

Pre-Lecture Quiz, Chapter 23, Adrenergic Drugs

Matching

1. Match the type of shock in Column A with the activity exhibited in Column B

1. Hypovolemic	A. Massive infection causes blood vessel dilation and no additional blood volume
2. Anaphylactic	B. Too much blood loss
3. Cardiogenic	C. Vasodilation due to a hypersensitive reaction
4. Septic	D. Result of excess diuresis
	E. Tissues are not perfused due to reduced cardiac output

True/False

1. Activation of the sympathetic nervous system is typically called the fight, flight, or freeze response.
2. Adrenergic drugs are also called sympathomimetic because they affect the sympathetic nervous system.
3. The primary organs affected by adrenergic drugs are those of the gastrointestinal and urinary systems.
4. The use of adrenergic drugs can increase insulin need in clients with diabetes.
5. Self-administration of an adrenergic drug is strictly forbidden.

Fill in the Blank

1. Because this system of nerves regulates other body system automatically, it is named the _____ nervous system.
2. The primarily neurotransmitter in the sympathetic branch of the nervous system is called _____.
3. The purpose of stimulating the sympathetic nerves is to divert blood flow to _____ organs so the body can respond to a stressful situation.

4. The sympathetic branch is also known as the _____ branch because the system is based on the neurohormone adrenalin.