Large language models

simplify building

natural language interfaces



Agenda

- 1. Before LLMs
- 2. After LLMs

Use case

Create a question-answering solution to help users of watsonx.ai be more productive.

Knowledge base: Product documentation

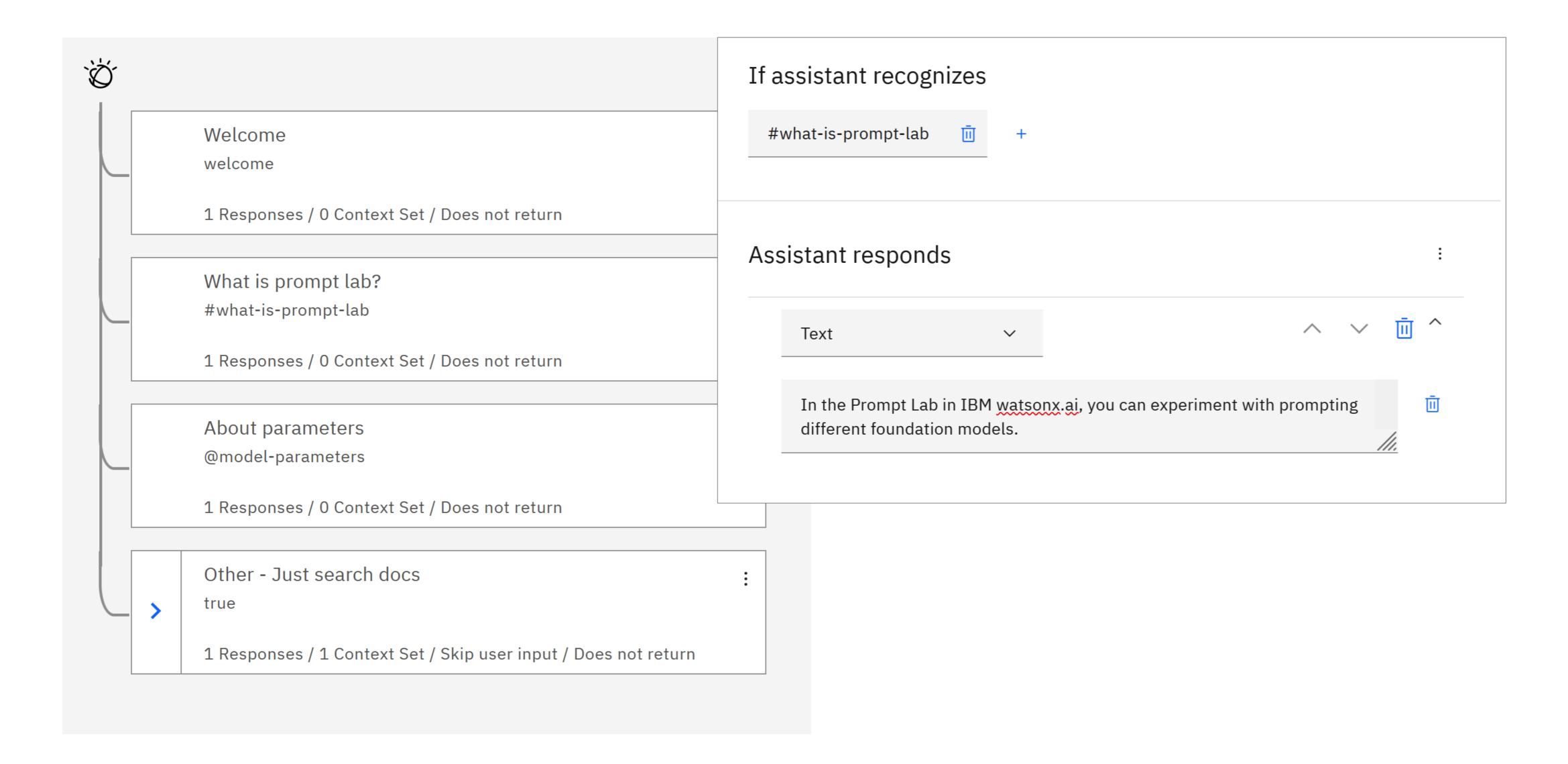


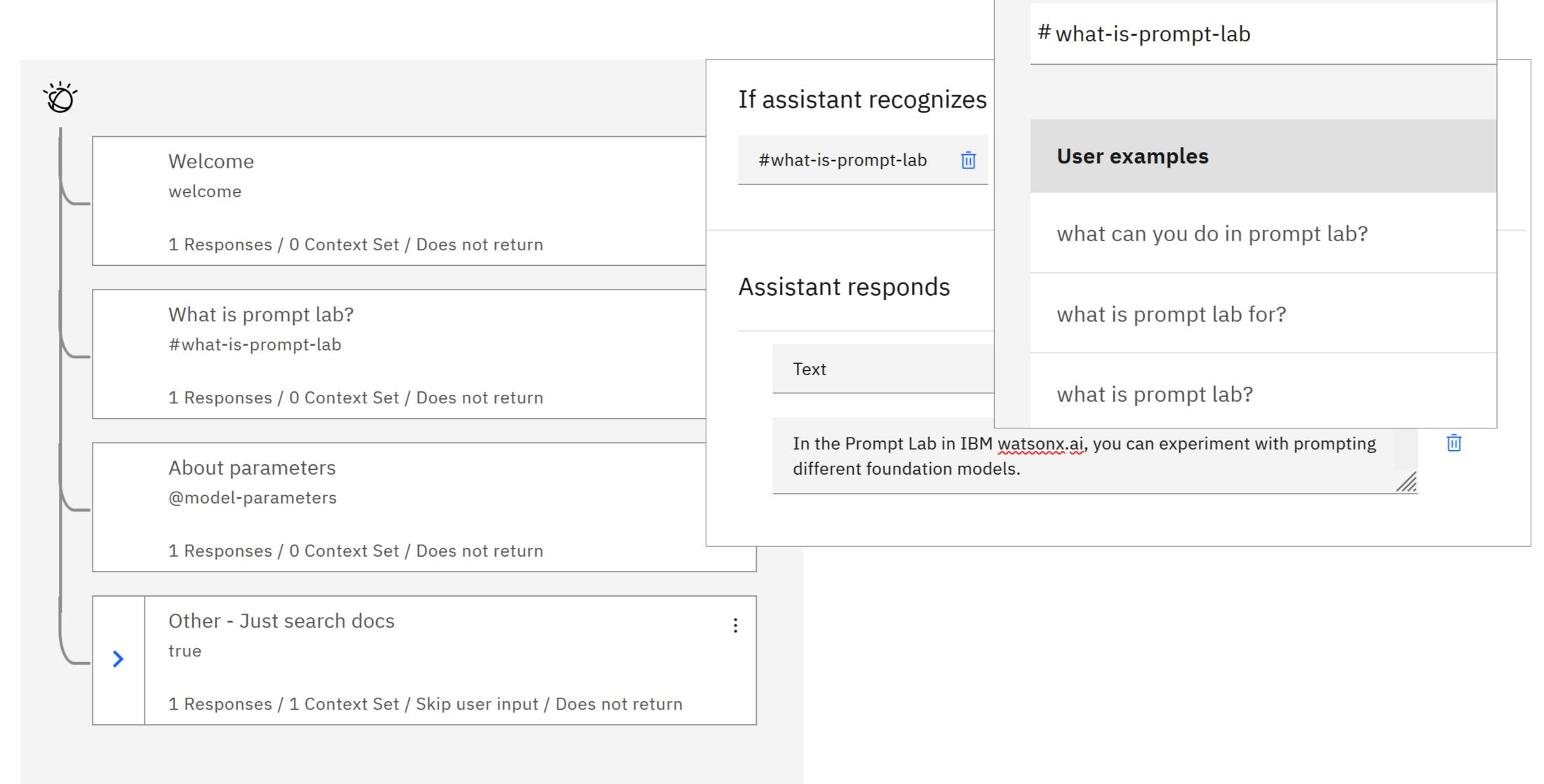
To understand user input required using NLP techniques:

- Stop word removal
- Stemming
- Classification
- Part of speech detection
- Entity extraction
- •

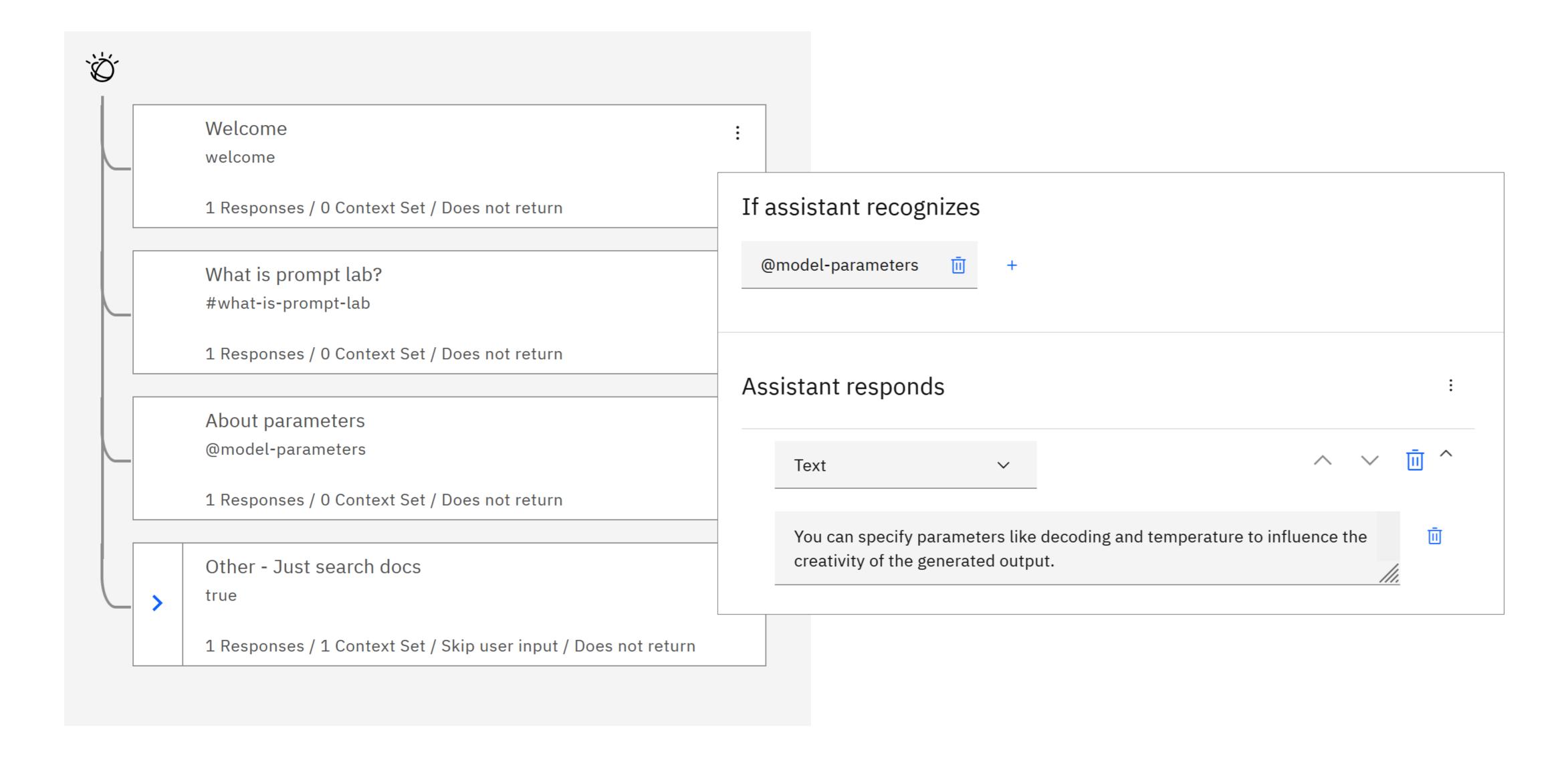
Building a solution to tease apart the meaning of user input this way is time-consuming, and the result can be disappointing.

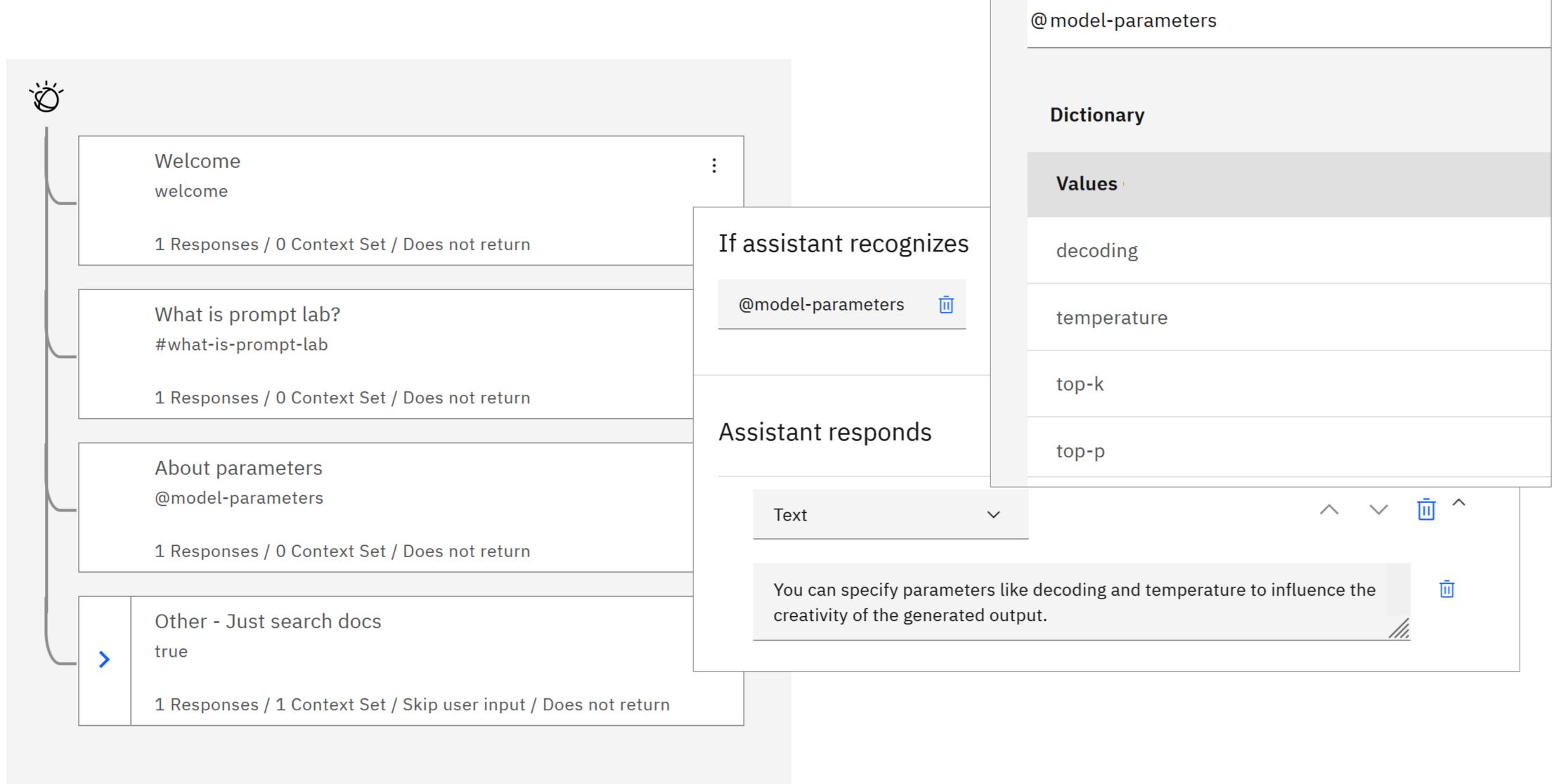
Before LLMs If assistant recognizes welcome Welcome Assistant responds welcome 1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return Text What is prompt lab? Ask a question #what-is-prompt-lab 1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return About parameters @model-parameters 1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return Other - Just search docs true 1 Responses / 1 Context Set / Skip user input / Does not return



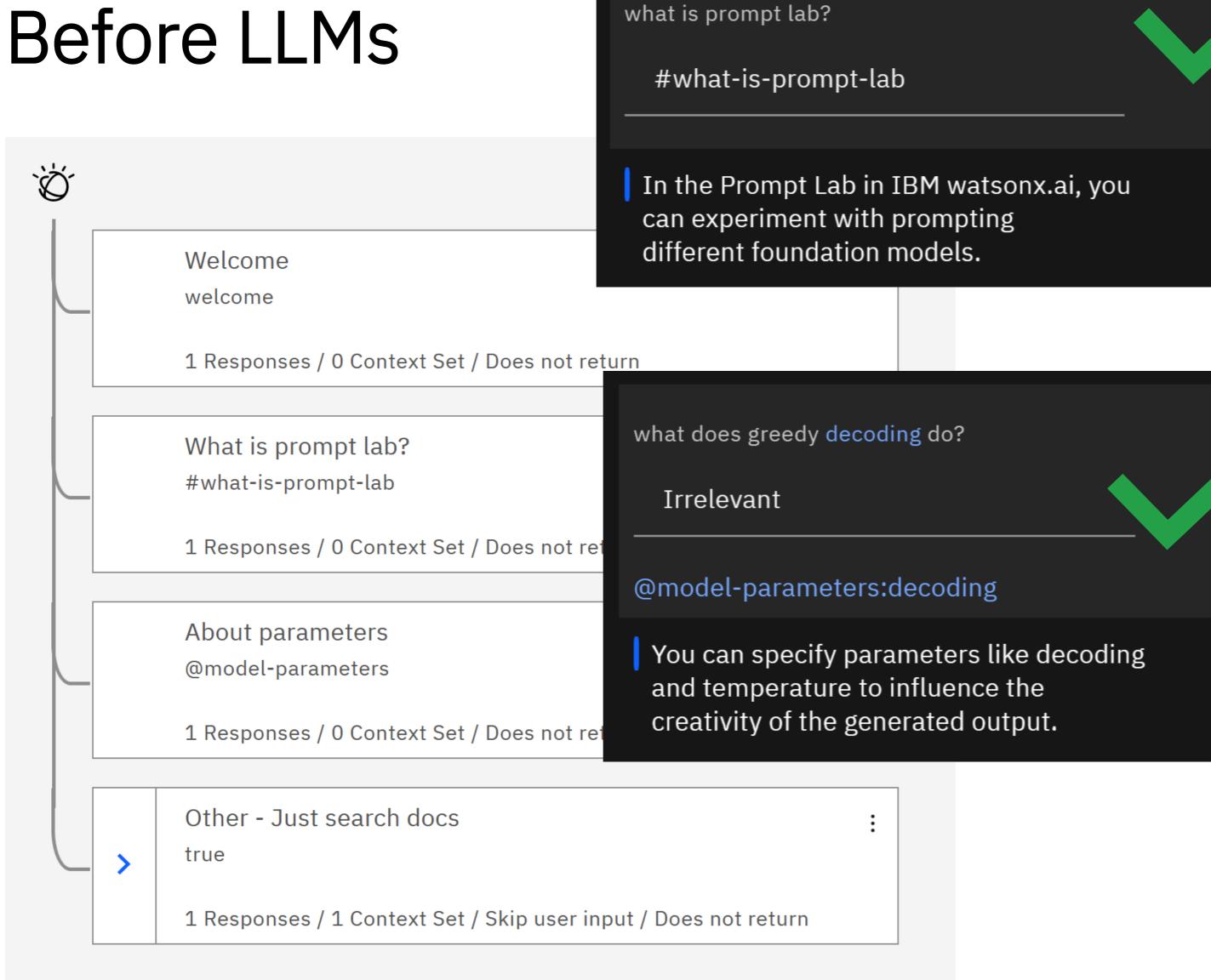


Intent name





Entity name



what is decoding?

#what-is-prompt-lab

@model-parameters:decoding

In the Prompt Lab in IBM watsonx.ai, you can experiment with prompting different foundation models.

How is sampling decoding different from greedy decoding?

Irrelevant

@model-parameters:decoding

You can specify parameters like decoding and temperature to influence the creativity of the generated output.

With appropriate prompting, and techniques like RAG, an LLM can handle most input without special handling.

Article:

Prompt Lab

In the Prompt Lab in IBM watsonx.ai, you can experiment with prompting different foundation models, explore sample prompts, and save and share your best prompts.

You use the Prompt Lab to engineer effective prompts that you submit to deployed foundation models for inferencing. You do not use the Prompt Lab to create new foundation models.

Answer the following question based on only information in the article.

Question: What is Prompt Lab?

Answer: In the Prompt Lab in IBM watsonx.ai, you can experiment with prompting different

foundation models, explore sample prompts, and save and share your best prompts

Article:

Foundation model parameters: decoding and stopping criteria

You can set parameters to control how the model generates output in response to your prompt. Set decoding parameters to adjust how the output text is generated. Set stopping criteria parameters to specify when the model should stop generating output.

Decoding

Decoding is the process that a model uses to choose the tokens in the generated output:

- Greedy decoding selects the token with the highest probability at each step of the decoding process
- Sampling decoding offers more variability in how tokens are selected

Answer the following question based on only information in the article.

Question: What is decoding?

Answer: the process that a model uses to choose the tokens in the generated output

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Answer the following question based on only information in the article.

Question: What does greedy decoding do?

Answer: selects the token with the highest probability at each step of the decoding process

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- Greedy decoding selects the token with the highest probability at each step of the decoding process
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Answer the following question based on only information in the article.

Question: How is sampling decoding different from greedy decoding?

Answer: Sampling decoding offers more variability in how tokens are selected