

## **MEMORANDUM**

To: Goldman Sachs Virtual Software Engineering Internship Team

From: Mate Narh

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> October, 2021

Re: Goldman Sachs Goldman Sachs Virtual Software Engineering Internship Deliverable

Q	Prompt	Answer
1	What type of hashing algorithm was used to protect passwords?	• MD5
2	What level of protection does the mechanism offer for passwords?	<ul> <li>MD5 is significantly weak in the password protection it offers – acquired 68% success rate on the 19 dump file hashes within fractional time</li> <li>Unsalted MD5 hashes are also easily susceptible to dictionary &amp; brute-force attacks and output collisions</li> </ul>
3	What controls could be implemented to make cracking much harder for the hacker in the event of a password database leaking again?	<ul> <li>Employing effective password salting that avoids salt reuse and short salts</li> <li>Diversifying passwords to include long assortments of alphanumeric &amp; special characters and devoid of obvious dictionary keywords and their "leet speak" equivalents – for instance, Password/Pa\$\$word</li> </ul>
4	What can you tell about the organization's password policy (e.g. password length, key space, etc.)?	<ul> <li>Minimum password length: 6</li> <li>Maximum password length: 10</li> <li>Password capitalization: Minimum</li> </ul>
5	What would you change in the password policy to make breaking the passwords harder?	<ul> <li>Banning common passwords and 'leet speak' equivalents like <i>Password &amp; Pa\$\$word</i></li> <li>Enforcing multifactor authentication</li> <li>Regulate 8-character minimum password length</li> <li>Requiring 1 minimum letter capitalization</li> </ul>