

Compilers

Lexical Specifications

Keyword: "if" or "else" or "then" or ...

Integer: a non-empty string of digits

Identifier: strings of letters or digits, starting with a letter

Whitespace: a non-empty sequence of blanks, newlines, and tabs

anyone@cs.stanford.edu

```
digit = '0' +'1'+'2'+'3'+'4'+'5'+'6'+'7'+'8'+'9' digits = digit<sup>+</sup> opt_fraction = ('.' digits) + \varepsilon opt_exponent = ('E' ('+' + '-' + \varepsilon) digits) + \varepsilon num = digits opt_fraction opt_exponent
```

Choose the regular languages that are correct specifications of the English-language description given below:

Twelve-hour times of the form "04:13PM". Minutes should always be a two digit number, but hours may be a single digit.

$$\square$$
 (0 + 1)?[0-9]:[0-5][0-9](AM + PM)

$$\square$$
 ((0 + ε)[0-9] + 1[0-2]):[0-5][0-9](AM + PM)

$$\square$$
 (0*[0-9] + 1[0-2]):[0-5][0-9](AM + PM)

$$\square$$
 (0?[0-9] + 1(0 + 1 + 2):[0-5][0-9](A + P)M

Regular expressions describe many useful languages

- Regular languages are a language specification
 - We still need an implementation

• Next time: Given a string s and a rexp R, is

$$s \in L(R)$$
?