Shittim Wood, saffar ahmer, shittah tree

GENERAL

Origin : sub-tropical, tropical

Humidity : extremely arid, very arid

Propagation : sowing and

pricking out, cuttings, direct sowing

Maintenance : low

CONDITIONS

Urban climate : vulnerable
Dessication : resistant
Stagnant water : resistant
Irrigation : low

Salinity/ppm : moderate (1800

ppm) : -3°C

Hardiness SHAPE

 Type
 : tree

 Height
 : 12 m

 Spread
 : 12 m

FLOWER

Foliage

 Colour
 : yellow

 Size
 : 1.3 cm

 Period
 : March - May

 Smell
 : scented,

scented, pleasantly

: semi-evergreen

scented, sweet

FRUIT

Type of fruit : pod Fruit size : 15 cm A gregarious, common savannah tree, A. seyal grows from west to east Africa through the Arabian Peninsula: there are several botanical varieties. Its Arabic names include saffar ahmer; it is also known as the shittah tree. A small tree, thorny and flat-topped, it is distinguished by its smooth trunk and branches, covered in a mealy, rust-red powder, which when rubbed off reveals a brightgreen bark beneath. Sparsely branched, the sweetly-scented yellow flowers appear in the spring before the feathery leaves, which have two straight, light-grey thorns at their base. Seed pods are long and narrow. Trees can remain leafless for several months, depending on the occurrence of rain. It grows on deep, heavy and poor soils with a high pH (6-8), and tolerates salts and periodic flooding, hence the potential for planting in rowdah situations in the Arrivadh region. It can be a frost-sensitive species. A. seval is an important source of gum arabic, and of early dry-season fodder. Propagated by scarified seed, large cuttings may strike root readily. Stands of var. seyal can be established by direct sowing of pretreated seeds. Over 40 species of insects are associated with the tree: beetles may damage seeds or attack the wood. A. seyal is suitable for planting as a shade or shelter tree in stands or as a barrier or thorny hedge. With low maintenance requirements, the tree can be cut down to the ground and a new canopy develops, although mature trees do not recover well. Pruning of small branches necessary to keep shape.







