

```
-- This is the 14<sup>th</sup> insert [see test.adb in v20 scr-tests directory]
              (+"INSERT
                                        test_table
                               INTO
                                                                     Value,
                                                                                             VALUES
Sql. Exec
                                                          [Key,
                                                                                  vnum)
['key14','value4',14];"];
Tio. Put ["Last_Insert_Row_ID: "];
Tio. Put_Line (Sql. Last_Insert_RowID);
14
-- Other example [Number INTEGER PRIMARY KEY UNIQUE]
Sql. Exec ["INSERT INTO Cluster [Number, Domain,] VALUES [1234, 'genesix.org'"]; Tio. Put_Line ["Insert_RowID: " & Trim_Left [To_VString [Integer [Sql.Last_In-
sert_RowID]]];
Insert_RowID: 1234
```

### 8.15 Last\_RowID

#### Description

Returns last existing RowID in Table Name.

#### Usage

function Row Count [Table Name: String; Option: String:= "\*"] return Natural;

#### Example

```
Tio. Put_Line (Row_Count ("Table_test"));
12
```

### 8.16 Open

Description

Open a database.

Usage

procedure Open (Database File Name : VString);

Exceptions

Data\_Error Data base error Use\_Error File open error

Example

```
Sql. Open [+"sqlite_high_level_test.db"];
```

### 8.17 Prepare

Description

Prepare a SQL command when an output is needed. Command is UTF-8 encoded.

Usage

procedure Prepare (Statement\_To\_Prepare : VString); function Prepare (Statement\_To\_Prepare : VString) return Statement;

Exceptions

Constraint Error Base is an invalid handle

Data Error Data base error

End\_Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status Error Access error

Use Error File open error

Example

```
Sql. Prepare [+"DELETE FROM test_table WHERE key=?"];

for Index in 1..Count / 3 loop
    Sql. Exec [+"BEGIN TRANSACTION; "];
    Key := +"key" & Trim_Left[To_VString[Integer' Image[Index]]];
    Tio. Put_Line ["Delete row with Key: " & Key];
    Sql. Bind [1, Key];
    Sql. Step;
    Sql. Step;
    Sql. Reset;
    Sql. Resec [+"COMMIT; "];
end loop;
```

## 8.18 Row\_Count

### Description

Returns counted rows in Table Name with Options.

### Option:

- '\*' is all rows, included null-ed
- 'Column name' counts not null-ed rows
- 'DISTINCT Column name' counts not null-ed and distinct rows
- Usage

function Row\_Count (Table\_Name : String; Option : String := "\*") return Natural;

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Row_Count ["Table_test"]];
```

#### 8.19 Read

### Description

Returns an extraction from Table\_Name with comma delimited Columns and standard SQL Condition (like WHERE, ORDER BY, LIMIT).

The extraction is formatted with standard v20 CD constant as Column delimiter and RD constant as Row delimiter.

Usage

function Read [Table\_Name : VString; Columns : VString; Condition : VString := +""]
return VString;

Exceptions

Constraint Error Base is an invalid handle

Data Error Data base error

End\_Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status\_Error Access error Use\_Error File open error

#### Example

```
Sql. Read [+"Cluster", +"Number, Domain"];
Sql. Read [+"Cluster", +"Number, Domain", +"WHERE Number = 1234"];
-- Used in combination with Field_Display
Field_Display [Sql. Read [+"Cluster", +"Number, Domain"], CD, RD, "Cluster number, Domain name"];
```



Cluster number	Domain name
1 2	domain1 domain2
3 4	domain3 domain4
.234	genesix2.org

#### 8.20 Reset

· Description

Complete SQL command execution, make it ready to execute again.

Usage

```
procedure Reset;
procedure Reset [Local Handle Statement : Statement];
```

Exceptions

Constraint\_Error

Command is an invalid handle

Example

```
Sql. Reset;
```

### 8.21 Schema Load

Description

Load a schema. Commands will be executed by Schema\_Update in code source order

Usage

procedure Schema\_Load (Command : in Schema\_Command := Null\_Command ;
Name : in String := "" ; Attribute : in String := "");

Example

```
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Name,
                                                      "Cluster");
                                                      "Number",
"Number",
                                                                     "INTEGER"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Constraint, Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Constraint,
                                                                     "UNIQUE");
"PRIMARY KEY");
                                                      "Number",
                                                      "Domain",
                                                                     "TEXT"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                      "Email",
                                                                     "TEXT");
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name, Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Name,
                                                      "Manager"
                                                                     "INTEGÉR");
                                                      "Idx",
                                                                     "Number");
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Constraint,
                                                                     "UNIQUE"];
```

### 8.22 Schema Need Update

### Description

Open or Create Database\_FullName, with a Major and Minor minimum schema version. If schema version is upper than the version stored in Database\_FullName, returns True as a database schema update is needed.

The Schema Load and Schema Update is therefore only launched when necessary.

To update the database schema in table Cluster with a new column named 'Bidule', simply:

- Increment Sql.Schema Need Update ["Sqlite Update Test", 0, 1] to 0,2
- Add at the right place Sql.Schema Load [Sql.Column Name, "Bidule", "TEXT"];

See examples below.

### Usage

function Schema\_Need\_Update (Database\_FullName : String ; Major : Natural; Minor : Natural) return Boolean;

function Schema\_Need\_Update (Database\_FullName : VString ; Major : Natural; Minor : Natural) return Boolean;

#### Examples

```
- Before schema update
if Sql. Schema_Need_Update ["Sqlite_Update_Test", 0, 1] then
                                                       "Cluster");
     Sql. Schema Load [Sql. Table Name,
                                                                     "INTEGER"];
                                                       "Number",
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
     Sql. Schema_Load (Sql. Column_Constraint, Sql. Schema_Load (Sql. Table_Constraint,
                                                                     "UNIQUE");
"PRIMARY KEY");
                                                       "Number"
                                                       "Number",
                                                       "Number",
"Domain",
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                                     "TEXT");
                                                                    "TEXT");
                                                       "Email",
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                                     "INTEGER"];
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name, Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Name,
                                                       "Manager"
                                                       "Idx",
                                                                     "Number"];
                                                                     "UNIQUE"];
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Constraint,
     Sql. Schema_Update;
end if;
- After schema update
if Sql. Schema_Need_Update ["Sqlite_Update_Test", 0, 2] then
                                                       "Cluster");
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Name,
                                                       "Number",
"Number",
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                                     "INTEGER"];
                                                                     "UNIQUE");
     Sql. Schema Load [Sql. Column Constraint,
                                                       "Number",
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Constraint,
                                                                     "PRIMARY KEY"];
                                                                     "TEXT");
"TEXT");
     Sql. Schema_Load
                         [Sql.Column_Name,
                                                       "Domain",
     Sql. Schema_Load
                         [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                       "Email",
                                                       "Bidule"
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                                      "TEXT"];
                                                                     "INTEGER"];
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                       "Manager"
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Name, Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Constraint,
                                                        'Idx",
                                                                    "Number");
"UNIQUE");
                                                       " I<u>dx "</u>
```

```
Sql. Schema_Update; end if;
```

### 8.23 Schema\_Update

Description

Create and delete tables, table constraints, columns, columns constraints, index, index constraints on database schema after loading schema by Schema\_Load.

<<<TODO>>> : implement delete and backup DB before update or delete.

Usage procedure Schema Update;

Example

```
if Sql. Schema_Need_Update ["Sqlite_Update_Test", 0, 1] then
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Name,
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Constraint,
                                                        "Cluster"];
                                                        "Number",
"Number",
                                                                       "INTEGER");
                                                                      "UNIQUE"];
                                                        "Number",
"Number",
     Sql. Schema Load [Sql. Table Constraint,
                                                                      "PRIMARY KEY"];
                                                        "Domain",
                                                                      "TEXT"];
"TEXT"];
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                         "Email",
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
                                                        "Manager",
                                                                      "INTEGER"];
                                                        "Idx",
                                                                      "Number");
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Name,
                                                        "Idx",
                                                                       "UNIQUE"];
     Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Constraint,
     Sql. Schema_Update;
end if:
```

### 8.24 Search

Description

Return True if Condition verified

Usage

function Search (Table Name: VString; Condition: VString) return Boolean;

• Example

```
if Sql. Search [+"Cluster", +"WHERE Number = 1234"] then
    Tio. Put_Line ["Search 'Number = 1234': Found"];
end if;
if not Sql. Search [+"Cluster", +"WHERE Number = 9999"] then
    Tio. Put_Line ["Search 'Number = 9999': Not found"];
end if;
Search 'Number = 1234': Found
```

```
Search 'Number = 9999': Not found
if Sql. Search (+"Cluster", +"WHERE Login = 'sr'") then
   Tio. Put_Line ("Search 'Login = sr': Found");
end if;
Search 'Login = sr': Found
```

#### 8.25 Set Config

Description

Store configuration Parameter and Value to Config table.

Usage

```
procedure Set Config (Parameter : String ; Value : String);
procedure Set Config (Parameter : VString ; Value : VString);
```

Example

```
-- Set '0.1' value in parameter 'Schema_Version'
Set_Config ("Schema_Version", "0.1);
```

#### 8.26 Step

Description

Execute prepared command

When the result is False, the Command execution has been completed. In this case the next operation should be Reset. When the result is True there is a row of data produced by the command. The next operation can be Step to get another row or else Reset to reset the statement. After calling Reset, the parameters can be rebound before another execution of the parameter is initiated by doing Step.

Usage

```
procedure Step;
procedure Step [Local Handle Statement : Statement];
function Step return Boolean;
function Step [Local_Handle_Statement : Statement] return Boolean;
```

Exceptions

Constraint\_Error Command is an invalid handle Data Error Data base error **End Error** Not found [table does not exist] Status Error Access error Use Error File open error



```
Sql. Prepare [+"INSERT INTO test_table VALUES [?, ?, ?]"];

for Index in 1..Count loop
    Sql. Exec [+"BEGIN TRANSACTION; "];
    -- Primary key so keys must be unique
    Key := "key" & Trim_Left[To_VString[Integer' Image[Index]]];
    Value := "value"& Trim_Left[To_VString[Integer' Image[Index]]];
    Tio. Put_Line ["Insert Key: " & Key & " with value: " & Value];
    Sql. Bind [1, Key];
    Sql. Bind [2, Value];
    Sql. Bind [3, Index];
    Sql. Step;
    Sql. Reset;
    Sql. Exec [+"COMMIT; "];
end loop;
```

### 8.27 Table Exists

Description

Return true if Table Name exists.

Usage

function Table\_Exists (Table\_Name : String) return Boolean; function Table\_Exists (Table\_Name : VString) return Boolean;

Exceptions

Constraint\_Error Command is an invalid handle
Data\_Error Data base error

Status\_Error Access error
Use\_Error File open error

Example

```
Tio.Put("Table_Exists: ");
Tio.Put_Line [Table_Exists (+"test_table")]; -- Existing table

Tio.Put("Table_Exists: ");
Tio.Put_Line [Table_Exists (+"test_table1")]; -- Non existing table

...

Table_Exists: True
Table_Exists: False
```

### 8.28 Update

Description

Update a row in Table\_Name with Columns\_Values specifying a Where\_Condition.

The special character ^ is used to separate column/value pairs and the special character ~ is used to distinguish the name of a column from its value. See example below.

### Usage

procedure Update (Table Name : VString; Columns Values : VString; Where Condition: VString);

### Exceptions

Constraint Error Base is an invalid handle

Data Error Data base error

End Error Not found (table does not exist)

Status Error Access error Use Error File open error

### Example

Update Domain column with genesix2.org value for Number = 1234 in table Cluster

Sql. Update [+"Cluster", +"Domain~genesix2.org", +"Number = 1234"];

#### 9 Sys - System

#### 9.1 Get Alloc Ada

### Description

Return current and max allocations done from Ada excluding others languages. Format of returned string: Ada Cur: [868] Max: [1600].

#### Usage

function Get Alloc Ada return String;

#### Example

```
Prg. Get_Alloc_Ada;
Ada Cur: [ 868 ] Max: [ 1600 ]
```

#### 9.2 Get Alloc All

### Description

Return current and max allocations done from all languages including Ada. Format of returned string: Ada Cur: [ 868 ] Max: [ 1600 ]. This uses system calls to find out the program's resident size [RSS] information, both the peak and the current size.



function Get\_Alloc\_All return String;

Example

```
Prg. Get_Alloc_All;
All Cur: [ 2514944 ] Max: [ 2514944 ]
```

## 9.3 Get Env

Description

Returns VString value of VString or String environment variable Name

Usage

function Get\_Env [Name : String] return VString function Get\_Env [Name : VString] return VString

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 9.4 Get Home
  - Description

Returns HOME path without trailing slash.

Usage

function Get\_Home return VString

Example

```
Get_Home - for user 'sr'
"/home/sr"
```

## 9.5 Get\_Memory\_Dump

Description

Dump information about memory usage. Size is the number of the biggest memory users we want to show. Report indicates which sorting order is used, depending of the following options:

- Prg.All Reports;
- Prg.Memory Usage;
- Prg. Allocations Count;
- Prg.Sort Total Allocs;



- Prg.Marked Blocks;
- ♦ You must activate memory monitor with Set\_Memory\_Monitor before using this function.
- Usage

```
procedure Get_Memory_Dump (Size : Positive; Report_View : Report :=
Memory_Usage)
```

Prg.Get Memory Dump [1];

Example

Displaying all report options:

#### Prg. Get\_Memory\_Dump [1];

Traceback elements allocated: 2480 Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 60608 bytes in 1258 chunks Ada Free: 60008 bytes in 1248 chunks Ada Current watermark: 600 in 10 chunks Ada High watermark: 1600

1 biggest memory users at this time: Results include bytes and chunks still allocated Traceback elements allocated: 2480 Validity elements allocated: 1

#### Prg. Get\_Memory\_Dump [1, Prg. Allocations\_Count];

Traceback elements allocated: 2798 Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 68456 bytes in 1419 chunks Ada Free: 67588 bytes in 1405 chunks Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks Ada High watermark: 1600

1 biggest number of live allocations:
Results include bytes and chunks still allocated
5.5%: 48 bytes in 1 chunks at 0x000000000040C509
0x000000000043B74A 0x00000000043D42F 0x000000000042B7A7
0x000000000040C2BE 0x000000000474D27 0x00000000004053C8

40C509 0x000000000040C33B 42B7A7 0x000000000407090

#### Prq. Get Memory Dump [1, Prq. Sort Total Allocs];

Traceback elements allocated: 3106 Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 75816 bytes in 1573 chunks Ada Free: 74948 bytes in 1559 chunks Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks Ada High watermark: 1600

1 biggest number of allocations: Results include total bytes and chunks allocated, even if no longer allocated - Deallocations are ignored



#### Prg. Get\_Memory\_Dump [1, Prg. Marked\_Blocks];

### 9.6 Install\_Packages

Description

Install packages for Debian, Ubuntu or derivatives distributions.

Usage

function Install\_Packages (Packages\_List : String) return Boolean

Example

```
if not Sys.Install_Packages ["curl, libtool, libcurl4, libcurl4-openssl-dev,
libssl-dev"] then
  Log.Err ["At least one package has not been installed."];
end if;
```

### 9.7 Is Command

Description

Return true if command exists and reachable from path.

Usage

```
function Is_Command (Package_Name : String) return Boolean function Is_Command (Package_Name : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

```
if not Is_Command ("mc") then
   Log.Err ("Midnight Commander not available.");
end if;
```

### 9.8 Is Package

Description

Return true if Package Name is installed.

Usage

function Is\_Package (Package\_Name : String) return Boolean

Example

```
if not Is_Package ("curl") then
   Log.Err ("Package Curl is missing.");
end if;
```

### 9.9 Purge Packages

Description

Purge packages for Debian, Ubuntu or derivatives distributions.

Usage

function Purge\_Packages [Packages\_List : String] return Boolean

• Example

```
if not Sys.Purge_Packages ["exim4-base, exim4-config, exim-4-daemon-light"]
then
   Log.Err ["At least one package has not been purged."];
end if;
```

### 9.10 Reset\_Memory\_Monitor

Description

Reset all internal data (i.e. reset all displayed counters. This is in general not needed, unless you want to know what memory is used by specific parts of your application.

- ♦ You must activate memory monitor with Set\_Memory\_Monitor before using this function.
- Usage

procedure Reset\_Memory\_Monitor

Example

Reset\_Memory\_Monitor;



### 9.11 Set Env

Description

Set an environment variable Name.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Env [Name : String; Value : String]
procedure Set_Env [Name : VString; Value : String]
procedure Set_Env [Name : String; Value : VString]
procedure Set_Env [Name : VString; Value : VString]
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 9.12 Set\_Memory\_Monitor
  - Description

If Activate\_Monitor is true, the program will monitor all memory allocations and deallocations, and through the Get\_Memory\_Dump procedure below be able to report the memory usage. The overhead is almost null when the monitor is disabled.

Usage

procedure Set Memory Monitor (State : Boolean := True)

Example

Activate memory monitor:

```
Prg. Set_Memory_Monitor;
```

Disable memory monitor:

```
Prg. Set_Memory_Monitor (False);
```

### 9.13 Shell Execute

Description

Executes shell command. Return the exit code if passed from the executed command. Without Output parameter, the command console output is displayed by default but can be redirected. If Output is used, then the executed command output is return in this parameter.

Usage

procedure Shell Execute (Command : String)

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```
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : VString]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : String; Result : out Integer]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : VString; Result : out Integer]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : String; Result : out Integer; Output : out VString]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : VString; Result : out Integer; Output : out VString]
```

```
declare
   SE_Result : Integer := 0;
   Sys. Shell_Execute ("find test.cfg", SE_Result);
   Tio. Put Line [SE Result];
   Tio.Line;
end;
0 <- found
declare
  SE_Result : Integer := 0;
begin
   Sys. Shell Execute ["find i.dont.exist", SE Result];
   Tio. Put_Line(SE_Result);
   Tio. Line;
end:
1 <- not found
declare
   SE_Result : Integer := 0;
   SE_Output : VString := +"";
begin
   Sys. Shell_Execute ("cat test.cfg", SE_Result, SE_Output);
   if SE_Result = 0 then
      Tio. Put_Line (SE_Output);
      Tio. Line;
   end if;
end;
[Section 1]
Parameter 11 = Value 11
[Section_{\overline{2}}]
Parameter_21 = Value_21
[Section_{3}]
Parameter_31 = Value_31
...which is the content of test.cfg.
```

# 10 Tio - Text console

```
Max_Row : constant Natural := 24;
Max_Column : constant Natural := 79;
```

subtype Row is Natural range 0.. Max Row;

subtype Column is Natural range 0..Max\_Column;

#### 10.1 Ansi

• Description

Get and set ANSI state for v20 display functions and procedures.

Usage

Tio.Ansi := False/True:

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 10.2 Beep
  - Description

Send a beep.

Usage

procedure Beep

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 10.3 Clear Screen
  - Description

Clear the screen.

Usage

procedure Clear\_Screen

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 10.4 Cursor Line Backward
  - Description

Move the cursor backward X rows.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_Line\_Backward [X : Row]

### <<<TODO>>>

- 10.5 Cursor Line Erase
  - Description

Erase the current line from the current cursor position to the end of the line.

Usage

procedure Cursor Line Erase [X : Row]

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 10.6 Cursor\_Line\_ Forward
  - Description

Move the cursor forward X rows.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_Line\_Forward (X : Row)

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

- 10.7 Cursor Line Move
  - Description

Move the cursor at the specified X,Y coordinates.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_Move (X : Row; Y : Column)

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

- 10.8 Cursor\_Off
  - Description

Hide the cursor console.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_Off



• Example

Cursor\_Off;

### 10.9 Cursor On

Description

Display the cursor console.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_On

• Example

Cursor\_On;

## 10.10 Cursor\_Restore

· Description

Restore the previous saved cursor position.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_Restore

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 10.11 Cursor\_Save

Description

Save the current cursor position.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_save

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 10.12 Line

Description

Create a new blank line, or more than one when Spacing is passed.

procedure New\_Line (Spacing : Positive)

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 10.13 Get Immediate

Description

Get a character validated by [Enter]

Usage

procedure Get\_Immediate (C : out Character)

Example

```
procedure Pause is

Dummy : Character;

begin
    Put_Line [+"Press any key to continue..."];
    Get_Immediate[Dummy];
end Pause;
```

### 10.14 Get Password

Description

Returns a password blind typed

Usage

function Get Password return VString

• Example

```
Pass := Get_Password;
Password:
```

### 10.15 Pause

Description

Displays Press any key to continue or [Ctrl-C] to abort... waiting for user input.

(P)(S)(D)

procedure Pause

Example

```
procedure Test_Pause is
begin
Pause;
```

end Test Pause;

### 10.16 Put

Description

Print to the console.

Usage

```
procedure Put [B : Boolean];
procedure Put [I : Integer];
procedure Put [I : Integer_64];
procedure Put [C : Character]
procedure Put [S : String];
procedure Put [V : VString];
```

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 10.17 Put Line

Description

Print to the console then add a new line.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (B : Boolean);
procedure Put_Line (I : Integer);
procedure Put_Line (I : Integer_64);
procedure Put_Line (C : Character);
procedure Put_Line (S : String);
procedure Put_Line (V : VString);
```

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

# 11 Tio - Text files

subtype File is Ada.Text\_IO.File\_Type;
Copy Form : constant String := "preserve=no attributes,mode=overwrite";

### 11.1 Append

· Description

Append a file. File mode is "Out" (write mode).

Usage

```
procedure Append (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
procedure Append (Handle : in out File; Name : VString)
```

Example

```
Append (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto");
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
   Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

#### 11.2 Close

Description

Close a file.

Usage

procedure Close (Handle : in out File)

Example

```
Open (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto");
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
   Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```



#### 11.3 Create

· Description

Create a file. File mode is "Out" (write mode).

Usage

```
procedure Create [Handle : in out File; Name : String]
procedure Create [Handle : in out File; Name : VString]
```

Example

```
.../...
File_Tmp_Handle : Tio.File;
begin
Create [File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto"];
Put_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a first line in ./toto"];
Put_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a second line in ./toto"];
Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
.../...
```

### 11.4 End\_Of\_Line

Description

Return true if end of line is reached.

Usage

```
function End_Of_Line (Handle : File) return Boolean function End_Of_Line (Handle : File) return Boolean
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

- 11.5 End\_Of\_File
  - Description

Return true if end of file is reached.

Usage

```
function End_Of_File (Handle : File) return Boolean function End_Of_File (Handle : File) return Boolean
```

### <<<TODO>>>

#### 11.6 Flush

• Description

Flush file buffer to disk.

Usage

```
procedure Flush (Handle : in File)
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

#### 11.7 Get

Description

Get the current line.

Usage

```
procedure Get [Handle : File; C : out Character]
procedure Get [Handle : File; S : out String]
procedure Get [Handle : File; I : out Integer];
procedure Get [Handle : File; F : out Real];
```

Example

```
Create [File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto"];
while not End_Of_File [File_Tmp_Handle] loop
   Get [File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer];
   Skip_Line;
end loop;
Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
```

### 11.8 Get Line

Description

Get the current line and then move the file pointer to the next line.

Usage

```
procedure Get_Line (Handle : File; V : out VString)
```

```
Create (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto");
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
   Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

### 11.9 Is Open

Description

Returns true if Handle file is open.

Usage

function Is\_Open (Handle: in File) return Boolean

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

#### 11.10 Line

Description

Create a new blank line, or more when Spacing is passed.

Usage

procedure New\_Line (Handle : File; Spacing : Positive)

Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 11.11 Open Conf

Description

Special Open function for config files and others valuable files.

Ensure that the complete directory tree structure exists before creating file. Creating this directory tree if needed. Creates or Append files if needed.

Always make backup before Append. If Wipe\_Before\_Process is True, the file Name is backup-ed before being deleted.

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Example

```
"/"
File_Tmp_Handle : Tio.File;
begin
Open_Conf [File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto", Wipe_Before_Process => True];
Put_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a first line in ./toto"];
Put_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a second line in ./toto"];
Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
.../...
```

### 11.12 Open\_Read

Description

Open a file. File mode is "In" (read mode).

Usage

```
procedure Open_Read (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
procedure Open_Read (Handle : in out File; Name : VString)
```

Example

```
.../...
File_Tmp_Handle : Tio.File;
begin
Open_Read (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto");
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
.../...
```

#### 11.13 Put

Description

Write to a file

Usage

```
procedure Put [Handle : File; C : Character]
procedure Put [Handle : File; S : String]
procedure Put [Handle : File; V : VString]
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

## 11.14 Put\_Line

Description

Write a file and then add a new line

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (Handle : File; C : Character)
procedure Put_Line (Handle : File; S : String)
procedure Put Line (Handle : File; V : VString)
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

## 11.15 Read\_File

Description

Read a text file File\_To\_Read and returning a VString buffer. LF (line feed) are preserved.

Usage

function Read\_File (File\_To\_Read : VString) return VString

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

#### 11.16 Reset

Description

Reset the file pointer to the start of the file



procedure Reset (Handle: in out File)

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

### 11.17 Write File

• Description

Write a text file File\_To\_Write with Content. LF in content are preserved and used as line feed. Read Open Conf documentation for implementation details.

Usage

procedure Write\_File (File\_To\_Write : VString, Content : VString)

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

# 12 Vst - VStrings

Variable-size string type

Null\_VString: VString

- 12.1 Char Count
  - Description

Count each char in String\_To\_Process relative to Char\_Set\_Pattern.

Usage

function Char\_Count [String\_To\_Process: VString; Char\_Set\_Pattern: String] return Integer; function Char\_Count [String\_To\_Process: VString; Char\_Set\_Pattern: VString] return Integer;

Example

```
Tio. Put_Line (+"alpha", "ap");
```

#### 12.2 Element

Description

Return the Character in Index position of the VString argument.



Index starts at one.

Usage

function Element (Source : VString; Index : Positive) return Character

Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 12.3 **Empty**

Description

Return True if String or VString Source is empty.

Usage

function Empty [Source : String] return Boolean; function Empty [Source : VString] return Boolean;

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line (Empty (+""));
True
```

### 12.4 Ends\_With

Description

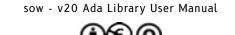
Check if VString Item ends with another VString or String Pattern.

Usage

```
function Ends_With (Item: VString; Pattern: Character) return Boolean; function Ends_With (Item: VString; Pattern: String) return Boolean function Ends With (Item: VString; Pattern: VString) return Boolean
```

Example

```
- Check VString with String pattern
if Ends_With [+"package", "age"] then
  Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;
- Check VString with VString pattern
if Ends_With [+"package", +"age"] then
  Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;
```



### 12.5 Field By Index

Description

Return a field indexed by Index Field and delimited by Field Delimiter.

Usage

function Field\_By\_Index (String\_Input : VString ; Index\_Field : Integer ; Field\_Delimiter : String) return VString;

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Field_By_Index [+"alpha:bravo:charlie", 2, ":"]];
bravo
```

### 12.6 Field\_By\_Name

Description

Return a field from a search string and delimited by Field\_Delimiter. Returns an empty VString if not found.

Usage

function Field\_By\_Name (String\_Input : VString ; Field\_To\_Search : VString ;
Field Delimiter : String) return VString;

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Field_By_Name [+"alpha:bravo:charlie", +"rav", ":"]];
bravo
```

### 12.7 Field\_Count

Description

Count fields in String To Process and return fields number.

- ♦ To handle one field case, if String\_To\_Process not empty and Field\_Delimiter not found, Field\_Count returns 1.
- Usage

function Field\_Count (String\_To\_Process : VString ; Field\_Delimiter : String) return
Integer;

### Example

```
Tio. Put_Line [Field_Count [+"alpha: bravo: charlie", ":"]];
3
```

### 12.8 Field Display

### Description

Formatted display of a string fields structured in rows and columns. Optional header names are separated by commas.

Constants declaration in v20 (related to Field \* functions):

```
- ND : constant String := "~"; -- Name/value delimiter
- CD : constant String := "^"; -- Column delimiter
- RD : constant String := "\"; -- Row delimiter
```

### Usage

procedure Field\_Display [String\_To\_Process : VString; Column\_Delimiter : String;
Row\_Delimiter : String; Custom\_Header : String := ""];

### • Example

Combined example with Vst.Field\_Display and Sql.Read functions:

```
Field_Display [Sql.Read [+"Cluster", +"Number, Domain"], CD, RD, "Cluster number, Domain name"];

Cluster number Domain name

1 domain1
2 domain2
3 domain3
4 domain4
1234 genesix2.org
```

### 12.9 Field\_Search

### Description

Search Field To Search in String To Process and return True if found.

#### Usage

function Field\_Search (String\_To\_Process : VString ; Field\_To\_Search : VString ;
Field\_Delimiter : VString) return Boolean;

### Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Field_Search [+"alpha:bravo:charlie", +"bravo", +":"]];
True
```

#### 12.10 Head

### Description

Extract a VString between the beginning to Count Value to a VString. Count starts at one.

Usage

function Head [Source: VString; Count: Natural] return VString

Example

```
Put_Line [Head [+"ABCDEFGH", 4]];
"ABCD"
```

#### 12.11 Index

### Description

Returns Natural start position of String or VString Pattern in the target Vstring Source, From a starting index.

Natural is zero if not found.

Natural starts at one.

Usage

```
function Index [Source: VString; Pattern: Character] return Natural; function Index [Source: VString; Pattern: String] return Natural function Index [Source: VString; Pattern: VString] return Natural function Index_Backward [Source: VString; Pattern: Character; From: Positive] return Natural; function Index [Source: VString; Pattern: String; From: Natural] return Natural function Index [Source: VString; Pattern: VString; From: Natural] return Natural
```

### Example

```
if Index [+"ABCDABCD", +"BC"] = 2 then
        Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;

if Index [+"ABCDEFGH", +"BC", 4] = 6 then
        Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;
```

### 12.12 Index backward

### Description

From the end of the target Vstring Source, returns Natural start position of String or VString Pattern in the target Vstring Source, From a backward starting index. Natural is zero if not found.

Natural starts at one.

### Usage

```
function Index_Backward [Source: String; Pattern: String] return Natural; function Index_Backward [Source: VString; Pattern: VString] return Natural function Index_Backward [Source: VString; Pattern: VString; From: Natural function Index_Backward [Source: VString; Pattern: String; From: Natural] return Natural function Index_Backward [Source: VString; Pattern: VString; From: Natural] return Natural
```

### • Example

```
if Index_Backward [+"abcdefabcdef", +"cd"] = 9 then
    Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;

if Index_Backward [+"abcdefabcdef", +"cd", 8] = 3 then
    Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;
```

### 12.13 Length

#### Description

Returns the length of the String or VString represented by Source.

Usage

```
function Length (Source : String) return Natural; function Length (Source : VString) return Natural
```

Example

```
Put [Length [+"ABCDEFGH"]];
```

### 12.14 Replace Char

Description

Replace all Char In by Char Out in String To Process.

### Usage

function Replace\_Char (String\_To\_Process : VString ; Char\_In : Character ; Char\_Out : Character) return VString;

### • Example

```
Replace_Char [+"ABCDEFGH", 'D', 'Z'];
"ABCZEFGH"
```

### 12.15 Replace Pattern

### Description

Replace Pattern\_In by Pattern\_Out in String\_To\_Process. Returns a VString with Pattern In replaced by Pattern Out.

### Usage

function Replace\_Pattern (String\_To\_Process : VString ; Pattern\_In : VString ; Pattern\_Out : VString) return VString;

### • Example

```
Replace_Pattern [+"ABCDEFGH", +"BCD", +"xxyyzz"];
"AxxyyzzDEFGH"
```

### 12.16 Slice

### Description

Returns a Vstring portion of the Vstring represented by Source delimited by From and To. From and To index start at one. Omitting High stands for High equal to length of source

### Usage

function Slice (Source: VString; From: Positive; To: Natural) return VString

### Example

```
Put_Line {Slice [+"ABCDEFGH", 2,4]};

"BCDE"

Put_Line {Slice [+"ABCDEFGH", 2]};

"BCDEFGH"
```

### 12.17 Starts With

Description

Check if VString Item starts with another VString or String Pattern.

Usage

```
function Starts_With (Item: VString; Pattern: Character) return Boolean; function Starts_With (Item: VString; Pattern: String) return Boolean function Starts With (Item: VString; Pattern: VString) return Boolean
```

Example

```
- Check VString with String pattern
if Ends_With [+"package", "pac"] then
  Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;
- Check VString with VString pattern
if Ends_With [+"package", +"pac"] then
  Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;
```

### 12.18 Stript Accents

Description

Replace common accented characters with their lower ASCII equivalent. Encoding processed are Latin 1, UTF-8 and character handled are à  $\hat{a}$  é  $\hat{e}$   $\hat{e}$   $\hat{i}$   $\hat{i}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{i}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{i}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{$ 

Usage

function Stript\_Accents (String\_To\_Process: VString ) return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Stript_Accents (+"île d'oléron"));
"ile d'oleron"
```

### 12.19 Stript\_Chars

Description

Stript each char in String To Process relative to Char List.

Usage

function Stript\_Chars (String\_To\_Process : VString ; Char\_List : VString) return VString

### Example

```
Put_Line (Stript_Chars (+"ABCDEFGH", +"BDF"));
"ACEGH"
```

#### 12.20 Tail

Description

Extract a VString from Source between its end to backward Count Value. Count starts at one [backward].

Usage

function Tail (Source: VString; Count: Natural) return VString

Example

```
Put_Line [Tail [+"ABCDEFGH", 4]];
"EFGH"
```

### 12.21 Tail After Match

Description

Extract a VString from Source starting from Pattern+1 position to the end.

Usage

```
function Tail_After_Match [Source : VString; Pattern : Character] return VString; function Tail_After_Match [Source : String; Pattern : String] return VString; function Tail_After_Match [Source : VString; Pattern : String] return VString; function Tail After Match [Source : VString; Pattern : VString] return VString;
```

Examples

```
Path := "/etc/genesix/gnx-startup";
Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, '/']];
"gnx-startup"
Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, "ix"]];
"/gnx-startup"
Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, "gene"]];
"six/gnx-startup"
Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, "etc/genesix/gnx-startu"]];
"p"
Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startu"]];
"p"
```

```
Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startup"]];
empty string

Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, +"/etc/genesix/gnx-startupp"]];
empty string

Put_Line [Tail_After_Match [Path, +"/etc/geneseven"]];
empty string
```

### 12.22 To Lower

Description

Convert a Character or a VString to lower case.

Usage

```
function To_Lower (Item : Character) return Character function To_Lower (Item : String) return VString function To_Lower (Item : VString) return VString
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

### 12.23 To Upper

Description

Convert a Character or a VString to upper case.

Usage

```
function To_Upper [Item : Character] return Character function To_Upper [Item : String] return VString function To Upper [Item : VString] return VString
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

### 12.24 Trim\_Both

Description

Returns an all trimmed spaces VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim Both [Source: VString] return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Right (+" AB CD "));
```



"AB CD"

### 12.25 Trim\_Left

Description

Returns a trimmed leading spaces VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim Left [Source: VString] return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Left (+" ABCD "));
"ABCD "
```

### 12.26 Trim Right

Description

Returns a trimmed trailing spaces VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim\_Right (Source : VString) return VString

• Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Right (+" ABCD "));
" ABCD"
```

### 12.27 Trim Slashes

Description

Returns an all trimmed slahes VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim\_Slashes (Source : VString) return VString

Example

```
Trim_Slashes ["/"]
""
```

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```
Trim_Slashes ("I")
"I"

Trim_Slashes ("/i")
"I"

Trim_Slashes ("/////i///")
"i"
```

#### 12.28 +

Description

Cast a String to a VString.

Usage

```
function "+" (C : Character) return VString renames To_VString;
function "+" (S : String) return VString
```

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

#### 12.29

Description

Duplicate a Character, String or VString Num times to a VString.

Usage

```
function "*" (Num: Natural; Pattern: Character) return VString function "*" (Num: Natural; Pattern: String) return VString function "*" (Num: Natural; Pattern: VString) return VString
```

Example

```
Put_Line [3 * "0"];
"000"
Put_Line [3 * +"12"];
"121212"
```

### 12.30 &

Description

Concatenate a VString with a VString, String, Character, Integer and Real to a VString

Usage

```
function "&" [V1, V2 : VString] return VString
function "&" [V : VString; S : String] return VString
function "&" [S : String; V : VString] return VString
function "&" [V : VString; C : Character] return VString
function "&" [C : Character; V : VString] return VString
function "&" [I : Integer; V : VString] return VString
function "&" [V : VString; I : Integer] return VString
function "&" [R : Real; V : VString] return VString
function "&" [V : VString; R : Real] return VString
```

12.31 =

Description

Test equality between a VString and another VString or String.

Usage

```
function "=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function "=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function "=" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

### <<<TODO>>>

12.32 <

Description

### <<<TODO>>>

Usage

```
function "<" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function "<" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function "<" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean</pre>
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

12.33 <=

Description

#### <<<TODO>>>



Usage

```
function "<=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function "<=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function "<=" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean</pre>
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

12.34 >

· Description

#### <<<TODO>>>

Usage

```
function ">" [Left, Right : VString] return Boolean
function ">" [Left : VString; Right : String] return Boolean
function ">" [Left : String; Right : VString] return Boolean
```

Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

12.35 >=

- Description
- Usage

```
function ">=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function ">=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function ">=" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean
```

• Example

#### <<<TODO>>>

# 13 Vst - Types conversion and tests

- 13.1 Is Numeric
  - Description

Return True if Item string is numeric.

Usage

```
function Is_Numeric (Item : in String) return Boolean;
function Is Numeric (Item : in VString) return Boolean;
```



### Example

```
tio.Put_Line [vst.Is_Numeric ["12AZE12"]];
False
tio.Put_Line [vst.Is_Numeric ["1212"]];
True
```

### 13.2 To\_Hex

Description

Convert a Byte or VString to a String or VString hexadecimal output.

Usage

```
function To_Hex (B : Byte) return String
function To_Hex (V : VString) return VString
```

Example

```
tio.Put_Line [vst.To_Hex [+"ABCDEF"]];
41 42 43 44 45 46
```

### 13.3 To\_Integer

Description

Convert a String or VString to an Integer. Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed before conversion. If String or VString is empty, returns 0.

Usage

```
function To_Integer (V : String) return Integer function To Integer (V : VString) return Integer
```

• Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 13.4 To String

Description

Convert a VString to a String.

Usage

function To\_String (V: VString) return String



Example

### <<<TODO>>>

### 13.5 To Val

Description

Convert a VString to VString ASCII decimal formatted output.

Usage

function To Val (V: VString) return VString

Example

```
tio.Put_Line [vst.To_Hex [+"ABCDEF"]];
65 66 67 68 69 70
```

### 13.6 To\_VString

Description

Convert a Boolean, an Integer, a Char or a String type into VString type.

Usage

```
function To_VString (B : Boolean) return VString
function To_VString (I : Integer) return VString
function To_VString (C : Character) return VString
function To_VString (S : String) return VString
```

• Example

```
Input : String := "ABC";
Result : VString;
Result := To_VString [Input];
```

# v20 architecture

Doubling the number of programmers on a late project does not make anything else than double the delay.

Second Brook's Law



### 1 Introduction

### <<<TODO>>>

### 2 Requirements

An Ada compiler from the GCC/GNAT family, preferably a GNAT CE 2020. An Unix system, preferably a GNU/Linux Debian (or Debian based like Ubuntu or Mint).

# 3 Coding guidelines

### 3.1 General

Language: English

Source code length: 79 columns

Naming: Capitalize and user underscore with compound name. ex: Entry\_Value

### 3.2 Messages

Log.Msg ("Blahblah.")

Information messages starts with a capital and ends with a dot. Ending message with three dots are only allowed when a user input is waited.

Log.Err ("v20.Fls.Function\_Name - Can't do something.")

Error messages starts with the library or program hierarchy following by a dash and then the error message.

### 3.3 Naming

We tried to avoid few naming or consistency flaws of the original Ada runtime:



- The text mode *Open* function of v20 now logically opens in *File\_In* mode (read mode);
- If the procedures *Put* and *Put\_Line* are named like this, then *New\_Line* should be called *Line* :]

## 4 Design

v20 is designed as a KISS working library. It does not attempt to reproduce the outstanding granularity of the Ada runtime.

### <<<TODO>>>

### 4.1 Types

Name	Packages	Description
Character	Base	
String	VString	
VString	Program	Unbounded string subtyping from HAC by Gautier de Montmollin
Integer	Text I/O	Text Input/Output related
Boolean	Logging	Log - Terminal and file log - on top of Tio
BCD		Financial computing
Float		Scientific computing
Geo		Geo. Coords.
	handling ok	

### 4.2 Packages

Name	Packages	Description
v20	Base	
Bio	Binary I/O	Binary IO: Binary files, locking, etc.
Cfg	Configuration files	Simple and user friendly config files handling
Dbf	Multiusers btree DB	Data base files: indexed btree with locks management - on top of Bio
Eml	Email	Pop3/Smtp
Fls	File system	
Log	Logging	Log - Terminal and file log - on top of Tio
Net	Network	
Pdf	Pdf handling	See Gautier de Montmollin package
Prg	Program	Program and user related
Prt	Printer package	Print to local network duplex A3 & A4 printer (see previous works: v90, psrc and a2ps)
Rts	Run Time Sys- tem	AVR embedded
Ser	Serial handling	Tx, Rx and spying
Sql	SQL database	SQLite high level implementation
Sys	System	Operating System related
Tio	Text I/O	Text Input/Output related

Name	Packages	Description
Usb	Usb handling	Tx, Rx and spying
Vst	VString	Unbounded string subtyping from HAC by Gautier de Montmollin
	Already coded	

### 4.3 Functions

About strings, v20 functions always (should actually) return VString (never String type).

With the Wildebeest and the Penguin, there's no Bull. Number Six



### 1 Conventional exit codes

v20 should returns:

- 1 if bad or no commands;
- 128 if an exception occurs during execution.

### <<<TODO>>>

2 Log has too long separators lines

### <<<TODO>>>

- 3 Converting reminder
- 3.1 Converting Integer to String with Character'Val and Integer'Image 65 is ASCII code for 'A':

```
Tio. Put_Line [Integer' Image [65]];
The string "65"

Tio. Put_Line [Character' Val[65]];
The string "A"
```

3.2 Converting a character to its ASCII value

65 is ASCII code for 'A':

```
Tio. Put_Line [Character' Pos[' A' ]];
The string "65"
```

### 3.3 How to prepare SQLite to v20 integration

### · Simple Components

```
wget http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de/ada/components_4_58.tgz
mkdir scdk; cd scdk
http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de/ada/components_4_58.tgz
tar xzf components_4_58.tgz
```

Put files object.ad\*, object-handle.ad\*, sqlite.ad\* in project source path.

SQLite

To avoid linker warnings when building statically, you must disable load extension to prevent the dynamic load extension.

Create sqlite3 amalgamation:

```
git clone https://github.com/sqlite/sqlite
cd sqlite
./configure --enable-static --disable-load-extension
make
```

At the very beginning of sqlite3.c, add the line:

```
#define SQLITE_OMIT_LOAD_EXTENSION 1
```

Put files sqlite3.h, sqlite3.c in project source path.

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https://this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org

# Programs examples

Weinberg's Second Law: If builders built buildings the way programmers wrote programs, then the first woodpecker that came along would destroy civilization. Gerald Weinberg



1 test.adb

<<<TODO>>>

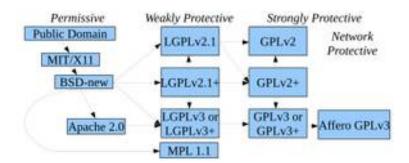
https://this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org

# **Appendices**

## 1 Copyrights & credits

### 1.1 Library Licence

v20 is copyright Sowebio under GPL v3 license.



☐ GPL v3 compatibility with others licenses

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/License\_compatibility: MIT licence is compatible with GPL and can be re-licensed as GPL. European Union Public Licence (EUPL) is explicitly compatible with GPL v2 v3, OSL v2.1 v 3, CPL v1, EPL v1, CeCILL v2 v2.1, MPL v2, LGPL v2.1 v3, LiLIQ R R+ AGPL v3.

#### 1.2 Manual license

This manual is intended for v20, a KISS library for Ada command line programs. Copyright ©2004, 2005, 2020, 2021 Stéphane Rivière. This document may be copied, in whole or in part, in any form or by any means, as is or with alterations, provided that alterations are clearly marked as alterations and this copyright notice is included unmodified in any copy.

### 1.3 v20 Packages copyrights & credits

Vst - Variable Strings from HAC runtime - gdm sr : HAC is copyright Gautier de Montmollin.

### 2 To-do list

#### 2.1 v20.Tio

Add procedures Tio.Cursor\_On and Cursor\_Off using "tput civis" cursor invisible and "tput cnorm" cursor visible) or To hide the cursor: ESC + "?25l" and to To reenable the cursor: ESC + "?25h" see <a href="https://gist.github.com/fnky/458719343aab-d01cfb17a3a4f7296797">https://gist.github.com/fnky/458719343aab-d01cfb17a3a4f7296797</a>

Add functions "tput lines" and "tput cols" to get current console lines and columns values or the oneliner echo -e "lines\ncols"|tput -S or use <a href="https://stack-overflow.com/questions/27902721/ioctl-tiocgwinsz-in-gnat-ada-returns-errno-">https://stack-overflow.com/questions/27902721/ioctl-tiocgwinsz-in-gnat-ada-returns-errno-</a>

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25-but-c-program-work-fine [should be better] and https://www.pegasoft.ca/resources/boblap/99 e.html

Tput overview: <a href="https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5947742/how-to-change-">https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5947742/how-to-change-</a> the-output-color-of-echo-in-linux/20983251#20983251

Add ANSI full color control including this work https://github.com/mosteo/ansiada https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ANSI escape code#CSI sequences

Add function [enter] or [quit]

Add function [Yes] or [no] with Yes/No default choice

#### 2.2 Doc

The never-ending task

Hunt <<<**TODO>>>** tags :)

#### 3 Quality control

Check list

<<< TODO>>>

#### Release check list 4

Things to do to release to github

<<< TODO>>>

#### 5 Issues

#### 5.1 Compiler bug reporting

Historic and still working report email: report@gnat.com Since the beginning of the XXIth century: <a href="mailto:report@adacore.com">report@adacore.com</a>

Exception with Delete Tree dealing with broken symbolic links

In french only: Ada. Directories. Del Tree explose en présence d'un lien symbolique cassé dans un répertoire de l'arborescence à effacer: raised ADA.IO EXCEPTION-S.USE ERROR: directory tree rooted at "/home/sr/opt/gnat-2019/lib/xmlada/xmlada input.relocatable" could not be deleted

Demo

```
L'empilement général est
Ada. Directories. Delete_Tree > Is_Valid_Path_Name > Is_Directory Ada >
is_Directory C > adaint.c > __gnat_is_directory >
    gnat_reset_attributes > __gnat_is_directory_attr >
```



```
*__gnat_stat_to_attr* > __gnat_stat > GNAT_STAT
Du coté de More Entries > Fetch Next Entry > readdir qnat > Match
On arrive à un /lien symbolique cassé/ libxmlada_input_sources.so qui
est /déclaré ne pas exister/ par File_Exists_Attr [C_Full_Name' Address, Attr' Access]; en 776 qui est en fait __gnat_file_exists_attr en 1668 de
adaint.c qui fait référence à une structure dans adaint.h:
struct file attributes {
                 error;
/* Errno value returned by stat[]/fstat[]. If non-zero, other fields
should be considered as invalid. */
  unsigned char exists;
  unsigned char writable;
  unsigned char readable;
  unsigned char executable;
  unsigned char symbolic_link;
  unsigned char regular;
  unsigned char directory;
Qui appelle *__gnat_stat_to_attr*
Qui teste un file descripteur à -1, lien symbolique cassé je suppose...
Puis __gnat_stat qui renvoie 2 à __gnat_stat_to_att
Avec le test suivant en 1124 de adaint.c
 if (error == 0 || error == ENOENT)
    attr->error = 0;
Et dans s-oscons.ads ENOENT: constant := 2; -- File not found !
<shadok> Donc si on trouve pas le fichier, c'est qu'il n'y a pas
d'erreur. </shadok>
La suite devient alors compréhensible... Le lien symbolique cassé
libxmlada_input_sources.so est déclaré ne pas exister, la routine sort
du répertoire courant [qu'elle croit donc vidé] pour l'effacer et
explose alors quand elle tente d'effacer ce répertoire vide mais qui ne
l'est pas...
```

### Solving

On pourrait re-coder cette fonction récursive plus simplement. Cru voir en traçant que la fonction C d'effacement récursif existe déjà... Toutefois, le mieux serait de corriger l'anomalie qui est probablement dans \_gnat\_stat, afin que cette fonction retourne la bonne valeur et ne confonde pas 'n'existe pas' [le fichier sur lequel pointe le lien symbolique] avec 'n'existe pas' [le fichier symbolique].



Ada, "it's stronger than you". Tribute to Daniel Feneuille, legendary french Ada teacher

In Strong Typing We Trust!