ECE 364 Project: Steganography Phase II

Due: December 08, 2014

Steganography Browser

Completing this project phase will satisfy course objectives CO2, CO3 and CO4

Instructions

- Work in your Lab11 directory.
- There are no files to copy for this lab.
- This is the second of two phases for the course project for ECE 364. Each phase is worth 11% of your overall course grade.
- This is an **individual** project. All submissions will be checked for plagiarism using an online service.
- Remember to add and commit all files to SVN. Also remember to use your header file to start all scripts. We will grade the version of the file that is in SVN!
- Name and spell your scripts exactly as instructed. When you are required to generate output, make sure it matches the specifications exactly, since your scripts will be graded by a computer.
- The use of PyCharm is strongly encouraged, but *not* mandatory. If you have not used PyCharm before this lab, you might want to use a regular text editor, as the TAs are not responsible for teaching you how to use the PyCharm IDE.
- If you are using PyCharm, make sure you are using Python 3.X for your project. Otherwise, the IDE will give you pain. To verify/modify the Python version, go to:

File Menu \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Project Interpreter

And make sure that Python 3.X is selected.

Introduction

By now, you should have completed the first phase of the project, where you have implemented embedding and extracting of different message types within an image medium, without affecting its visual appearance. In this phase, you are going to implemented a simple File Browser Application, using PySide and the Qt Framework, that uses your "Phase I" code. The purpose of the Browser Application is to quickly identify what images have messages in them, and what these messages are. Furthermore, it needs to offer a facility to remove the messages from their mediums as a mechanism for clean-up. For this phase, all of the functionality that you will implement must be accessible from the GUI, and not from the command-line.

The GUI Design

You are given the UI file SteganographyGUI.ui that has been designed using the Qt Designer. Convert it into SteganographyGUI.py to be usable by Python, and create a file called SteganographyBrowser.py and do your work in it. The GUI main window is shown in Figure 1. Aside from the Qt widgets that you have used before in the lab, in this application you will utilize: the Tree View, the Graphics View and the Stacked Widget. You should check the PySide documentation to understand the functionality of these widgets.

The Stacked Widget, and similarly the more popular Tab Widget, allows you to create multiple widgets in your window, but only display a subset of them at a time. To do so, the widget uses the concept of "pages", where it can contain multiple pages, with any number of widgets in each one. The application, or the user, selects what page to display at any point in time. In this application, we are going to use the Stacked Widget to switch between two pages: Page 1 contains a Graphics View for displaying images, and Page 2 contains a Line Edit for displaying text. Note that, while this is acceptable for this project, this is not always a good practice; because the undisplayed widgets still consume some resources.

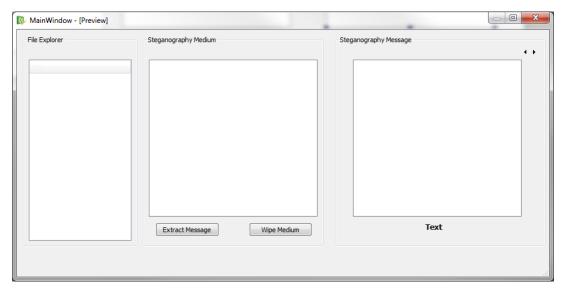


Figure 1: The File Browser GUI.

"NewSteganography" Class

You will need to extend your Steganography class to include some additional functionality. Create a new class named NewSteganography that inherits from Steganography and adds the following two new functions:

1. wipeMedium(self):

Erase the message from the medium by resetting the Least Significant Bit in every pixel to 0, and save the medium image to the same location.

2. checkIfMessageExists(self):

Check if the current medium contains a message or not, without performing a full extraction. If a message exists, return the tuple (True, messageType) where messageType is Text, GrayImage or ColorImage. If a message does not exist, return the tuple (False, None). This function should give an instantaneous answer, in order to have a responsive UI.

If you do not wish to exercise inheritance, copy the content of your old class into the new one, and add the functions to it.

Application Behavior

Initial State

Before displaying the main window, the application should start by popping up a Dialog Box asking the user to select a "Folder" that contains some images. If the user does *not* select any folder, then the application should *not* start. The application will, then, examine all of the image files in that folder to determine which ones have messages embedded in them (along with the messages' types,) and which ones do not. Once all the images are examined, the main window can then be displayed, with only the Tree View widget enabled. This will be the application's "Initial State", which will help drive the rest of application behavior.

An example of an initial-state window is shown in Figure 2, where the images that do not contain any messages are shown in Blue (with no sub-items), while the ones that do are shown in Bold Red, with the message type shown as a sub-item in Green (You may choose a different set of colors other than those three shown, and you also may choose to give a different color for each message type.) Note how all of the widgets have been disabled to force the user to select an image from the list.

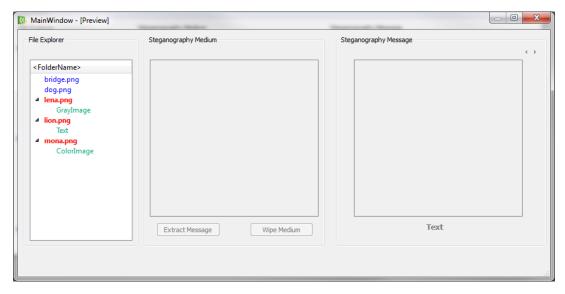


Figure 2: The Initial State of the Application.

Image Selection & Message Extraction

From the initial state, the user can select an image name from the Tree View to display in the "Steganography Medium" Graphics View. The application state will depend on the type of the image selected, and should be as follows:

- If the image selected does *not* contain any message, the image is only displayed, but no other changes should occur.
- If the image selected **does** contain a message, the image is displayed and all of the other widgets are enabled. Additionally:
 - If the message type is "GrayImage" or "ColorImage", the Stacked Widget is set to display the page with the Graphics View.
 - If the message type is "Text", the widget is set to display the page with the Line Edit.

Figure 3 shows examples of the application's state at each image type. Note that, at this point, the message is *not* yet extracted.

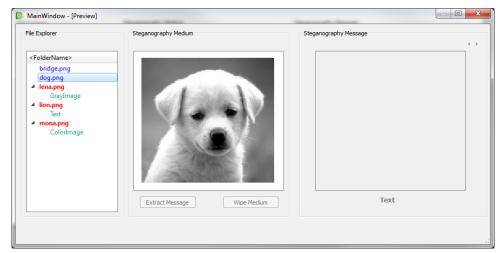
• To extract a message, the user must click on "Extract Message" to perform the extraction, and display the message, be it a text or an image, in the appropriate widget. Figure 4 shows the application state after extraction. (Note how the "Extract Message" button has been disabled.)

Wiping the Medium Image

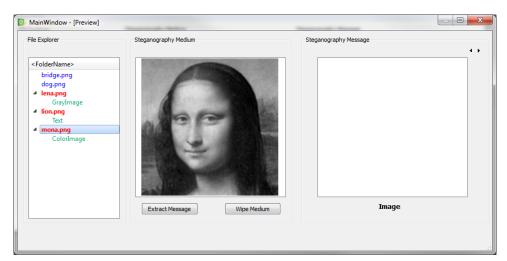
At any point in the application lifetime, when a medium containing a message is selected, if the user decides to erase the message from a medium and clicks on the button "Wipe Medium", the application should perform the following actions:

- Pop up a QMessageBox asking the user to confirm an irreversible action. Continue only if the user agrees.
- Clear the message display widget (i.e. the Graphics View or the Line Edit) if the message has been extracted, and disable the "Steganography Message" widget.
- Erase the message from the medium by reseting the LSB to 0 in all pixels.
- Save the wiped medium image in the same location with the same name.
- Update the Tree View to reflect that the medium does not contain a message anymore.

Figure 5 shows an example of the application state before and after wiping a medium.



(a) Medium with no message

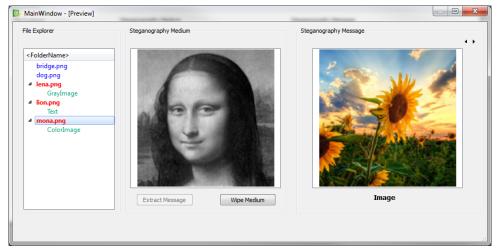


(b) Medium with an image message



(c) Medium with a text message

Figure 3: Application state when an image is selected.



(a) Image message extracted



(b) Text message extracted

Figure 4: Application state when a message has been extracted.



(a) Before wiping the medium



(b) After wiping the medium

Figure 5: Application state when a medium is wiped.

Extra Credit

Decryption

Extend the capability of your Browser Application to include decryption. When the user requests message extraction, if the message detected in a medium is encrypted, you will need to perform the following:

- Pop up a Message Box requesting a password. Make sure you "mask" the user input in the text widget so that the password is not displayed.
- Perform the decryption only if the user clicks "OK". Otherwise, return to the application without decryption, and do not display the message content.
- If the message type is "Text", it is possible to verify whether the password entered is correct or not. If the password is correct, perform the decryption and display the data in the Line Edit widget. Otherwise, pop up a Message Box indicating that the password entered is wrong and return without displaying the message.

Early Submission

The submission deadline for this project is Monday, Dec. 8th, at 11:59:59PM. That said:

- If you submit your work by Thursday, Dec. 4th, at 11:59:59PM, and demo on Friday, Dec. 5th, you will receive 10% bonus credit to your project grade.
- If you submit your work by Saturday, Dec. 6th, at 11:59:59PM, and demo on Monday, Dec. 8th, you will receive 5% bonus credit to your project grade.

Grading Requirements

In addition to checking in your code files, you will need to demonstrate the functionality of your program to your TA to complete this Phase. Perform the following tasks to your TA:

- 1. Start the application \rightarrow Do *not* select a folder. Expected: Form will not display, and application will exit.
- 2. Start the application \rightarrow Select a folder.

<u>Expected</u>: Form is shown in the initial state **within reasonable time**, and with the right image information.

- 3. From Initial State \rightarrow Click on an empty medium.
 - Expected: Medium image is displayed with no other widgets enabled.
- 4. Click on a medium with a text message. (Repeat with gray & color images.) Expected: Medium image is displayed with widgets enabled. No extraction yet.
- 5. Click on a medium with a text message \rightarrow Click on "Extract Message". (Repeat with gray & color images.)
 - Expected: Medium image is displayed. Message is displayed. "Extract Message" is disabled.
- 6. Click on a medium with a text message \rightarrow Click on "Wipe Medium". (Repeat with gray & color images.)
 - Expected: Message is wiped. Tree View updated to reflect empty medium. Widgets are disabled.
- 7. Optional: Click on a medium with an encrypted text message \rightarrow Click on "Extract Message" \rightarrow Enter correct password.
 - Expected: Medium image is displayed. Password is requested. Message is displayed. "Extract Message" is disabled.

8. Optional: Click on a medium with an encrypted text message \rightarrow Click on "Extract Message" \rightarrow Enter wrong password.

<u>Expected:</u> Medium image is displayed. Password is requested. Message is *not* displayed. "Extract Message" is still enabled.

Comments

- Note that selecting the scanning direction has not been offered to the user. You will need to handle both directions internally in your program.
- All of the functions **must be commented.** You will lose points if any function does not contain any documentation/comments.
- Your grade for this phase is based on your demo to the TA. You can use any of the lab machines or your personal laptop for development and demoing your work. Failing to demonstrate your work to your TA will result in a zero credit for this phase.
- Your submission must consist of the files SteganographyGUI.ui, SteganographyGUI.py, Steganography Browser.py and NewSteganography.py.