Introduction to KiCAD & Open Hardware

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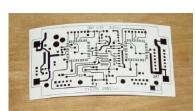
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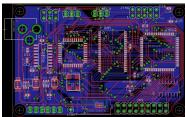
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Introduction

- Components, Boards and Firmware
- Board (PCB) design is "drawing"
- ► Open Hardware guideline
 - Schematics, Boards, Symbols, Footprints (as CAD files!)
 - ▶ Bill of material
 - Firmware (if any)
 - ► Mechanical CAD files (if any)
 - Documentation
 - Non-commertial license



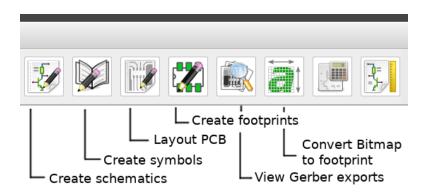


KiCAD

- Developed by CERN
- Current version 4.0.*
- Next version (5.0) just around the corner
- ▶ Open ecosystem around components & footprints

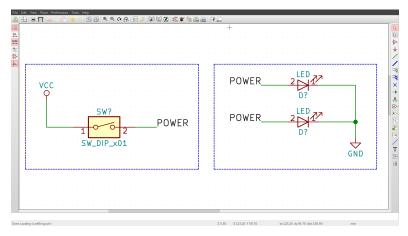
Workflow

- Schematics (represent Circuits)
- Associate Footprints
- Layout boards & route traces
- Repeat for iterations



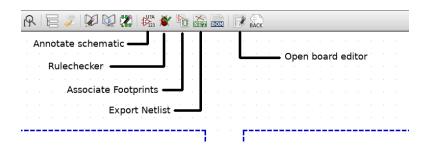
Schematics

- Symbols (Create missing symbols)
- ► Labels
- Connections



Schematics Workflow

- Create circuit schematic
- Annotate (Give components unique names)
- Associate footprints
- Export Netlist



Board Layout

- ► Import Netlist
 - Imports component footprints
 - Can replace/ update/ remove old footprints
 - ► Import new Netlist for each revision
- Layout components
- Route traces
- Export
 - ► Gerber files (traces)
 - Drill holes (holes, edge cuts)
 - (Optional) Bill of Materials

Best Practises

- Schematics
 - Group components into segments (in nice boxes)
 - ► Put large segments onto sub-sheets
 - Use labels to connect segments together
- Store required libraries in project
- Include datasheets for components

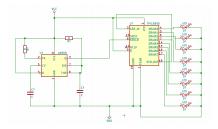


Figure: Avoid doing this!

Understanding Datasheets

- Describes a component in detail
- Not everything always relevant
- Pick out important information
 - High-level description
 - Example usage
 - ▶ Pin-out
 - Footprint size

Best Practises: Library Management

- Three types of libraries
 - Schematic symbols (.lib)
 - Component footprints (.pretty)
 - ► (Optional) 3D models (.3dshapes)
- Different approaches to library management
 - Each have their pro's and con's
 - No "standard" way of doing it
 - One library per ...
 - Project
 - Component type
 - Manufacturer
 - Individual component