# REACT

## What is react?

* A javascript library for creating user-interface.
* Popular library used for creating Single Page Applications.

## REACT Component

* The reusable html structures (user-interface) in React are called components.
* Think of a component as a user-interface that we see on the screen, like a search widget,

form, etc.

## Types of Components:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Functional Components | Class based components |
| * Created as a JS function. | * Created as ES6 class that extends from React Component |
| * Used when the only job of the component is to display some static data. | * Used when we want more capabilities from the component, use life cycle methods, add addition methods. |
| * Functional components do not have state | * We need to use class based components if we want to use states. |
| * Props are passed as arguments. | * Props can be used as ‘this.props’ |

## Named Exports:

* Exporting an object without ‘default’ keyword means that we are doing named export.

For example:

export comp1;

export comp2;

Now we have to import them using their exact names as:

**Import { comp1, comp2 } from ‘./somefile’**

Alternatively if you export as the default export like this,

**export default class Template {}**

Then in another file you import the default export without using the {}, like this,

**import Template from './components/templates'**

**There can only be one default export per file**. In React it's a convention to export one component from a file, and to export it is as the default export.

You're free to rename the default export as you import it,

import TheTemplate from './components/templates'

And you can import default and named exports at the same time,

import Template,{AnotherTemplate} from './components/templates'

## REACT State

* A state is a plan JavaScript object used to record and react to user events.
* It usually contains some data about the component.
* Each class based component in React has its own state
* Functional components do not have state.
* Whenever a component state is changed then the component (along with all its children component will be re-rendered)
* Each instance of the class based component has its own copy of the state
* We have controlled fields in our application where the value of the element is set by the react state.

### Initializing State:

* A state can be initialized inside a class Constructor:



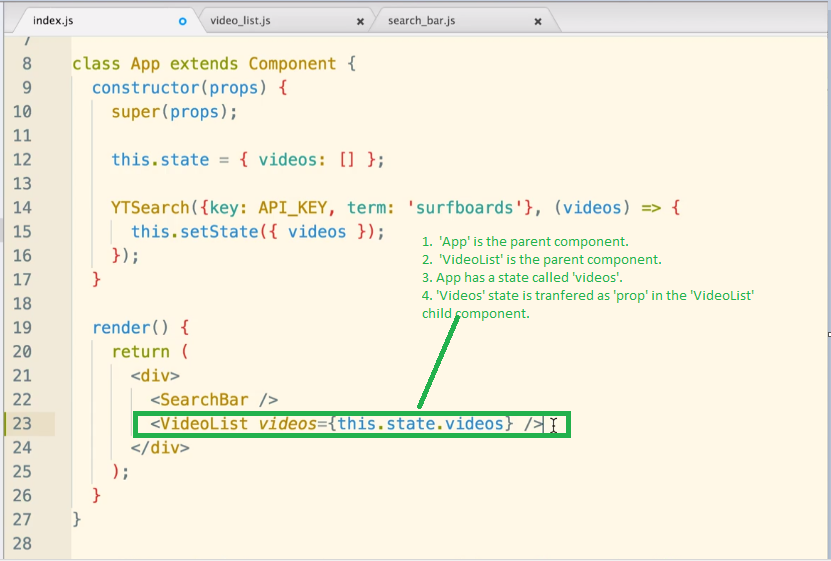
* A class constructor function is the first function that is called automatically when ever the new instance of the class is created.

## Updating State:

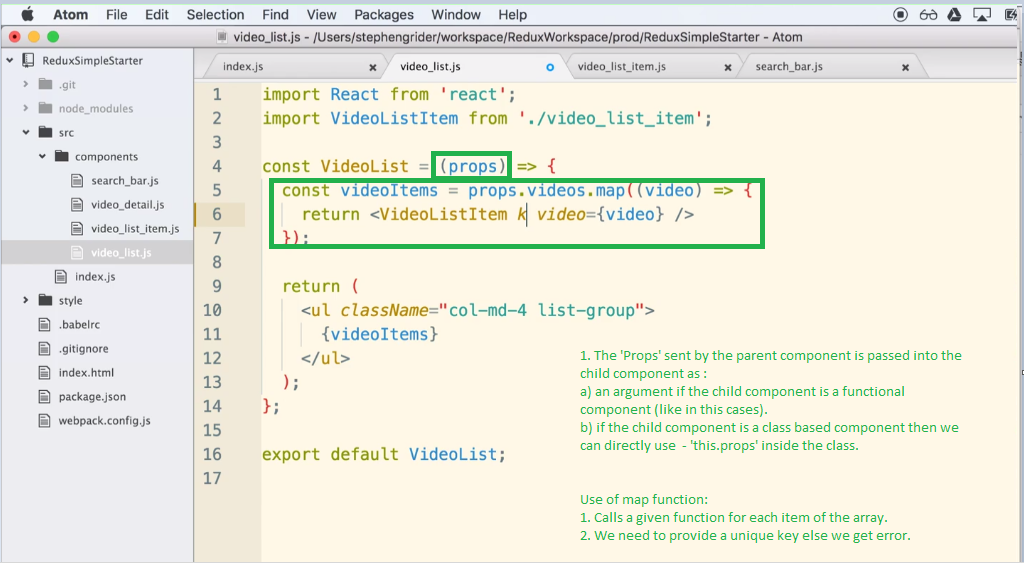
* We can update the state using ‘**this.setstate ( {term : ‘<new\_value>’})**’. This is the only way we should ever update our class’s state.

## PROPS:

* Props is way of passing data between from parent to child component in React JS.



* In a functional component, the ‘props’ can be passed in an arguement when starting the function.



* In class based component, the ‘props’ can be used by just refering to ‘this.props’.

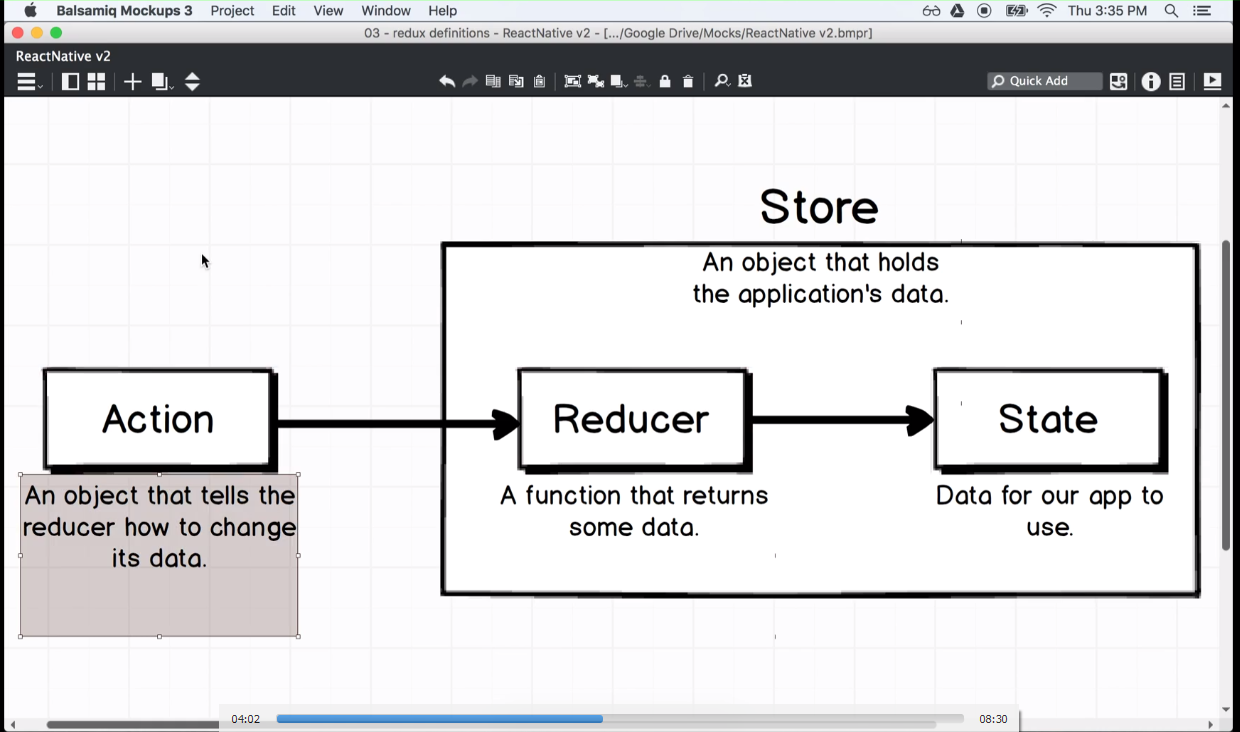
## Passing Callbacks between Parent to Child for communication

# REDUX:

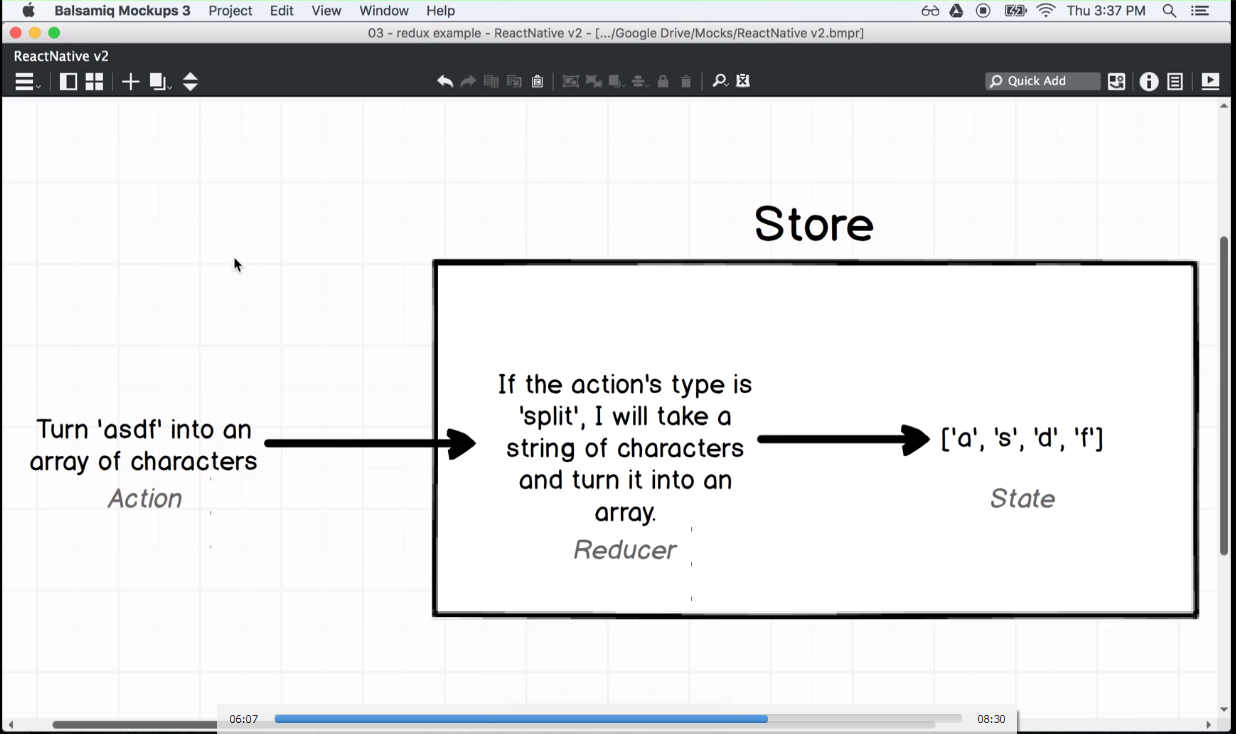
* Redux is the data container of our application.

## How Reducer works:

Different components of Redux



Example of this architecture:

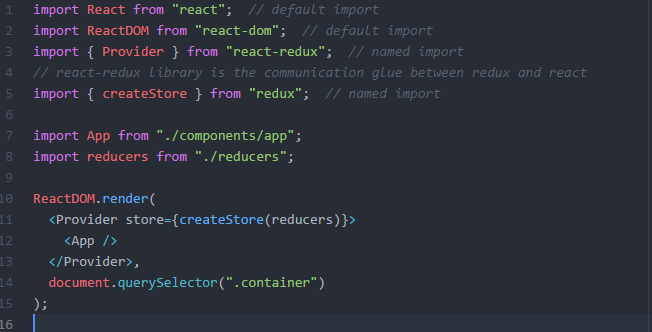


How to connect React with Redux:

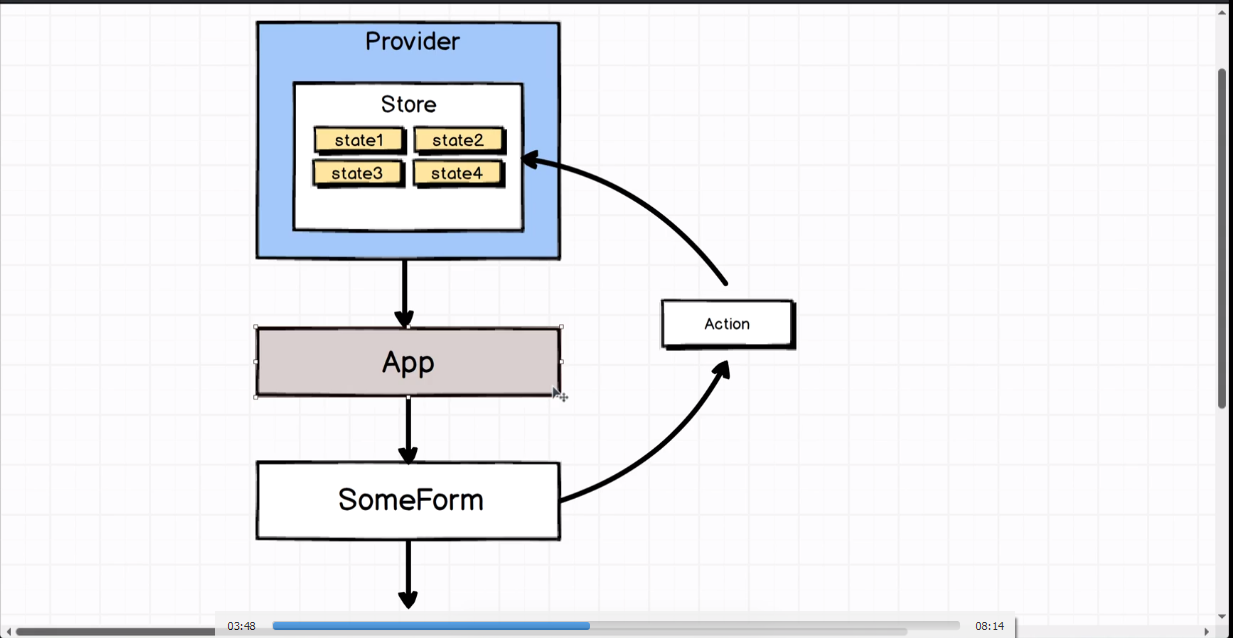
We can do this in our root app.js file by using following things:

* Provider from ‘react-redux’ : Helps to connect our redux store with our react app. This is the main communication glue with React.
* CreateStore method from ‘redux’ library takes all the reducers that we have.

Code Example:

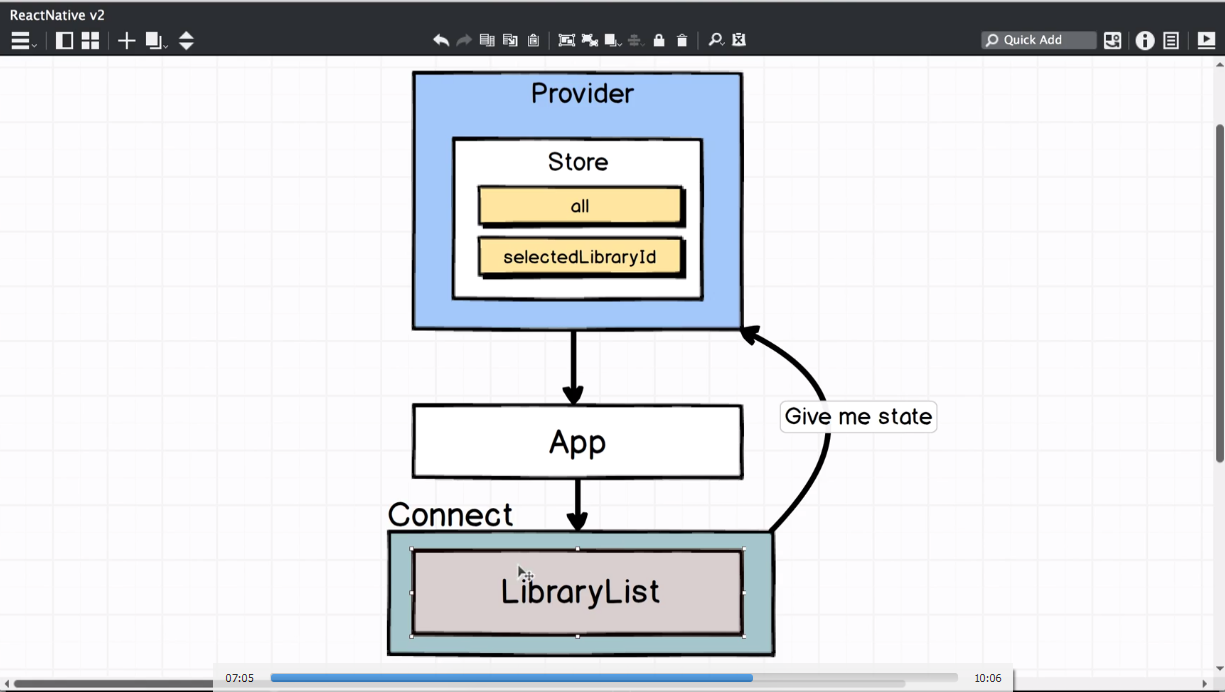


Flow example:



Connect Helper method:

* The state produced by the reducers is present inside the redux store.
* We need some way to help our components to use this global state data.
* Connect methods helps in this. Its a tool to connect our component to our redux store.



* Syntax for Connect:

import {connect} from ‘react-redux’

....

...

..

.

export default connect()(<our component to be exported>)

// runs the connect method that returns another method, which is executed using the arguments in the second brackets

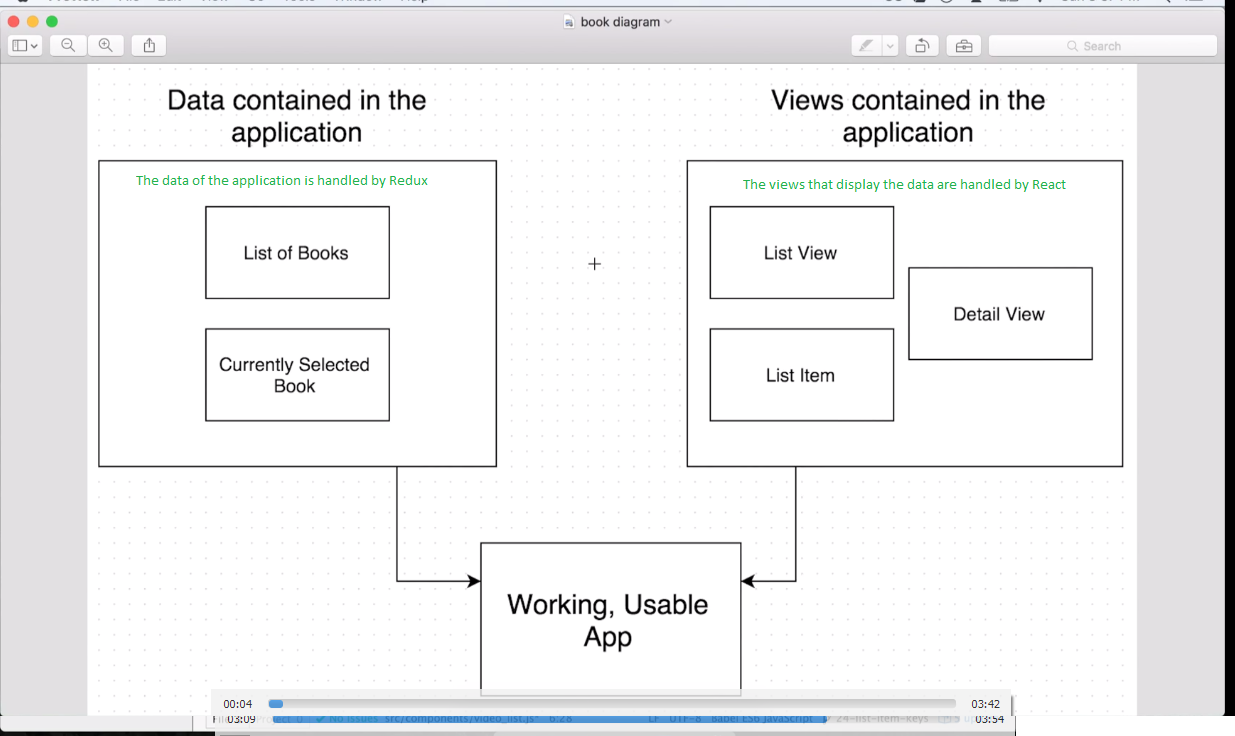
## mapStateToProps:

* This method takes in the global state and returns a js object that can used in our component as props.
* This method helps to use the date in the redux store state in our component.

## mapdispatchToProps:

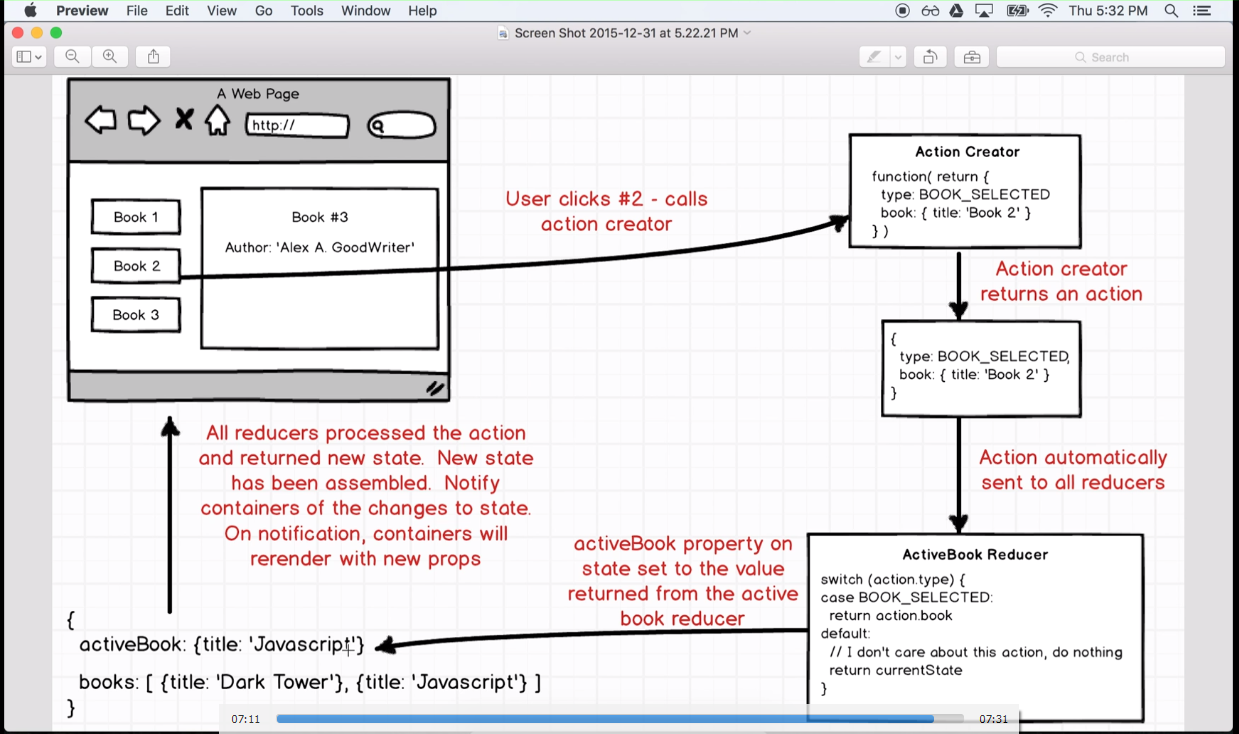
It performs two functions:

* dispatches our action creator to all the reducers.
* Helps to use our action creator inside the component as a prop.
* Consider the example of a website showing list of books in the left and details of the currently selected book on the right. React and Redux can be used together to build this application using following:



* So redux is the collection of all the data the describes the app.
* It not only contains the hard data (like list of books) but also shows stores meta data like the currently Selected book.

Redux Architecture:

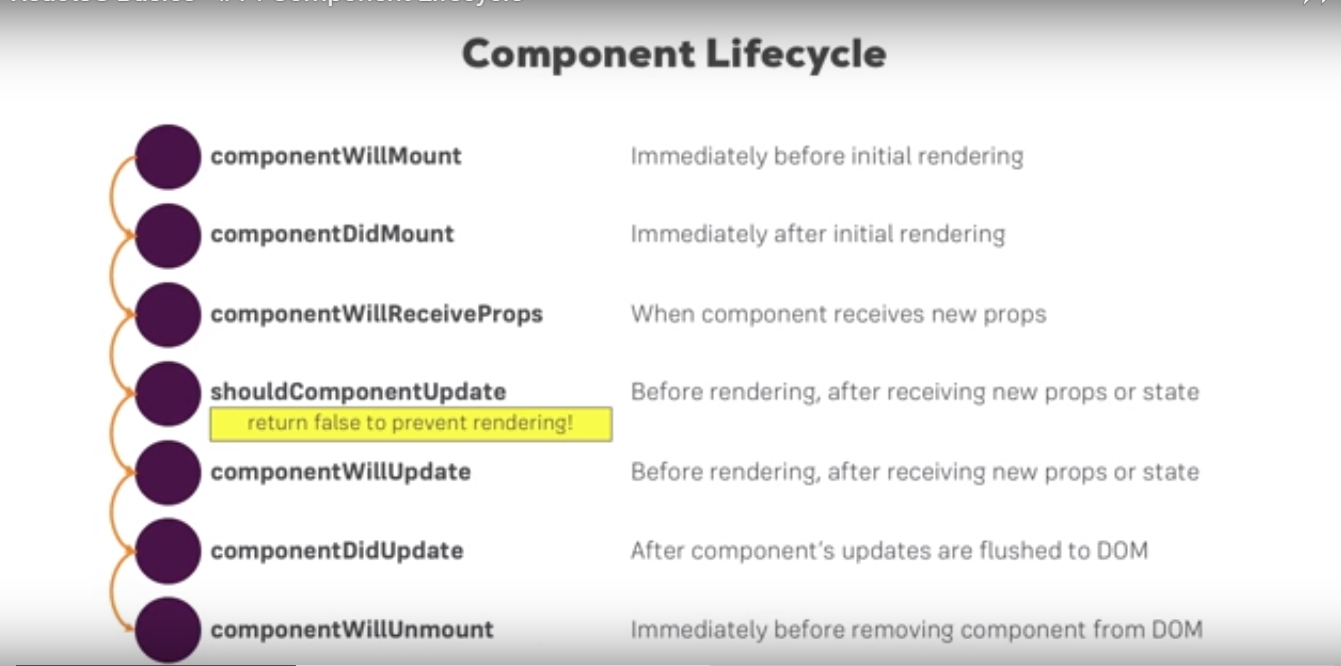


1. User performs some action on the application.
2. Action Creator will be called. An action creator returns a JavaScript object with :
3. Type of action performed with the key ‘type’. This is mandatory.
4. Any additional data for that action. This is optional.
5. This javascript object returned by the ‘Action Creator’ is automatically sent to all the ‘Reducers’.
6. Reducers are functions return some application State.

We use switch block to check what kind of action is performed and return state based on the action.

1. Now we want to be able to use this updated state in our ‘react’ application.
2. The components that use our redux state are known as ‘containers’.
3. We create a new directory of containers and add the component to it.
4. React and Redux are completely independent of each other. So we need some tool to connect them with each other.
5. ‘react-redux’ library is used to connect react with redux.
6. We import the ‘connect’ method from ‘react-redux’ library and then wire up the things.

# React LIFE CYCLE METHOD:



Idea behind React?

What is virtual dom?

How react interact with the DOM?

Aysnchronous tasks in React?

Call back functions in JS?

Promise in JS?

Redux Forms

React Routing.

What is callback binding?

What is callback function?

* In JavaScript, functions can be send as an argument to another function.

