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Chapter 1

Computational Thinking, Scratch

- 1.1 Binary Number System
- 1.2 Algorithms
- 1.3 Time Complexity
- 1.4 Pseudocode
- 1.5 Scratch

This was only an introductory lecture. Click here for more details.

Chapter 2

 \mathbf{C}

2.1 Hello World

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    printf("Hello, World!\n");
}
```

Program 2.1: Hello World in C

Remark. Need to compile using a compiler like clang or gcc.

2.2 Input

Remark. In case of errors in compiling, start by trying to fix the first one, and so on.

Remark. Use -lcs50 to link cs50.h header.

Remark. Use make to ease your life compiling!

```
#include <cs50.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)

{
    string answer = get_string("What's your name?\n");
    printf("Hello, %s!\n", answer);
}
```

Program 2.2: Hello User in C

2.3 Initialization

```
int counter = 0;
```

2.4 Increment

```
counter = counter + 1;
counter += 1;
counter++; // Syntactic Sugar
```

2.5 Conditionals

2.6 Loops

2.6.1 While Loop

```
Infinite Loop
```

```
while(true)
{
}
```

Repeat

```
int i = 0;
while(i < 50)</pre>
```

```
{
          printf("Hello World!\n");
          i = i+1;
}
```

2.6.2 For Loop

```
for(int i = 0; i < 50; i += 1)
{
          printf("Hello World!\n");
}</pre>
```

2.7 Additional Info

2.7.1 Datatypes

Some of these (like string) are implemented in cs50.h library.

- bool
- char
- double
- float
- int
- long
- \bullet string
- ...

2.7.2 Functions

They are implemented in cs50.h library.

- get_char
- get_float
- get_double
- get_int

- get_long
- get_string
- ...

2.7.3 Placeholders

- %c for char
- %f for float
- %i for int
- %li for long
- %s for string

2.7.4 Arithmetic Operations

- +
- -
- *
- /
- %

2.8 Examples

2.8.1 Arithmetic

```
#include <cs50.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)

int age = get_int("What's your age?\n");

// int days = age * 365;

// printf("You are atleast %i days old.\n", days);

printf("You are atleast %i days old.\n", age * 365);
}
```

Program 2.3: int.c

```
#include <cs50.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)

float price = get_float("What's the price?\n");

// printf("Your total is %f.\n", price * 1.18);

printf("Your total is %.2f.\n", price * 1.18);
}
```

Program 2.4: float.c

```
#include <cs50.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main(void)
   {
       int n = get_int("n: ");
       if (n \% 2 == 0)
       {
           printf("even.\n");
10
       }
11
       else
12
       {
13
           printf("odd.\n");
       }
15
   }
16
```

Program 2.5: parity.c

2.8.2 Conditional

```
// Conditions and relational operators
   #include <cs50.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main(void)
   {
       // Prompt user for x
       int x = get_int("x: ");
9
10
       // Prompt user for y
11
       int y = get_int("y: ");
12
13
       // Compare x and y
       if (x < y)
15
16
           printf("x is less than y\n");
17
       }
18
       else if (x > y)
19
20
           printf("x is greater than y\n");
       }
22
       else
23
24
           printf("x is equal to y\n");
25
       }
26
   }
27
```

Program 2.6: conditions.c

2.8.3 Logical

```
1 // Logical operators
   #include <cs50.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main(void)
   {
5
       // Prompt user to agree
       char c = get_char("Do you agree?\n");
       // Check whether agreed
       if (c == 'Y' || c == 'y')
9
10
            printf("Agreed.\n");
11
       }
12
       else if (c == 'N' \mid \mid \mid c == 'n')
13
            printf("Not agreed.\n");
15
       }
16
   }
17
```

Program 2.7: agree.c

2.8.4 Loop

```
// Opportunity for better design

#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
   printf("cough\n");
   printf("cough\n");
   printf("cough\n");
}
```

Program 2.8: cough0.c

```
1  // Better design
2
3  #include <stdio.h>
4
5  int main(void)
6  {
7     for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
8     {
9        printf("cough\n");
10     }
11 }</pre>
```

Program 2.9: cough1.c

2.8.5 Function

```
// Abstraction
   #include <stdio.h>
   void cough(void);
   int main(void)
       for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
10
            cough();
11
       }
12
   }
13
   // Cough once
15
   void cough(void)
16
17
       printf("cough\n");
   }
19
```

Program 2.10: cough2.c

```
// Abstraction with parameterization
   #include <stdio.h>
   void cough(int n);
   int main(void)
       cough(3);
10
  // Cough some number of times
   void cough(int n)
13
14
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
15
16
           printf("cough\n");
17
       }
   }
19
```

Program 2.11: cough3.c

```
// Abstraction and scope
   #include <cs50.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int get_positive_int(void);
   int main(void)
   {
       int i = get_positive_int();
10
       printf("%i\n", i);
11
12
13
   // Prompt user for positive integer
   int get_positive_int(void)
   {
       int n;
       do
18
19
           n = get_int("Positive Integer: ");
20
21
       while (n < 1);
22
       return n;
   }
24
```

Program 2.12: positive.c

```
// Prints a row of 4 question marks

#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
 printf("????\n");
}
```

Program 2.13: mario0.c

```
// Prints a row of n question marks with a loop
  #include <cs50.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main(void)
       int n;
       do
9
10
           n = get_int("Width: ");
       while (n < 1);
13
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
14
15
           printf("?");
16
17
       printf("\n");
18
   }
19
```

Program 2.14: mario2.c

```
// Prints an n-by-n grid of bricks with a loop
   #include <cs50.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main(void)
   {
       int n;
       do
       {
10
           n = get_int("Size: ");
11
12
       while (n < 1);
13
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
14
15
           for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
16
17
                printf("#");
18
19
           printf("\n");
20
       }
21
   }
22
```

Program 2.15: mario8.c

2.9 Limitations

```
/\!/ \ \textit{Floating-point arithmetic with float}
   #include <cs50.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main(void)
       // Prompt user for x
8
       float x = get_float("x: ");
9
10
       // Prompt user for y
       float y = get_float("y: ");
12
13
       // Perform division
14
       printf("x / y = \%.50f\n", x / y);
15
   }
16
```

Program 2.16: floats.c

Program 2.17: overflow.c

Click here for more examples.