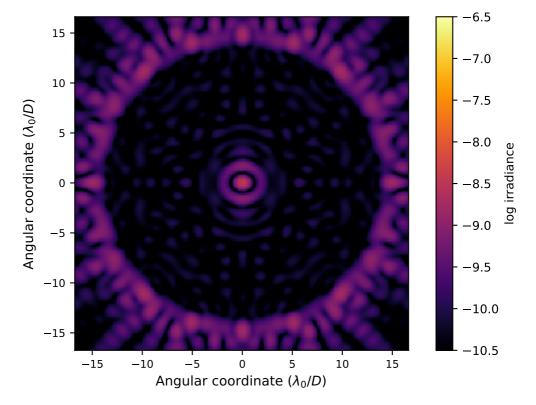
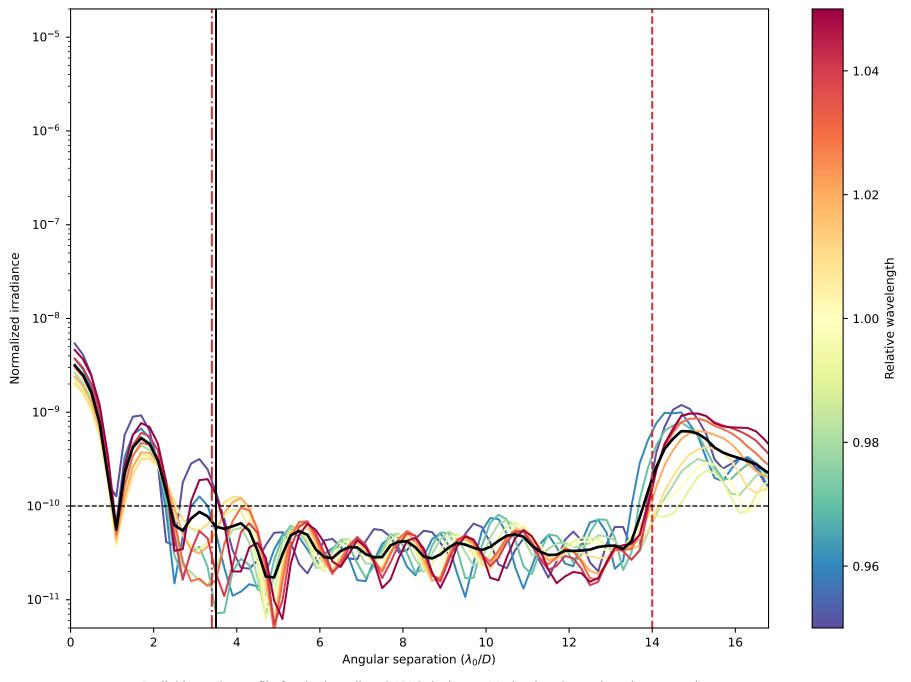
## **APLC Design Summary**

Solution File:

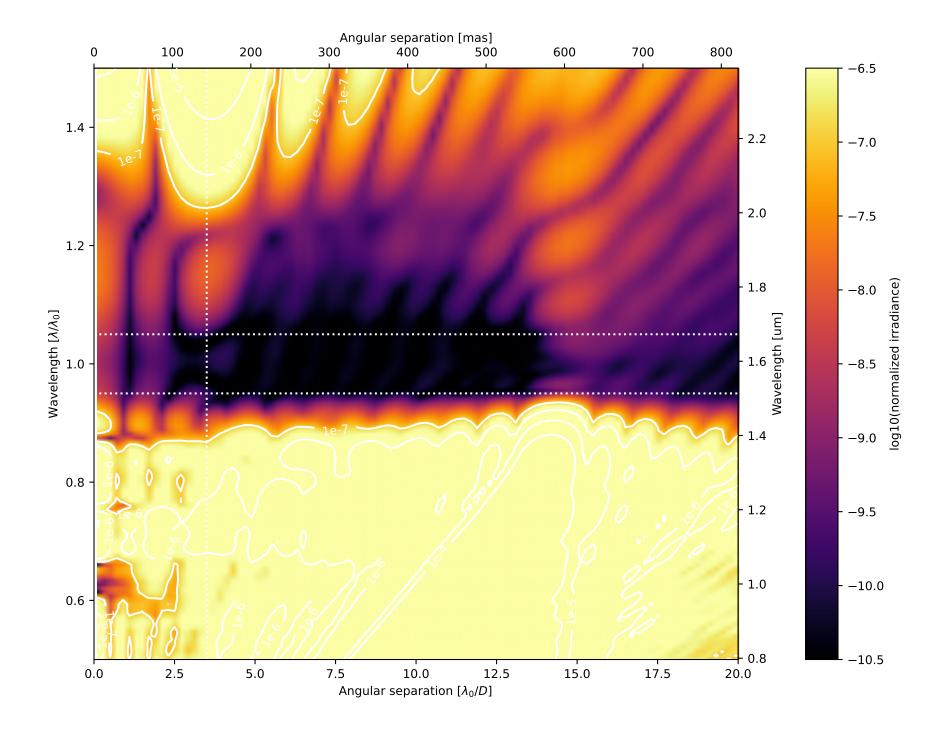
Instrument	USORT
nPup	128 x 128 pixels
Coronagraphic throughput (transmitted energy)	0.1119
Core throughput (encircled energy)	0.0962
Lyot stop inner diamater (% of inscribed circle)	0.0
Lyot stop outer diameter (% of inscribed circle)	0.99
Bandpass	10.0%
# wavelengths	5
FPM radius (grayscale)	3.5 \( \lambda / \text{D} \)
пРРМ	150 pixels
IWA — OWA	3.4—14.0 \( \lambda/D \)
Contrast constraint	10-10
Lyot Stop alignment tolerance	θ pixels
Input Files:	
▷ Pupil file: USORT/TelAp_USORT_offaxis_ovsamp16_N0128.fits	



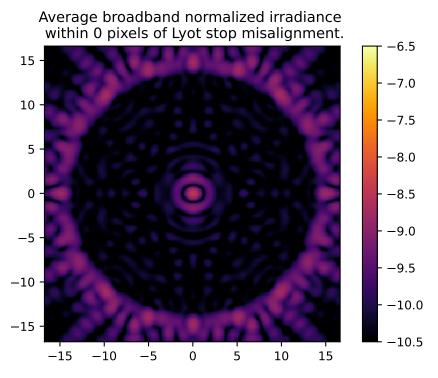
On – axis PSF in log irradiance, normalized to the peak irradiance value.



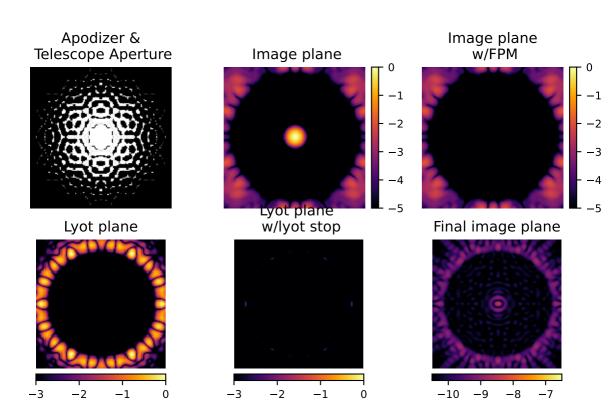
Radial intensity profile for the broadband APLC design at 11 simulated wavelengthscentered around  $\lambda_0/D$  and equally spatially sampled over the 10.0% bandpass. The black curve shows the average intensity across the 11 wavelength samples. The dashed red vertical lines delimitthe high-contrast dark zone (between 3.4 and 14.0  $\lambda_0/D$ ). The blue dotted line delimits the FPM radius, set to 3.5  $\lambda_0/D$ .

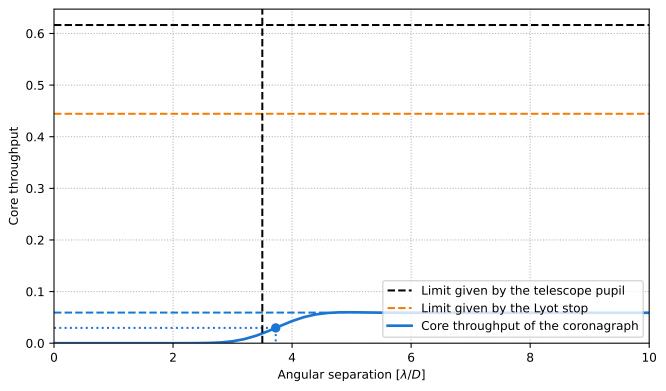






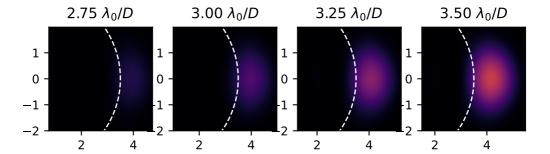
## **Analysis Summary**

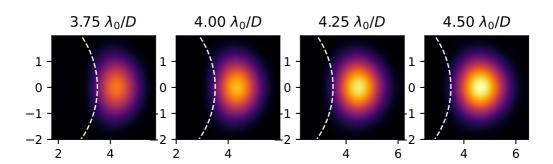




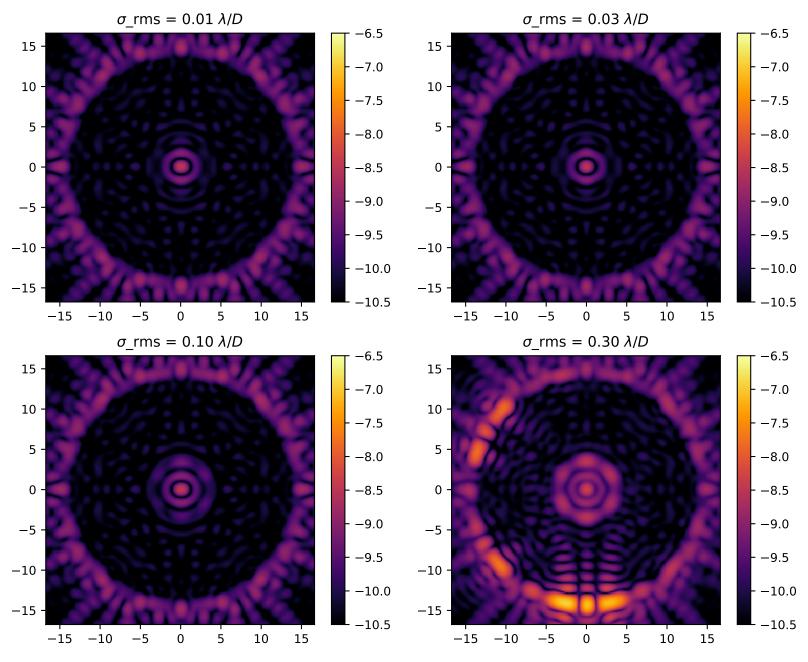
Pupil core throughput:

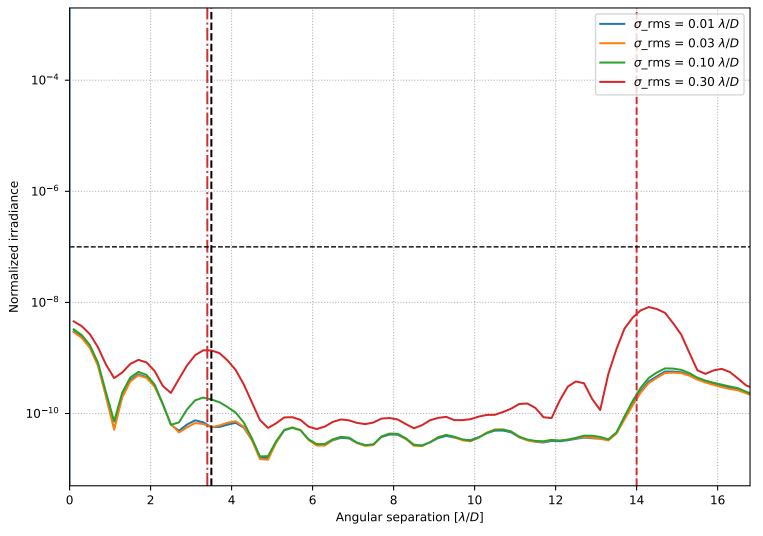
Lyot stop core throughput: Maximum core throughput: Maximum core throughput w.r.t. pupil core throughput: Maximum core throughput w.r.t. Lyot stop core throughput: Inner working angle: 0.6163835963822561 0.444429515374317 0.05929731438841924 0.09620196698363376 0.13342343912167168  $3.7253093953412675 <math>\lambda_0/D$ 





Broadband normalized irradiance for four representative levels of residual pointing jitter.





Azimuthally averaged raw contrast for four representative levels of rms residual pointing jitter.