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Table 1- Research questions and theoretical anchors (DoI/TAM)

RQ#	Research Question	Theoretical Anchor
		(DoI/TAM)
RQ1	How do financial institutions perceive the relative	Relative Advantage
	advantage of tokenized investment funds compared to	(DoI)
	traditional fund structures?	
RQ2	How is the perceived relative advantage of stablecoins	Relative Advantage
	shaped by their speed, cost, and compliance features in	(DoI)
	payment operations?	
RQ3	How do financial professionals perceive the added value	Relative Advantage
	of using VASP services compared to traditional custody	(DoI)
	and exchange providers, in terms of efficiency, trust, or	
	regulatory alignment?	
RQ4	How do financial professionals assess the compatibility	Compatibility (DoI)
	of blockchain-based systems with existing infrastructure	
	and workflows?	
RQ5	How does the perceived compatibility of tokenized assets	Compatibility (DoI)
	with compliance and legal frameworks influence their	
	adoption?	
RQ6	What specific features of blockchain services contribute	Complexity (DoI)
	to perceptions of complexity among traditional financial	
	actors?	
RQ7	How do institutions assess the trialability of blockchain	Trialability (DoI)
	applications (e.g., through sandboxing, pilot testing)?	
RQ8	To what extent does visibility of peer adoption	Observability (DoI)
	(observability) affect internal interest and investment in	
	blockchain pilots?	
<u> </u>	I .	

RQ9	Which perceived benefits (e.g., efficiency, transparency)	Perceived Usefulness
	drive financial professionals to view blockchain tools as	(TAM)
	useful?	
RQ10	How does the user experience of blockchain platforms	Perceived Ease of Use
	(e.g., custody, issuance tools) influence perceptions of	(TAM)
	ease of use?	
RQ11	How do perceived usefulness and ease of use jointly	Adoption Intention
	influence intention to adopt blockchain in financial	(TAM)
	institutions?	
RQ12	Which internal capabilities (e.g., innovation labs, IT	Trialability (DoI)
	resources) enhance an organization's readiness to trial	
	blockchain solutions?	
RQ13	How does executive endorsement influence perceived	Relative Advantage &
	relative advantage and observability of blockchain	Observability (DoI)
	projects internally?	
RQ14	How do operational and institutional structures influence	Compatibility (DoI)
	the perceived compatibility of blockchain with legacy	
	systems?	
RQ15	How do external collaborations (e.g., consortia, fintech	Observability &
	partnerships) improve observability and reduce	Complexity (DoI)
	perceived complexity?	
RQ16	What role do internal knowledge-sharing practices play	Complexity &
	in reducing perceived complexity and increasing	Usefulness (DoI &
	perceived usefulness?	TAM)
RQ17	How does blockchain integration reshape perceptions of	Relative Advantage &
	operational and compliance risk management?	Complexity (DoI)

RQ18	Which metrics are used internally to evaluate the success	Perceived Usefulness
	of blockchain adoption, and how do they support	(TAM)
	perceived usefulness?	
RQ19	How do financial institutions interpret adoption signals	Observability (DoI)
	from jurisdictions with varying levels of ecosystem	
	maturity?	
RQ20	What organizational changes persist after adopting	Adoption Intention
	blockchain-based financial infrastructure?	(TAM)

Table 2 - Pool-level Bitcoin miner revenue and implied hashrate

Pool	Share (%)	Total Revenue	Avg Daily	Avg Implied
		(USD)	Revenue	Hashrate
			(USD)	(EH/s)
Unknown	52.75	\$20,172,874,470	\$18,456,427	287.37
AntPool	15.63	\$5,977,147,991	\$5,468,571	85.15
F2Pool	14.21	\$5,433,770,901	\$4,971,428	77.41
ViaBTC	12.61	\$4,822,471,675	\$4,412,142	68.70
SBI Crypto	2.13	\$815,065,635	\$745,714	11.61
Braiins Pool	1.24	\$475,454,954	\$435,000	6.77
BTC.com	0.71	\$271,688,545	\$248,571	3.87
Ultimus	0.53	\$203,766,409	\$186,429	2.90
Poolin	0.18	\$67,922,136	\$62,143	0.97

Table 3 – Sensitivity analysis: Power-Cost Dominance in Mining

Efficiency	Power	Operating	FCF NPV	FCF NPV	Disc.	Disc.
(J/TH)	(\$/kW	CF/day	(Low capex)	(High capex)	Payback	Payback
	h)	(USD)			(Low)	(High)
17	0.05	\$26,316	\$6,783,233	\$-2,695,873	815 days	1,358
						days
17	0.06	\$22,549	\$3,291,889	\$-6,187,217	974 days	1,654
						days
17	0.08	\$15,014	\$-3,690,799	\$-13,169,905	1,603	2,976
					days	days
20	0.05	\$21,201	\$2,043,436	\$-7,435,670	1,047	1,794
					days	days
20	0.06	\$16,769	\$-2,064,028	\$-11,543,133	1,392	2,501
					days	days
25	0.05	\$12,677	\$-5,856,225	\$-15,335,331	2,010	4,035
					days	days
25	0.06	\$7,137	\$-10,990,554	\$-20,469,660	5,609	No
					days	payback
25	0.08	\$-3,944	\$-21,259,213	\$-30,738,319	No	No
					payback	payback
30	0.05	\$4,153	\$-13,755,886	\$-23,234,992	No	No
					payback	payback
30	0.06	\$-2,496	\$-19,917,081	\$-29,396,187	No	No
					payback	payback
30	0.08	\$-15,793	\$-32,239,472	\$-41,718,577	No	No
					payback	payback

Table 4 – Drivers of validator participation (proof-of-stake)

Driver	Increases validator participation	Notes
	when	
Net staking yield	Gross yield (issuance + fees + MEV) rises or commissions/OPEX fall	Dominant variable; compare directly to r (opportunity cost).
Opportunity cost r	r is low relative to net yield	If net yield $< r \rightarrow$ negative NPV vs. holding the token.
Slashing risk	Low probability × loss (good operational security)	Expected loss = $p(slashing) \times stake \times penalty$.
Client/diversity	Validator set uses diverse clients/infra	Reduces correlated failures and systemic slashing.
Liquidity & custody	More solo/pooled options with low commission	Concentration risk if few providers dominate.

Table 5 – Selected Security Token Case Studies (2023–2025)

Issuer /	Instrument	Size &	Platform /	Jurisdiction	Settlement	Source(s)
Project		Currency	Rail	/ Legal	(target)	
HKSAR	Multi-	HK\$6bn	HSBC	Hong Kong	T+1 (vs.	HKMA,
Governme	currency	eq. (HKD,	Orion via	law; CMU	T+5)	2024;
nt (Green	digital	USD,	HKMA	registrar		HSBC,
Bond)	bond	EUR,	CMU			2024
		CNH)				
AIIB	USD	USD 300m	Euroclear	English	Near-real-	AIIB,
(Digitally	digital note		D-FMI	law note;	time DvP	2024;
Native	(5-yr)			DLT		Euroclear,
Note)				infrastructu		2024
				re		
EIB (GBP	Sterling	£50m	HSBC	Luxembour	Same-day	EIB, 2023
Digital	digital		Orion	g DLT		
Bond)	bond		(private) +	issuance		
			public	law		
			mirror			

Table 6 – Oracles Secured value

Oracle	Chains	Secured value
Chainlink	454	\$57.011b
Chronicle	8	\$8.035b
Internal	45	\$6.89b
RedStone	84	\$6.699b
Pyth	285	\$5.848b
Edge	4	\$2.764b
Switchboard	21	\$2.103b
Supra	14	\$740.44m
Stork	31	\$732.02m
Api3	39	\$444.96m
UMA	8	\$253.59m
TWAP	89	\$246.97m
eOracle	11	\$237.41m
DIA	39	\$229.08m
Band	21	\$152.49m

Table 7 – Blockchains Layer 1

Project	Active	FDV	Coin	Fees (30d)	Daily active
	address	market cap	volume		users
	(monthly)		(30d)		
Bitcoin (BTC)	10.8 M (-	\$2.3 T (-	\$1.3 T	\$15.2 M	489.4 K
	0.4%)	4.7%)	(+22.3%)	(+1.4%)	(+3.8%)
Ethereum (ETH)	9.6 M	\$522.7 B	\$1.1 T	\$40.2 M (-	550.7 K
	(+23.0%)	(+15.6%)	(+41.5%)	15.2%)	(+9.0%)
BNB Chain (BNB)	46.4 M (-	\$121.2 B	\$56.1 B	\$10.7 M	4.9 M
	0.1%)	(+10.6%)	(+70.1%)	(+3.4%)	(+12.9%)
Solana (SOL)	56.2 M (-	\$113.8 B (-	\$266.9 B	\$41.5 M	3.5 M (-
	20.2%)	8.5%)	(+9.2%)	(+11.9%)	5.2%)
Tron (TRX)	14.4 M	\$33.5 B	\$51.7 B	\$420.2 M	2.6 M
	(+1.8%)	(+12.1%)	(+15.3%)	(+16.6%)	(+5.5%)
TON (TON)	1.4 M (-	\$16.8 B (-	\$8.8 B	\$570.5 K (-	105.1 K
	13.5%)	1.9%)	(+41.9%)	12.8%)	(+16.0%)
Avalanche (AVAX)	663.6 K (-	\$10.7 B (-	\$21.8 B	\$633.4 K	45.0 K (-
	55.9%)	9.1%)	(+43.1%)	(+28.7%)	49.0%)
Aptos (APT)	10.0 M	\$5.3 B (-	\$13.0 B	\$406.2 K	682.5 K (-
	(+6.1%)	16.4%)	(+57.1%)	(+383.1%)	2.9%)
NEAR Protocol	51.1 M	\$3.2 B (-	\$7.6 B	\$319.3 K	3.0 M (-
(NEAR)	(+11.6%)	15.6%)	(+7.9%)	(+23.9%)	1.8%)
Polygon (POL)	7.2 M (-	\$2.6 B (-	\$4.2 B	\$262.4 K	596.6 K
	12.1%)	4.1%)	(+45.6%)	(+19.1%)	(+0.9%)

Table 8 – DEX Volume & Market Cap

Project	Trading	FDV	Token	Fees	DAU
	volume	market	volume	(30d)	(latest)
	(30d)	cap	(30d)		
Uniswap (UNI)	\$107.5 B	\$10.6 B	\$18.0 B	\$95.7 M	750.5 K
pump.fun (PUMP)	\$3.1 B	\$3.1 B	\$11.8 B	\$30.3 M	152.2 K
Curve (CRV)	\$8.8 B	\$2.0 B	\$9.8 B	\$4.7 M	2.6 K
PancakeSwap (CAKE)	\$143.0 B	\$973.5 M	\$3.9 B	\$121.0	437.8 K
				M	
Raydium (RAY)	\$41.5 B	\$1.9 B	\$3.6 B	\$66.5 M	1.1 M
Aerodrome (AERO)	\$21.6 B	\$2.4 B	\$2.7 B	\$15.6 M	60.4 K
SushiSwap (SUSHI)	\$290.8 M	\$225.6 M	\$1.4 B	\$580.2 K	21.2 K
SUN (SUN)	\$468.6 M	\$1.1 B			_
Orca (ORCA)	\$18.7 B	\$172.2 M	\$1.1 B	\$11.5 M	56.3 K
Maverick Protocol (MAV)	\$44.3 M	\$117.5 M	\$836.1 M	\$5.8 K	27.4 K
IDEX (IDEX)	\$0.0	\$25.7 M	\$715.9 M	\$0.0	_
Thena (THE)	\$156.1 M	\$107.7 M	\$669.4 M	\$182.9 K	4.0 K
Cetus (CETUS)	\$97.5 M	\$664.4 M	_		_
0x (ZRX)	\$0.0	\$249.6 M	\$580.3 M	\$0.0	0.0
Loopring (LRC)	\$122.6 M	\$504.8 M	_		_
Velodrome (VELO)	\$1.1 B	\$113.3 M	\$367.3 M	\$684.9 K	7.3 K
WOO (WOO)	\$166.5 M	\$340.1 M	_	_	_
Balancer (BAL)	\$1.0 B	\$96.1 M	\$328.9 M	\$604.6 K	27.0 K
Shadow (SHADOW)	\$768.1 M	\$53.4 M	\$314.3 M	\$1.7 M	3.1 K
Biswap (BSW)	\$43.7 M	\$15.0 M			

Table 9 – Yield activity

Project	Trading	FDV	Token	Fees (30d)	DAU (latest)
	volume	market	volume		
	(30d)	cap	(30d)		
		(latest)			
Aave (AAVE)	\$26.9 B	\$4.8 B	\$15.2 B	\$91.8 M	9.0 K
Morpho (MORPHO)	\$3.2 B	\$2.2 B	\$748.0 M	\$15.8 M	2.4 K
Spark (SPK)	\$2.1 B	\$758.4 M	\$10.5 B	68.0	_
Fluid (FLUID)	\$1.4 B	\$691.0 M	\$93.0 M	\$8.5 M	6.4 K
Onyx Protocol (XCN)	\$619.6 M	\$826.5 M	_	_	_
Kamino (KMNO)	\$1.7 B	\$577.9 M	\$563.1 M	_	_
Maple Finance (SYRUP)	\$1.3 B	\$501.9 M	\$3.3 B	\$7.4 M	_
Compound (COMP)	\$1.2 B	\$464.5 M	\$1.6 B	\$5.2 M	226.0
JustLend DAO (JST)	\$334.8 M	\$1.2 B	_	_	_
Euler (EUL)	\$1.4 B	\$277.0 M	\$86.1 M	\$5.6 M	1.5 K
Dolomite (DOLO)	\$116.7 M	\$227.8 M	\$830.4 M	\$817.3 K	412.0
Venus (XVS)	\$805.6 M	\$183.9 M	\$301.3 M	\$2.7 M	613.0
Moonwell (WELL)	\$232.0 M	\$142.8 M	\$134.7 M	\$1.1 M	1.5 K
Avalon Finance (AVL)	\$140.8 M	\$323.8 M	_		_
Goldfinch (GFI)	\$98.4 M	\$70.6 M	\$23.1 M	\$162.7	3.0

Table 10 – Perps Volume

Project	Notional	FDV	Token	Fees	DAU
	volume	(latest)	volume	(30d)	(latest)
	(30d)		(30d)		
dYdX (DYDX)	\$8.6 B	\$627.9 M	\$498.4 M	\$1.9 M	2.6 K
GMX (GMX)	\$8.4 B	\$157.6 M	\$1.1 B	\$10.0 M	1.6 K
SynFutures (F)	\$2.4 B	\$72.9 M	\$276.0 M	\$506.2 K	2.7 K
ApolloX (APX)	\$1.5 B	\$288.0 M	\$32.9 M	\$369.1 K	174
Merkle Trade (MKL)	\$618.6 M	\$6.3 M	\$160.2 K	\$241.8 K	102
HMX (HMX)	\$201.5 M		\$1.1 M	\$70.0 K	22
MUX (MCB)	\$75.2 M	\$10.3 M	\$138.7 K	\$52.3 K	18
Synthetix (SNX)	\$71.0 M	\$228.6 M	\$538.7 M	\$315.1 K	8
Kwenta (KWENTA)	\$65.9 M	\$8.8 M	\$129.3 K	\$20.6 K	3
BMX (BMX)	\$28.0 M	\$19.3 M	\$2.0 M	\$58.9 K	97
Hegic (HEGIC)	\$3.6 M	\$72.2 M	\$5.0 M	\$163.0 K	6
IPOR Protocol (IPOR)	\$2.3 M	\$0.0	\$213.1	0.0	
Perpetual Protocol (PERP)	\$1.5 M	\$41.9 M	\$283.3 M	\$1.6 K	10
Polynomial Protocol	\$489.7 K	\$293.3	0.0	0.0	_
Holdstation (HOLD)	\$244.7 K	\$38.9 M	\$34.3 M	\$211.1	2
Volmex	\$3.7 K	\$11.1	0.0		_

Table 11 – CEX Transparency

Project	Notional	FDV	Token	Fees	DAU
	volume	(latest)	volume	(30d)	(latest)
	(30d)		(30d)		
Lido Finance (LDO)	\$38.3 B	\$1.3 B	\$5.8 B	\$84.1 M	461.0
Rocket Pool (RPL)	\$2.8 B	\$160.2 M	\$410.8 M	_	8.0
Jito (JTO)	\$2.8 B	\$1.7 B	\$1.3 B	\$39.1 M	646.3 K
Marinade (MNDE)	\$2.0 B	\$115.2 M	\$66.3 M	\$12.5 M	112.0
cbETH	\$1.9 B	_	_	_	
Liquid Collective	\$1.6 B	_	_	_	3.0
StakeWise (SWISE)	\$1.4 B	\$24.2 M	\$1.1 M	\$1.8 M	74.0
Swell (SWELL)	\$1.3 B	\$103.7 M	\$572.4 M	0.0	
Stader (SD)	\$671.3 M	\$83.8 M	\$490.8 M	\$80.8 K	13.0
Symbiotic	\$405.0 M	_	_	_	245.0
Frax Ether	\$398.4 M	_	\$900.1 K	0.0	
BENQI Liquid Staking	\$369.2 M	_	\$2.1 M	_	50.0
StakeStone	\$99.7 M		_	_	11.0
Ankr (ANKR)	\$41.3 M	\$157.4 M	\$521.4 M	_	1.0
StaFi (FIS)	\$9.0 M	\$19.0 M	\$374.0 M	0.0	
Allstake	_	_	_	_	_

Table 12 – Deal size

Exchange	Assets	Inflows	Spot vol	Open	Avg	Custom-
		(1m)	(24h)	interest	leverage	range inflow
				(24h)		
Binance	\$183.385b	\$1.489b	\$18.967b	\$38.966b	0.24x	\$1.99b
OKX	\$28.126b	\$3.663b	\$10.929b	_	0.39x	\$362.17m
Bybit	\$23.924b	\$270.68m	\$3.037b	\$25.448b	1.06x	-\$330.04m
Robinhood	\$21.69b	-\$844.61m	_			-\$835.73m
Bitfinex	\$27.391b	\$38.34m	\$249.97m	\$2.115b	0.10x	\$5.63m
Gemini	\$9.856b	\$211.25m	_			_
HTX	\$7.189b	-\$778.05m	\$3.198b	\$9.008b	1.27x	-\$662.2m
Gate	\$8.566b	-\$101.13m	\$3.053b	\$19.534b	3.03x	_
Bitget	\$5.713b	-\$122.28m	\$3.288b	\$25.038b	4.40x	-\$157.08m
BitMEX	\$5.589b	-\$52.0m	\$75,942	\$1.93b	0.35x	-\$72.67m
Deribit	\$5.05b	-\$45.96m	\$3.667b		0.73x	-\$274.63m
KuCoin	\$5.076b	-\$144.14m	\$1.682b	\$4.163b	0.99x	-\$147.57m
MEXC	\$4.058b	\$2.575b	\$2.953b	\$8.899b	2.32x	\$2.59b
Crypto.com	\$3.838b	-\$140.32m	\$3.602b	\$2.223b	0.62x	-\$142.65m
Bitstamp	\$3.158b	\$427.04m			_	_

Table 13 – Stage Bucket

Deal	Date range	Total	Median	Mean	Top-10	HHI by
		capital	deal	deal	share (%)	category
		(USD	(USD m)	(USD m)		(0-1)
		billions)				
6080	2014-06 to	121.37	5.00	19.96	11.5	0.296
	2025-08					

Table 14 – Deal categories

Stage Bucket	Total (USD m)	Deals	Median (USD m)
Unspecified	29,058.88	1134	6.00
Token Sale/SAFT	19,815.62	529	9.00
Series B	15,804.95	259	31.00
Series A	15,419.35	903	10.90
Series C+	13,892.97	109	80.00
Seed	10,996.38	2170	3.20
Debt/Convertible	6,017.79	112	5.21
Public/IPO	5,900.25	105	8.82
Bridge/Strategic	2,858.88	226	5.40
Pre-Seed	1,346.47	502	1.80
Grant	262.35	31	1.50

Table 15 – Comparable Companies Valuation Metrics

Deal category	Total (USD m)	Deals	Median (USD m)
DeFi & CeFi	34,588.98	1413	4.90
Web3 Infrastructure & Tools	19,023.68	875	6.00
Base Layers & Scaling	13,524.54	372	9.95
NFT, Gaming & Metaverse	7,940.97	570	4.72
AI, Analytics & Data	2,140.22	218	5.00
Security & Audits	650.23	47	6.00
Social, DAO & Identity	351.38	28	5.00

Table 16 – Exchange-Traded Funds (Spot BTC/ETH): Net Flow, AUM, Volume

Company	EV/Revenue (x)	EV/EBITDA (x)	Source
Coinbase (COIN)	14.71×	32.58×	WSJ Markets
Marathon Digital (MARA)	10.34×	5.79×	Yahoo Finance
Bitfarms (BITF)	2.46×	16.52×	WSJ Markets
Block (SQ)	1.91×	18.82×	WSJ Markets
PayPal (PYPL)	2.33×	10.94×	WSJ Markets
Adyen (ADYEN)	13.81×	23.04×	Yahoo Finance

Table 17 – Public Companies Holding Bitcoin as Treasury Assets (with Estimated BTC)

Ticker	Issuer	Net flow (USD)	AUM (USD)	Volume (USD)
IBIT	BlackRock	-\$127.5m	\$83.908b	\$2.142b
FBTC	Fidelity	-\$31.8m	\$22.316b	\$319.14m
ETHA	BlackRock	\$233.6m	\$14.787b	\$1.189b
ARKB	Ark/21Shares	-\$43.3m	\$4.689b	\$83.81m
BITB	Bitwise	\$0	\$2.124b	\$71.16m
HODL	VanEck	\$0	\$1.917b	\$11.04m
BTCO	Invesco/Galaxy	\$0	\$615.95m	\$5.86m
EZBC	Franklin	\$3.2m	\$600.79m	\$3.88m
	Templeton			
ETHW	Bitwise	\$7m	\$537.73m	\$32.87m
ETHV	VanEck	\$6.2m	\$253.59m	\$7.83m
BTCW	WisdomTree	\$0	\$176.52m	\$2.8m
EZET	Franklin	\$0	\$80.18m	\$2.64m
	Templeton			
QETH	Invesco/Galaxy	\$0	\$32.99m	\$1.12m
FETH	Fidelity	\$28.5m	\$55.79m	
ETH	Grayscale	\$6.4m	\$0	\$146.73m
ETHE	Grayscale	\$5.9m	\$0	\$148.95m

Table 18 – Interview participants (roles, seniority, knowledge, value-chain position)

Company	USD Value	Est. BTC @ \$116,515
MicroStrategy	\$52,413,816,248.14	449,846.08
TwentyOne Capital	\$4,889,812,001.60	41,967.23
MetaPlanet	\$1,933,490,337.47	16,594.35
MARA	\$1,848,194,442.12	15,862.29
Tesla	\$1,293,334,884.44	11,100.16
Hut 8	\$1,002,612,165.65	8,605.01
CleanSpark	\$978,478,952.30	8,397.88
SpaceX	\$931,061,016.15	7,990.91
Riot Platforms	\$796,353,687.91	6,834.77
Semler Scientific	\$567,270,903.55	4,868.65

Table 19 – Mini-bios for low-literacy participants

ID	Role	Seniority	Knowledge	Value-chain
				position
P1	Administrative	Mid	Low	Retailer
P2	Strategy	Junior	Low	Consultancy
P3	Compliance / Operations	Mid	Low	Consultancy
P4	Strategy	Junior	Low	Regulator liaison
P5	Strategy	Mid	Medium	Operation
P6	Compliance / Legal	Senior	High	Legal-tech vendor
P7	Operations	Senior	High	VASP exchange
P8	Risk (cyber)	Senior	High	Tech vendor
P9	Compliance / Strategy	Senior	High	Consultancy
P10	Regulator	Senior	High	Supervisor
P11	Strategy / IT	Senior	High	Tech vendor
P11	Strategy	Senior	High	Bank
P13	IT / Operations	Senior	High	Bank
P14	Strategy	Mid	High	Market provider
P15	Operations	Mid	Medium	VASP support

 $Table\ 20-Mini-bios\ for\ high-literacy\ participants$

Pseudonym	Role & sector (≤40 words)	Dominant viewpoint
P1	Rolling-stock technician at Italy's state	Prefers regulated bank rails for
	rail operator; daily tasks revolve around	routine payments; sees crypto
	physical infrastructure, not fintech.	useful only for small
		discretionary buys (e.g., a
		low-value NFT) and stresses that
		client funds must be "al sicuro"
		(safe).
P2	Administrative clerk in the Italian public	Values digital security and sees
	sector; uses government "app IO" and	tokenization's promise in
	SPID digital ID for e-government	stronger identity/authentication,
	services; minimal exposure to blockchain.	but believes adoption hinges on
		widespread uptake by public
		bodies.
P3	Accounting assistant at a Luxembourg	Questions the practical use-case
	SME; familiar with SEPA but not with	of tokenised funds—"our
	RWA.	custodian already gives
		same-day NAV".
P4	Law-student intern at an	Sees regulation as a
	asset-management boutique; coursework	pre-condition for safety but is
	includes broader digital-law frameworks	unclear on operational steps to
	(e.g., GDPR, PSD2), but no hands-on	onboard investors.
	DLT work.	

Table 21 – Proposition and Key Evidence

Pseudonym	Role & sector (≤40 words)	Dominant viewpoint
P6	Regulatory lawyer; advises EU fund	Tokenized funds can cut
	managers on MiCA compliance.	intermediated costs by up
		to 30 % and increase liquidity;
		warns the annual MiCA audit
		cadence is the biggest schedule
		risk.
P9	Policy officer (Luxembourg supervisor).	Risk-assessment guidance and
		key-management standards,
		setting the regulatory baseline
		for VASPs and banks.
P11	Head of Digital Assets Operations.	Built API connectors to
		core-banking; cites whitepaper
		approvals and ongoing audit
		requirements as the hardest
		hurdles.
P10	Strategy lead in digital-assets unit.	Stresses governance structures &
		dedicated budgets as
		accelerators; promotes modular
		compliance frameworks for
		cross-border variability.