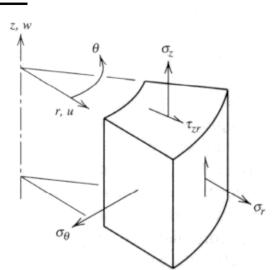
#### **Deformaciones**

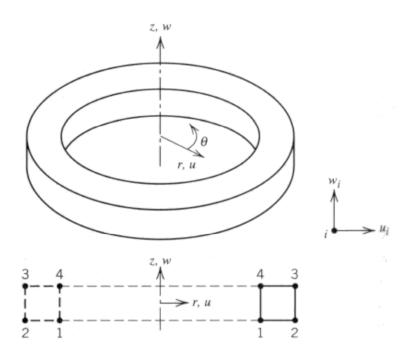
$$u(r,z); w(r,z); v(r,\theta,z) = 0$$

$$\varepsilon_{r} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \qquad \gamma_{zr} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$$

$$\varepsilon_{\theta} = \frac{u}{r} \qquad \qquad \gamma_{z\theta} = 0$$

$$\varepsilon_{z} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \qquad \qquad \gamma_{r\theta} = 0$$





#### Relaciones Desplazamiento - Deformación

# $\begin{cases} \varepsilon_{r} \\ \varepsilon_{\theta} \\ \varepsilon_{z} \\ \gamma_{zr} \end{cases} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{r} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} u \\ w \end{cases}$

#### Ecuación Constitutiva

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_r \\ \sigma_\theta \\ \sigma_z \\ \tau_{zr} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B & B & 0 \\ B & A & B & 0 \\ B & B & A & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & G \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_r \\ \varepsilon_\theta \\ \varepsilon_z \\ \gamma_{zr} \end{bmatrix} - \frac{E\alpha\Delta T}{1 - 2\upsilon} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \frac{(1-\nu)E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \quad B = \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \quad G = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}$$

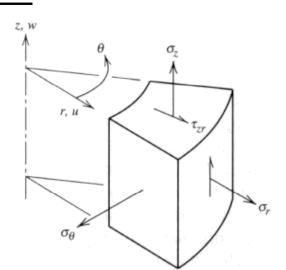
Cambia el orden de integración.

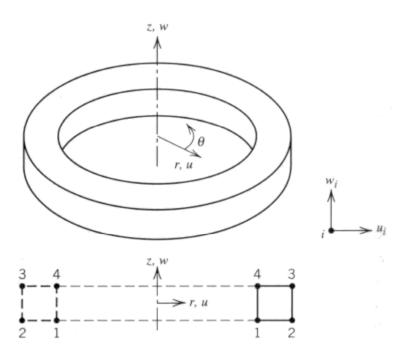
Funciones de Forma

$$\begin{cases} u = \sum_{j} N(\xi, \eta)_{j} u_{j} \\ w = \sum_{j} N(\xi, \eta)_{j} w_{j} \end{cases}$$

$$N(\xi,\eta)_{i} = \frac{1}{4}(1\pm\xi)(1\pm\eta)$$

$$\left\{\epsilon\right\}_{4x1} = \left[B\left(\xi,\eta\right)\right]_{4x2N} \left\{d\right\}_{2Nx1}$$





$$[B] = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial N(\xi, \eta)_{l}}{\partial r} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{N(\xi, \eta)_{l}}{r(\xi, \eta)} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial N(\xi, \eta)_{l}}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial N(\xi, \eta)_{l}}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial N(\xi, \eta)_{j}}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial N(\xi, \eta)_{l}}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial N(\xi, \eta)_{l}}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial N(\xi, \eta)_{j}}{\partial r} \end{bmatrix}$$

Evaluación del radio

; 
$$r(\xi, \eta) = \sum_{j} N(\xi, \eta)_{j} r_{j}$$

#### Matriz de Rigidez

$$[K]_{2Nx2N} = \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{A}^{\pi} [B]_{2Nx4}^{T} [E]_{4x4} [B]_{4x2N} r dr d\theta dz \rightarrow [K] = 2\pi \int_{-1-1}^{1} \int_{-1}^{1} [B]^{T} [E] [B] r |J| d\xi d\eta$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$[K] = 2\pi \sum_{i}^{npg} W_{i} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial N(\xi_{i}, \eta_{i})_{1}}{\partial r} & 0 \\ \frac{N(\xi_{i}, \eta_{i})_{1}}{\partial r} & 0 \\ \frac{\sum_{j} N(\xi_{i}, \eta_{i})_{j}}{\partial r_{j}} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial N(\xi_{i}, \eta_{i})_{1}}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial N(\xi_{i}, \eta_{i})_{1}}{\partial r} \end{bmatrix} [E] B | \sum_{j} N(\xi_{i}, \eta_{i})_{j} r_{j} |J_{i}|$$

Elemento 4 Nodos

$$\begin{array}{lll} u = \beta_1 + \beta_2 r + \beta_3 z + \beta_4 rz \\ w = \beta_5 + \beta_6 r + \beta_7 z + \beta_8 rz \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{ll} \epsilon_r = \beta_2 + \beta_4 z & ; & \epsilon_\theta = \frac{\beta_1}{r} + \beta_2 + \beta_3 \frac{z}{r} + \beta_4 z \\ \epsilon_z = \beta_7 + \beta_8 r & ; & \gamma_{zr} = \beta_3 + \beta_4 r + \beta_6 + \beta_8 z \end{array}$$

Cargas Distribuidas

$$[R]_{2N} = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_S [N]_{2Nx2}^T \left\{ \frac{\sigma}{\tau} \right\} r \, ds d\theta$$

Cargas Centrífugas

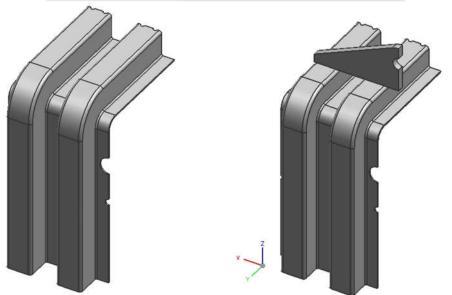
$$[R]_{2N} = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^r \int_0^z [N]_{2Nx2}^T \begin{Bmatrix} \rho r \omega^2 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} r \, dr \, dz d\theta$$

# Caso de Estudio - Autoclave



Secciones Típicas



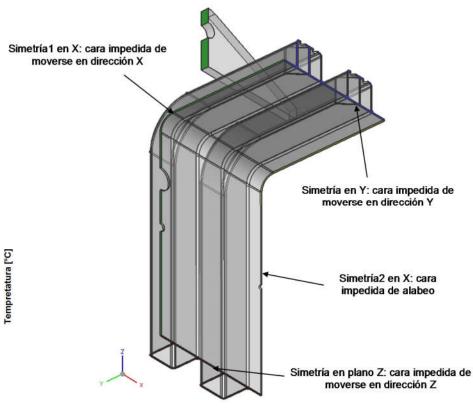


### Caso de Estudio - Autoclave

# Mallas

#### Hipótesis

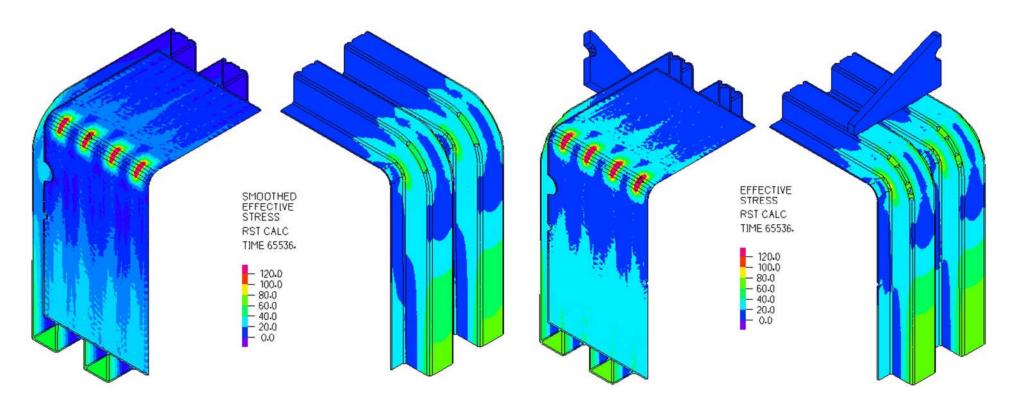
- Se asume simetría en los tres ejes de coordenadas
- Se asume material elástico lineal
- Se utiliza una formulación de pequeñas deformaciones con pequeños desplazamientos
- Se asume estado térmico estacionario.
- Se asume temperatura constante a lo largo del ciclo



Etapa

# Caso de Estudio - Autoclave

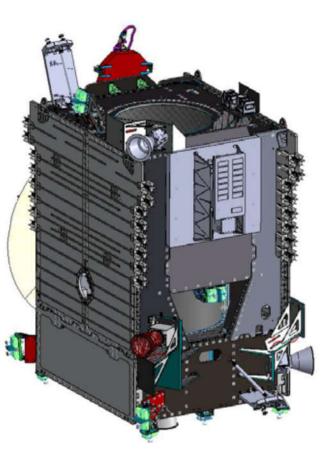
#### Resultados Prueba Hidráulica

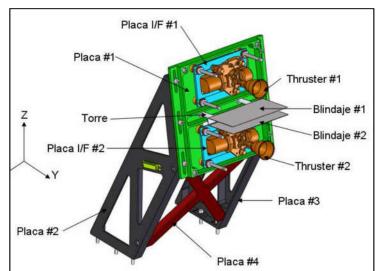


Resultados Fatiga

Criterio	Modelo A	Modelo B
ASME-elíptica	2.08	2.08
GERBER	2.13	2.12

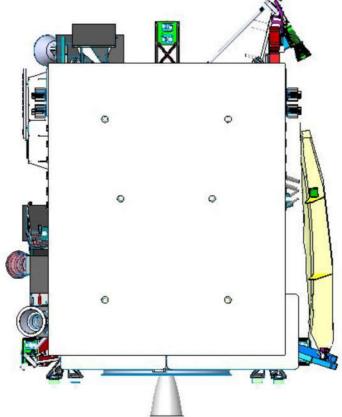
Recomendaciones: Radios

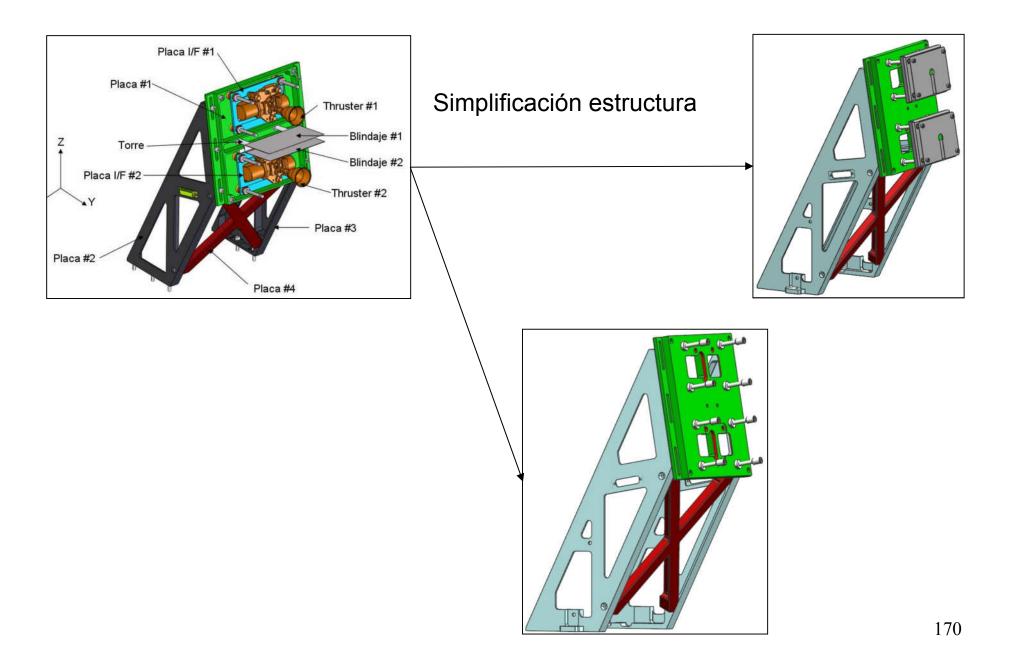


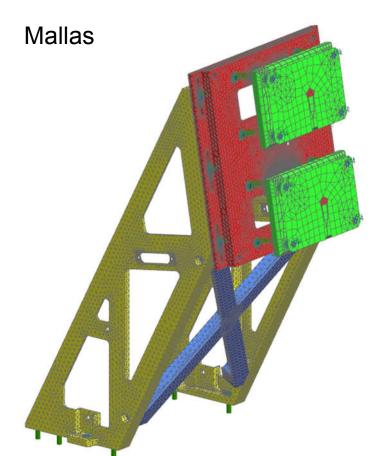


#### Requerimientos

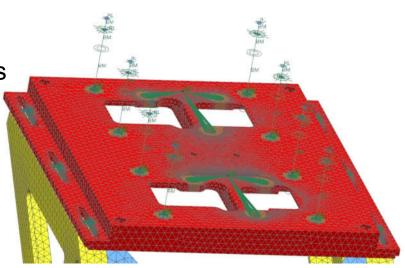
- \*Análisis modal (frecuencias fundamentales).
- Análisis cuasi-estático (cargas limites).
- Análisis termoelastico (apuntamiento).



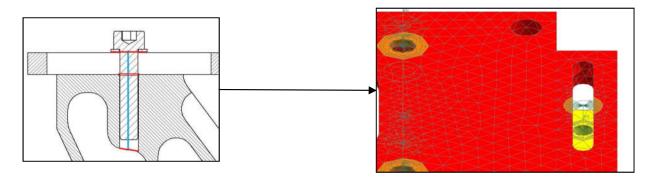




Modelado de toberas



#### Modelado de uniones



#### Hipótesis

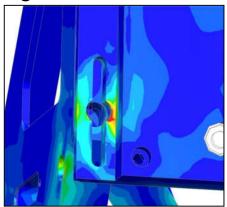
- Se asume que las uniones abulonadas se mantienen en contacto debido a la precarga.
- Se asume que el soporte se encuentra fijo en las uniones de I/F (Hard Mounted)
- Se asume que las toberas se comportan de manera rígida.
- Se asume material elástico lineal
- Se utiliza una formulación de pequeñas deformaciones con pequeños desplazamientos
- Se asume estado térmico estacionario

Resultados Cuasi-estáticos (LC1)

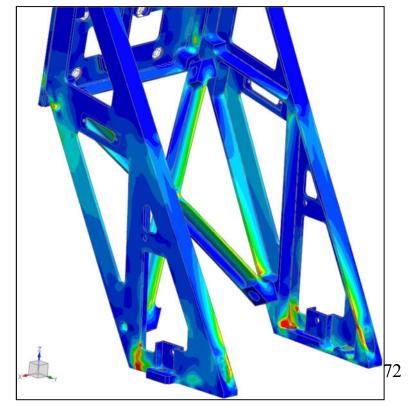




#### Efecto rigid links



Concentración tensiones



#### Recomendaciones:

- Radios (análisis cuasi-estático)
- Vaciados (análisis cuasi-estático y modal)
- Diseño laterales en I/F (cargas térmicas)