## **Temple College**

# **Vocational Nursing Program**

VNSG 1234: Pediatrics

Objectives - Module V

## Chapter 28, 29, 31

#### Chapter 28

- 1. Identify common diagnostic test for Gastrointestinal disorders and discuss the differences between the GI system of a child and of the adult.
- 2. Describe the pathophysiology, diagnosis, manifestations, and treatment and nursing care of the following:
  - Esophageal Atresia
  - Imperforated Anus
  - Pyloric Stenosis
  - Celiac Disease
  - ➤ Hirschsprung's Disease
  - > Intussusception
- 3. Describe the pathophysiology, manifestations, treatment, and nursing care of vomiting, diarrhea, gastroesophageal reflux, and constipation in the infant and child. Identify potential complications.
- 4. Identify aspects of fluid and electrolyte balance significant in the care of children and compare the three types of dehydration and the medical management of each type.
- 5. Discuss the pathophysiology, manifestations, and treatment/nursing care for the following:
  - > Failure to thrive
  - Kwashiorkor
  - Rickets
  - Scurvy
  - Appendicitis
  - > Thrush

### **Chapter 29**

- 1. Compare the characteristics of the child and the adult GU system
- 2. Identify common diagnostic procedures associated with disorders of the urinary and reproductive systems.

- 3. Discuss the pathophysiology, diagnosis, manifestations, treatment, and nursing care for the following:
  - Phimosis
  - > Hypospadia and epispadius
  - > Exstrophy of the bladder
  - Obstructive uropathy
  - Acute urinary tract infection
  - Nephrotic syndrome
  - > Acute glomerulonephritis
  - ➤ Wilm's tumor
  - Hydrocele Cryptorchidism
- 4. Discuss the effects of GU surgery on the growth and development process of the child.

#### Chapter 31

- 1. Discuss the function and purpose of the endocrine system and identify common endocrine/metabolic disorders in children.
- 2. Describe the pathophysiology, diagnosis, manifestations, treatment, and nursing care for the following:
  - > Tay-Sachs disease
  - Hypothyroidism
  - Diabetes insipidus
  - Diabetes mellitus
- 3. Describe the following diagnostic blood test used in diabetic assessment:
  - Blood glucose
  - > Fasting blood glucose
  - Glycosylated hemoglobin test
- 4. Discuss what ketoacidosis is and the treatment and nursing care.
- 5. Identify the educational needs of the parents and the child with diabetes mellitus in the following areas:
  - Nutrition and meal planning
  - Exercise
  - Blood glucose tests and monitoring
  - Administration of insulin
  - Skin and foot care