

sow - v20 Ada Library User Manual





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| 8 | 20210402 | First review | sr |
| 9 | 20210404 | New Shell_Execute procedure | sr |
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| 23 | 20210419 | Change Humanist 521 BT font to Airbus cockpit free font designed by Intactile ¹ | sr |
| 27 | 20210606 | Updates about AIDE 2.14, many enhancements and typos fixed | sr |
| 34 | 20210804 | Add Get_Build function and extend procedure Raise_Exception | sr |
| | | | |
| 36 | | | |

¹ https://b612-font.com under Open Font License, replaced the Humanist 521 BT licensed by Monotype.

□ Author

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Manual

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The "Excuse me I'm French" speech - The main author of this manual is a Frenchman with basic English skills. Frenchmen are essentially famous as frog eaters². They have recently discovered that others forms of communication languages are widely used on earth. So, as a frog eater, I've tried to write some stuff in this foreign dialect loosely known here under the name of english. However, it's a well known fact that frogs don't really speak english. So your help is welcome to correct this bloody manual, for the sake of the wildebeests, and penguins too.

Syntax notation

Inside a command line:

- A parameter between brackets [] is optional;
- Two parameters separated by I are mutually exclusives.

An important notice:

♦ This is an important notice!

□ Edition

1 36 - 2021-08-06

²We could be famous as designers of the Concorde, Ariane rockets, Airbus planes or even Ada computer language but, definitely, Frenchmen have to wear beret with bread baguette under their arm to go eating frogs in a smokey tavern. That's *le cliché*:]

https://this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org

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Introduction

1 About v20

v20 is a Ada library for Linux service and console programs, primary designed to be used in Genesix, a cluster manager for High Availability virtual instances on GNU/Linux Debian/Xen servers.

However, v20 is a general purpose library, KISS³ oriented and very efficient to create any command line program.

v20 is a modular library with components designed to work together. Naming and conventions are consistent. Currently, v20 is composed of nine packages in charge of unbounded strings, program and OS functions, console and text files, logging and configuration files handling. At least six other packages are planned, related to databases and web APIs, without being limited to these aspects only.

2 About the Ada Community



At first, all our warmly thanks to the Ada Community, definitely one of the best.

2.1 Inspiration, ideas, help and more

AdaCore Ada compiler - https://www.adacore.com/community Daniel Feneuille - df- http://d.feneuille.free.fr Gautier de Montmollin - qdm - https://github.com/zertovitch Jean-Pierre Rosen - jpr - https://adalog.fr Pascal Pignard - pp - https://github.com/Blady-Com Rolf Ebert - re - https://github.com/RREE

Special thanks to Ada gurus Daniel Feneuille, Gautier de Montmollin and Jean-Pierre Rosen. The chapter heading quotes are extracted from Murphy's Law and other reasons why things go wrong - A. Bloch. They come from https://www.ada- log.fr site created by Jean-Pierre Rosen.

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Keep It Simple, Stupid - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS_principle - In memory of https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS_principle - In memory of https://www.nason- line.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf the genius father of titanium Blackbirds.

3 v20 history

We own the copyrights for v89, v90, v93, v95, v04 and v20. Some work in v20 is derived from theses.

| Ver. | Langages | Proc. | Système | Context | Copyright | Users |
|------|---------------|----------|----------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|
| v87 | Clipper | i386 | MsDos | ST Formation | Proprietary | CEA-DAM CEA EDF |
| v89 | Clipper/C/Asm | i386 | MsDos | Atlansys | Proprietary | ETDE SAMU EDF |
| v90 | Clipper/C/Asm | i386 | MsDos | Atlansys | Proprietary | Military NGO EDF |
| v93 | C++ | i386 | Windows | Atlansys | Proprietary | Research |
| v95 | Delphi | i386 | Windows | Astriane | Proprietary | Military NGO |
| v96 | Asm | st62xx | Embedded | MRT | Proprietary | Military Civilian |
| v97 | Asm | pic17c44 | Embedded | MRT | Proprietary | Military Civilian |
| v04 | Ada | i386 | Windows | AIDE v1 | GMGPL | Education |
| v20 | Ada | All | Linux | AIDE v2 | GPL v3 | General Purpose |

Getting started

One can write neatly in any language, including C. One can write badly in any language, including Ada. But Ada is the only language where it is more tedious to write badly than neatly.

Jean-Pierre Rosen



1 v20 Distribution

1.1 Directories

v20 comes with some inner directories:

| Packages | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| bin | test binary place, with dontdelete.me test file for trailing comments preservation |
| doc | place of sow - v20 Ada Library User Manual.pdf and others documentation files |
| doc-generated | API doc generated by GNATStrudio with GNATDoc |
| obj/debug obj/fast obj/small | build directories |
| src | sources of v20 |
| src/sys | specials system files as s-memory.adb, the GNATColl memory monitory hook |
| src-tests | sources of v20 tests programs |

1.2 Key files

Key files are located in the main directory.

v20.gpr project file for building v20 with GNAT

2 Get an Ada compiler

Just use AIDE: https://github.com/sowebio/aide-bin

3 Get v20

You can get v20 at https://github.com/sowebio/v20



4 v20 build

Compilation

Assuming you wish to install v20 under <your path> with a GNAT compiler all-ready installed, do the following from a command line interpreter. Open a terminal:

user@system: cd <your path>

<u>user@system</u>: git clone <u>https://github.com/sowebio/v20</u>

user@system: cd v20

user@system: gprbuild -P v20

<u>user@system</u>: cd bin <u>user@system</u>: ./test

v20 at work

Investment in C programs reliability will increase up to exceed the probable cost of errors or until someone insists on recoding everything in Ada. Gilb's laws synthesis



1 Basic template

<<<TODO>>>

v20 API

There are 10 types of people in the world: those who understand binary and those who don't.

Anonymous



1 Introduction

1.1 Concepts

The developer is a writer. The writer's courtesy is clarity;

Clarity and ease of use are prioritized over speed and efficiency.

The performance of a compiled language such as Ada as well as the hardware capabilities of current systems justify these choices.

On a simple loop, let's recall that if HAC (Ada subset interpreter) is (among others) 7 times faster than Bash, HAC itself is 300 times slower than Ada.

1.2 Conventions

To ease developers:

♦ All strings constants and function only returns VString typed.

♦ All strings parameters accept both String and VString types.

1.3 Usage

The HAC runtime is located in the ./v20/src directory.

Use ./v20/v20.qpr as a stub for your own projects.

Use ./v20/src-tests/test.adb as an template to integrate the appropriate v20 with and use clauses.

2 v20

Base package.



2.1 Get Version

Description

Returns the Library name and formatted version: "<space>v.minor.major".

Usage

function Get Version return VString

Example

```
Log.Msg ("Library version: " & v20.Get_Version); v20 v0.6
```

2.2 Get Build

· Description

Returns the formatted build date stamp as: "build YYYY-mm-dd hh:mm:ss".

Usage

function Get_Build return VString

• Example

```
Log.Msg ("Date stamp build: " & v20.Get_Build); build 2021-08-04 14:36:27
```

2.3 Raise Exception

Description

Raise an exception for reporting test and rogram Name.err> file creation.

In addition to the usual trace, a v20 exception give some extra information like: exception time, program uptime, program & library names & versions, start & home directories and Ada and all languages memory allocation, current & maximum [peak] values.

Usage

procedure Raise_Exception

Example

| Raise_Exception; | | |
|------------------|------|--|
| | | |

Exception time : 20210402 160834 Program uptime : 0h00m00s Program name & version: test v0.2 Library name & version: v20 v0.1 Start directory :/home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/dev/ada/prj/v20/bin Home directory :/home/sr Ada memory allocations: Ada Cur: [2272] Max: [201912] All memory allocations: All Cur: [3465216] Max: [3465216] raised V20.RAISE EXCEPTION.V20 EXCEPTION TEST: v20.adb:47 V20.Raise Exception at v20.adb:47 Test at test.adb:311 Main at b_test.adb:375 0x475937 __libc_start_main at ??? 0x4053c8 _start at ???

3 Cfg - Configuration files

3.1 Close

Description

Close Cfg file. For sanity only as each setting is instantly flushed to disk.

Usage

procedure Close

Example

<<<TODO>>>

3.2 Comment

Description

Insert a comment Text after the last line of the config file.

Usage

procedure Comment [Text : String]

Example

<<<TODO>>>

3.3 Delete

Description

Delete parameter in section. If no other parameter in this section, delete section too. Avoid reserved chars [] = # inside parameters.



Usage

procedure Delete (Section : String; Parameter : String)

Example

<<<TODO>>>

3.4 Get

Description

Return parameter in section or empty string if not found. Avoid reserved chars [] = # inside parameters.

Usage

function Get (Section: String; Parameter: String) return VString

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

3.5 Open

Description

Open and load if exist a configuration file. Create blank if non existent. Default configuration file name is "program name" followed by ".cnf" extension and created in the program start directory.

Usage

function Open [Cfg File Read In: String := ""] return Boolean

Example

<<<TODO>>>

3.6 Set

Description

Create or replace an existing parameter in a section. If this latter does not exist, also creating it. New setting is persistent even program quits unexpectedly after. Avoid reserved chars [] = # inside parameters. If reserved chars are passed, the procedure does nothing. An optional trailing comment can also be added.

Usage

procedure Set (Section : String; Parameter : String; Value : String; Comment :
String := "")

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

4 Fls - Files

- 4.1 Copy_File
 - Description

Copy a Source_Name file to a Target_Name file destination.

Copy_Form is "preserve=all_attributes,mode=overwrite" [full attributes preservation and overwrite file if exists].

Usage

```
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name, Target_Name : String)
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name, Target_Name : VString)
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : VString; Target_Name : String)
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : String; Target_Name : VString)
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 4.2 Create Directory Tree
 - Description

Create a directory tree Dir_Tree. Each non-existent directory named by Dir_Tree is created (possibly including other intermediate directories). Return False if operation is unsuccessfull (i.e. if base directory tree is unconsistent or already exist or still don't exist after the creating attempt). Return True of directory tree already exists.

Extra inner slashes are processed i.e. a directory like /home/sr/opt/ytr.lkj////kjghgh will be valid. and will create, from /home/sr/opt:

- Directory ytr.lki
- And then inner directory kighgh
- Usage

function Create_Directory_Tree (Dir_Tree : String) return Boolean function Create_Directory_Tree (Dir_Tree : VString) return Boolean

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

4.3 Delete Directory Tree

Description

Delete a directory tree Dir_Tree. The directory and all of its contents (possibly including other directories) are deleted. Return True if Dir_Tree is successfully deleted or was already deleted. Return False if operation is unsuccessful (i.e. if base directory tree was non existent or still exists after the deleting attempt).

/!\ This function uses Ada.Directories.Delete_Tree, which raises an exception if the directory tree to delete contains a *broken* symbolic link [a file like any other]. This latter is seen as *non-existent* and, when the parent directory is deleted, an exception occurs: raised ADA.IO_EXCEPTIONS.USE_ERROR: directory tree rooted at <directory tree> could not be deleted [because *not empty*]. Funny, but not so much. Pure C code problem in Ada RTS. Stacked C calls in russian puppet mode until a logical problem arises.

Usage

```
function Delete_Directory_Tree (Dir_Tree : String) return Boolean function Delete Directory Tree (Dir Tree : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 4.4 Delete File
 - Description

Delete a Name file only if this latter exists. No exception will be raised if the file to delete does not exists.

Usage

```
procedure Delete_File (Name : String)
procedure Delete_File (Name : VString)
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 4.5 Delete Lines
 - Description

Search and remove file lines matching Pattern in File Name.

Usage

```
procedure Delete_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : String)
procedure Delete_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : VString)
procedure Delete_Lines (File_Name : String; Pattern : VString)
procedure Delete_Lines (File_Name : VString; Pattern : String)
```



• Example

<<<TODO>>>

4.6 Download File

Description

Download a file from Url to Dlfile. Do nothing if Dlfile already exists with its size equals Dlsize. Name is purely informational and used to named file in text messages.

Return True is Dlfile present at the right size, False otherwise.

Usage

Example

<<<TODO>>>

4.7 Exists

Description

Returns True if file or directory Name exists.

Usage

```
function Exists (Name : String) return Boolean function Exists (Name : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

```
if Exists (HAC_Dir & "/hac") then
Put_Line ("HAC installation is done :)");
end if;
```

4.8 File Size

Description

Return size of Name file.

Usage

```
function File_Size (Name : String) return Integer
function File_Size (Name : VString) return Integer
```



• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 4.9 Get Directory
 - Description

Returns current directory.

Usage

function Current_Directory return String function Current Directory return VString

Example

<<<TODO>>>

4.10 Rename

• Description

Rename an Old_Name file or directory to a New_Name file or directory. If exists a file New File, it will be overwritten.

Usage

```
procedure Rename [Old_Name, New_Name : String]
procedure Rename [Old_Name, New_Name : VString]
procedure Rename [Old_Name : VString; New_Name : String]
procedure Rename [Old_Name : String; New_Name : VString]
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 4.11 Search Lines
 - Description

Search at least a line matching Pattern in File Name and return true if found.

Usage

```
function Search_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : String) return Boolean function Search_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : VString) return Boolean function Search_Lines (File_Name : String; Pattern : VString) return Boolean function Search Lines (File_Name : VString; Pattern : String) return Boolean
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

4.12 Set Directory

Description

Change to a directory Directory. Create Directory if this latter does not exist, return False if operation failed.

Usage

```
function Set_Directory (Directory : String) return Boolean
function Set Directory (Directory : VString) return Boolean
```

• Example

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

5 Log - Logging

- 5.1 Dbq
 - Description

Log a debug message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Dbg [Message : in String]
procedure Dbg [Message : in VString]
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.2 Err
 - Description

Log an error message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Err [Message : in String]
procedure Err [Message : in VString]
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

5.3 Get_Debug

• Description

Return true if debug status is on.

Usage

function Get Debug return Boolean

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.4 Line
 - Description

Log a blank line.

Usage

procedure Line

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.5 Log_Dir
 - Description

Returns log file directory.

Usage

function Log Dir return VString

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.6 Msg
 - Description

Log a message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

procedure Msg (Message : in String)
procedure Msg (Message : in VString)

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.7 Set_Debug
 - Description

Set debug messages status on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set_Debug (Action : Boolean)

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.8 Set_Disk
 - · Description

Log to disk on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set_Disk (Action : Boolean)

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.9 Set_Header
 - Description

Line header on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set_Header (Action : Boolean)

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.10 Set_Log_Dir
 - · Description

Set log file directory.

Usage

procedure Set Log Dir [Dir In : String]



```
procedure Set Log Dir [Dir In : VString]
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.11 Set_Task
 - Description

Set new current log task name. 7 characters max before truncation.

Usage

function Log Dir return String

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.12 Title
 - Description

Log a title. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Title (Message : in String);
procedure Title (Message : in VString);
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 6 Prg Program
- 6.1 Command
 - Description

Constant storing program command [Arg 0].

Usage

Command: constant VString

Example

Tio_Line (Command);

/home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/dev/ada/app/gnx/src/gnx-instance



6.2 Duration_Stamp

Description

Returns a duration as HHhMMmSSs since Start_Time.

Usage

function Duration_Stamp (Start_Time : Ada.Calendar.Time) return VString

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 6.3 Get Version
 - Description

Returns program name and formatted program version: "<space>v.minor.major".

Usage

function Get Version return VString

Example

Log.Msg ("Program version: " & prg.Get_Version); -- from program 'aide' aide v 2.16

6.4 Is_User_Not_Root

Description

Returns true if program user's not root.

Usage

function Is User Not Root return Boolean

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 6.5 Name
 - Description

Return program name.

Usage

function Name return VString



• Example

sr@ro8 ~/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin > aide
aide

6.6 Path

Description

Return program path.

Usage

function Path return String

• Example

sr@ro8 ~/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin > aide

/home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin

6.7 Set Exit Status

Description

Set errorlevel return code. Each call is cumulative. Four calls with 1, 2, 4 and 8 set 15 ie msb-00001111-lsb. Can be used everywhere in the program without special call at its end.

Convention: 1 = no or bad command, 128 = runtime exception [8th bit].

Usage

procedure Set Exit Status (Code : Natural)

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 6.8 Set Version
 - Description

Set program version.

Usage

procedure Set Version (Major : Natural; Minor : Natural)

Example

<<<TODO>>>



6.9 Start Dir

Description

Constant storing current directory at start.

Usage

Start Dir: constant VString

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 6.10 Start Time
 - Description

Constant storing current directory at start.

Usage

Start Time: constant Ada.Calendar.Time

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 6.11 Time_Stamp
 - Description

Returns current timestamp as YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS

Usage

function Time Stamp return VString

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 7 Sys System
- 7.1 Get_Alloc_Ada
 - Description

Return current and max allocations done from Ada excluding others languages. Format of returned string: Ada Cur: [868] Max: [1600].

Usage

function Get Alloc Ada return String;



• Example

Prg.Get_Alloc_Ada;

Ada Cur: [868] Max: [1600]

7.2 Get Alloc All

Description

Return current and max allocations done from all languages including Ada. Format of returned string: Ada Cur: [868] Max: [1600]. This uses system calls to find out the program's resident size (RSS) information, both the peak and the current size.

Usage

function Get_Alloc_All return String;

Example

Prg.Get_Alloc_All;

All Cur: [2514944] Max: [2514944]

7.3 Get Env

Description

Returns VString value of VString or String environment variable Name

Usage

function Get_Env [Name : String] return VString
function Get Env [Name : VString] return VString

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 7.4 Get Home
 - Description

Returns HOME path without trailing slash.

Usage

function Get Home return VString



Example

Get_Home - for user 'sr'
"/home/sr"

7.5 Get_Memory_Dump

Description

Dump information about memory usage. Size is the number of the biggest memory users we want to show. Report indicates which sorting order is used, depending of the following options:

- Prg.All_Reports;
- Prg.Memory_Usage;
- Prg. Allocations Count;
- Prg.Sort Total Allocs;
- Prg.Marked_Blocks;
- ♦ You must activate memory monitor with Set_Memory_Monitor before using this function.
- Usage

procedure Get_Memory_Dump (Size : Positive; Report_View : Report :=
Memory_Usage)

Prg.Get_Memory_Dump (1);

Example

Displaying all report options:

Prg.Get_Memory_Dump (1);

Traceback elements allocated: 2480 Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 60608 bytes in 1258 chunks Ada Free: 60008 bytes in 1248 chunks Ada Current watermark: 600 in 10 chunks Ada High watermark: 1600

1 biggest memory users at this time: Results include bytes and chunks still allocated Traceback elements allocated: 2480 Validity elements allocated: 1

Prg.Get_Memory_Dump (1, Prg.Allocations_Count);

Traceback elements allocated: 2798 Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 68456 bytes in 1419 chunks



Ada Free: 67588 bytes in 1405 chunks Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks

Ada High watermark: 1600

1 biggest number of live allocations:

Results include bytes and chunks still allocated

5.5%: 48 bytes in 1 chunks at 0x000000000040C509 0x00000000040C33B 0x00000000043B74A 0x000000000043D42F 0x00000000042B7A7 0x0000000000407090 0x00000000040C2BE 0x000000000474D27 0x0000000004053C8

Prq.Get Memory Dump [1, Prq.Sort Total Allocs];

Traceback elements allocated: 3106 Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 75816 bytes in 1573 chunks Ada Free: 74948 bytes in 1559 chunks Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks

Ada High watermark: 1600

1 biggest number of allocations: Results include total bytes and chunks allocated, even if no longer allocated - Deallocations are ignored

Prg.Get_Memory_Dump (1, Prg.Marked_Blocks);

Traceback elements allocated: 3414 Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 83192 bytes in 1727 chunks Ada Free: 82324 bytes in 1713 chunks Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks

Ada High watermark: 1600

Special blocks marked by Mark_Traceback
0.0%: 0 chunks / 1 at 0x000000000040C509 0x00000000040C33B 0x00000000043B74A
0x000000000043DB1E 0x0000000004126A5 0x00000000041AC80 0x00000000041ED3D 0x000000000405B71 0x00000000040C2BE 0x00000000474D27 0x000000004053C8

7.6 Install Packages

Description

Install system packages for Debian, Ubuntu or derivatives distributions.

Usage

function Install Packages (Packages List: String) return Boolean

Example

if not Sys.Install Packages ("curl, libtool, libcurl4, "libcurl4-openssl-dev, libssl-dev") then Log.Err ("Can't install system packages."); end if;

7.7 Reset Memory Monitor

Description

Reset all internal data (i.e. reset all displayed counters. This is in general not needed, unless you want to know what memory is used by specific parts of your application.

- ♦ You must activate memory monitor with Set_Memory_Monitor before using this function.
- Usage

procedure Reset Memory Monitor

Example

Reset Memory Monitor;

7.8 Set Memory Monitor

Description

If Activate_Monitor is true, the program will monitor all memory allocations and deallocations, and through the Get_Memory_Dump procedure below be able to report the memory usage. The overhead is almost null when the monitor is disabled.

Usage

procedure Set Memory Monitor (State : Boolean := True)

Example

Activate memory monitor:

Prg.Set_Memory_Monitor;

Disable memory monitor:

Prg.Set Memory Monitor (False);

7.9 Shell Execute

Description

Executes shell command. Return the exit code if passed from the executed command. Without Output parameter, the command console output is displayed by default but can be redirected. If Output is used, then the executed command output is return in this parameter.



Usage

```
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : String]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : VString]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : String; Result : out Integer]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : VString; Result : out Integer]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : String; Result : out Integer; Output : out VString]
procedure Shell_Execute [Command : VString; Result : out Integer; Output : out VString]
```

• Example

```
declare
  SE_Result : Integer := 0;
  Sys.Shell_Execute ("find test.cfg", SE_Result);
  Tio.Put Line(SE Result);
  Tio.Line;
0 <- found
declare
  SE Result : Integer := 0;
begin
  Sys. Shell Execute ["find i.dont.exist", SE Result];
  Tio.Put Line(SE Result);
  Tio.Line:
end:
1 <- not found
declare
  SE_Result : Integer := 0;
  SE_Output : VString := +"";
  Sys.Shell Execute ("cat test.cfg", SE Result, SE Output);
  if SE Result = 0 then
    Tio.Put_Line (SE_Output);
    Tio.Line;
  end if:
end;
[Section_1]
Parameter_11 = Value_11
[Section 2]
Parameter 21 = Value 21
[Section 3]
Parameter_31 = Value_31
...which is the content of test.cfg.
```

8 Tio - Text console

Max Row : constant Natural := 24;

Max_Column : constant Natural := 79; subtype Row is Natural range 0..Max_Row; subtype Column is Natural range 0..Max Column;

- 8.1 Beep
 - · Description

Send a beep.

Usage

procedure Beep

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.2 Clear Screen
 - Description

Clear the screen.

Usage

procedure Clear Screen

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.3 Cursor_Line_Backward
 - Description

Move the cursor backward X rows.

Usage

procedure Cursor Line Backward [X : Row]

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.4 Cursor_Line_ Erase
 - Description

Erase the current line from the current cursor position to the end of the line.

Usage

procedure Cursor Line Erase [X: Row]

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.5 Cursor Line Forward
 - Description

Move the cursor forward X rows.

Usage

procedure Cursor Line Forward [X : Row]

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.6 Cursor Line Move
 - Description

Move the cursor at the specified X,Y coordinates.

Usage

procedure Cursor Move [X : Row; Y : Column]

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.7 Cursor_Restore
 - Description

Restore the previous saved cursor position.

• Usage

procedure Cursor_Restore

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.8 Cursor_Save
 - Description

Save the current cursor position.



Usage

procedure Cursor save

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.9 Line
 - Description

Create a new blank line, or more than one when Spacing is passed.

Usage

procedure New Line (Spacing : Positive)

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.10 Get Immediate
 - Description

Get a character validated by [Enter]

Usage

procedure Get Immediate [C : out Character]

Example

```
procedure Pause is

Dummy : Character;

begin

Put_Line (+"Press any key to continue...");

Get_Immediate(Dummy);

end Pause;
```

8.11 Pause

Description

Displays Press any key to continue or [Ctrl-C] to abort... waiting for user input.

Usage

procedure Pause



• Example

```
procedure Test_Pause is
begin
Pause;
```

end Test Pause;

8.12 Put

· Description

Print to the console.

Usage

```
procedure Put [C : Character]
procedure Put [S : String];
procedure Put [V : VString];
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 8.13 Put_Line
 - Description

Print to the console then add a new line.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (C : Character);
procedure Put_Line (S : String);
procedure Put Line (V : VString);
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

9 Tio - Text files

```
subtype File is Ada.Text_IO.File_Type;
Copy Form : constant String := "preserve=no attributes,mode=overwrite";
```

- 9.1 Append
 - Description

```
Append a file.
File mode is "Out" [write mode].
```



```
procedure Append (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
procedure Append (Handle : in out File; Name : VString)
```

Example

```
Append (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto");
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop

Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

9.2 Close

Description

Close a file.

Usage

procedure Close (Handle : in out File)

Example

```
Open [File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto"];
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

9.3 Create

Description

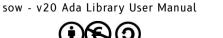
Create a file. File mode is "Out" (write mode).

Usage

```
procedure Create (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
procedure Create (Handle : in out File; Name : VString)
```

Example

Create (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto");



```
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
  Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

9.4 End_Of_Line

· Description

Return true if end of line is reached.

Usage

```
function End_Of_Line (Handle : File) return Boolean function End Of Line (Handle : File) return Boolean
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 9.5 End Of File
 - Description

Return true if end of file is reached.

Usage

```
function End_Of_File (Handle : File) return Boolean function End Of File (Handle : File) return Boolean
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 9.6 Flush
 - Description

Flush file buffer to disk.

Usage

procedure Flush [Handle : in File]

Example

<<<TODO>>>

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9.7 Get

· Description

Get the current line.

Usage

```
procedure Get [Handle : File; C : out Character]
procedure Get [Handle : File; S : out String]
procedure Get [Handle : File; I : out Integer];
procedure Get [Handle : File; F : out Real];
```

Example

```
Create [File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto"];
while not End_Of_File [File_Tmp_Handle] loop

Get [File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer];
Skip_Line;
end loop;
Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
```

9.8 Get Line

Description

Get the current line and then move the file pointer to the next line.

Usage

procedure Get Line (Handle : File; V : out VString)

Example

```
Create [File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto"];
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop

Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

9.9 Is Open

Description

Returns true if Handle file is open.

function Is Open (Handle: in File) return Boolean

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 9.10 Line
 - Description

Create a new blank line, or more when Spacing is passed.

Usage

procedure New Line (Handle : File; Spacing : Positive)

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 9.11 Open Read
 - Description

Open a file. File mode is "In" (read mode).

<<<TODO>>>

Usage

```
procedure Open_Read (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
procedure Open Read (Handle : in out File; Name : VString)
```

Example

```
Open_Read (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto");
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

9.12 Put

· Description

Write to a file

 (\mathbf{i})

```
procedure Put [Handle : File; C : Character]
procedure Put [Handle : File; S : String]
procedure Put [Handle : File; V : VString]
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

9.13 Put_Line

Description

Write a file and then add a new line

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (Handle : File; C : Character)
procedure Put_Line (Handle : File; S : String)
procedure Put Line (Handle : File; V : VString)
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

9.14 Reset

• Description

Reset the file pointer to the start of the file

Usage

procedure Reset (Handle : in out File)

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

10 Vst - VStrings

Variable-size string type

Null_VString: VString

10.1 Element

Description

Return the Character in Index position of the Vstring argument. Index starts at one.



function Element [Source : VString; Index : Positive] return Character

Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.2 Ends With

Description

Check if VString Item ends with another VString or String Pattern.

Usage

```
function Ends_With [Item: VString; Pattern: Character] return Boolean; function Ends_With [Item: VString; Pattern: String] return Boolean function Ends With [Item: VString; Pattern: VString] return Boolean
```

Example

```
- Check VString with String pattern
if Ends_With (+"package", "age") then
Put_Line ("Match!");
end if;

- Check VString with VString pattern
if Ends_With (+"package", +"age") then
Put_Line ("Match!");
end if;
```

10.3 Head

Description

Extract a VString between the beginning to Count Value to a VString. Count starts at one.

Usage

function Head (Source : VString; Count : Natural) return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Head (+"ABCDEFGH", 4));
"ABCD"
```

10.4 Index

Description

Returns Natural start position of String or VString Pattern in the target Vstring Source, From a starting index.

Natural is zero if not found.

Natural starts at one.

Usage

```
function Index (Source: VString; Pattern: Character) return Natural; function Index (Source: VString; Pattern: String) return Natural function Index (Source: VString; Pattern: VString) return Natural function Index_Backward (Source: VString; Pattern: Character; From: Positive) return Natural; function Index (Source: VString; Pattern: String; From: Natural) return Natural function Index (Source: VString; Pattern: VString; From: Natural) return Natural
```

• Example

```
if Index (+"ABCDABCD", +"BC") = 2 then
   Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;

if Index (+"ABCDEFGH", +"BC", 4) = 6 then
   Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;
```

10.5 Index backward

Description

From the end of the target Vstring Source, returns Natural start position of String or VString Pattern in the target Vstring Source, From a backward starting index. Natural is zero if not found.

Natural starts at one.

Usage

```
function Index_Backward (Source: String; Pattern: String) return Natural; function Index_Backward (Source: VString; Pattern: VString) return Natural function Index_Backward (Source: VString; Pattern: VString; From: Natural) return Natural
```

function Index_Backward (Source : VString; Pattern : VString; From : Natural) return Natural

Example

```
if Index_Backward (+"abcdefabcdef", +"cd") = 9 then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
```



```
end if;
if Index_Backward (+"abcdefabcdef", +"cd", 8) = 3 then
   Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;
```

10.6 Length

Description

Returns the length of the VString represented by Source.

Usage

function Length (Source : VString) return Natural

Example

```
Put (Length (+"ABCDEFGH"));
```

10.7 Slice

· Description

Returns a Vstring portion of the Vstring represented by Source delimited by From and To.

From and To start at one.

Usage

function Slice (Source: VString; From: Positive; To: Natural) return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Slice (+"ABCDEFGH", 2,4));
"BCDE"
```

10.8 Starts With

Description

Check if Vstring Item starts with another VString or String Pattern.

Usage

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```
function Starts_With (Item: VString; Pattern: Character) return Boolean; function Starts_With (Item: VString; Pattern: String) return Boolean function Starts With (Item: VString; Pattern: VString) return Boolean
```

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Example

```
Check VString with String pattern if Ends_With (+"package", "pac") then Put_Line ("Match !"); end if;
Check VString with VString pattern if Ends_With (+"package", +"pac") then Put_Line ("Match !"); end if;
```

10.9 Tail

Description

Extract a VString from Source between its end to backward Count Value. Count starts at one [backward].

Usage

function Tail (Source : VString; Count : Natural) return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Tail (+"ABCDEFGH", 4));
"EFGH"
```

10.10 Tail After Match

Description

Extract a VString from Source starting from Pattern+1 position to the end.

Usage

```
function Tail_After_Match [Source : VString; Pattern : Character] return VString; function Tail_After_Match [Source : String; Pattern : String] return VString; function Tail_After_Match [Source : VString; Pattern : String] return VString; function Tail_After_Match [Source : VString; Pattern : VString] return VString;
```

Examples

```
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, '/'));
"gnx-startup"

Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "ix"));
"/gnx-startup"

Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "gene"));
"six/gnx-startup"

Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "etc/genesix/gnx-startu"));
```



```
"p"

Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startu"));
"p"

Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startup"));
empty string

Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, +"/etc/genesix/gnx-startupp"));
empty string

Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, +"/etc/geneseven"));
empty string
```

10.11 To Lower

Description

Convert a Character or a VString to lower case.

Usage

```
function To_Lower [Item : Character] return Character function To_Lower [Item : String] return VString function To Lower [Item : VString] return VString
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.12 To Upper

Description

Convert a Character or a VString to upper case.

Usage

```
function To_Upper (Item : Character) return Character function To_Upper (Item : String) return VString function To_Upper (Item : VString) return VString
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.13 Trim_Both

Description

Returns an all trimmed spaces VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim Both [Source: VString] return VString

• Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Right (+" AB CD "));
"AB CD"
```

10.14 Trim Left

Description

Returns a trimmed leading spaces VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim Left [Source: VString] return VString

• Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Left (+" ABCD "));
"ABCD "
```

10.15 Trim Right

Description

Returns a trimmed trailing spaces VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim_Right (Source : VString) return VString

Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Right (+" ABCD "));

" ABCD"
```

10.16 Trim Slashes

Description

Returns an all trimmed slahes VString of VString Source.

Usage

function Trim_Slashes (Source : VString) return VString

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• Example

```
Trim_Slashes ("/")
""

Trim_Slashes ("I")
"I"

Trim_Slashes ("/i")
"I"

Trim_Slashes ("/////i///")
```

10.17 +

Description

Cast a String to a VString.

Usage

```
function "+" (C : Character) return VString renames To_VString;
function "+" (S : String) return VString
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.18

Description

Duplicate a Character, String or VString Num times to a VString.

Usage

```
function "*" (Num: Natural; Pattern: Character) return VString function "*" (Num: Natural; Pattern: String) return VString function "*" (Num: Natural; Pattern: VString) return VString
```

Example

```
Put_Line [3 * "0"];
"000"
Put_Line [3 * +"12"];
"121212"
```

Description

Concatenate a VString with a VString, String, Character, Integer and Real to a VString

Usage

```
function "&" [V1, V2 : VString] return VString

function "&" [V : VString; S : String] return VString

function "&" [S : String; V : VString] return VString

function "&" [V : VString; C : Character] return VString

function "&" [C : Character; V : VString] return VString

function "&" [I : Integer; V : VString] return VString

function "&" [V : VString; I : Integer] return VString

function "&" [R : Real; V : VString] return VString

function "&" [R : Real; V : VString] return VString

function "&" [V : VString; R : Real] return VString
```

Description

10.20

Test equality between a VString and another VString or String.

Usage

```
function "=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function "=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function "=" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.21 <

Description

<<<TODO>>>

Usage

```
function "<" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function "<" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function "<" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean</pre>
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>



```
10.22 <=
```

Description

<<<TODO>>>

Usage

```
function "<=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function "<=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function "<=" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean</pre>
```

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.23 >

Description

<<<TODO>>>

Usage

```
function ">" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function ">" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function ">" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.24 >=

- Description
- Usage

```
function ">=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function ">=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
function ">=" (Left : String; Right : VString) return Boolean
```

Example

<<<TODO>>>

11 Type conversion

11.1 Chr

Description

Convert an Integer to a Character.



function Chr [I: Integer] return Character

Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 11.2 To Integer
 - Description

Convert a String or VString to an Integer.

Usage

function To_Integer (V : String) return Integer function To_Integer (V : VString) return Integer

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 11.3 To String
 - · Description

Convert a VString to an integer.

Usage

function To String (V: VString) return Integer

• Example

<<<TODO>>>

- 11.4 To_VString
 - Description

Convert a Char or a String type into VString type.

Usage

```
function To_VString [I : Integer] return VString function To_VString [C : Char] return VString function To VString [S : String] return VString
```

Example

```
Input : String := "ABC";
Result : VString;
Result := To_VString [Input];
```



v20 architecture

Doubling the number of programmers on a late project does not make anything else than double the delay.

Second Brook's Law



1 Introduction

<<<TODO>>>

2 Requirements

An Ada compiler from the GCC/GNAT family, preferably a GNAT CE 2020. An Unix system, preferably a GNU/Linux Debian (or Debian based like Ubuntu or Mint).

3 Coding guidelines

3.1 General

Language: English

Source code length: 79 columns

Naming: Capitalize and user underscore with compound name. ex: Entry_Value

3.2 Messages

Log.Msg ["Blahblah."]

Information messages starts with a capital and ends with a dot. Ending message with three dots are only allowed when a user input is waited.

Log.Err ("v20.Fls.Function Name - Can't do something.")

Error messages starts with the library or program hierarchy following by a dash and then the error message.

3.3 Naming

We tried to avoid few naming or consistency flaws of the original Ada runtime:



- The text mode *Open* function of v20 now logically opens in *File_In* mode (read mode);
- If the procedures *Put* and *Put_Line* are named like this, then *New_Line* should be called *Line*:

4 Design

v20 is designed as a KISS working library . It does not attempt to reproduce the outstanding granularity of the Ada runtime.

<<<TODO>>>

4.1 Types

| Name | Packages | Description |
|-----------|-------------|--|
| Character | Base | |
| String | VString | Unbounded string subtyping derived from HAC runtime by Gautier de Montmollin |
| VString | Program | Program and OS related |
| Integer | Text I/O | Text Input/Output related |
| Boolean | Logging | Log - Terminal and file log - on top of Tio |
| BCD | | Financial computing |
| Float | | Scientific computing |
| Geo | | Geo. Coords. |
| | handling ok | |

4.2 Packages

| Nam e | Packages | Description |
|----------|------------------------|--|
| v20 | Base | |
| Bio | Binary I/O | Binary IO: Binary files, locking, etc. |
| Cfg | Configuration files | Simple and user friendly config files handling |
| Dbf | Multiusers btree DB | Data base files: indexed btree with locks management - on top of Bio |
| Eml | Email | Pop3/Smtp |
| Fls | File system | |
| Log | Logging | Log - Terminal and file log - on top of Tio |
| Pdf | Pdf handling | See Gautier de Montmollin package |
| Prg | Program | Program and user related |
| Prt | Printer package | Print to local network duplex A3 & A4 printer (see previous works: v90, psrc and a2ps) |
| Rts | Run Time System | AVR embedded |
| Ser | Serial handling | Tx, Rx and spying |

| Nam e | Packages | Description |
|----------|---------------|--|
| Sys | System | Operating System related |
| Tio | Text I/O | Text Input/Output related |
| Usb | Usb handling | Tx, Rx and spying |
| Vst | VString | Unbounded string subtyping derived from HAC runtime by Gautier de Montmollin |
| | Already coded | |

4.3 Functions

About strings, v20 functions always (should actually) return VString (never String type).

With the Wildebeest and the Penguin, there's no Bull. Number Six



1 Conventional exit codes

v20 should returns:

- 1 if bad or no commands;
- 128 if an exception occurs during execution.

<<<TODO>>>

2 Log has too long separators lines

Programs examples

Weinberg's Second Law: If builders built buildings the way programmers wrote programs, then the first woodpecker that came along would destroy civilization. Gerald Weinberg



1 test.adb

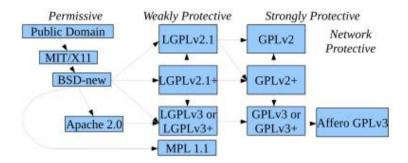
<<<TODO>>>

Appendices

1 Copyrights & credits

1.1 Library Licence

v20 is copyright Sowebio under GPL v3 license.



□ GPL v3 compatibility with others licenses

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/License_compatibility: MIT licence is compatible with GPL and can be re-licensed as GPL. European Union Public Licence (EUPL) is explicitly compatible with GPL v2 v3, OSL v2.1 v 3, CPL v1, EPL v1, CeCILL v2 v2.1, MPL v2, LGPL v2.1 v3, LiLIQ R R+ AGPL v3.

1.2 Manual license

This manual is intended for v20, a KISS library for Ada command line programs. Copyright ©2004, 2005, 2020, 2021 Stéphane Rivière. This document may be copied, in whole or in part, in any form or by any means, as is or with alterations, provided that alterations are clearly marked as alterations and this copyright notice is included unmodified in any copy.

1.3 v20 Packages copyrights & credits

Vst - Variable Strings from HAC runtime - gdm sr : HAC is copyright Gautier de Montmollin.

2 To-do list

2.1 v20.Tio

Add procedures Tio.Cursor_On and Cursor_Off using "tput civis" cursor invisible and "tput cnorm" cursor visible) or To hide the cursor: ESC + "?25l" and to To reenable the cursor: ESC + "?25h" see https://gist.github.com/fnky/458719343aab-d01cfb17a3a4f7296797

Add functions "tput lines" and "tput cols" to get current console lines and columns values or the oneliner echo -e "lines\ncols"|tput -S or use https://stack-overflow.com/questions/27902721/ioctl-tiocgwinsz-in-gnat-ada-returns-errno-

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<u>25-but-c-program-work-fine</u> [should be better] and https://www.pegasoft.ca/resources/boblap/99_e.html

Tput overview: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5947742/how-to-change-the-output-color-of-echo-in-linux/20983251#20983251

Add ANSI full color control including this work https://github.com/mosteo/ansi-ada https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ANSI_escape_code#CSI_sequences

Add function [enter] or [quit]

Add function [Yes] or [no] with Yes/No default choice

2.2 Doc

□ The never-ending task

Hunt <<<**TODO>>>** tags :)

3 Quality control

Check list

<<< TODO>>>

4 Release check list

Things to do to release to github

<<< TODO>>>

5 Issues

5.1 Compiler bug reporting

Historic and still working report email: report@gnat.com Since the beginning of the XXIth century: report@adacore.com

Exception with Delete Tree dealing with broken symbolic links

In french only: Ada.Directories.Del_Tree explose en présence d'un lien symbolique cassé dans un répertoire de l'arborescence à effacer: raised ADA.IO_EXCEPTION-S.USE_ERROR: directory tree rooted at "/home/sr/opt/gnat-2019/lib/xmlada/xm-lada_input.relocatable" could not be deleted

Demo

L'empilement général est

Ada.Directories.Delete_Tree > Is_Valid_Path_Name > Is_Directory Ada > is_Directory C > adaint.c > __gnat_is_directory > __gnat_reset_attributes > __gnat_is_directory_attr >



```
* gnat stat to attr* > gnat stat > GNAT STAT
Du coté de More Entries > Fetch Next Entry > readdir gnat > Match
On arrive à un /lien symbolique cassé/ libxmlada_input_sources.so qui
est /déclaré ne pas exister/ par File_Exists_Attr (C_Full_Name'Address,
Attr'Access]; en 776 qui est en fait __gnat_file_exists_attr en 1668 de
adaint.c qui fait référence à une structure dans adaint.h:
struct file_attributes {
 int
            error:
/* Errno value returned by stat[]/fstat[]. If non-zero, other fields
should be considered as invalid. */
 unsigned char exists;
 unsigned char writable;
 unsigned char readable:
 unsigned char executable;
 unsigned char symbolic link;
 unsigned char regular;
 unsigned char directory;
Qui appelle *__gnat_stat_to_attr*
Qui teste un file descripteur à -1, lien symbolique cassé je suppose...
Puis gnat stat qui renvoie 2 à gnat stat to att
Avec le test suivant en 1124 de adaint.c
if (error == 0 || error == ENOENT)
   attr->error = 0;
Et dans s-oscons.ads ENOENT: constant := 2; -- File not found!
<shadok> Donc si on trouve pas le fichier, c'est qu'il n'y a pas
d'erreur. </shadok>
La suite devient alors compréhensible... Le lien symbolique cassé
libxmlada input sources.so est déclaré ne pas exister, la routine sort
du répertoire courant (qu'elle croit donc vidé) pour l'effacer et
explose alors quand elle tente d'effacer ce répertoire vide mais qui ne
l'est pas...
```

Solving

On pourrait re-coder cette fonction récursive plus simplement. Cru voir en traçant que la fonction C d'effacement récursif existe déjà... Toutefois, le mieux serait de corriger l'anomalie qui est probablement dans _gnat_stat, afin que cette fonction retourne la bonne valeur et ne confonde pas 'n'existe pas' [le fichier sur lequel pointe le lien symbolique] avec 'n'existe pas' [le fichier symbolique].



Ada, "it's stronger than you".

Tribute to Daniel Feneuille, legendary french Ada teacher

In Strong Typing We Trust!

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