### Homework 4: CNN

(Due Date: Jul 15, 2025)

# **Question 1: Convolution Operation**

#### Convolution Operation (No Pooling, Stride = 1)

Given the input matrix  $(7 \times 7 \text{ with zero-padding already included})$ :

and the convolution filter:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

We compute the output using stride = 1 and valid padding, i.e., the filter slides only where it fits entirely within the input. Here, input size (n)=7, filter size (f)=3, and stride (s)=1.

Output size 
$$= \left| \frac{n-f}{s} \right| + 1 = \left| \frac{7-3}{1} \right| + 1 = 5$$

Resulting output matrix  $(5 \times 5)$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 & 2 & 4 & 1 \\ -7 & -1 & 6 & 4 & 1 \\ -5 & 0 & 3 & 3 & 2 \\ -5 & -5 & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ -1 & -6 & -3 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

For example, the top-left output value is calculated as follows:

Position 
$$(0,0)$$
: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = (0 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot (-1)) + (0 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot (-1)) + (0 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot (-1)) = -2 - 1 = -3$$

### Convolution Operation (No Pooling, Stride = 2)

Given the  $7\times7$  input matrix and the  $3\times3$  convolution filter, the output using stride = 2 is a  $3\times3$  matrix given by:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 1 \\ -5 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

For example, let us apply the filter starting at row 0, column 2 of the input

Position 
$$(0,1)$$
: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = (0 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot (-1)) + (2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot (-1)) + (1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot (-1)) = 1 + 1 = 2$$

# Convolution followed by Max Pooling ( $3 \times 3$ pool size, stride = 2)

The output of the convolution operation with stride = 1 is already calculated in the first part of the problem and is given by:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 & 2 & 4 & 1 \\ -7 & -1 & 6 & 4 & 1 \\ -5 & 0 & 3 & 3 & 2 \\ -5 & -5 & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ -1 & -6 & -3 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Let's apply  $3\times3$  max pooling on the above result with a stride of 2.

• Region starting at (0,0):

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 & 2 \\ -7 & -1 & 6 \\ -5 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \to max = 6$$

• Region starting at (0,2):

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 6 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{max} = 6$$

• Region starting at (2,0):

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 & 0 & 3 \\ -5 & -5 & 1 \\ -1 & -6 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \max = 3$$

• Region starting at (2,2):

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 \\ -3 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{max} = 5$$

Final Output After Pooling  $(2\times2)$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 6 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$