## CPSC 5021 Database Systems Fall 2017

## Homework 5

Due: 6:00 pm, Thursday, Nov 16

**Total points: 20** 

- 1. (14 points, 2 points each)
  Given the structure and contents of the database that you built for courses, students, and registration of courses in homework #4, write SQL statements to answer questions below.
- (1) Which courses (course name, course credits) have been taken by the student with student ID 861103-2438?
- (2) For students who have registered courses, how many credits has each student taken? In the query result, list student ID, student first name, student last name, and his/her credits.
- (3) First define a view that gives the student ID, student last name, student first name, and the grade average for each student who has registered courses. Then use the view to find which students have the highest grade average.
- (4) Which students (student first name, student last name) have taken the course "Database Systems"?
- (5) List all students (student first name, student last name) who have taken both "Database Systems" and "C++".
- (6) List all students (student ID, student first Name, student last Name) and the courses (course name, course grade) that they have taken. If there are students who have not taken any course yet, the query result should reflect that (i.e. null for courseName, null for grade).
- (7) Find all students who have taken computer science courses (i.e. course codes CS\*\*\*). For the result, list student first name, student last name, and the computer science course names that they have taken.
- 2. (6 points, 2 points each)
  - A database for inventory and transaction of Apple store has been developed. There are three tables in this database Inventory, Transaction, Inventory\_history. You can use the following script to create the tables.

```
create table Inventory
itemid varchar(20) primary key,
name varchar(30),
price decimal(6,2),
quantity int
);
create table Transaction
 transid int auto_increment primary key,
 itemid varchar(20),
 quantity int,
 time datetime,
 foreign key (itemid) references Inventory(itemid)
);
create table Inventory_history
 id int auto increment primary key,
 itemid varchar(20),
 action varchar(20),
 oldprice decimal(6,2),
 time datetime,
 foreign key (itemid) references Inventory(itemid)
```

- (1) Create a trigger "insert\_inventory" on table "Inventory". The trigger is fired after a row is inserted in table "Inventory". After a row is inserted in table "inventory", the "itemid", the insertion time, and the action is inserted in table "Inventory\_history". The action is set to 'add an item'. The oldprice is set to null.
- (2) Create a trigger "change\_quantity" on table "Transaction". The trigger is fired after a row is inserted in table "Transaction". After a row is inserted in table "Transaction", update the "quantity" in table "Inventory". For example, if 3 iWatch are sold, then the quantity of iWatch in table "Inventory" is decreased by 3.

(3) Create a trigger "change\_price" on table "Inventory". The trigger is fired before a change is made to the "Inventory" table. Before the price of an item is changed, the "itemid", the item's old price, the action, and the time of change are inserted into the table "Inventory\_history". The action is set to "price change".

## **Submission**

Use Canvas to submit your SQL statements (in a .sql file). Make sure you test your SQL statements on the database server "cssql.seattleu.edu" before submission.