JavaLand, 16.03.2021

Ich packe meinen Testtoolkoffer und nehme mit...

Testwerkzeuge für den Entwickleralltag

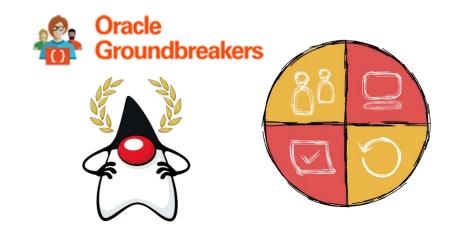
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Zu meiner Person

- Sandra Parsick
- Freiberuflicher Softwareentwickler und Consultant im Java-Umfeld
- Schwerpunkte:
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 - Agile Methoden
 - Software Craftmanship
 - Automatisierung von Entwicklungsprozessen
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Agenda

Testdaten

Integrierte Tests

Testcode-Duplizierung

Concurrency

Schlecht lesbare Assertions

Tests, die nur unter bestimmten Bedingungen laufen

Problem: Diese Tests können nur unter

bestimmten Bedingungen laufen.

JUnit 5 – Conditional Test Execution

```
// Operating System Conditions
        @Test
        @EnabledOnOs(OS.LINUX)
        void testForLinux(){
             assertTrue(true):
10
11
        @Test
        @EnabledOnOs(OS.WINDOWS)
13
        void testForWindows(){
             assertTrue(true);
14
15
16
17
        @Test
18
        @EnabledOnOs({OS.LINUX, OS.WINDOWS})
        void testForLinuxAndWindows(){
19
20
             assertTrue(true);
21
23
        @Test
24
        @DisabledOnOs(OS.LINUX)
        void testNotForLinux(){
26
            assertTrue(true);
```

```
// Java Runtime Environment Conditions
29
        @Test
        @EnabledOnJre(JRE.JAVA 8)
        void onlyOnJava8() {
33
             assertTrue(true);
34
35
37
        @Test
38
        @EnabledOnJre({ JRE.JAVA 9, JRE.JAVA 10 })
        void onJava90r10() {
40
             assertTrue(true):
41
42
43
        @Test
        @DisabledOnJre(JRE.JAVA 8)
        void notOnJava8() {
46
            assertTrue(true);
```

JUnit 5 – Conditional Test Execution

```
// System Property Conditions
51
52
        @Test
        @EnabledIfSystemProperty(named = "os.arch", matches = ".*64.*")
53
        void onlvOn64BitArchitectures() {
54
55
            assertTrue(true);
56
57
58
        @BeforeEach
59
        void setup(){
            System.setProperty("ci-server", "true");
63
64
        @Test
        @DisabledIfSystemProperty(named = "ci-server", matches = "true")
65
        @EnabledIfSystemProperty(named = "ci-server", matches = "true")
        void notOnCiServer() {
            assertTrue(true);
```

JUnit 5 – Conditional Test Execution

```
// Environment Variable Conditions
        // variable can be set in idea run configuration
        // ENV1=staging-server
        // ENV2=local.development
74
75
76
        @Test
        @EnabledIfEnvironmentVariable(named = "ENV1", matches = "staging-server")
        void onlyOnStagingServer() {
78
            assertTrue(true);
80
81
        @Test
        @DisabledIfEnvironmentVariable(named = "ENV2", matches = ".*development.*")
83
        void notOnDeveloperWorkstation() {
84
            assertTrue(true);
86
```

Problem: Testcode Duplizierung

```
public class Position {
    private int xCoordinate;
    private int vCoordinate;
    public Position(int xCoordinate, int yCoordinate) {
        this.xCoordinate = xCoordinate;
                                                                          public Position moveForward(Direction facingDirection) {
        this.yCoordinate = yCoordinate;
                                                                              int newX = xCoordinate:
                                                                              int newY = yCoordinate;
                                                                              switch (facingDirection) {
    public Position moveBackward(Direction facingDirection) {
                                                                                  case NORTH:
        int newX = xCoordinate:
                                                                                      newY++:
        int newY = yCoordinate;
                                                                                      break;
        switch (facingDirection) {
                                                                                  case SOUTH:
            case NORTH:
                                                                                      newY--:
                newY--;
                                                                                      break:
                break;
                                                                                  case WEST:
            case SOUTH:
                                                                                      newX--;
                newY++;
                                                                                      break;
                break:
                                                                                  case EAST:
            case WEST:
                                                                                      newX++;
                newX++;
                                                                                      break;
                break:
            case EAST:
                newX--;
                                                                              return new Position(newX, newY);
                break;
        return new Position (newX, newY);
```

Naiver Ansatz

```
class PositionNaiveTest {
8
9
        @Test
        void moveBackward toNorth() {
10
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
11
12
13
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveBackward(Direction.NORTH);
14
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(new Position(10, 9));
15
16
17
18
        @Test
19
        void moveBackward toEast() {
20
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
21
22
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveBackward(Direction.EAST);
23
24
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(new Position(9, 10));
25
26
```

```
27
        @Test
28
        void moveBackward toSouth() {
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
29
30
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveBackward(Direction.SOUTH);
31
32
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(new Position(10, 11));
33
34
35
36
        @Test
37
        void moveBackward toWest() {
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
38
39
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveBackward(Direction.WEST);
40
41
42
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(new Position(11, 10));
43
44
```

Parametrizierte Tests mit JUnit 4

```
@RunWith(Parameterized,class)
    public class PositionMoveBackwardJUnit4Test {
        private final Direction direction;
 4
        private final Position expectedPosition;
 6
        public PositionMoveBackwardJUnit4Test(Direction direction, Position expectedPosition) {
            this.direction = direction:
 8
            this.expectedPosition = expectedPosition;
10
11
        @Parameterized.Parameters
12
        public static Collection moveBackwardParameter() {
13
14
            return Arrays.asList(new Object[][]{
15
                    {Direction.NORTH, new Position(10, 9)},
16
                     {Direction.EAST, new Position(9, 10)},
17
                     {Direction.SOUTH, new Position(10, 11)},
                    {Direction.WEST, new Position(11, 10)}
18
19
            });
20
21
22
        @Test
23
        public void moveBackward() {
24
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveBackward(direction);
25
26
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(expectedPosition);
27
28
```

```
@RunWith(Parameterized.class)
    public class PositionMoveForwardJUnit4Test {
        private final Direction direction;
        private final Position expectedPosition;
        public PositionMoveForwardJUnit4Test(Direction direction, Position expectedPosition) {
            this.direction = direction:
            this.expectedPosition = expectedPosition;
10
11
12
        @Parameterized.Parameters
13
        public static Collection moveBackwardParameter() {
14
            return Arrays.asList(new Object[][]{
15
                    {Direction.NORTH, new Position(10, 11)},
                    {Direction.EAST, new Position(11, 10)},
16
                    {Direction.SOUTH, new Position(10, 9)},
17
                    {Direction.WEST, new Position(9, 10)}
18
19
            });
20
21
22
        @Test
        public void moveForward() {
23
24
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
25
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveForward(direction);
26
27
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(expectedPosition);
28
29
```

Parametrisierte Test mit JUnit5

```
class PositionJUnit5Test {
 3
        @ParameterizedTest
 4
        @MethodSource("createMoveBackwardParameter")
        void moveBackward(Direction direction, Position expectedPosition) {
 5
 6
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
 7
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveBackward(direction);
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(expectedPosition);
 8
 9
10
11
        private static Stream<Arguments> createMoveBackwardParameter() {
12
            return Stream.of(
13
                    Arguments.of(Direction.NORTH, new Position(10, 9)),
14
                    Arguments.of(Direction.EAST, new Position(9, 10)),
15
                    Arguments.of(Direction.SOUTH, new Position(10, 11)),
                    Arguments.of(Direction.WEST, new Position(11, 10))
16
            );
18
19
        @ParameterizedTest
20
21
        @MethodSource("createMoveForwardParameter")
22
        void moveForward(Direction direction, Position expectedPosition) {
23
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10);
24
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveForward(direction);
            assertThat(newPosition).isEqualTo(expectedPosition);
25
26
27
28
        private static Stream<Arguments> createMoveForwardParameter() {
29
            return Stream.of(
30
                    Arguments.of(Direction.NORTH, new Position(10, 11)),
31
                    Arguments.of(Direction.EAST, new Position(11, 10)),
32
                    Arguments.of(Direction.SOUTH, new Position(10, 9)),
33
                    Arguments.of(Direction.WEST, new Position(9, 10))
34
            );
35
36
```

Weitere Möglichkeiten in JUnit5

```
@ParameterizedTest
@ValueSource(strings = {"a", "b", "c"})
void singleLetter(String candidate) {
    assertTrue(isSingleLetter(candidate));
private boolean isSingleLetter(String candidate) {
    return candidate.length() == 1;
// type for value sources:
      short
      byte
      int
      lona
      float
      double
      char
      java.lang.String
      iava.lang.Class
@ParameterizedTest
@EnumSource(TimeUnit.class)
void timeUnit(TimeUnit timeUnit) {
    assertThat(timeUnit).isNotNull();
```

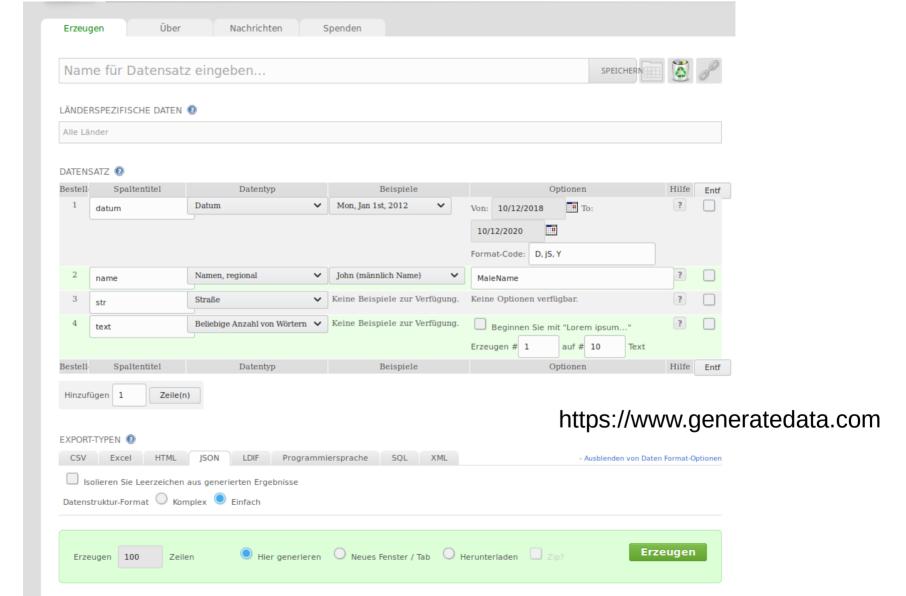
```
@ParameterizedTest
@CsvSource({ "foo, 1", "bar, 2",
             "'baz, qux', 3" })
// @CsvFileSource(resources = "/test-data.csv", numLinesToSkip = 1)
void testWithCsvSource(String first, int second) {
    assertNotNull(first):
    assertNotEquals(0, second);
@ParameterizedTest
@ArgumentsSource(MvArgumentsProvider.class)
void testWithArgumentsSource(String argument) {
    assertNotNull(argument);
```

Parametrisierte Test mit Spock

```
class PositionSpockTest extends Specification {
 3
        def "move backward" (Direction direction, Position expectedPosition){
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10)
 4
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveBackward(direction)
 6
            expect:
            assert newPosition == expectedPosition
 8
 9
10
            where:
11
            direction | expectedPosition
12
            Direction.NORTH | new Position(10, 9)
13
            Direction.EAST | new Position(9, 10)
            Direction.SOUTH | new Position(10, 11)
14
15
            Direction.WEST | new Position(11, 10)
16
17
18
        def "move forward" (Direction direction, Position expectedPosition){
            Position positionUnderTest = new Position(10, 10)
19
            Position newPosition = positionUnderTest.moveForward(direction)
20
21
22
            expect:
23
            assert newPosition == expectedPosition
24
25
            where:
26
            direction | expectedPosition
            Direction.NORTH | new Position(10, 11)
27
            Direction.EAST | new Position(11, 10)
28
29
            Direction.SOUTH | new Position(10, 9)
            Direction.WEST | new Position(9, 10)
31
32
```

Problem: Testdaten

https://www.generatedata.com



Daten-Typen auswählen	PIN
Human-Daten	cw
Namen	Track 1
Namen, regional	Track 2
Telefon / Fax	Text
Telefon / Fax, Regional	Feste Anzahl der Worte
E-mail	Beliebige Anzahl von Wörtern
Datum	Numerisch
Firma	Alphanumerisch
SIRET	Auto-Inkrement
Chilean RUT number	Number Range
Persönliche Nummer	GUID
Organisation Anzahl	Currency
Geo	Mathe
Straße	Standardabweichung
City	Andere
Postleitzahl / PLZ	Konstante
Staat / Provinz / Kreis	Zusammengesetzt
Land	Tree (übergeordnete Zeile ID)
Breite / Länge	Benutzerdefinierte Liste

Erstellt 100 100 Ergebnisse

```
1 [
           "datum": "Wed, 1st, 2020",
           "name": "Zachary",
           "str": "Ap #213-6985 Molestie Straße",
 6
           "text": "nec mauris blandit mattis. Cras eget"
      },
 8
 9
           "datum": "Fri, 10th, 2019",
10
           "name": "Macaulay",
11
           "str": "Ap #891-1080 Curabitur Ave",
12
           "text": "hendrerit neque. In ornare sagittis felis. Donec tempor, est ac"
13
      },
14
15
           "datum": "Sun, 24th, 2019",
16
           "name": "Jonas",
17
           "str": "Ap #942-7252 Quam Avenue",
18
           "text": "Nam tempor diam dictum sapien. Aenean massa. Integer vitae nibh."
19
      },
20
21
           "datum": "Thu, 4th, 2019",
22
           "name": "Adrian",
23
           "str": "6794 Egestas, Rd.",
24
           "text": "turpis. Aliquam adipiscing lobortis risus."
25
      },
26
27
          "datum": "Mon, 3rd, 2018",
28
           "name": "Lev".
29
          "str": "Ap #105-239 Arcu Straße",
30
           "text": "Sed id risus"
31
```

Und wenn es doch lieber Code sein soll?

Testdaten mit JavaFaker

```
@Test
void simpleFaker() {
    Faker dataFaker = new Faker();
    Person person = new Person();
    person.setFirstName(dataFaker.name().firstName());
    person.setLastName(dataFaker.name().lastName());
    person.setJobTitle(dataFaker.job().title());

// more test code
}
```

- Built-In Faker (Auszug)
 - Business
 - Commerce
 - Name
 - Lorem
- Local Support (Auszug)
 - de (in vielen Varianten)
 - en (in vielen Varianten)

ObjectMother Pattern

```
class PersonTestData { // ObjectMother pattern
    static Person newPersonWithoutJobTitle() {
        Faker dataFaker = new Faker():
        Person person = new Person();
        person.setFirstName(dataFaker.name().firstName());
        person.setLastName(dataFaker.name().lastName());
        return person;
    static Person newPerson() {
        Faker dataFaker = new Faker():
        Person person = new Person();
        person.setFirstName(dataFaker.name().firstName());
        person.setLastName(dataFaker.name().lastName());
        person.setJobTitle(dataFaker.job().title());
        return person;
```

TestDataBuilder Pattern

```
class PersonTestDataBuilder { // test data builder pattern
    private String firstName;
    private String lastName;
    private String jobTitle;
    PersonTestDataBuilder withFirstName(String firstName){
        this.firstName = firstName:
        return this;
    PersonTestDataBuilder withLastName(String lastName){
        this.lastName = lastName;
        return this;
    PersonTestDataBuilder withJobTitle (String jobTitle){
        this.jobTitle = jobTitle;
        return this;
    Person build() {
        Person person = new Person();
        person.setFirstName(firstName);
        person.setLastName(lastName);
        person.setJobTitle(jobTitle);
        return person;
```

Problem: Schlecht lesbare Assertion

Built-In Assertion in JUnit

```
@Test
void builtInAssertion() {
    Hero hero = new Hero("Batman", "Bruce Wayne");
    assertEquals(hero.getName(), "Batman");
    assertEquals(hero.getRealName(), "Bruce Wayne");
}
```

AssertJ – Fluent Assertion API

```
@Test
void hasField(){
    assertThat(new Hero ("Superman", "Clark Kent"))
        .hasFieldOrPropertyWithValue("realName", "Clark Kent")
        .hasFieldOrPropertyWithValue("name", "Superman");
}
```

AssertJ – List Assertion

```
@Test
void basic(){
    List<String> heros = List.of("Batman", "Superman");
    assertThat(heros)
            .hasSize(2)
            .contains("Batman")
            .containsExactly("Batman", "Superman")
            .containsAnyOf("Batman", "Superman", "Wonder woman");
    // containsNull
    // negotation
@Test
void extractionSample(){
    List<Hero> heros = List.of(new Hero("Batman", "Bruce Wayne"), new Hero("Superman", "Clark Kent"));
    assertThat(heros)
            .extracting("realName")
            .contains("Bruce Wayne", "Clark Kent");
```

AssertJ – Exception Assertion

```
@Test
void bddStyle(){
    // GIVEN
    String[] names = { "Pier ", "Pol", "Jak" };
   // WHEN
   Throwable thrown = catchThrowable(() -> System.out.println(names[9]));
   // THEN
    assertThat(thrown)
            .isInstanceOf(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException.class)
            .hasMessageContaining("9");
@Test
void assertThatThrownByExample(){
    assertThatThrownBy(() -> { throw new Exception("boom!"); })
            .isInstanceOf(Exception.class)
            .hasMessageContaining("boom")
            .hasMessage("boom!");
```

AssertJ – Exception Assertion

```
@Test
void assertThatExceptionOfTypeExample(){
    assertThatExceptionOfType(IOException.class)
            .isThrownBy(() -> { throw new IOException("boom!"); })
            .withMessage("%s!", "boom")
            .withMessageContaining("boom")
            .withNoCause():
    //This later syntax has been enriched for common exceptions :
          assertThatNullPointerException
          assertThatIllegalArgumentException
          assertThatIllegalStateException
          assertThatIOException
@Test
void assertThatNoExceptionIsThrown(){
    assertThatCode(() -> {
        // code that should NOT throw an exception
    }).doesNotThrowAnyException();
```

AssertJ - Assumption

```
@Test
void assume(){
    assumeThat("Bonn").isEqualTo("Bonn");
@Test
void assumeMoreComplex(){
    assumeThat(new File("/starwars-testdata/star-wars-logo.png"))
            .isFile()
            .exists();
    assumeThat(List.of("Hello", "World"))
            .hasSize(2)
            .contains("Hello");
```

Speziell für DB-Tests: AssertJ-DB

```
@Test
void savePerson() {
    Person person = new Person();
    person.setFirstName("Matt");
    person.setLastName("Clark");
    person.setJobTitle("actor");
    repositoryUnderTest.save(person);
    var personTable = new Table(dataSource, "person");
    assertThat(personTable)
            .column("first name").containsValues("Matt")
            .column("last name").containsValues("Clark")
            .column("job title").containsValues("actor");
```



JUnit 5 – Grouped Assertion

```
@Test
void standardAssertions() {
    assertEquals(2, 2);
    assertEquals(4, 4, "The optional assertion message is now the last parameter.");
    assertTrue('a' < 'b', () -> "Assertion messages can be lazily evaluated -- "
            + "to avoid constructing complex messages unnecessarily.");
@Test
void groupedAssertions() {
    // In a grouped assertion all assertions are executed, and any
    // failures will be reported together.
    assertAll("person",
            () -> assertEquals("John", "John"),
            () -> assertEquals("Doe", "Doe"),
            () -> assertThat(Lists.list("foo")).isNotEmpty()
    );
```

Exkurs: Migration auf JUnit 5

```
cproperties>
   <junit.jupiter.version>5.4.2</junit.jupiter.version>
</properties>
<dependencies>
   <dependency>
       <groupId>org.junit.jupiter
       <artifactId>junit-jupiter-api</artifactId>
       <scope>test</scope>
   </dependency>
   <dependency>
       <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
       <artifactId>junit-jupiter-engine</artifactId>
       <scope>test</scope>
   </dependency>
   <dependency>
       <groupId>org.junit.vintage
       <artifactId>junit-vintage-engine</artifactId>
       <scope>test</scope>
   </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

Problem: Wie soll ich Nebenläufigkeit testen?

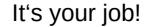
Awaitility

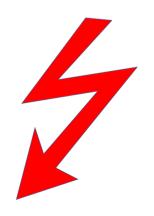


- Java DSL, um asynchrone Operationen zu synchronisieren
- Support:
 - Groovy DSL
 - Kotlin DSL
 - Scala DSL

Wichtig!

Awaitility macht nichts, um Thread-Sicherheit oder Thread-Synchronisierung zu gewährleisten.





Beispiel

```
@Test
void awaitilityDemo() {
    var demoUnderTest = new ConcurrencyDemo();
    demoUnderTest.addItem("Hello World");

    await().until(demoUnderTest::hasNewItem);
    assertThat(demoUnderTest.allItems()).contains("Hello World");
}
```

Weitere Möglichkeiten (Auswahl)

Abfragen von Feldern:

```
await().until( fieldIn(object).ofType(int.class), equalTo(2) );
```

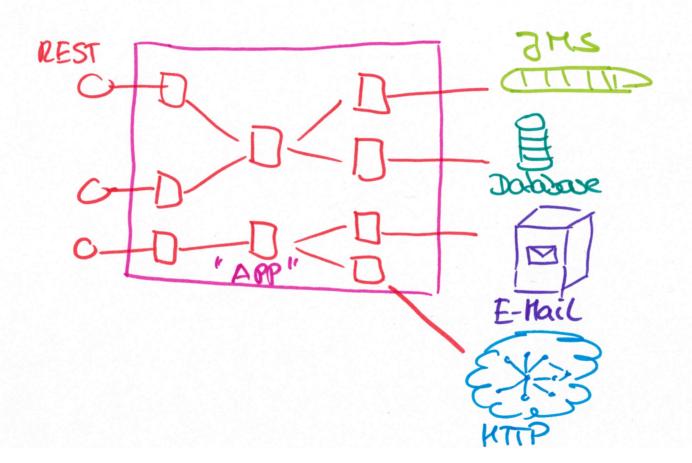
Ignorieren von Exceptions:

```
given().ignoreExceptions().await().until(() -> SocketUtils.findAvailableTcpPort(x,y));
```

Abwarten einer Mindestzeit:

```
await().atLeast(1, SECONDS).and().atMost(2, SECONDS).until(value(), equalTo(1));
```

Problem: Integrierte Tests



Problembeschreibung

- Interaktion mit Infrastruktur wird recht spät getestet
 - Feedback bei Fehlern recht spät
- Abhängig von einer bestimmten Infrastruktur
 - Manchmal auch schon beim Build (Bad smell)
 - False negative Fehlerquote recht hoch
 - Aufwändiges Setup
 - Testausführung langsam

Integration vs Integrated Tests

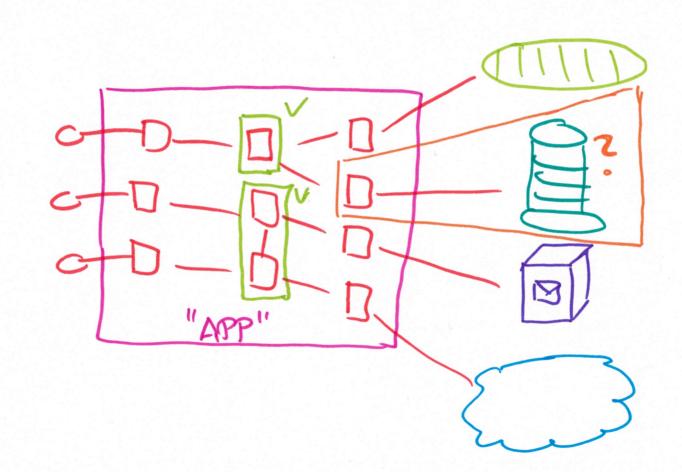
Integrated Tests

A test that will pass or fail based on the correctness of another system.

J.B.Rainsberger

Signs for having Integrated Tests:

- We spin up other services in a local testing environment
- We test against other services in a shared testing environment
- Changes to your system breaks tests for other systems from Spotify Blog Post



Datenbanken



Datenbanken

- Embedded Datenbanken
 - H2, Derby
 - Nicht Produktionsnah
 - Nicht alles testbar
- Standalone Datenbanken
 - Abhängigkeit zur bestimmten Infrastruktur
- Shared Datenbanken
 - Abhängigkeiten zwischen Entwickler
 - Hohe false negative Fehlerrate



```
@Testcontainers
class PersonRepositoryJUnit5Test {
   @Container
   private PostgreSOLContainer postgres = new PostgreSOLContainer();
   private PersonRepository repositoryUnderTest;
   @BeforeEach
   void setup(){
       HikariConfig hikariConfig = new HikariConfig();
       hikariConfig.setJdbcUrl(postgres.getJdbcUrl());
       hikariConfig.setUsername(postgres.getUsername());
       hikariConfig.setPassword(postgres.getPassword());
       HikariDataSource ds = new HikariDataSource(hikariConfig);
       Flyway flyway = Flyway.configure().dataSource(ds).load();
        flyway.migrate();
        repositoryUnderTest = new PersonRepository(ds);
   @Test
   void saveAndFindAllPerson() {
      Person person = new Person();
      person.setFirstName("firstName");
      person.setLastName("lastName");
      person.setJobTitle("jobTitle");
      repositoryUnderTest.save(person);
       List<Person> persons = repositoryUnderTest.findAllPersons();
       assertThat(persons).hasSize(1).contains(person);
```

```
@Testcontainers
class DbMigrationJUnit5Test {
    @Container
    private MySQLContainer mysqlDb = new MySQLContainer();
    @Test
    void testDbMigrationFromTheScratch(){
        Flyway flyway = Flyway.configure()
                        .dataSource(mysqlDb.getJdbcUrl(),
                                    mysqlDb.getUsername(),
                                    mysqlDb.getPassword()).load();
        flyway.migrate();
```

```
TESTS
Running db.migration.DbMigrationITest
INFO - ertyClientProviderStrategy - Found docker client settings from environment
INFO - ckerClientProviderStrategy - Found Docker environment with Environment variables, system properties and defaults. Resolved:
    dockerHost=unix:///var/run/docker.sock
    apiVersion='{UNKNOWN VERSION}'
    registryUrl='https://index.docker.io/vl/'
    registryUsername='sparsick'
    registryPassword='null'
    registrvEmail='null'
    dockerConfig='DefaultDockerClientConfig[dockerHost=unix:///var/run/docker.sock,registryUsername=sparsick,registryPassword=<null>,registryEma
                                   - Docker host IP address is localhost
INFO - DockerClientFactory
INFO - DockerClientFactory
                                   - Connected to docker:
  Server Version: 17.05.0-ce
  API Version: 1.29
  Operating System: Linux Mint 18.2
 Total Memory: 19511 MB
        i Checking the system...
        ✓ Docker version is newer than 1.6.0
        ✓ Docker environment has more than 2GB free

✓ File should be mountable

✓ Exposed port is accessible

INFO - E [mysql:latest]
                                   - Creating container for image: mysql:latest
INFO - 🕾 [mysql:latest]

    Starting container with ID: 2668be66c2631e49b5bcb4e180665d223525ec896ea78034326076d5f9063d53

INFO - E [mysql:latest]

    Container mysql:latest is starting: 2668be66c2631e49b5bcb4e180665d223525ec896ea78034326076d5f9063d53

INFO - 🕾 [mysql:latest]
                                   - Waiting for database connection to become available at jdbc:mysgl://localhost:32769/test using query 'SELECT
INFO - 5 [mysql:latest]
                                   - Obtained a connection to container (jdbc:mysql://localhost:32769/test)
INFO - 🕾 [mysql:latest]
                                   - Container mysql:latest started
                                   - Flyway 4.0.3 by Boxfuse
INFO - VersionPrinter
INFO - DbSupportFactory
                                   - Database: jdbc:mysql://localhost:32769/test (MySQL 5.7)

    Successfully validated 2 migrations (execution time 00:00.01ls)

INFO - DbValidate
INFO - MetaDataTableImpl
                                   - Creating Metadata table: `test`.`schema version`
```

- Current version of schema `test`: << Empty Schema >>

Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 13.9 sec

- Migrating schema `test` to version 1.0.0 - create person table

- Migrating schema `test` to version 2.0.0 - add column job title

- Successfully applied 2 migrations to schema `test` (execution time 00:00.133s).

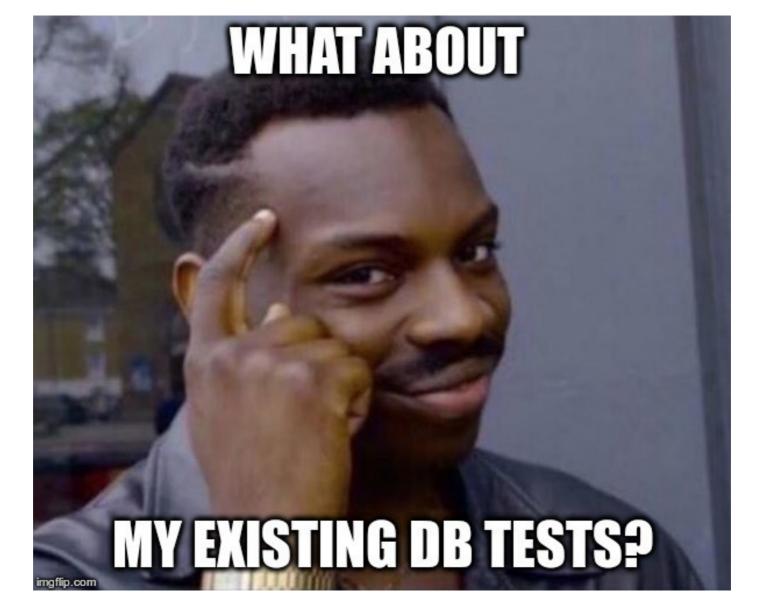
INFO - DbMigrate

INFO - DbMigrate
INFO - DbMigrate

INFO - DbMigrate

Testcontainers

- Temporary database containers spezielle MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle XE und Virtuoso container
- Webdriver containers Dockerized Chrome oder Firefox browser für Selenium/Webdriver Operationen mit automatischer Videoaufnahme
- Weitere spezifische Container Elasticsearch, Kafka, Apache Pulsar, Mockserver, Toxiproxy, Nginx, Hashicorp Vault
- Generic containers irgendein Docker Container
- Docker compose Wiederverwendung von Docker Compose YAML Datei
- Dockerfile containers Container direkt von einem Dockerfile



Container Via JDBC URL

```
public class PersonRepositoryJdbcUrlTestContainerTest {
   private PersonRepository repositoryUnderTest;
    private Flyway flyway;
   @BeforeEach
   void setup(){
        HikariConfig hikariConfig = new HikariConfig();
        hikariConfig.setJdbcUrl("jdbc:tc:postgresql:9.6.8:///persondb");
        hikariConfig.setUsername("postgres");
        hikariConfig.setPassword("");
        DataSource ds = new HikariDataSource(hikariConfig);
        flyway = Flyway.configure().dataSource(ds).load();
        flyway.migrate();
        repositoryUnderTest = new PersonRepository(ds);
   @AfterEach
   void cleanUp(){
        flyway.clean();
```

Docker Maven Plugin (DMP)

- fabric8io/docker-maven-plugin (http://dmp.fabric8.io)
- Kann Docker Image bauen
- Aber auch Container starten und stoppen

Maven Phase: Integration-Test

- Ausgangspunkt:
 - Es gibt Integrationstests gegen embedded oder standalone Datenbank
- Improvement:
 - DMP startet Container vor den Tests (pre-integration-test)
 - DMP stoppt Contianer nach den Tests (post-integration-test)





Fazit

Integration Tests
Testcontainers

Gut lesbare Assertions AssertJ, AssertJ-DB, JUnit5 Group Assertion

Parametrisierte Tests JUnit5, Spock Concurrency Awaitility

Testdaten generatedata.com JavaFaker ObjectMother, TestDataBuilder

Tests, die nur unter bestimmten Bedingungen laufen JUnit5 ConditionsTest

Fragen?

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https://github.com/sparsick/test-tool-talk

Literatur

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