



Compilers

Formal Languages

Def. Let Σ be a set of characters (an *alphabet*).
A *language over Σ* is a set of strings of characters
drawn from Σ

- Alphabet = English characters
 - Language = English sentences
- Alphabet = ASCII
 - Language = C programs

Meaning function L maps syntax to semantics

Formal Languages

- Why use a meaning function?
 - Makes clear what is syntax, what is semantics.
 - Allows us to consider notation as a separate issue
 - Because expressions and meanings are not 1-1

Formal Languages

Formal Languages

- Meaning is many to one
 - Never one to many!