7 A TEST: Diff. Eqs. and Mathematical Modeling practice test

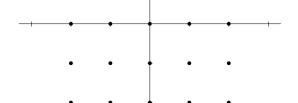
1.
$$\int_{2}^{5} \frac{2}{3x+1} dx$$

2.
$$\int \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$
 3.
$$\int x \cos 2x dx$$
 4.
$$\int x^2 e^{3x} dx$$

3.
$$\int x \cos 2x dx$$

$$4. \int x^2 e^{3x} dx$$

- 5. Use the general power rule to evaluate the integral: $\int_0^1 x \sqrt{4-9x^2} dx$ 6. Evaluate the integral: $\int_0^1 x \sqrt{x^2+1} dx$
- 7. Find an expression in a and b for the value of the definite integral: $\int_{a}^{b} \left[5x^2 + \sqrt{x-7} \right] dx$
- 8. Solve the differential equation: $e^{4x}y' = x$.
- 9. Evaluate the integral $\int \ln(x+1) dx$
- 10. Evaluate the integral $\int \cos(\ln x) dx$
- 11. (CALCULATOR) A function y = f(x) has the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = (x+1)y$
- a) Graph a slope field for the differential equation on the provided axes.
- b) Describe all points in the x-y axis where the slope is negative.
- c) Use Euler's method with $\Delta x = -0.05$ to approximate f(1.8) if f(2) = 2.
- d) Solve the diff equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x+1}{2}$ for the initial equation f(0) = 4.
- 12. NON CALCULATOR: For $e^{-2x}\cos\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$, find the antiderivative



- 13. NON CALCULATOR: For $V(t) = t^3 e^{-t}$ (a) Find the antiderivative of V(t),
- (b) Evaluate $\int_{-1.0}^{t=4} V(t) dt$, (c) compute the average value of V(t) on [0, 4].

$$14. \int \cot^3 \frac{x}{2} \csc^2 \frac{x}{2} dx$$

14.
$$\int \cot^3 \frac{x}{2} \csc^2 \frac{x}{2} dx$$
 15.
$$\int x \ln x dx$$
 16.
$$\int \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{\tan x}} dx$$

$$17. \int \frac{1}{x^2 e^{2/x}} dx$$

- 18. Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2e^{2x}$ where y = f(x) and f(0) = -3
- (^_^) ANSWERS (T_T) ANSWERS (^_^) ANSWERS (T_T) ANSWERS (^_^) ANSWERS (T_T) ANSWERS (^_^) ANSWERS (T_T) ANSWERS (T

1.
$$\frac{2}{-\ln \frac{16}{7}}$$

2.
$$2\sqrt{x^2+1}+C$$

2.
$$2\sqrt{x^2+1}+C$$
 3. $\frac{1}{4}\cos 2x + \frac{1}{2}x\sin 2x + C$ 4. $\frac{e^{3x}}{27}(9x^2-6x+2)+C$

4.
$$\frac{e^{3x}}{27}$$
 $(9x^2 - 6x + 2) + C$

5.
$$-\frac{1}{27} \left(4 - 9x^2 \right)^{3/2} C$$

6.
$$\frac{1}{3} \left(2^{3/2} - 1 \right)$$

$$5. -\frac{1}{27} \left(4 - 9x^2\right)^{3/2} C \qquad 6. \frac{1}{3} \left(2^{3/2} - 1\right) \qquad 7. \frac{5}{3} \left(b^3 - a^3\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(b - 7\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{3} \left(a - 7\right)^{3/2} \qquad 8. \ y = -\frac{4x + 1}{16e^{4x}} + C$$

$$8. \ y = -\frac{4x+1}{16e^{4x}} + C$$

- $(x+1)\ln(x+1)-x+C$ 10. $\frac{x}{2}(\cos(\ln x)+\sin(\ln x))+C$ 11. (b) the slope is negative when x<-1 and y>0 or when x>-1 and



(c) f(1.8)
$$\approx$$
1.0625 (d) $y = \frac{x^2 + x + 2}{2}$

12.
$$\frac{3}{37e^{2x}} \left(\sin \frac{x}{3} - 6 \cos \frac{x}{3} \right) + C$$

(b)
$$6 - \frac{142}{e^4}$$
 (c) $\frac{3e^4 - 71}{2e^4}$ 14. $-\frac{1}{2}\cot^4\frac{x}{2} + C$ 15. $\frac{1}{4}x^2\left[2\ln x - 1\right] + C$

b)
$$6 - \frac{142}{e^4}$$
 (c) $\frac{3e^4 - 2}{2e^4}$

14.
$$-\frac{1}{2}\cot^4\frac{x}{2} + 6$$

15.
$$\frac{1}{4}x^2 \left[2 \ln x - 1 \right] + 6$$

$$16.\ 2\sqrt{\tan x} + C$$

17.
$$\frac{1}{2e^{2/x}} + C$$

18.
$$y = e^{2x} - 4$$