

2<sup>nd</sup> Dec '21

#90 Days Day SA

Page



Date

Day - 1

## Time and Space Complexity

```
for (i = n; i >= 1; i = i/2)
{
    stmt;
}
```

i	stmt.
8	1
4	1
2	1

## Formulae:

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  $\rightarrow O(n)$   
for (i = 0; i < n; i = i + 2)  $\rightarrow O(n)$   $\frac{n}{2} \rightarrow O(n)$   
for (i = n; i > 1; i--)  $\rightarrow O(n)$   
for (i = 1; i < n; i = i \* 2)  $\rightarrow O(\log_2 n)$   
for (i = 1; i < n; i = i \* 3)  $\rightarrow O(\log_3 n)$   
for (i = n; i > 1; i = i/2)  $\rightarrow O(\log_2 n)$

Statement

If there is a conditional, then it may decide diff the number / ~~time~~ amount of time.

Time complexity: Time taken by an algorithm as a function of the length of input.

While find Big O notation

- \* Ignore const. and small powers
- \* Consider the max power of n.

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# 90DaysDSA

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Day-2

$n^2 \log n$

$$1 < \log n < \sqrt{n} < n < n \log n < n^2 < n^3 < \dots < 2^n < 3^n < n^n$$

Time complexity used for comparing algorithms & analysing which one is better.

$O(1)$  - const. complexity

`<ctime>` - library in c++ for time stamp / time measure

i	0
0	n
1	n-1
2	n-2
.	.
i	1
n	n(n-1)