

Introduction to Bit Manipulation

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Main {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args){
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         int n = scn.nextInt();
9         int i = scn.nextInt();
10        int j = scn.nextInt();
11        int k = scn.nextInt();
12        int m = scn.nextInt();
13
14        //write your code here
15        int onmask = (1 << i);
16        int offmask = ~(1 << j);
17        int tmask = (1 << k);
18        int cmask = (1 << m);
19
20        System.out.println(n | onmask);
21        System.out.println(n & offmask);
22        System.out.println(n ^ tmask);
23        System.out.println((n & cmask) == 0? false: true);
24    }
25 }
```

Right Most Set Bit (RSB) Mask

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Main {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args){
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         int n = scn.nextInt();
9
10        //write your code here
11        int rsbm = n & -n;
12
13        System.out.println(Integer.toBinaryString(rsbm));
14    }
15 }
```

Josephus Problem Algorithm using Bit Manipulation |

Kernighan's Algorithm | Count Set Bits in an Integer

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Main {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args){
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         int n = scn.nextInt();
9
10        //write your code here
11        int counter = 0;
12        while(n != 0){
13            int rsbm = n & -n;
14            n -= rsbm;
15            counter++;
16        }
17
18        System.out.println(counter);
19    }
20 }
```

```
1
2
3 public class Main {
4
5     public static int powerof2(int n){
6         int i = 1;
7
8         while(i * 2 <= n){
9             i = i * 2;
10        }
11
12        return i;
13    }
14
15    public static int solution(int n){
16        int hp2 = powerof2(n);
17        int l = n - hp2;
18        return 2 * l + 1;
19    }
20
21    public static void main(String[] args){
22        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
23        int n = scn.nextInt();
24        System.out.println(solution(n));
25    }
26 }
```

Gray Code Explained using Recursion and Backtracking | Leetcode#89 Solution in JAVA

```
public class Main {  
    public static ArrayList<String> solution(int n) {  
        if(n == 1){  
            ArrayList<String> bres = new ArrayList<>();  
            bres.add("0");  
            bres.add("1");  
            return bres;  
        }  
  
        ArrayList<String> rres = solution(n - 1);  
        ArrayList<String> mres = new ArrayList<>();  
        for(int i = 0; i < rres.size(); i++){  
            String rstr = rres.get(i);  
            mres.add("0" + rstr);  
        }  
  
        for(int i = rres.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--){  
            String rstr = rres.get(i);  
            mres.add("1" + rstr);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Minimum Number of Developers

```
public class Main {  
    static ArrayList<Integer> sol = new ArrayList<>();  
  
    public static void solution(int[] people, int nskills, int cp, ArrayList<Integer> onesol, int smask) {  
        if(cp == people.length){  
            if(smask == ((1 << nskills) - 1)){  
                if(sol.size() == 0 || onesol.size() < sol.size()){  
                    sol = new ArrayList<>(onesol);  
                }  
            }  
            return;  
        }  
  
        solution(people, nskills, cp + 1, onesol, smask); // no  
  
        onesol.add(cp);  
        solution(people, nskills, cp + 1, onesol, (smask | people[cp]))  
        onesol.remove(onesol.size() - 1);  
    }  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int n = scn.nextInt();  
    HashMap<String, Integer> smap = new HashMap<>();  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        smap.put(scn.next(), 1);  
    }  
  
    int np = scn.nextInt();  
    int[] people = new int[np];  
    for (int i = 0; i < np; i++) {  
        int personSkills = scn.nextInt();  
        for (int j = 0; j < personSkills; j++) {  
            String skill = scn.next();  
            int snum = smap.get(skill);  
            people[i] = people[i] | (1 << snum);  
        }  
    }  
  
    solution(people, n, 0, new ArrayList<>(), 0);  
    System.out.println(sol);  
}
```

```

import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class Main {

    public static ArrayList<Integer> findNumOfValidWords(String[] words, String[] puzzles) {
        HashMap<Character, ArrayList<Integer>> map = new HashMap<>();
        for(int i = 0; i < 26; i++){
            map.put((char)('a' + i), new ArrayList<>());
        }

        for(String word: words){
            int mask = 0;
            for(char ch: word.toCharArray()){
                int bit = ch - 'a';
                mask = mask | ((1 << bit));
            }

            HashSet<Character> unique = new HashSet<>();
            for(char ch: word.toCharArray()){
                if(unique.contains(ch)){
                    continue;
                }

                unique.add(ch);
                map.get(ch).add(mask);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    String[] words = new String[n];
    for(int i = 0 ; i < words.length; i++) {
        words[i] = scn.next();
    }
    int m = scn.nextInt();
    String[] puzzles = new String[m];
    for(int i = 0 ; i < m ; i++) {
        puzzles[i] = scn.next();
    }
    ArrayList<Integer> ans = findNumOfValidWords(words, puzzles);
    for(int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++) {
        System.out.print(puzzles[i] + " -> " + ans.get(i));
    }
}

```

```

ArrayList<Integer> res = new ArrayList<>();
for(String puzzle: puzzles){
    int pmask = 0;
    for(char ch: puzzle.toCharArray()){
        int bit = ch - 'a';
        pmask = pmask | ((1 << bit));
    }

    char fch = puzzle.charAt(0);
    ArrayList<Integer> wordsToCheck = map.get(fch);
    int count = 0;

    for(int wmask: wordsToCheck){
        if((wmask & pmask) == wmask){
            count++;
        }
    }

    res.add(count);
}

return res;
}

```


Find element that appears once while all other elements appear twice | XOR

Operator Implementation

```
3
4 public class Main {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args){
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         int n = scn.nextInt();
9         int[] arr = new int[n];
10        for(int i = 0 ; i < n; i++){
11            arr[i] = scn.nextInt();
12        }
13        //write your code here
14        int uni = 0;
15        for(int val : arr){
16            uni = uni ^ val;
17        }
18
19        System.out.println(uni);
20    }
21
22 }
```

All Repeating Except Two | Two Unique Rest Twice |

```
public static void solution(int[] arr){
    int xxory = 0;

    for(int val: arr){
        xxory = xxory ^ val;
    }

    int rsbm = xxory & -xxory;

    int x = 0;
    int y = 0;

    for(int val: arr){
        if((val & rsbm) == 0){
            x = x ^ val;
        } else {
            y = y ^ val;
        }
    }

    if(x < y){
        System.out.println(x);
        System.out.println(y);
    } else {
        System.out.println(y);
        System.out.println(x);
    }
}
```

Find Duplicate Number and Missing Number from 1 to N | One Duplicate One Missing | Bit Manipulation

```
public static void main(String[] args){
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for(int i = 0 ; i < n; i++){
        arr[i] = scn.nextInt();
    }
    solution(arr);
}
```

```
public static void solution(int[] arr){
    //write your code here

    int xor = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++){
        xor ^= arr[i];
    }

    for(int i = 1; i <= arr.length; i++){
        xor ^= i;
    }
}
```

```
int rsb = xor & -xor;

int x = 0;
int y = 0;

for(int val: arr){
    if((val & rsb) == 0){
        x = x ^ val;
    } else {
        y = y ^ val;
    }
}

for(int i = 1; i <= arr.length; i++){
    if((i & rsb) == 0){
        x = x ^ i;
    } else {
        y = y ^ i;
    }
}

for(int val : arr){
    if(val == x){
        System.out.println("Missing Number -> " + y);
        System.out.println("Repeating Number -> " + x);
        break;
    } else if(val == y){
        System.out.println("Missing Number -> " + x);
        System.out.println("Repeating Number -> " + y);
        break;
    }
}
```