Dragon-Tree Agave, Fox Tail Agave

For those who like the appearance of agaves but fear the sharp spines, this species is the best choice. Its pale-green foliage is leathery and soft with no serrations along the margins and a soft tip. Playing children will not be injured by this species, but, on the other hand, this slow-growing plant takes a long time to recover from damage to its foliage. Dragon-Tree Agaves also differ from the other roughly 300 species by their short trunk up to 1.5 metres in height and the offsets at its base. A rosette consists of about 15 leaves that die when the plant begins to flower, although other heads on the multi-stemmed clumps usually maintain the life of the clump. Bloom stalks may reach a height of about 2.5 metres and are densely covered with many flowers and bulbils. The stalk resembles a swan's neck. Like all Agaves, it tolerates heat, full sun and arid conditions, but does better with occasional watering, especially during its spectacular flowering period. It is, however, very susceptible to frost: it will survive, but recovers only slowly. A. attenuata is, nevertheless, a very attractive and successful agave in Arriyadh, because of its tropical appearance and soft green clumps of rosettes. Planting agaves in bellied pots with narrow rims should be avoided, since it is impossible to remove the plant without killing it or destroying the pot in the process.









GENERAL

Origin : Mediterranean, sub-tropical

Vigour : fairly fast

growing

Humidity : very arid, semiarid, semi-humid

Propagation : direct sowing,

division

Maintenance : low

CONDITIONS

Urban climate : resistant
Dessication : resistant
Stagnant water : vulnerable
Irrigation : medium
Salinity/ppm : low (1000 ppm)

Hardiness : 0°C

SHAPE

Type : cacti, succulents
Height : 1.2 m-1.8 m
Spread : 1 m-1.5 m
Foliage : evergreen

FLOWER

Colour : light green,

secondary: light yellow

Size : 350 cm
Period : January - April

FRUIT

Type of fruit : capsule Fruit size : 4 cm