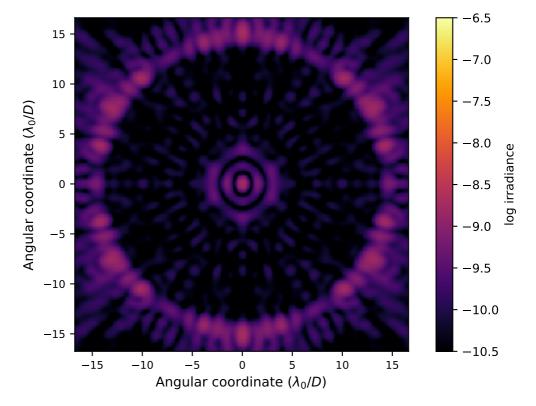
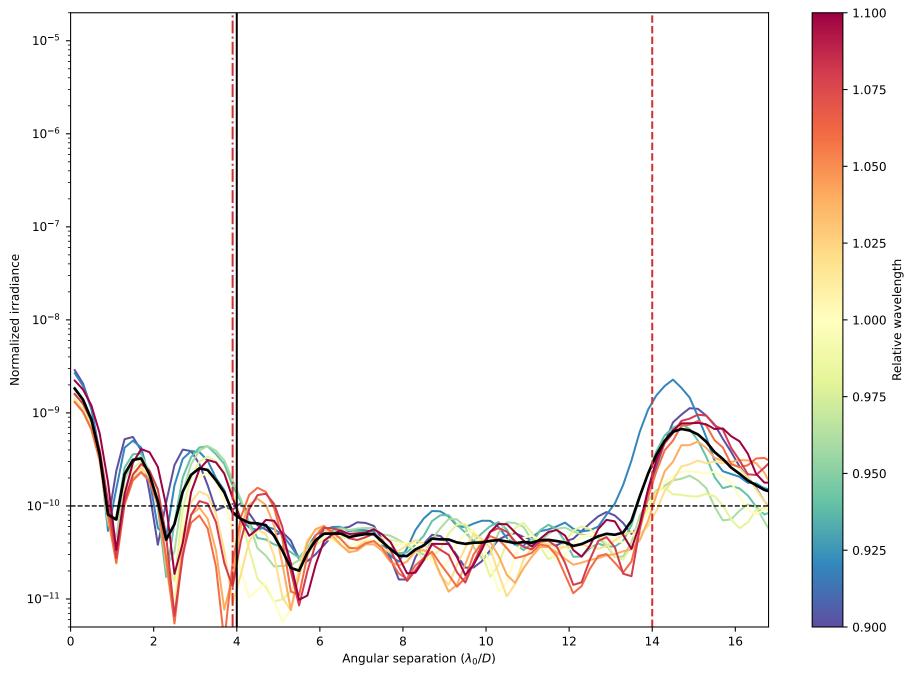
APLC Design Summary

| ···, | |
|--|------------------------|
| Instrument | USORT |
| пРир | 128 x 128 pixels |
| Coronagraphic throughput (transmitted energy) | 0.0981 |
| Core throughput (encircled energy) | 0.0855 |
| Lyot stop inner diamater (% of inscribed circle) | 0.0 |
| Lyot stop outer diameter (% of inscribed circle) | 0.99 |
| Bandpass | 20.0% |
| # wavelengths | 5 |
| FPM radius (grayscale) | 4.θ λ/D |
| пЕРМ | 150 pixels |
| IWA — OWA | 3.9—14.0 \(\lambda/D\) |
| Contrast constraint | 10-10 |
| Lyot Stop alignment tolerance | 0 pixels |
| Input Files : | |
| ▷ Pupil file: USORT/TeIAp_USORT_offaxis_ovsamp16_N0128.fits | |
| > Lyot stop file: USORT/LS_USORT_hex_ID0000_OD0990_ovsamp16_N0128.fits | |
| Solution File: | |

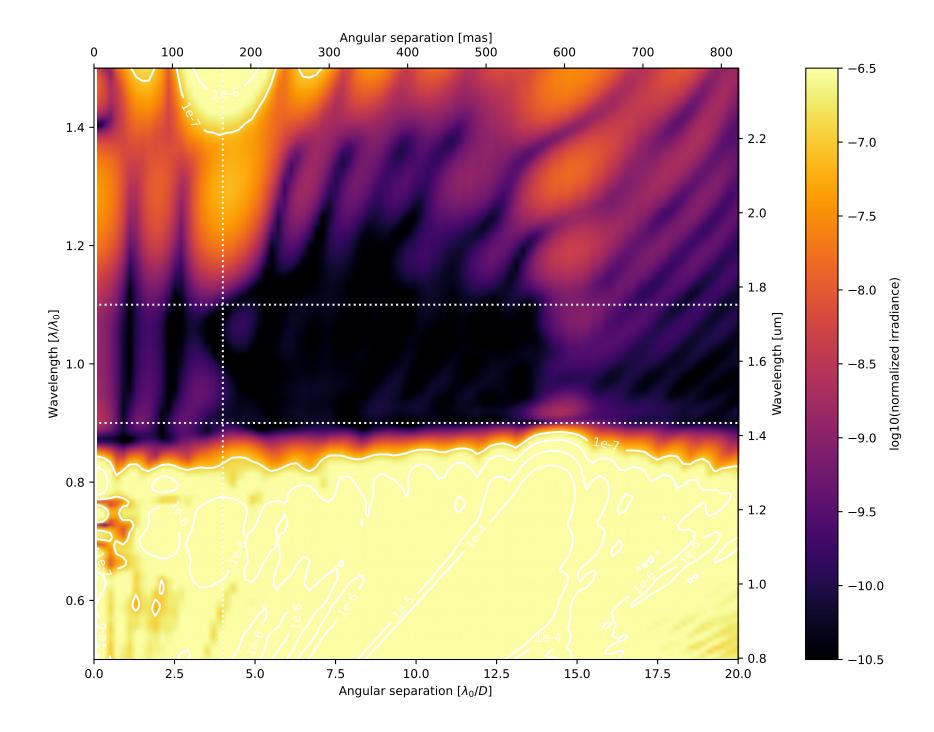
Fri Oct 27 23:40:13 2023



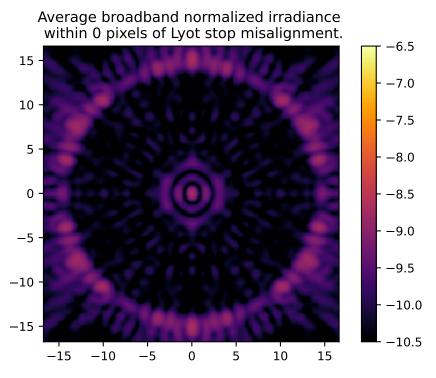
On – axis PSF in log irradiance, normalized to the peak irradiance value.



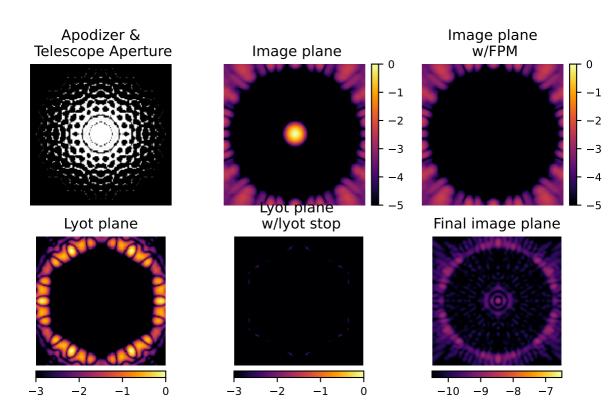
Radial intensity profile for the broadband APLC design at 11 simulated wavelengthscentered around λ_0/D and equally spatially sampled over the 20.0% bandpass. The black curve shows the average intensity across the 11 wavelength samples. The dashed red vertical lines delimitthe high-contrast dark zone (between 3.9 and 14.0 λ_0/D). The blue dotted line delimits the FPM radius, set to 4.0 λ_0/D .

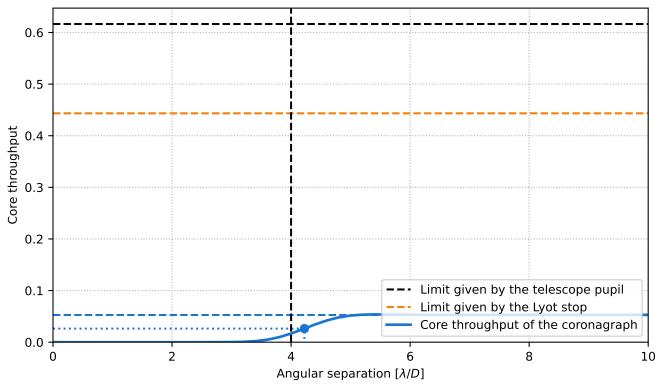






Analysis Summary





Pupil core throughput:

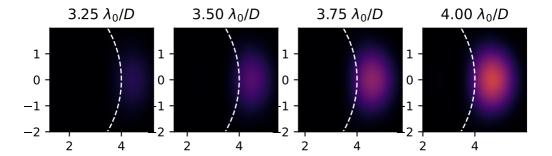
Lyot stop core throughput:

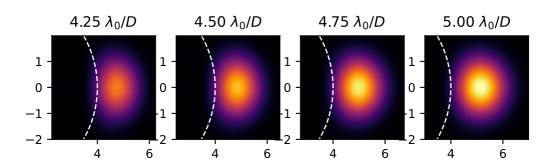
Maximum core throughput w.r.t. pupil core throughput:

Maximum core throughput w.r.t. Lyot stop core throughput:

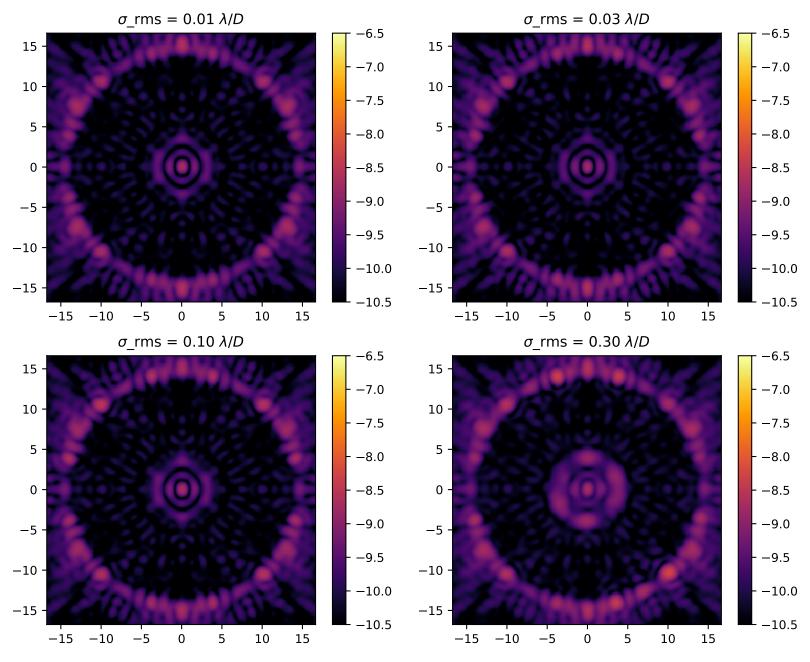
Inner working angle:

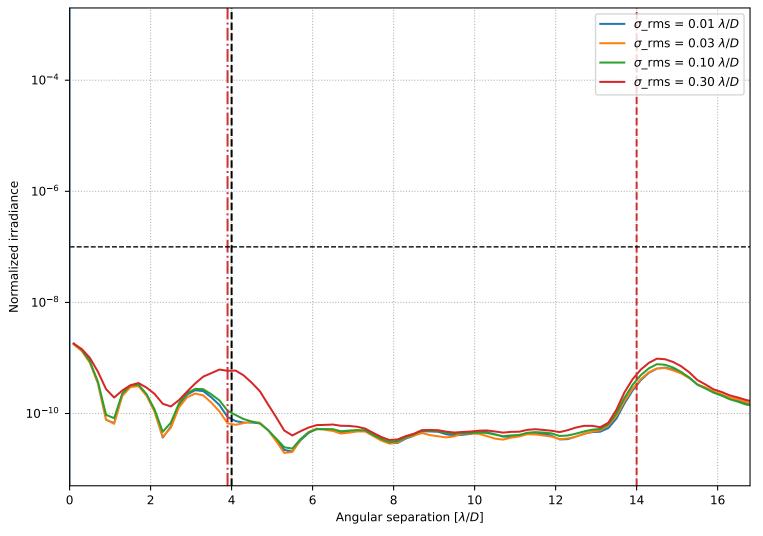
0.6163835963822561 0.44338273489435265 0.05267492972110868 0.08545803300132249 0.11880239255067034 $4.223617217899585 \lambda_0/D$





Broadband normalized irradiance for four representative levels of residual pointing jitter.





Azimuthally averaged raw contrast for four representative levels of rms residual pointing jitter.