

<과제물 작성시 주의사항>

[공통]

과제물 제출시 완성된 **소스파일 및 보고서**를 반드시 '**HW_02_학번.zip**' 형식으로 압축하여 첨부합니다.

(이름 약어.py, HW_02_학번.pdf)

[소스파일]

1. 소스파일은 **.py파일만 작성**하며 반드시 문제에서 지시 또는 요구한 조건에 맞추어서 작성합니다.
(jupyter로 작성하였어도 코드를 제출 시 py파일로 작성하여 제출하여야 합니다.)
2. 각 코드마다 **반드시 주석을 달아 주셔야 합니다.** 주석을 달지 않을 경우, 부분적으로 감점이 있을 수 있습니다. **이번 과제 특히**
3. 결과가 올바르게라도 과정이 옳지 않을 경우, 부분적으로 감점이 있을 수 있습니다.
4. 제출한 파일이 실행되지 않을 경우, 제출한 과제물은 0점 처리됩니다.

[보고서]

1. **PDF**로 제출하며, 표지를 포함해야 합니다.
2. 보고서에는 (과제 제목 및 목적), (소스 코드에 대한 설명), (실행 결과 + Plot), (참고문헌)이 포함되어야 합니다.
3. 자신의 코드에 대한 설명이 명확하지 않거나 copy한 글이라면 0점 처리됩니다.
4. **실행 결과는 실행 결과를 캡처하여 첨부하도록 합니다.**
5. 참고문헌은 반드시 적어도 한 개 이상을 명시하여야 합니다.



EM ALGORITHM USING KMEANS FOR GMM

Machine learning homework-2

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EM ALGORITHM USING KMEANS FOR GMM

- You should build 6 python functions at Name.py
 - initialization (10 points)
 - multivariate_gaussian_distribution (10 points)
 - expectation (20 points)
 - maximization (20 points)
 - fit (20 points)
 - plotting (20 points) including report scores
- An unclear comment is a deduction factor *주석 잘 달기*
- Implement using Python built-in functions and Numpy functions only + plotting methods
- Submission : change below files to zip file and submit it by KLAS
 - Name.py (please change CSL.py to your name.py)
 - E.g. if your name is 홍길동 --> (CSL.py --> GDH.py) *SYC*
 - HW_02_student ID.pdf (E.g. HW_02_202110605.pdf) <= report

EM ALGORITHM USING KMEANS FOR GMM

Algorithm 1: EM algorithm for GMM

Input : a given data $X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$

Output: $\pi = \{\pi_1, \pi_2, \dots, \pi_K\}$,

$\mu = \{\mu_1, \mu_2, \dots, \mu_K\}$,

$\Sigma = \{\Sigma_1, \Sigma_2, \dots, \Sigma_K\}$

1 Randomly initialize π, μ, Σ — initialize 초기화

2 **for** $t = 1 : T$ **do**

3 // E-step

4 **for** $n = 1 : N$ **do**

5 **for** $k = 1 : K$ **do**

6 $\gamma(z_{nk}) = \frac{\pi_k N(x_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)}{\sum_{j=1}^K \pi_j N(x_n | \mu_j, \Sigma_j)}$

7 **end**

8 **end**

9 // M-step

10 **for** $k = 1 : K$ **do**

11 $\mu_k = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) x_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})}$

12 $\Sigma_k = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) (x_n - \mu_k)(x_n - \mu_k)^T}{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})}$

13 $\pi_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})$

14 **end**

15 **end**

- See comments for additional information
- In initialization step – line 1
- Initialize mean, sigma, and pi values

EM ALGORITHM USING KMEANS FOR GMM

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp \frac{-(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}$$

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```
1 Randomly initialize  $\pi, \mu, \Sigma$ 
2 for  $t = 1 : T$  do
3   // E-step
4   for  $n = 1 : N$  do
5     for  $k = 1 : K$  do
6        $\gamma(z_{nk}) = \frac{\pi_k N(x_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)}{\sum_{j=1}^K \pi_j N(x_n | \mu_j, \Sigma_j)}$ 
7     end
8   end
9   // M-step
10  for  $k = 1 : K$  do
11     $\mu_k = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) x_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})}$ 
12     $\Sigma_k = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) (x_n - \mu_k)(x_n - \mu_k)^T}{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})}$ 
13     $\pi_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})$ 
14  end
15 end
```

$$g_{(\mu, \Sigma)}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}^d \sqrt{\det(\Sigma)}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x} - \mu)^T \Sigma^{-1}(\mathbf{x} - \mu)}$$

- In multivariate_gaussian_distribution
- Since iris has four features, a multivariate normal distribution(MVN) should be used
- Use the linear algebraic functions of Numpy

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7 **end**

8 **end**

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10 **for** $k = 1 : K$ **do**

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13 $\pi_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})$

14 **end**

15 **end**

- In expectation step – line 4~8
- Use MVN to calculate a posterior probability

EM ALGORITHM USING KMEANS FOR GMM

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7 **end**

8 **end**

9 // M-step

10 **for** $k = 1 : K$ **do**

11 $\mu_k = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) x_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})}$

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13 $\pi_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})$

14 **end**

15 **end**

- In maximization step – line 10~14
- Use the posterior probability to calculate the parameters for MVN

EM ALGORITHM USING KMEANS FOR GMM

Algorithm 1: EM algorithm for GMM

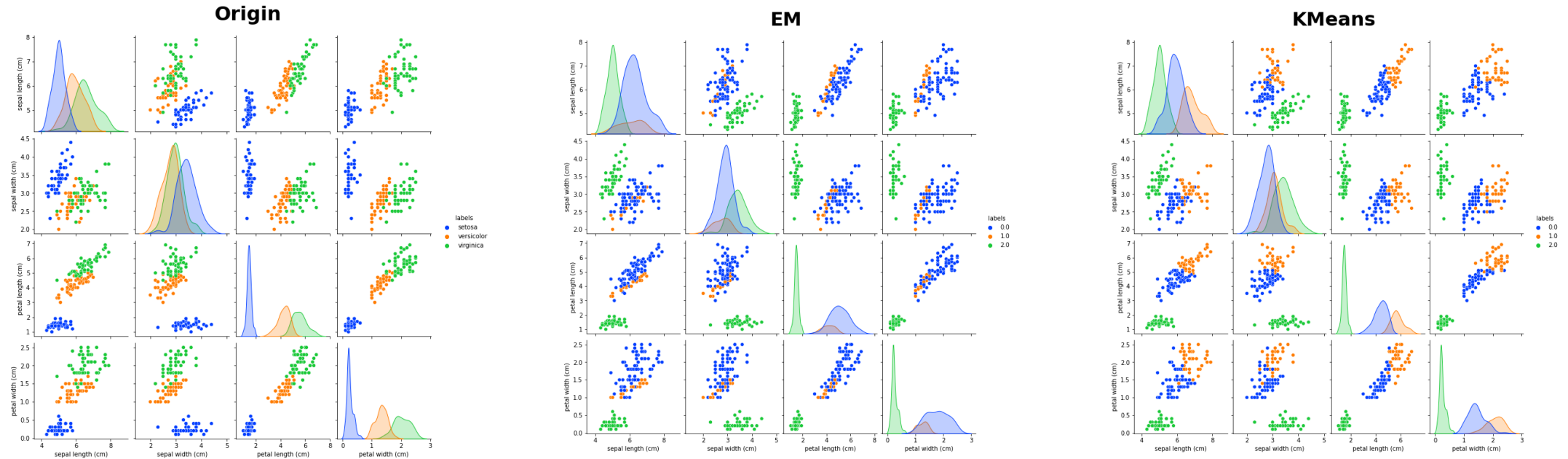
Input : a given data $X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$

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7     end
8   end
9   // M-step
10  for  $k = 1 : K$  do
11     $\mu_k = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) x_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})}$ 
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13     $\pi_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})$ 
14  end
15 end
```

- In fit clustering – line 1 ~ 15
- Repeat the preceding functions to find the final posterior
- Implement termination conditions
(Shallow copy caution)

EM ALGORITHM USING KMEANS FOR GMM



- In plotting function
- Implement a plot function for comparison
- The default is pairplot
- The plot should be attached to your report
- It's 20 points, including the report score

RESULT

- Print out the results at least 10 times and write them in the report with plot figures

✓
✓
In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/이충섭/Desktop/solution.py')
pi : [0.36747348 0.29919319 0.33333333]
count / total : [0.36666667 0.3 0.33333333]
EM Accuracy: 0.97 Hit: 145 / 150
KM Accuracy: 0.89 Hit: 134 / 150

In [3]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/이충섭/Desktop/solution.py')
pi : [0.05915848 0.32031078 0.62053075]
count / total : [0.06 0.32 0.62]
EM Accuracy: 0.66 Hit: 99 / 150
KM Accuracy: 0.89 Hit: 134 / 150

In [4]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/이충섭/Desktop/solution.py')
pi : [0.35431522 0.33319345 0.31249134]
count / total : [0.35333333 0.33333333 0.31333333]
EM Accuracy: 0.82 Hit: 123 / 150
KM Accuracy: 0.89 Hit: 134 / 150

- Check the distribution of scores in both ways and analyze why
- A structural explanation (class, main) is also required along with the source code
- Bonus points, explain the reason based on what you learned in lecture

```
# Why are these two elements almost the same? additional 10 points  
print(f'pi : {EM_model.pi}')  
print(f'count / total : {np.bincount(EM_pred) / 150}')
```