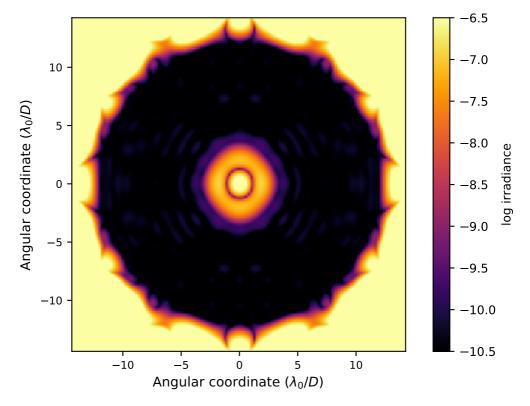
## APLC Design Summary

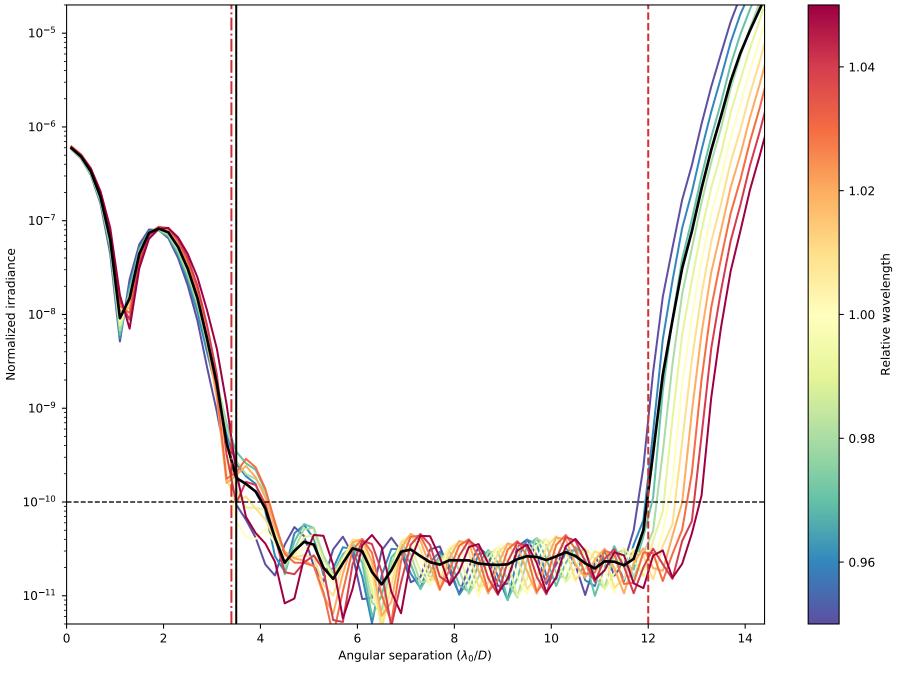
Instrument	SCDA
nPup	512 x 512 pixels
Coronagraphic throughput (transmitted energy)	0.4425
Core throughput (encircled energy)	0.3348
Lyot stop inner dlamater (% of inscribed circle)	0.002
Lyot stop outer diameter (% of inscribed circle)	0.0
Bandpass	10.0%
# wavelengths	3
FPM radius (grayscale)	3.5 \(\lambda/\text{D}\)
пЕРМ	150 pixels
IWA — OWA	3.4—12.0 \( \lambda / \text{D} \)
Contrast constraint	10-10
Lyot Stop alignment tolerance	2 pixels
Input Files :	
> Pupil file: SCDA/TeIAp_LUVex_02-Hex_gy_ovsamp03_N0512.fits	

D 1\_SCDA\_N512\_FPM350M0150\_IWA0340\_OWA01200\_C10\_BW10\_Nlam3\_LS\_IDex\_ID\_OD0\_OD\_Is\_982\_no\_strut.fits

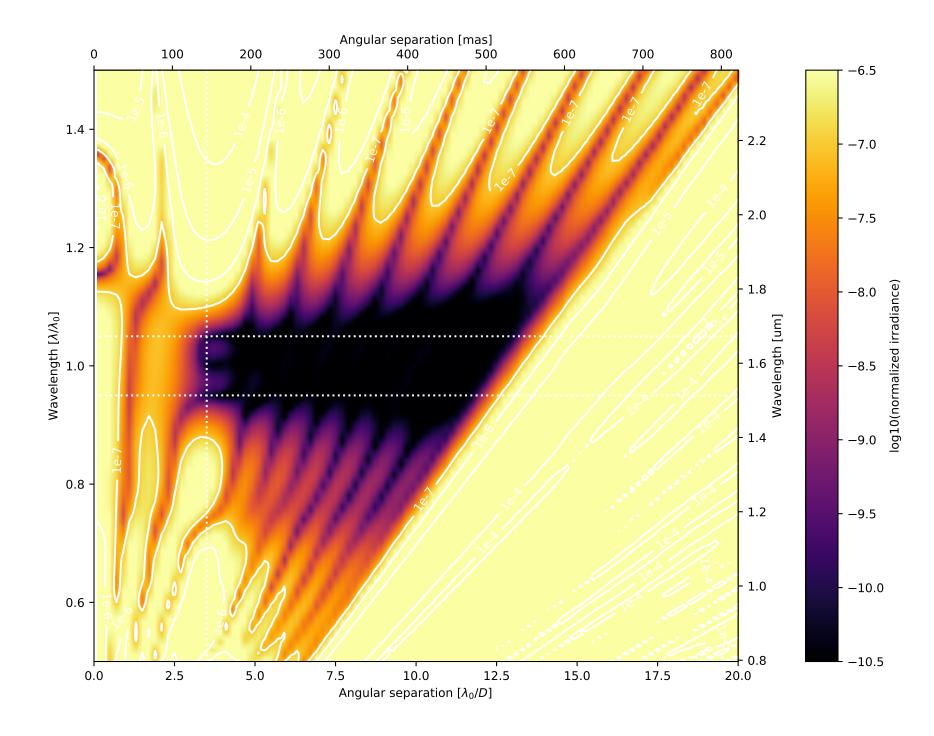
> Lyot stop file: SCDA/LS\_LUVex\_02-Hex\_ID0000\_0D0982\_no\_struts\_gy\_ovsamp3\_N0512.fits

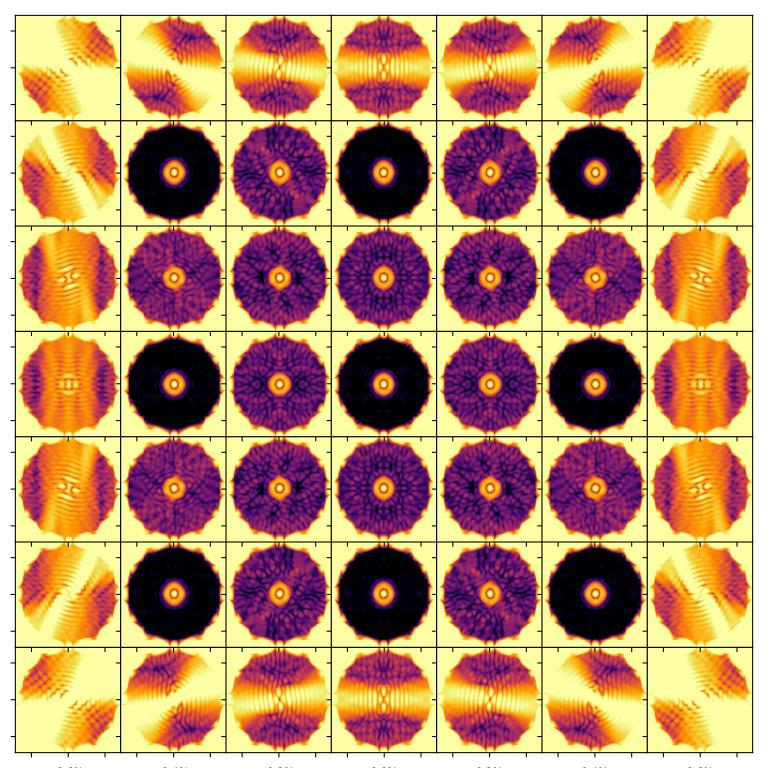


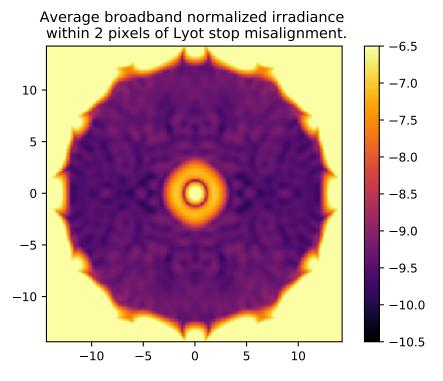
On – axis PSF in log irradiance, normalized to the peak irradiance value.

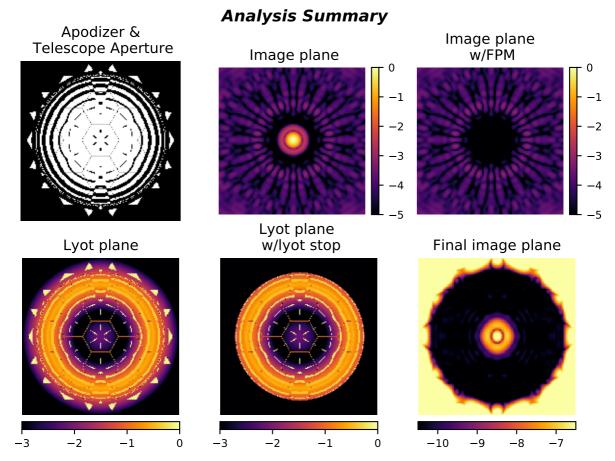


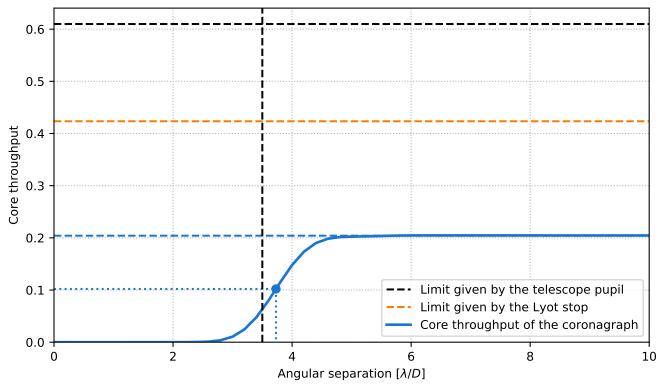
Radial intensity profile for the broadband APLC design at 11 simulated wavelengthscentered around  $\lambda_0/D$  and equally spatially sampled over the 10.0% bandpass. The black curve shows the average intensity across the 11 wavelength samples. The dashed red vertical lines delimitthe high-contrast dark zone (between 3.4 and 12.0  $\lambda_0/D$ ). The blue dotted line delimits the FPM radius, set to 3.5  $\lambda_0/D$ .











Pupil core throughput:

Lyot stop core throughput:

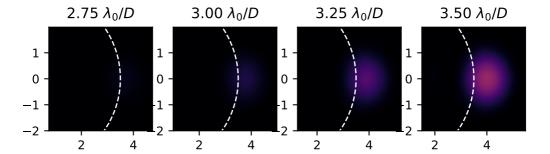
Maximum core throughput w.r.t. pupil core throughput:

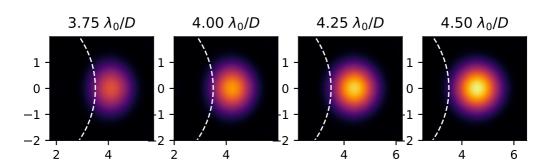
Kimum core throughput w.r.t. Lyot stop core throughput:

Maximum core throughput w.r.t. Lyot stop core throughput:

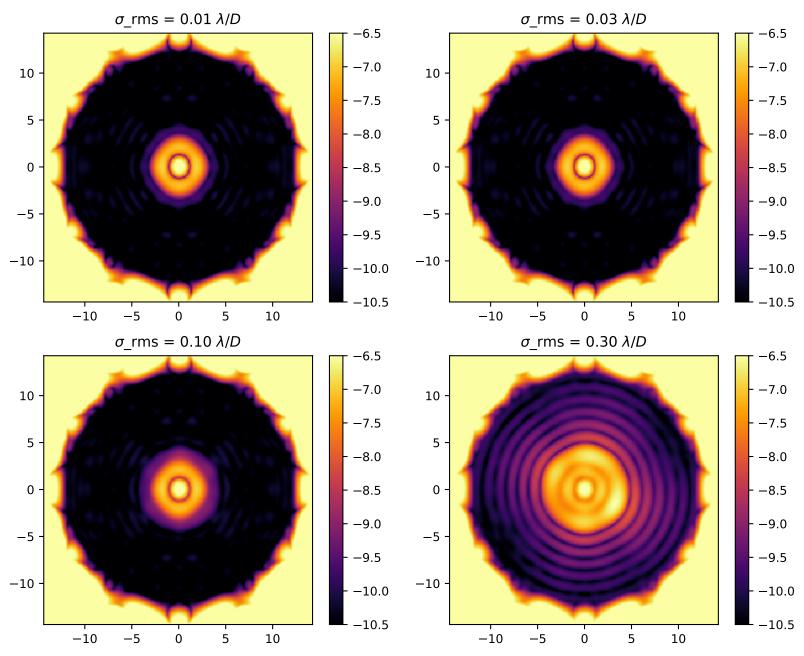
Inner working angle:

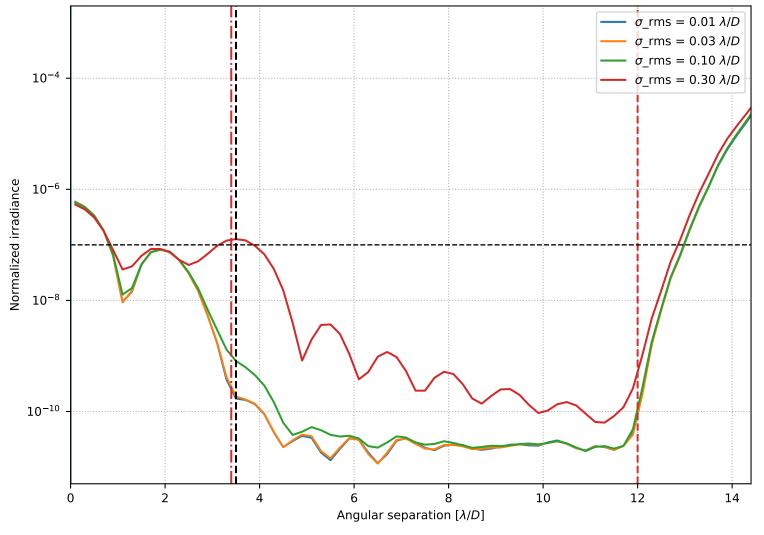
0.6098449493458855 0.4234441840925763 0.20414917500951427 0.3347558674192234 0.4821159025881951  $3.7290323496614546 \lambda_0/D$ 





Broadband normalized irradiance for four representative levels of residual pointing jitter.





Azimuthally averaged raw contrast for four representative levels of rms residual pointing jitter.