module-1

August 27, 2021

1 Module 1

1.1 Setup

1.2 Win / Loss

```
[2]: win_prob = 20/100
loss_prob = 80/100
win_prob + loss_prob == 1
```

[2]: True

1.3 Exam Scores

```
[3]: scores = {"50-60": 20, "61-80": 30, "81-100": 50}

[4]: tot = sum(scores.values())
    probs = np.divide(list(scores.values()),tot)
    print(probs)

[0.2 0.3 0.5]

[5]: sum(probs) == 1
[5]: True
```

1.4 Coin Toss

```
[6]: np.random.choice(["heads", "tails"])
```

[6]: 'heads'

1.5 Roll Dice

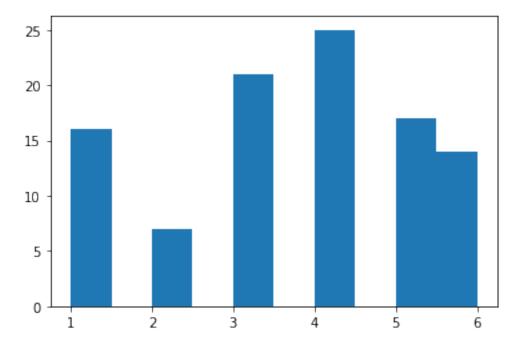
```
[7]: np.random.randint(1,6)

[7]: 3

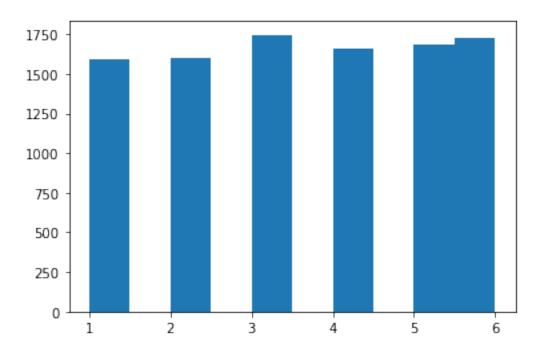
[8]: def roll_dice(n):
    return np.random.randint(1, 7, n)

[9]: rolls = [roll_dice(n) for n in [100, 10000, 1000000]]

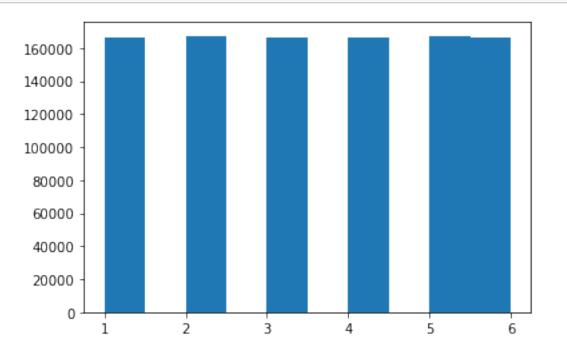
[10]: plt.hist(rolls[0]);
```



```
[11]: plt.hist(rolls[1]);
```



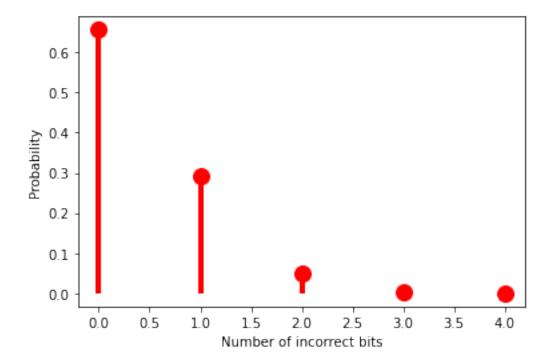
[12]: plt.hist(rolls[2]);



```
[14]: sum(di_probs.values())
```

[14]: 0.999999999999999

1.6 Digital Channel (Ex 3.5)



1.6.1 Cumulative Sum

```
[39]: print(np.cumsum(pk))
[0.6561 0.9477 0.9963 0.9999 1. ]
```

1.6.2 Expectation Value

```
[40]: mu = np.dot(xk, pk)
print(mu)
```

0.4

1.6.3 Variance

```
[41]: var = sum([p*(x-mu)**2 for x, p in zip(xk, pk)])
print(var)
```

0.3600000000000001

Note that np.var() calculates the population variance with equal weights (assuming default arguments for np.var()). Notice that the result is incorrect.

```
[42]: np.var(pk)
```

[42]: 0.06357454

Helper Function for Mean and Variance

```
[43]: def dist_mean_var(xk, pk):
    mu = np.dot(xk, pk)
    var = sum([p*(x-mu)**2 for x, p in zip(xk, pk)])
    return mu, var
```

1.6.4 Standard Deviation

```
[44]: np.sqrt(var)
```

[44]: 0.6000000000000001

```
[45]: mu, var = dist_mean_var(xk, pk)
print(mu, var)
```

0.4 0.3600000000000001

1.7 NiCd Battery (3.3.6)

```
[24]: battery = {0: 0.17, 2: 0.35, 3: 0.33, 4: 0.15}
    charges = list(battery.keys())
    vals = list(battery.values())
    cdf = np.cumsum(vals)
    print(cdf)
```

[0.17 0.52 0.85 1.]

```
[25]: n = 10000
 x = np.linspace(0, 5, num=n)
```

```
c1 = (x >= 0) & (x < 2)

c2 = (x >= 2) & (x < 3)

c3 = (x >= 3) & (x < 4)

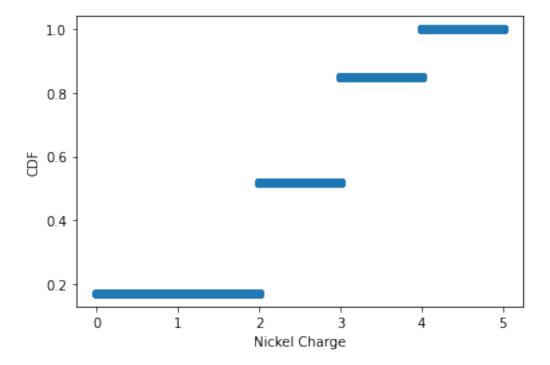
c4 = x >= 4

conds = [c1, c2, c3, c4]

pw = np.piecewise(x, conds, cdf)
```

```
[26]: plt.scatter(x,pw)
   plt.xlabel("Nickel Charge")
   plt.ylabel("CDF")
```

[26]: Text(0, 0.5, 'CDF')



```
[27]: mu, var = dist_mean_var(charges, vals)
sigma = np.sqrt(var)
print(mu, sigma)
```

2.29 1.2559060474414476

2 Code Graveyard

```
[28]: n = 10000
x = np.linspace(0, 100, num=n)
c1 = (x >= 50) & (x <= 60)
```

```
c2 = (x >= 61) & (x <= 80)
      c3 = (x >= 81) & (x <= 100)
      conds = [c1, c2, c3]
      vals = np.array([20/(60-50), 30/(80-61), 50/(100-81)])/n
[29]: pw = np.piecewise(x, conds, vals)
     print(pw)
     [0.
                 0.
                            0.
                                       ... 0.00026316 0.00026316 0.00026316]
[30]: sum(pw)
[30]: 0.99999999999853
[31]: [sum(c*pw) for c in conds]
[31]: [0.2000000000000367, 0.2999999999941, 0.50000000000163]
[32]: conds = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
      vals = [0.6561, 0.2916, 0.0486, 0.0036, 0.0001]
      digi_chan = {cond: val for cond, val in zip(conds,vals)}
      print(digi_chan)
     {0: 0.6561, 1: 0.2916, 2: 0.0486, 3: 0.0036, 4: 0.0001}
        Print to PDF
     3
```

```
[]: os.system("jupyter nbconvert --to pdf module-1.ipynb")
```