

# Schema documentation for spase-2\_0\_0.xsd

19 november 2010

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## Namespace: "http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema"

### Schemas

#### Main schema spase-2\_0\_0.xsd

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Properties	attribute form default: unqualified element form default: qualified
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

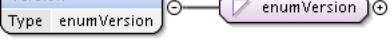
### Elements

#### Element Spase

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Type	Spase
Properties	content: complex

Model	Version , ResourceEntity+				
Children	ResourceEntity, Version				
Instance	<Spase lang="en"> <Version>{1,1}</Version> <ResourceEntity>{1,unbounded}</ResourceEntity> </Spase>				
Attributes	QName	Type	Fixed	Default	Use
	lang	xsd:string		en	optional
Source	<xsd:element name="Spase" type="Spase" />				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

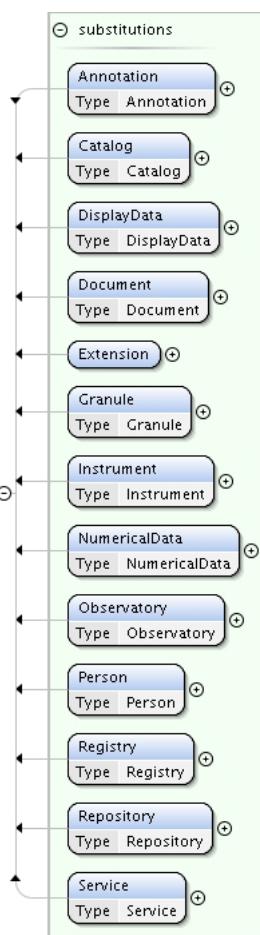
## Element Version

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema				
Annotations	Indicates the release identifier. When used to indicate the release of the SPASE data model, it is in the form Major.Minor.Fix where Major: A significant change in the architecture of the model or rewrite of the implementation. This includes major changes in design or implementation language. This number starts at 0 (zero). Minor: An addition of terms or features that require changes in documentation/external API. This number starts at 0 (zero). Fix: Any change that doesn't require documentation/external API changes. This number starts at 0 (zero).				
Diagram					
Type	enumVersion				
Properties	content: simple				
Facets	enumeration 2.0.0				
Used by	Complex Type Spase				
Source	<xsd:element name="Version" type="enumVersion"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Indicates the release identifier. When used to indicate the release of the SPASE data model, it is in the form Major.Minor.Fix where Major: A significant change in the architecture of the model or rewrite of the implementation. This includes major changes in design or implementation language. This number starts at 0 (zero). Minor: An addition of terms or features that require changes in documentation/external API. This number starts at 0 (zero). Fix: Any change that doesn't require documentation/external API changes. This number starts at 0 (zero).</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

## Element ResourceEntity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema				
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## Diagram



## Properties

abstract: true

## Substitution Group

- Catalog
- DisplayData
- NumericalData
- Document
- Granule
- Instrument
- Observatory
- Person
- Registry
- Repository
- Service
- Annotation
- Extension

## Used by

Complex Type Spase

## Source

&lt;xsd:element name="ResourceEntity" abstract="true"/&gt;

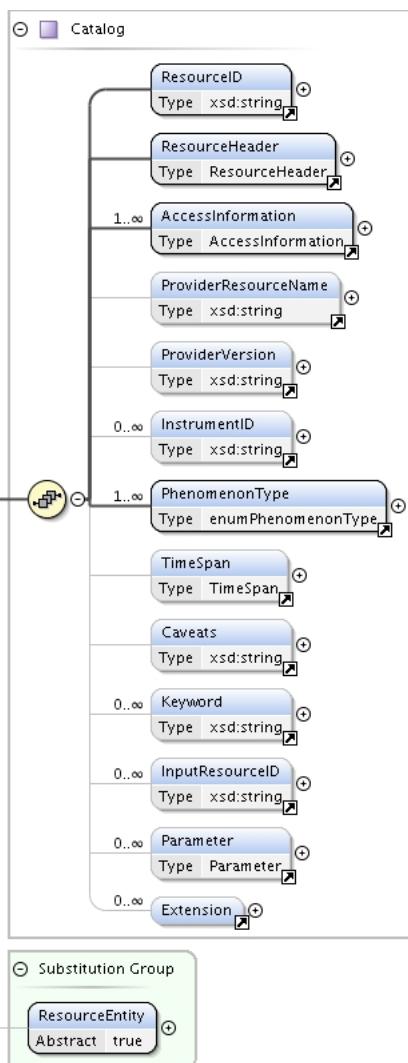
## Schema location

file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2\_0.xsd

**Element Catalog**

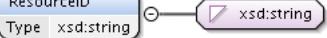
Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
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## Diagram

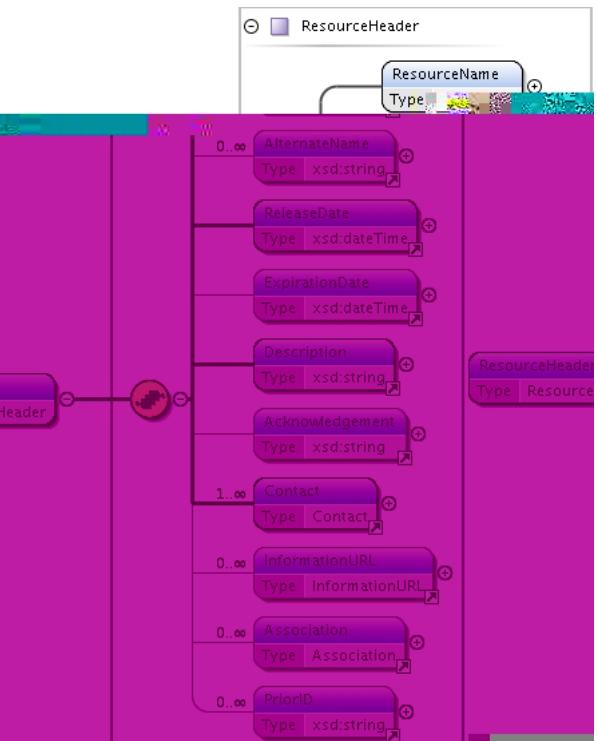


Type	Catalog
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ResourceEntity</li> </ul>
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessInformation+ , ProviderResourceName{0,1} , ProviderVersion{0,1} , InstrumentID* , PhenomenonType+ , TimeSpan{0,1} , Caveats{0,1} , Keyword* , InputResourceID* , Parameter* , Extension*
Children	AccessInformation, Caveats, Extension, InputResourceID, InstrumentID, Keyword, Parameter, PhenomenonType, ProviderResourceName, ProviderVersion, ResourceHeader, ResourceID, TimeSpan
Instance	<Catalog>     <ResourceID>{1,1}</ResourceID>     <ResourceHeader>{1,1}</ResourceHeader>     <AccessInformation>{1,unbounded}</AccessInformation>     <ProviderResourceName>{0,1}</ProviderResourceName>     <ProviderVersion>{0,1}</ProviderVersion>     <InstrumentID>{0,unbounded}</InstrumentID>     <PhenomenonType>{1,unbounded}</PhenomenonType>     <TimeSpan>{0,1}</TimeSpan>     <Caveats>{0,1}</Caveats>     <Keyword>{0,unbounded}</Keyword>     <InputResourceID>{0,unbounded}</InputResourceID>     <Parameter>{0,unbounded}</Parameter>     <Extension>{0,unbounded}</Extension> </Catalog>
Source	<xsd:element name="Catalog" type="Catalog" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Element ResourceID**

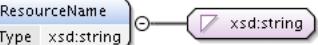
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A Resource ID is a URI that has the form "scheme://authority/path" where "scheme" is "spase" for those resources administered through the SPASE framework, "authority" is the unique identifier for the resource provider registered within the SPASE framework and "path" is the unique identifier of the resource within the context of the "authority". The resource ID must be unique within the SPASE framework.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types      Annotation, Catalog, DisplayData, Document, Granule, Instrument, NumericalData, Observatory, Person, Registry, Repository, Service
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ResourceID" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A Resource ID is a URI that has the form "scheme://authority/path"       where "scheme" is "spase" for those resources       administered through the SPASE framework,       "authority" is the unique identifier for the       resource provider registered within the SPASE       framework and "path" is the unique identifier       of the resource within the context of the       "authority". The resource ID must be unique       within the SPASE framework.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Element ResourceHeader**

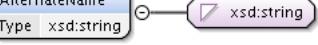
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Type	ResourceHeader
Properties	content: complex

Used by	Complex Types Annotation, Catalog, DisplayData, Document, Instrument, NumericalData, Observatory, Registry, Repository, Service
Model	ResourceName , AlternateName* , ReleaseDate , ExpirationDate{0,1} , Description , Acknowledgement{0,1} , Contact+ , InformationURL* , Association* , PriorID*
Children	Acknowledgement, AlternateName, Association, Contact, Description, ExpirationDate, InformationURL, PriorID, ReleaseDate, ResourceName
Instance	<ResourceHeader> <ResourceName>{1,1}</ResourceName> <AlternateName>{0,unbounded}</AlternateName> <ReleaseDate>{1,1}</ReleaseDate> <ExpirationDate>{0,1}</ExpirationDate> <Description>{1,1}</Description> <Acknowledgement>{0,1}</Acknowledgement> <Contact>{1,unbounded}</Contact> <InformationURL>{0,unbounded}</InformationURL> <Association>{0,unbounded}</Association> <PriorID>{0,unbounded}</PriorID> </ResourceHeader>
Source	<xsd:element name="ResourceHeader" type="ResourceHeader" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ResourceName

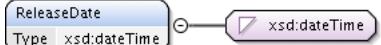
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A short textual description of a resource which may be useful when read by a person.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type ResourceHeader
Source	<xsd:element name="ResourceName" type="xsd:string"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A short textual description of a resource which may be useful when read by a person.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element AlternateName

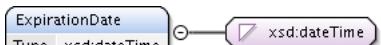
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	An alternative or shortened name used to refer to a resource. This includes acronyms, expanded names or a synonym for a resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type ResourceHeader
Source	<xsd:element name="AlternateName" type="xsd:string"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An alternative or shortened name used to refer to a resource. This includes acronyms, expanded names or a synonym for a resource.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ReleaseDate

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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Annotations	The date and time when a resource is made available. The availability of a resource coincides with the release of a resource description. If the Release Date is specified as a future date then it indicates that resource should not be made available until that time. However, this is only advisory and in practice the Release Date should be the actual date the resource description was published.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:dateTime
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Granule, Person, ResourceHeader
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ReleaseDate" type="xsd:dateTime"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The date and time when a resource is made available. The availability of a resource coincides with the release of a resource description. If the Release Date is specified as a future date then it indicates that resource should not be made available until that time. However, this is only advisory and in practice the Release Date should be the actual date the resource description was published.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Element ExpirationDate

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The date and time when a resource is no longer available. If the Expiration Date is specified then it indicates that resource should not be made available after that time. However, this is only advisory and in practice a resource description should be unpublished to eliminate access to a resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:dateTime
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Granule, ResourceHeader
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ExpirationDate" type="xsd:dateTime"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The date and time when a resource is no longer available. If the Expiration Date is specified then it indicates that resource should not be made available after that time. However, this is only advisory and in practice a resource description should be unpublished to eliminate access to a resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Element Description

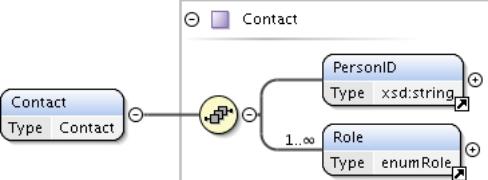
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A narrative explanation with detail appropriate for the item it describes. For example a description of data resource should include discussions of the main quantities in the resource, possible uses and search terms. A description should also include whether any corrections (i.e.,

	geometry, inertial) have been applied to the resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types AccessURL, InformationURL, Parameter, ResourceHeader, Structure
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Description" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A narrative explanation with detail appropriate       for the item it describes. For example a description       of data resource should include discussions       of the main quantities in the resource, possible       uses and search terms. A description should       also include whether any corrections (i.e,       geometry, inertial) have been applied to the       resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Acknowledgement

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The individual, group or organization which should be acknowledged when the data is used in or contributes to a presentation or publication.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types AccessInformation, ResourceHeader
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Acknowledgement" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The individual, group or organization which       should be acknowledged when the data is used       in or contributes to a presentation or publication.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Contact

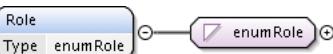
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Type	Contact
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type ResourceHeader
Model	PersonID , Role+
Children	PersonID, Role
Instance	<pre>&lt;Contact&gt;   &lt;PersonID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/PersonID&gt;   &lt;Role&gt;{1..unbounded}&lt;/Role&gt; &lt;/Contact&gt;</pre>

Source	<xsd:element name="Contact" type="Contact" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element PersonID

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The identifier assigned to a Person description.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Contact
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="PersonID" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The identifier assigned to a Person description.&lt;/   xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Role

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																											
Annotations	The assigned or assumed function or position of an individual.																											
Diagram																												
Type	enumRole																											
Properties	content: simple																											
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ArchiveSpecialist</td> <td>An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CoInvestigator</td> <td>An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Contributor</td> <td>An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DataProducer</td> <td>An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DeputyPI</td> <td>An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>GeneralContact</td> <td>An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>MetadataContact</td> <td>An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>PrincipalInvestigator</td> <td>An individual who is the administrative and scientific lead for an investigation.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ProjectScientist</td> <td>An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics explored by the project. A project scientist may also have a managerial role within the project.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	ArchiveSpecialist	An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.	enumeration	CoInvestigator	An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.	enumeration	Contributor	An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.	enumeration	DataProducer	An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.	enumeration	DeputyPI	An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.	enumeration	GeneralContact	An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.	enumeration	MetadataContact	An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.	enumeration	PrincipalInvestigator	An individual who is the administrative and scientific lead for an investigation.	enumeration	ProjectScientist	An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics explored by the project. A project scientist may also have a managerial role within the project.
enumeration	ArchiveSpecialist	An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.																										
enumeration	CoInvestigator	An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.																										
enumeration	Contributor	An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.																										
enumeration	DataProducer	An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.																										
enumeration	DeputyPI	An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.																										
enumeration	GeneralContact	An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.																										
enumeration	MetadataContact	An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.																										
enumeration	PrincipalInvestigator	An individual who is the administrative and scientific lead for an investigation.																										
enumeration	ProjectScientist	An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics explored by the project. A project scientist may also have a managerial role within the project.																										

	enumeration	Publisher	An individual, organization, institution or government department responsible for the production and dissemination of a document.
	enumeration	Scientist	An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resource.
	enumeration	TeamLeader	An individual who is the designated leader of an investigation!!!
	enumeration	TeamMember	An individual who is a major participant in an investigation.
	enumeration	TechnicalContact	An individual who can provide specific information with regard to the resource or supporting software
Used by	Complex Type	Contact	
Source		<xsd:element name="Role" type="enumRole"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The assigned or assumed function or position of an individual.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>	
Schema location		file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Element InformationURL

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class InformationURL {         Name : xsd:string         URL : xsd:string         Description : xsd:string         Language : xsd:string     }     InformationURL "2" --&gt; "2" InformationURL   </pre>
Type	InformationURL
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type ResourceHeader
Model	Name{0,1} , URL , Description{0,1} , Language{0,1}
Children	Description, Language, Name, URL
Instance	<InformationURL>   <Name>{0,1}</Name>   <URL>{1,1}</URL>   <Description>{0,1}</Description>   <Language>{0,1}</Language> </InformationURL>
Source	<xsd:element name="InformationURL" type="InformationURL" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Name

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A language unit by which a person or thing is known.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Name {         Name : xsd:string         Type : xsd:string     }   </pre>
Type	xsd:string

Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types AccessURL, Element, InformationURL, Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Name" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A language unit by which a person or thing       is known.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element URL

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	<p>Uniform Resource Locator (URL) is the global address of documents and other resources on the World Wide Web. The first part of the address indicates what protocol to use, and the second part specifies the IP address or the domain name where the resource is located followed by the pathname of the resource.</p> <p>A URL is specified in the form protocol://server.domain.name:port/pathname. Example protocols are HTTP or FTP, server domain name is the Internet name.</p>
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class URL {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     URL &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types AccessURL, InformationURL, Source
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="URL" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Uniform Resource Locator (URL) is the global       address of documents and other resources on       the World Wide Web. The first part of the       address indicates what protocol to use, and       the second part specifies the IP address or       the domain name where the resource is located       followed by the pathname of the resource.       A URL is specified in the form protocol://server.domain.name:port/pathname.       Example protocols are HTTP or FTP, server       domain name is the Internet name.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Language

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The two character indicator of language selected from the ISO 630-1 codes for the representation of names of languages.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Language {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     Language &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types AccessURL, InformationURL
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Language" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The two character indicator of language selected       from the ISO 630-1 codes for the representation       of names of languages.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Association

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Association {         AssociationID : xsd:string         AssociationType : enumAssociationType         Note : xsd:string     } </pre>
Type	Association
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type ResourceHeader
Model	AssociationID{0,1} , AssociationType{0,1} , Note{0,1}
Children	AssociationID, AssociationType, Note
Instance	<Association>     <AssociationID>{0,1}</AssociationID>     <AssociationType>{0,1}</AssociationType>     <Note>{0,1}</Note> </Association>
Source	<xsd:element name="Association" type="Association"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element AssociationID

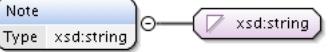
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The resource identifier for a resource with which this resource is closely associated.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class AssociationID {         Type : xsd:string     } </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Association
Source	<xsd:element name="AssociationID" type="xsd:string">     <xsd:annotation>         <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The resource identifier for a resource with which this resource is closely associated.</xsd:documentation>     </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element AssociationType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema						
Annotations	A characterization of the role or purpose of an associated resource.						
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class AssociationType {         Type : enumAssociationType     } </pre>						
Type	enumAssociationType						
Properties	content: simple						
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ChildEventOf</td> <td>A descendant or caused by another resource.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DerivedFrom</td> <td>A transformed or altered version of a resource instance.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	ChildEventOf	A descendant or caused by another resource.	enumeration	DerivedFrom	A transformed or altered version of a resource instance.
enumeration	ChildEventOf	A descendant or caused by another resource.					
enumeration	DerivedFrom	A transformed or altered version of a resource instance.					

	enumeration	ObservedBy	Detected or originating from another resource.
	enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.
	enumeration	PartOf	A portion of a larger resource.
	enumeration	RevisionOf	A modified version of a resource instance.
Used by	Complex Type	Association	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="AssociationType" type="enumAssociationType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A characterization of the role or purpose       of an associated resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Element Note

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Information which is useful or important for the understanding of a value or parameter.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Association, ObservationExtent, TimeSpan
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Note" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Information which is useful or important for       the understanding of a value or parameter.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

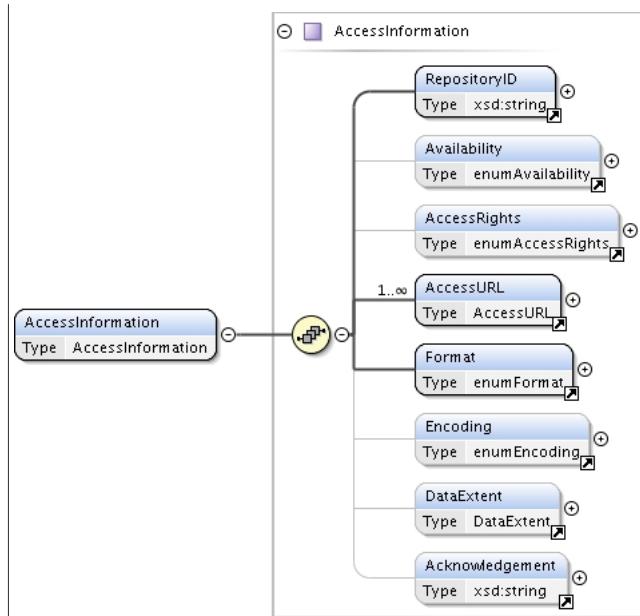
## Element PriorID

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The resource identifier for a resource that is superseded or replaced by a resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Granule, ResourceHeader
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="PriorID" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The resource identifier for a resource that       is superseded or replaced by a resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element AccessInformation

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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## Diagram



Type	AccessInformation
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, Document, NumericalData
Model	RepositoryID , Availability{0,1} , AccessRights{0,1} , AccessURL+ , Format , Encoding{0,1} , DataExtent{0,1} , Acknowledgement{0,1}
Children	AccessRights, AccessURL, Acknowledgement, Availability, DataExtent, Encoding, Format, RepositoryID
Instance	<AccessInformation>             <RepositoryID>{1,1}</RepositoryID>             <Availability>{0,1}</Availability>             <AccessRights>{0,1}</AccessRights>             <AccessURL>{1,unbounded}</AccessURL>             <Format>{1,1}</Format>             <Encoding>{0,1}</Encoding>             <DataExtent>{0,1}</DataExtent>             <Acknowledgement>{0,1}</Acknowledgement>         </AccessInformation>
Source	<xsd:element name="AccessInformation" type="AccessInformation"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Element RepositoryID**

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The identifier of an Repository resource.
Diagram	<pre> class RepositoryID {     &lt; -- xsd:string } </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type AccessInformation
Source	<xsd:element name="RepositoryID" type="xsd:string">             <xsd:annotation>                 <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The identifier of an Repository resource.</xsd:documentation>             </xsd:annotation>         </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Element Availability**

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	An indication of the method or service which

	may be used to access the resource.				
Diagram		Type	enumAvailability		
Type	enumAvailability				
Properties	content: simple				
Facets	enumeration	Offline	Not directly accessible electronically. This includes resources which may be moved to an on-line status in response to a given request.		
	enumeration	Online	Directly accessible electronically.		
Used by	Complex Type	AccessInformation			
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Availability" type="enumAvailability"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An indication of the method or service which       may be used to access the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

## Element AccessRights

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema				
Annotations	Permissions granted or denied by the host of a product to allow other users to access and use the resource.				
Diagram					
Type	enumAccessRights				
Properties	content: simple				
Facets	enumeration	Open	Access is granted to everyone.		
	enumeration	Restricted	Access to the product is regulated and requires some form of identification.		
Used by	Complex Type	AccessInformation			
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="AccessRights" type="enumAccessRights"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Permissions granted or denied by the host       of a product to allow other users to access       and use the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

## Element AccessURL

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class AccessURL {         Name : xsd:string         URL : xsd:string         Description : xsd:string         Language : xsd:string     }     AccessURL &lt; -- AccessURL   </pre>		
Type	AccessURL		
Properties	content: complex		

Used by	Complex Types      AccessInformation, Registry, Repository, Service
Model	Name{0,1} , URL , Description{0,1} , Language{0,1}
Children	Description, Language, Name, URL
Instance	<AccessURL> <Name>{0,1}</Name> <URL>{1,1}</URL> <Description>{0,1}</Description> <Language>{0,1}</Language> </AccessURL>
Source	<xsd:element name="AccessURL" type="AccessURL" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Format

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																																			
Annotations	The organization of data according to preset specifications. The value is selected from a list of accepted names for known, well documented formats.																																			
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Format {         Type enumFormat     }     class enumFormat     Format "1" -- "0..1" enumFormat   </pre>																																			
Type	enumFormat																																			
Properties	content: simple																																			
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>AVI</td> <td>Audio Video Interleave (AVI) a digital format for movies that conforms to the Microsoft Windows Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Binary</td> <td>A direct representation of the bits which may be stored in memory on a computer.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CDF</td> <td>Common Data Format (CDF). A binary storage format developed at Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CEF</td> <td>Cluster Exchange Format (CEF) is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. There are two versions of CEF which are not totally compatible.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CEF1</td> <td>Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 1, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. The metadata contains information compatible with the ISTP recommendations for CDF.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CEF2</td> <td>Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 2, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data and introduced for Cluster Active Archive. Compared to version 1, the metadata description of vectors and tensors is different.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>FITS</td> <td>Flexible Image Transport System (FITS) is a digital format primarily designed to store scientific data sets consisting of multi-dimensional arrays (1-D spectra, 2-D images or 3-D data cubes) and 2-dimensional tables containing rows and columns of data.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>GIF</td> <td>Graphic Interchange Format (GIF) first introduced in 1987 by CompuServe. GIF uses LZW compression and images are limited to 256 colours.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>HDF</td> <td>Hierarchical Data Format</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>HDF4</td> <td>Hierarchical Data Format, Version 4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>HDF5</td> <td>Hierarchical Data Format, Version 5</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	AVI	Audio Video Interleave (AVI) a digital format for movies that conforms to the Microsoft Windows Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF).	enumeration	Binary	A direct representation of the bits which may be stored in memory on a computer.	enumeration	CDF	Common Data Format (CDF). A binary storage format developed at Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC).	enumeration	CEF	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF) is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. There are two versions of CEF which are not totally compatible.	enumeration	CEF1	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 1, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. The metadata contains information compatible with the ISTP recommendations for CDF.	enumeration	CEF2	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 2, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data and introduced for Cluster Active Archive. Compared to version 1, the metadata description of vectors and tensors is different.	enumeration	FITS	Flexible Image Transport System (FITS) is a digital format primarily designed to store scientific data sets consisting of multi-dimensional arrays (1-D spectra, 2-D images or 3-D data cubes) and 2-dimensional tables containing rows and columns of data.	enumeration	GIF	Graphic Interchange Format (GIF) first introduced in 1987 by CompuServe. GIF uses LZW compression and images are limited to 256 colours.	enumeration	HDF	Hierarchical Data Format	enumeration	HDF4	Hierarchical Data Format, Version 4	enumeration	HDF5	Hierarchical Data Format, Version 5
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enumeration	HDF4	Hierarchical Data Format, Version 4																																		
enumeration	HDF5	Hierarchical Data Format, Version 5																																		

enumeration	HTML	A text file containing structured information represented in the HyperText Mark-up Language (HTML). See < <a href="http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/">http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/</a> >
enumeration	IDFS	Instrument Data File Set (IDFS) is a set of files written in a prescribed format which contain data, timing data, and meta-data. IDFS was developed at Southwest Research Institute (SwRI).
enumeration	IDL	Interactive Data Language (IDL) save set. IDL is a proprietary format.
enumeration	JPEG	A binary format for still images defined by the Joint Photographic Experts Group
enumeration	MATLAB_4	MATLAB Workspace save set, version 4. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.
enumeration	MATLAB_6	MATLAB Workspace save set, version 6. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.
enumeration	MATLAB_7	MATLAB Workspace save set, version 7. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. Version 7 includes data compression and Unicode encoding. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.
enumeration	MPEG	A digital format for movies defined by the Motion Picture Experts Group
enumeration	NCAR	The National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) format. A complete description of that standard is given in appendix C of the "Report on Establishment & Operation of the Incoherent-Scatter Data Base", dated August 23, 1984, obtainable from NCAR, P.O. Box 3000 Boulder, Colorado 80307-3000.
enumeration	NetCDF	Unidata Program Centers Network Common Data Form (NetCDF). A self-describing portable data format for array-oriented data access. See < <a href="http://my.unidata.ucar.edu/content/software/netcdf">http://my.unidata.ucar.edu/content/software/netcdf</a> >
enumeration	PDF	A document expressed in the Portable Document Format (PDF) as defined by Adobe.
enumeration	PNG	A digital format for still images. Portable Network Graphics (PNG)
enumeration	Postscript	A page description programming language created by Adobe Systems Inc. that is a device-independent industry standard for representing text and graphics.
enumeration	QuickTime	A format for digital movies, as defined by Apple Computer. See < <a href="http://developer.apple.com/quicktime/">http://developer.apple.com/quicktime/</a> >
enumeration	Text	A sequence of characters which may have an imposed structure or organization.
enumeration	Text.ASCII	A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.
enumeration	Text.Unicode	Text in multi-byte Unicode format.
enumeration	TIFF	A binary format for still pictures. Tagged

		Image Format File (TIFF). Originally developed by Aldus and now controlled by Adobe.
enumeration	UDF	Universal Data Format (UDF). The Optical Technology Storage Associations Universal Disk Format, based on ISO 13346. See < <a href="http://www.osta.org/specs/index.htm">http://www.osta.org/specs/index.htm</a> >
enumeration	VOTable	A proposed IVOA standard designed as a flexible storage and exchange format for tabular data.
enumeration	XML	eXtensible Mark-up Language (XML). A structured format for representing information. See < <a href="http://www.w3.org/XML/">http://www.w3.org/XML/</a> >
Used by	Complex Type	AccessInformation
Source		<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Format" type="enumFormat"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The organization of data according to preset specifications. The value is selected from a list of accepted names for known, well documented formats.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location		file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Element Encoding

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>	
Annotations	A set of unambiguous rules that establishes the representation of information within a file.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Encoding     class Type {         &lt;&lt;enumEncoding&gt;&gt;     }     Encoding "1" --&gt; "1" Type   </pre>	
Type	enumEncoding	
Properties	content: simple	
Facets	enumeration	ASCII A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.
	enumeration	Base64 A data encoding scheme whereby binary-encoded data is converted to printable ASCII characters. It is defined as a MIME content transfer encoding for use in Internet e-mail. The only characters used are the upper- and lower-case Roman alphabet characters (A-Z, a-z), the numerals (0-9), and the "+" and "/" symbols, with the "=" symbol as a special suffix (padding) code.
	enumeration	BZIP2 An open standard algorithm by Julian Seward using Burrows-Wheeler block sorting and Huffman coding. See < <a href="http://www.bzip.org/">http://www.bzip.org/</a> >
	enumeration	GZIP An open standard algorithm distributed by GHU based on LZ77 and Huffman coding. See < <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gzip/gzip.html">http://www.gnu.org/software/gzip/gzip.html</a> > or < <a href="http://www.gzip.org/">http://www.gzip.org/</a> >
	enumeration	None A lack or absence of anything.
	enumeration	TAR A file format used to collate collections of files into one larger file, for distribution or archiving, while preserving file system information such as user and group permissions,

		dates, and directory structures. The format was standardized by POSIX.1-1988 and later POSIX.1-2001.
	enumeration Unicode	Text in multi-byte Unicode format.
	enumeration ZIP	An open standard for compression which is a variation of the LZW method and was originally used in the PKZIP utility.
Used by	Complex Type AccessInformation	
Source	<xsd:element name="Encoding" type="enumEncoding"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A set of unambiguous rules that establishes the representation of information within a file.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Element DataExtent

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class DataExtent {         &lt;&lt;DataExtent&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type DataExtent&gt;&gt;         Quantity : xsd:double         Units : xsd:string         Per : xsd:duration     }   </pre>
Type	DataExtent
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Types AccessInformation, Source
Model	Quantity , Units{0,1} , Per{0,1}
Children	Per, Quantity, Units
Instance	<DataExtent>   <Quantity>{1,1}</Quantity>   <Units>{0,1}</Units>   <Per>{0,1}</Per> </DataExtent>
Source	<xsd:element name="DataExtent" type="DataExtent" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Quantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A value that describes a characteristic of a system.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Quantity {         &lt;&lt;Quantity&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:double&gt;&gt;         xsd:double     }   </pre>
Type	xsd:double
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type DataExtent
Source	<xsd:element name="Quantity" type="xsd:double">   <xsd:annotation>     <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A value that describes a characteristic of a system.</xsd:documentation>   </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>

Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd
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## Element Units

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	<p>A description of the standardized measurement increments in which a value is specified. The description is represented as a mathematical phrase. Units should be represented by widely accepted representation. For example, units should conform to the International System of Units (SI) which is maintained by BIPM (Bureau International des Poids et Mesures (see &lt;<a href="http://www.bipm.fr/">http://www.bipm.fr/</a>&gt; ) when appropriate or use tokens like "Re" to represent units of the Radius of the Earth. Within a phrase the circumflex (^) is used to indicate a power, a star (*) is used to indicate multiplication and a slash (/) division. When symbols are not separated by a mathematical operator, multiplication is assumed. Symbols for base units can be found at: &lt;<a href="http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/si_brochure/chapter2/2-1/#symbols">http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/si_brochure/chapter2/2-1/#symbols</a>&gt; and those for common derived units can be found at: &lt;<a href="http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/derived_units/2-2-2.html">http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/derived_units/2-2-2.html</a>&gt;</p>	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Units {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Units {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     Units &lt; --&gt; xsd:string   </pre>	
Type	xsd:string	
Properties	content: simple	
Used by	Complex Types	AzimuthalAngleRange, DataExtent, Element, EnergyRange, FrequencyRange, Parameter, PolarAngleRange, WavelengthRange
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="Units" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A description of the standardized measurement increments in which a value is specified. The description is represented as a mathematical phrase. Units should be represented by widely accepted representation. For example, units should conform to the International System of Units (SI) which is maintained by BIPM (Bureau International des Poids et Mesures (see &lt;<a href="http://www.bipm.fr/">http://www.bipm.fr/</a>&gt; ) when appropriate or use tokens like "Re" to represent units of the Radius of the Earth. Within a phrase the circumflex (^) is used to indicate a power, a star (*) is used to indicate multiplication and a slash (/) division. When symbols are not separated by a mathematical operator, multiplication is assumed. Symbols for base units can be found at: &lt;<a href="http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/si_brochure/chapter2/2-1/#symbols">http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/si_brochure/chapter2/2-1/#symbols</a>&gt; and those for common derived units can be found at: &lt;<a href="http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/derived_units/2-2-2.html">http://www.bipm.fr/en/si/derived_units/2-2-2.html</a>&gt;&lt;/   &lt;xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;   </pre>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Element Per

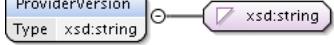
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	<p>The time interval over which a characterization applies. For example, the number of bytes generated each day.</p>	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Per {         &lt;&lt;xsd:duration&gt;&gt;     }     class Per {         &lt;&lt;xsd:duration&gt;&gt;     }     Per &lt; --&gt; xsd:duration   </pre>	
Type	xsd:duration	
Properties	content: simple	
Used by	Complex Type	DataExtent

Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Per" type="xsd:duration"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The time interval over which a characterization applies. For example, the number of bytes generated each day.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ProviderResourceName

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A short textual description of a resource used by the provider which may be used to identify a resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, NumericalData
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ProviderResourceName" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A short textual description of a resource used by the provider which may be used to identify a resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ProviderVersion

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Describes the release or edition of the product used by the provider. The formation rule may vary between providers. It is intended to aid in queries to the provider regarding the product.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, NumericalData
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ProviderVersion" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Describes the release or edition of the product used by the provider. The formation rule may vary between providers. It is intended to aid in queries to the provider regarding the product.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element InstrumentID

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The identifier of an Instrument resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string

Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, NumericalData
Source	<xsd:element name="InstrumentID" type="xsd:string"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The identifier of an Instrument resource.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

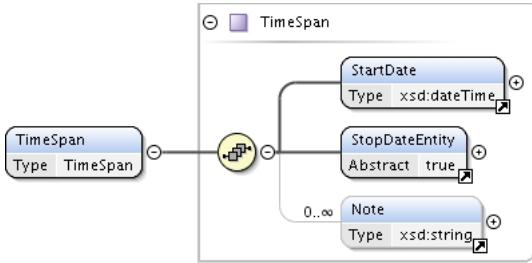
## Element PhenomenonType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	The characteristics or categorization of an event type.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class PhenomenonType {         &lt;&lt;PhenomenonType&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type&gt;&gt;     }     class enumPhenomenonType {         &lt;&lt;enumPhenomenonType&gt;&gt;     }     PhenomenonType &lt; -- enumPhenomenonType   </pre>		
Type	enumPhenomenonType		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	ActiveRegion	A localized, transient volume of the solar atmosphere in which PLAGEs, SUNSPOTS, FACULAE, FLAREs, etc. may be observed.
	enumeration	Aurora	An atmospheric phenomenon consisting of bands of light caused by charged solar particles following the earth's magnetic lines of force.
	enumeration	BowShockCrossing	A crossing of the boundary between the undisturbed (except for foreshock effects) solar wind and the shocked, decelerated solar wind of the magnetosheath.
	enumeration	CoronalHole	An extended region of the corona, exceptionally low in density and associated with unipolar photospheric regions. A coronal hole can be an "open" magnetic field in the corona and (perhaps) inner heliosphere which has a faster than average outflow (wind); A region of lower than "quiet" ion and electron density in the corona; or a region of lower peak electron temperature in the corona than in the "quiet" corona.
	enumeration	CoronalMassEjection	A solar event which involves a burst of plasma which is ejected from the Sun into the interplanetary medium.
	enumeration	EITWave	A wave in the corona of the Sun which produce shock waves on the Sun's chromosphere (Moreton Waves). EIT Waves are produced by large solar flare and expand outward at about 1,000 km/s. It usually appears as a slowly moving diffuse arc of brightening in H-alpha, and may travel for several hundred thousand km.
	enumeration	EnergeticSolarParticleEvent	An enhancement of interplanetary fluxes of energetic ions accelerated by interplanetary shocks and/or solar flares.
	enumeration	ForbushDecrease	A rapid decrease in the observed galactic cosmic ray intensity following the passage

		of an outwardly convecting interplanetary magnetic field disturbance, such as those associated with large CMEs, that sweep some galactic cosmic rays away from Earth.
enumeration	GeomagneticStorm	A magnetospheric disturbance typically defined by variations in the horizontal component of the Earth's surface magnetic field. The variation typically starts with a field enhancement associated with a solar wind pressure pulse and continues with a field depression associated with an enhancement of the diamagnetic magnetospheric ring current.
enumeration	InterplanetaryShock	A shock propagating generally antisunward through the slower solar wind, often seen in front of CME-associated plasma clouds.
enumeration	MagneticCloud	A transient event observed in the solar wind characterized as a region of enhanced magnetic field strength, smooth rotation of the magnetic field vector and low proton density and temperature.
enumeration	MagnetopauseCrossing	A crossing of the interface between the shocked solar wind in the magnetosheath and the magnetic field and plasma in the magnetosphere.
enumeration	RadioBurst	Emissions of the sun in radio wavelengths from centimeters to dekameters, under both quiet and disturbed conditions. Radio Bursts can be "Type I" consisting of many short, narrow-band bursts in the metric range (300 - 50 MHz); "Type II" consisting of narrow-band emission that begins in the meter range (300 MHz) and sweeps slowly (tens of minutes) toward dekameter wavelengths (10 MHz); "Type III" consisting of narrow-band bursts that sweep rapidly (seconds) from decimeter to dekameter wavelengths (500 - 0.5 MHz); and "Type IV" consisting of a smooth continuum of broad-band bursts primarily in the meter range (300 - 30 MHz).
enumeration	SolarFlare	An explosive event in the Sun's atmosphere which produces electromagnetic radiation across the electromagnetic spectrum at multiple wavelengths from long-wave radio to the shortest wavelength gamma rays.
enumeration	SolarWindExtreme	Intervals of unusually large or small values of solar wind attributes such as flow speed and ion density.
enumeration	Substorm	A process by which plasma in the magnetotail becomes energized at a fast rate.
Used by	Complex Types	Annotation, Catalog
Source	<xsd:element name="PhenomenonType" type="enumPhenomenonType"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The characteristics or categorization of an event type.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Element TimeSpan

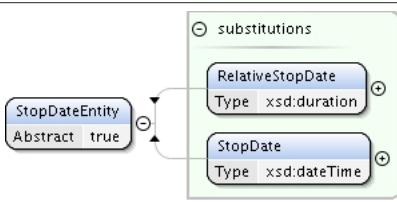
Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
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Diagram	
Type	TimeSpan
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Types Annotation, Catalog, TemporalDescription
Model	StartDate , StopDateEntity , Note*
Children	Note, StartDate, StopDateEntity
Instance	<TimeSpan><StartDate>{1,1}</StartDate><StopDateEntity>{1,1}</StopDateEntity><Note>{0,unbounded}</Note></TimeSpan>
Source	<xsd:element name="TimeSpan" type="TimeSpan" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element StartDate

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The specification of a starting point in time.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:dateTime
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Granule, TimeSpan
Source	<xsd:element name="StartDate" type="xsd:dateTime"><xsd:annotation><xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The specification of a starting point in time.</xsd:documentation></xsd:annotation></xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

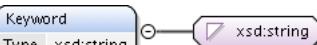
## Element StopDateEntity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Properties	abstract: true
Substitution Group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RelativeStopDate</li> <li>StopDate</li> </ul>
Used by	Complex Type TimeSpan
Source	<xsd:element name="StopDateEntity" abstract="true"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Caveats

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	Information which may be important in the avoidance of the misuse of the resource, for instance instrument maladies, corruption or contamination.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, Instrument, NumericalData, Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Caveats" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Information which may be important in the avoidance of the misuse of the resource, for instance instrument maladies, corruption or contamination.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Keyword

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	A word or phrase that is relevant to the resource but does not exist in other documentary information.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, Document, NumericalData
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Keyword" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A word or phrase that is relevant to the resource but does not exist in other documentary information.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

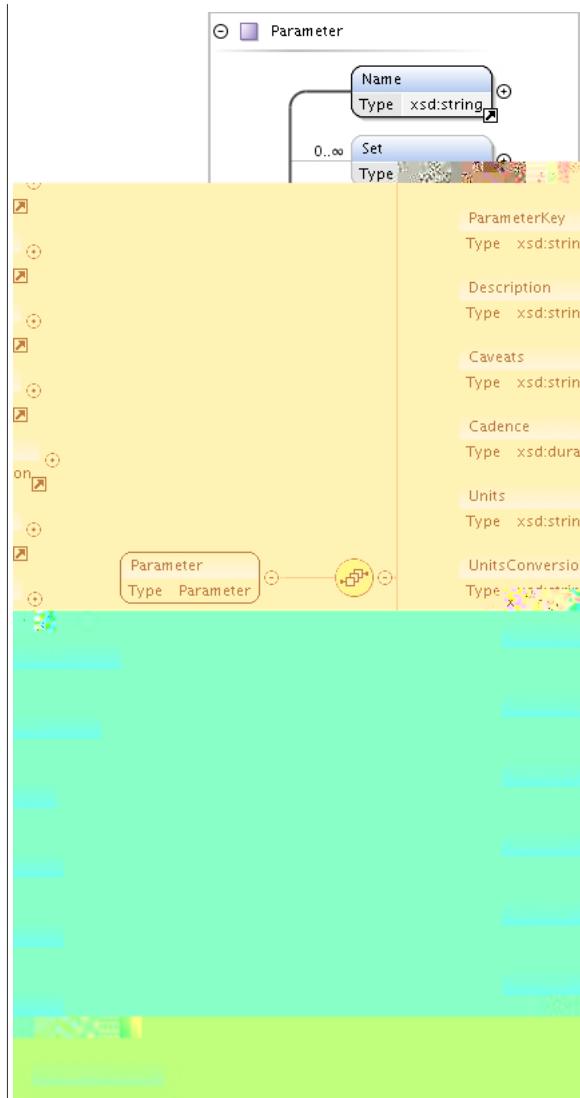
## Element InputResourceID

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	The resource identifier for a resource which was used to generate this resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, Document, NumericalData
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="InputResourceID" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The resource identifier for a resource which was used to generate this resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Parameter

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
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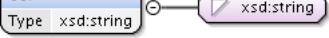
## Diagram



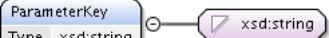
Type	Parameter
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Types Catalog, DisplayData, NumericalData
Model	<code>Name</code> , <code>Set*</code> , <code>ParameterKey{0,1}</code> , <code>Description{0,1}</code> , <code>Caveats{0,1}</code> , <code>Cadence{0,1}</code> , <code>Units{0,1}</code> , <code>UnitsConversion{0,1}</code> , <code>CoordinateSystem{0,1}</code> , <code>RenderingHints{0,1}</code> , <code>Structure{0,1}</code> , <code>ValidMin{0,1}</code> , <code>ValidMax{0,1}</code> , <code>FillValue{0,1}</code> , <code>ParameterEntity</code>
Children	<code>Cadence</code> , <code>Caveats</code> , <code>CoordinateSystem</code> , <code>Description</code> , <code>FillValue</code> , <code>Name</code> , <code>ParameterEntity</code> , <code>ParameterKey</code> , <code>RenderingHints</code> , <code>Set</code> , <code>Structure</code> , <code>Units</code> , <code>UnitsConversion</code> , <code>ValidMax</code> , <code>ValidMin</code>
Instance	<pre> &lt;Parameter&gt;   &lt;Name&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Name&gt;   &lt;Set&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Set&gt;   &lt;ParameterKey&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ParameterKey&gt;   &lt;Description&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Description&gt;   &lt;Caveats&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Caveats&gt;   &lt;Cadence&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Cadence&gt;   &lt;Units&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Units&gt;   &lt;UnitsConversion&gt;{0,1}&lt;/UnitsConversion&gt;   &lt;CoordinateSystem&gt;{0,1}&lt;/CoordinateSystem&gt;   &lt;RenderingHints&gt;{0,1}&lt;/RenderingHints&gt;   &lt;Structure&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Structure&gt;   &lt;ValidMin&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ValidMin&gt;   &lt;ValidMax&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ValidMax&gt;   &lt;FillValue&gt;{0,1}&lt;/FillValue&gt;   &lt;ParameterEntity&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ParameterEntity&gt; &lt;/Parameter&gt;</pre>
Source	<code>&lt;xsd:element name="Parameter" type="Parameter"/&gt;</code>

Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd
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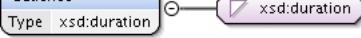
## Element Set

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A collection of items for a particular purpose.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Set" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A collection of items for a particular purpose.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ParameterKey

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The name or identifier which can be used to access the parameter in the resource. The associated value is dependent on the service used to access the resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Element, Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ParameterKey" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The name or identifier which can be used to access the parameter in the resource. The associated value is dependent on the service used to access the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Cadence

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The time interval between the start of successive measurements.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:duration
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Parameter, TemporalDescription
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Cadence" type="xsd:duration"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The time interval between the start of successive measurements.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element UnitsConversion

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	<p>The multiplicative factor for converting a unit into International System of Units (SI) units. The factor is expressed in the form "number &gt; x", where "number" is a numerical value and "x" is the appropriate SI units. The basic SI units are Enumerated: m (meter), N (newton), kg (kilogram), Pa (pascal), s (second), Hz (hertz), A (ampere), V (volt), K (kelvin), W (watt), rad (radian), J (joule), sr (steradian), C (coulomb), T (tesla), ohm (ohm), mho (mho or seimens), H (henry), and F (farad). Two useful units which are not SI units are: degree (angle), and unitless (no units). An example is: "1.0E-5&gt;T" which converts the units, presumably nT, to tesla. Another example is: "1.0e+3&gt;m/s" which converts a velocity expressed in kilometers per second to meters per second.</p>
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class UnitsConversion {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }   </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Element, Parameter
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="UnitsConversion" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The multiplicative factor for converting a       unit into International System of Units (SI)       units. The factor is expressed in the form       "number &gt; x", where "number" is a numerical       value and "x" is the appropriate SI units.       The basic SI units are Enumerated: m (meter),       N (newton), kg (kilogram), Pa (pascal), s       (second), Hz (hertz), A (ampere), V (volt),       K (kelvin), W (watt), rad (radian), J (joule),       sr (steradian), C (coulomb), T (tesla), ohm       (ohm), mho (mho or seimens), H (henry), and       F (farad). Two useful units which are not       SI units are: degree (angle), and unitless       (no units). An example is: "1.0E-5&gt;T" which       converts the units, presumably nT, to tesla.       Another example is: "1.0e+3&gt;m/s" which converts       a velocity expressed in kilometers per second       to meters per second.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;   </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Element CoordinateSystem

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class CoordinateSystem {         &lt;&lt;CoordinateSystem&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;CoordinateRepresentation&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;CoordinateSystemName&gt;&gt;     }   </pre>
Type	CoordinateSystem
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Parameter
Model	CoordinateRepresentation{0,1} , CoordinateSystemName{0,1}
Children	CoordinateRepresentation, CoordinateSystemName
Instance	<pre> &lt;CoordinateSystem&gt;   &lt;CoordinateRepresentation&gt;{0,1}&lt;/CoordinateRepresentation&gt;   &lt;CoordinateSystemName&gt;{0,1}&lt;/CoordinateSystemName&gt;   </pre>

	</CoordinateSystem>
Source	<xsd:element name="CoordinateSystem" type="CoordinateSystem"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element CoordinateRepresentation

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	The method or form for specifying a given point or vector in a given coordinate system.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class CoordinateRepresentation {         &lt;&lt;CoordinateRepresentation&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type&gt;&gt;     }     class enumCoordinateRepresentation {         &lt;&lt;enumCoordinateRepresentation&gt;&gt;     }     CoordinateRepresentation &lt; -- enumCoordinateRepresentation   </pre>		
Type	enumCoordinateRepresentation		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	Cartesian	A representation in which a position vector or a measured vector (e.g., field or flow) is specified by its components along the base axes of the coordinate system.
	enumeration	Cylindrical	A coordinate representation of a position vector or measured vector (field or flow) by its k-component, the magnitude of its projection into the i-j plane, and the azimuthal angle of the i-j plane projection.
	enumeration	Spherical	A coordinate representation of a position vector or of a measured vector by its magnitude and two direction angles. The angles are relative to the base axes of the coordinate system used. Typically the angles are phi [azimuth angle, =arctan (j/i)] and theta, where theta may be a polar angle, arctan {[SQRT(i^2+j^2)]/k}, or an elevation angle, arctan [k/SQRT (i^2+j^2)].
Used by	Complex Type	CoordinateSystem	
Source	<xsd:element name="CoordinateRepresentation" type="enumCoordinateRepresentation">   <xsd:annotation>     <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The method or form for specifying a given point or vector in a given coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>   </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

### Element CoordinateSystemName

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifies the coordinate system in which the position, direction or observation has been expressed.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class CoordinateSystemName {         &lt;&lt;CoordinateSystemName&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type&gt;&gt;     }     class enumCoordinateSystemName {         &lt;&lt;enumCoordinateSystemName&gt;&gt;     }     CoordinateSystemName &lt; -- enumCoordinateSystemName   </pre>		
Type	enumCoordinateSystemName		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	Carrington	A coordinate system which is centered at the Sun and is "fixed" with respect to the synodic rotation rate; the mean synodic value is about 27.2753 days. The Astronomical Almanac gives a value for Carrington longitude of 349.03 degrees at 0000 UT on 1 January 1995.
	enumeration	CGM	Corrected Geomagnetic - A coordinate system from a spatial point with GEO radial distance and geomagnetic latitude and longitude, follow

		the epoch-appropriate IGRF/DGRF model field vector through to the point where the field line crosses the geomagnetic dipole equatorial plane. Then trace the dipole magnetic field vector Earthward from that point on the equatorial plane, in the same hemisphere as the original point, until the initial radial distance is reached. Designate the dipole latitude and longitude at that point as the CGM latitude and longitude of the original point. See < <a href="http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/cgm/cgmm_des.html">http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/cgm/cgmm_des.html</a> >
enumeration	DM	Dipole Meridian - A coordinate system centered at the observation point. Z axis is parallel to the Earth's dipole axis, positive northward. X is in the plane defined by Z and the line linking the observation point with the Earth's center. Y is positive eastward. See < <a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a> >
enumeration	GEI	Geocentric Equatorial Inertial - A coordinate system where the Z axis is along Earth's spin vector, positive northward. X axis points towards the first point of Aries (from the Earth towards the Sun at the vernal equinox). See Russell, 1971
enumeration	GEO	Geographic - geocentric corotating - A coordinate system where the Z axis is along Earth's spin vector, positive northward. X axis lies in Greenwich meridian, positive towards Greenwich. See Russell, 1971.
enumeration	GSE	Geocentric Solar Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun. Z axis is normal to the ecliptic, positive northward. See Russell, 1971.
enumeration	GSEQ	Geocentric Solar Equatorial - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun. Y axis is parallel to solar equatorial plane. Z axis is positive northward. See Russell, 1971
enumeration	GSM	Geocentric Solar Magnetospheric - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun, Z axis is northward in a plane containing the X axis and the geomagnetic dipole axis. See Russell, 1971
enumeration	HAE	Heliocentric Aries Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. X axis is positive towards the first point of Aries (from Earth to Sun at vernal equinox). Same as SE below. See Hapgood, 1992.
enumeration	HCI	Heliographic Carrington Inertial.
enumeration	HEE	Heliocentric Earth Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. X axis points from Sun to Earth. See Hapgood, 1992
enumeration	HEEQ	Heliocentric Earth Equatorial - A coordinate

		system where the Z axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. X axis is generally Earthward in the plane defined by the Z axis and the Sun-Earth direction. See Hapgood, 1992.
enumeration	HG	Heliographic - A heliocentric rotating coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. X, Y axes rotate with a 25.38 day period. The zero longitude (X axis) is defined as the longitude that passed through the ascending node of the solar equator on the ecliptic plane on 1 January, 1854 at 12 UT. See < <a href="http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html">http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html</a> >
enumeration	HGI	Heliographic Inertial - A heliocentric coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. X axis is along the intersection line between solar equatorial and ecliptic planes. The X axis was positive at SE longitude of 74.367 deg on Jan 1, 1900. (See SE below.) See < <a href="http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html">http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html</a> >
enumeration	J2000	An astronomical coordinate system which uses the mean equator and equinox of Julian date 2451545.0 TT (Terrestrial Time), or January 1, 2000, noon TT. (aka J2000) to define a celestial reference frame.
enumeration	LGM	Local Geomagnetic - A coordinate system used mainly for Earth surface or near Earth surface magnetic field data. X axis northward from observation point in a geographic meridian. Z axis downward towards Earth's center. In this system, H (total horizontal component) = $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$ and D (declination angle) = $\arctan(B_y/B_x)$
enumeration	MAG	Geomagnetic - geocentric. Z axis is parallel to the geomagnetic dipole axis, positive north. X is in the plane defined by the Z axis and the Earth's rotation axis. If N is a unit vector from the Earth's center to the north geographic pole, the signs of the X and Y axes are given by Y = N x Z, X = Y x Z.. See Russell, 1971, and < <a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a> >
enumeration	MFA	Magnetic Field Aligned - A coordinate system spacecraft-centered system with Z in the direction of the ambient magnetic field vector. X is in the plane defined by Z and the spacecraft-Sun line, positive sunward. See < <a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a> >
enumeration	RTN	Radial Tangential Normal. Typically centered at a spacecraft. Used for IMF and plasma V vectors. R (radial) axis is radially away from the Sun, T (tangential) axis is normal to the plane formed by R and the Sun's spin vector, positive in the direction of planetary motion. N (normal) is R x T.
enumeration	SC	Spacecraft - A coordinate system defined by the spacecraft geometry and/or spin. Often has Z axis parallel to spacecraft spin vector. X and Y axes may or may not corotate with the spacecraft. See SR and SR2 below.

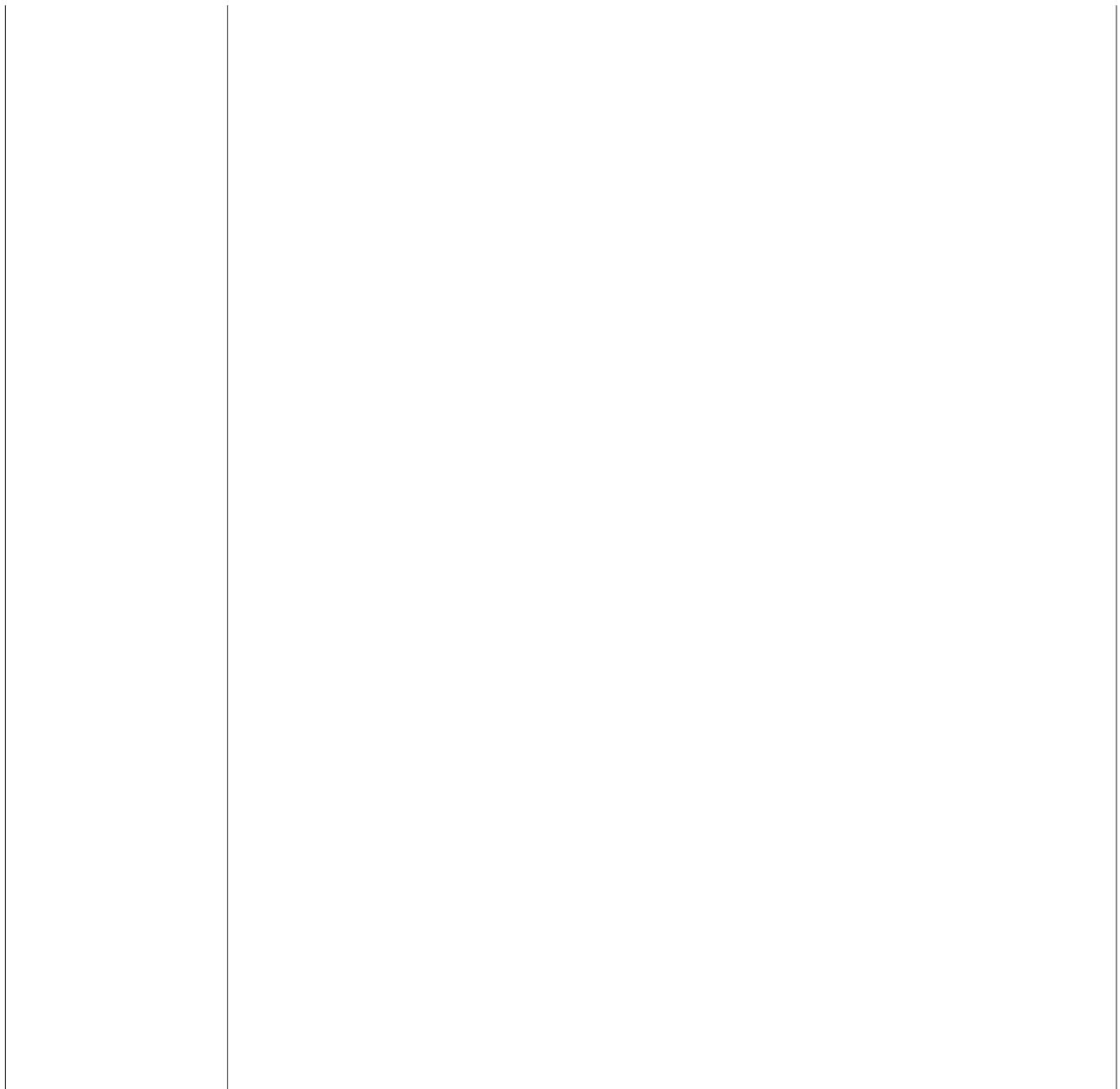
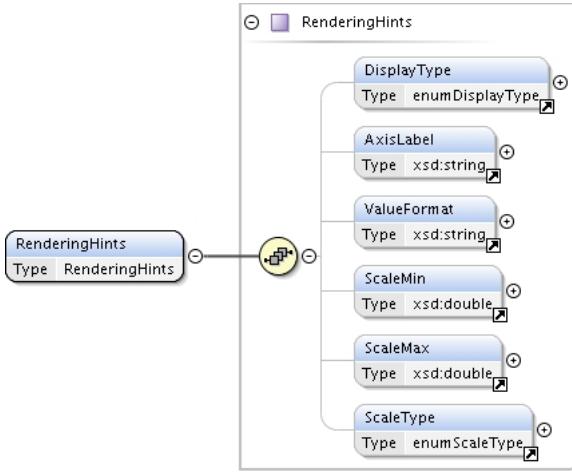
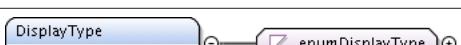


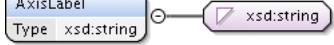
Diagram	
Type	RenderingHints
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Parameter
Model	DisplayType{0,1} , AxisLabel{0,1} , ValueFormat{0,1} , ScaleMin{0,1} , ScaleMax{0,1} , ScaleType{0,1}
Children	AxisLabel, DisplayType, ScaleMax, ScaleMin, ScaleType, ValueFormat
Instance	<RenderingHints><DisplayType>{0,1}</DisplayType><AxisLabel>{0,1}</AxisLabel><ValueFormat>{0,1}</ValueFormat><ScaleMin>{0,1}</ScaleMin><ScaleMax>{0,1}</ScaleMax><ScaleType>{0,1}</ScaleType></RenderingHints>
Source	<xsd:element name="RenderingHints" type="RenderingHints"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element DisplayType

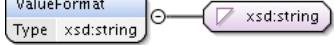
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																				
Annotations	The general styling or type of plot that is suitable for the variable.																				
Diagram																					
Type	enumDisplayType																				
Properties	content: simple																				
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Image</td> <td>A two-dimensional representation of data with values at each element of the array related to an intensity or a color.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Plasmagram</td> <td>The characterization of signal strengths in active sounding measurements as a function of virtual range or signal delay time and sounding frequency. A Plasmagram is also referred to as an Ionogram.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Spectrogram</td> <td>The characterization of signal strengths as a function of frequency (or energy) and time.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>StackPlot</td> <td>A representation of data showing multiple sets of observations on a single plot, possibly offsetting each plot by some uniform amount.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>TimeSeries</td> <td>A representation of data showing a set of observations taken at different points in time and charted as a time series.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>WaveForm</td> <td>Spatial or temporal variations of wave amplitude</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Image	A two-dimensional representation of data with values at each element of the array related to an intensity or a color.	enumeration	Plasmagram	The characterization of signal strengths in active sounding measurements as a function of virtual range or signal delay time and sounding frequency. A Plasmagram is also referred to as an Ionogram.	enumeration	Spectrogram	The characterization of signal strengths as a function of frequency (or energy) and time.	enumeration	StackPlot	A representation of data showing multiple sets of observations on a single plot, possibly offsetting each plot by some uniform amount.	enumeration	TimeSeries	A representation of data showing a set of observations taken at different points in time and charted as a time series.	enumeration	WaveForm	Spatial or temporal variations of wave amplitude
enumeration	Image	A two-dimensional representation of data with values at each element of the array related to an intensity or a color.																			
enumeration	Plasmagram	The characterization of signal strengths in active sounding measurements as a function of virtual range or signal delay time and sounding frequency. A Plasmagram is also referred to as an Ionogram.																			
enumeration	Spectrogram	The characterization of signal strengths as a function of frequency (or energy) and time.																			
enumeration	StackPlot	A representation of data showing multiple sets of observations on a single plot, possibly offsetting each plot by some uniform amount.																			
enumeration	TimeSeries	A representation of data showing a set of observations taken at different points in time and charted as a time series.																			
enumeration	WaveForm	Spatial or temporal variations of wave amplitude																			

	over wave-period timescales.
Used by	Complex Type     RenderingHints
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="DisplayType" type="enumDisplayType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The general styling or type of plot that is       suitable for the variable.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element AxisLabel

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A short character string (approximately 10 characters, but preferably 6 characters - more only if absolutely required for clarity) which can be used to label a y-axis for a plot or to provide a heading for a data listing.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type     RenderingHints
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="AxisLabel" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A short character string (approximately 10       characters, but preferably 6 characters -       more only if absolutely required for clarity)       which can be used to label a y-axis for a       plot or to provide a heading for a data listing.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ValueFormat

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A string defining the output format used when extracting data values out to a file or screen. The magnitude and the number of significant figures needed should be carefully considered. The output format string can be in either Fortran or C syntax.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type     RenderingHints
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ValueFormat" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A string defining the output format used when       extracting data values out to a file or screen.       The magnitude and the number of significant       figures needed should be carefully considered.       The output format string can be in either       Fortran or C syntax.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ScaleMin

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The minimum value that the variable is expected to attain. Used, for example, by automated

	plotting software.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:double
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type RenderingHints
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ScaleMin" type="xsd:double"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The minimum value that the variable is expected       to attain. Used, for example, by automated       plotting software.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ScaleMax

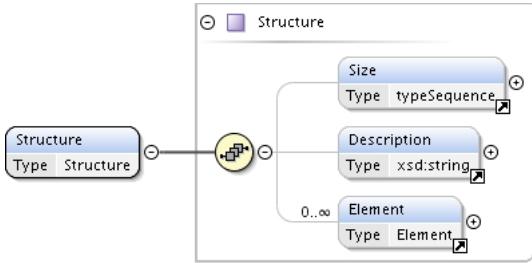
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The maximum value that the variable is expected to attain. Used, for example, by automated plotting software.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:double
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type RenderingHints
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ScaleMax" type="xsd:double"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The maximum value that the variable is expected       to attain. Used, for example, by automated       plotting software.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ScaleType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema						
Annotations	The scaling to apply to an axis. If this attribute is not present, linear scale should be assumed.						
Diagram							
Type	enumScaleType						
Properties	content: simple						
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>LinearScale</td> <td>Intervals which are equally spaced.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>LogScale</td> <td>Intervals which are spaced proportionally to the logarithms of the values being represented.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	LinearScale	Intervals which are equally spaced.	enumeration	LogScale	Intervals which are spaced proportionally to the logarithms of the values being represented.
enumeration	LinearScale	Intervals which are equally spaced.					
enumeration	LogScale	Intervals which are spaced proportionally to the logarithms of the values being represented.					
Used by	Complex Type RenderingHints						
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ScaleType" type="enumScaleType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The scaling to apply to an axis. If this attribute       is not present, linear scale should be assumed.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>						
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd						

### Element Structure

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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Diagram	
Type	Structure
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Parameter
Model	Size{0,1} , Description{0,1} , Element*
Children	Description, Element, Size
Instance	<Structure> <Size>{0,1}</Size> <Description>{0,1}</Description> <Element>{0,unbounded}</Element> </Structure>
Source	<xsd:element name="Structure" type="Structure"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

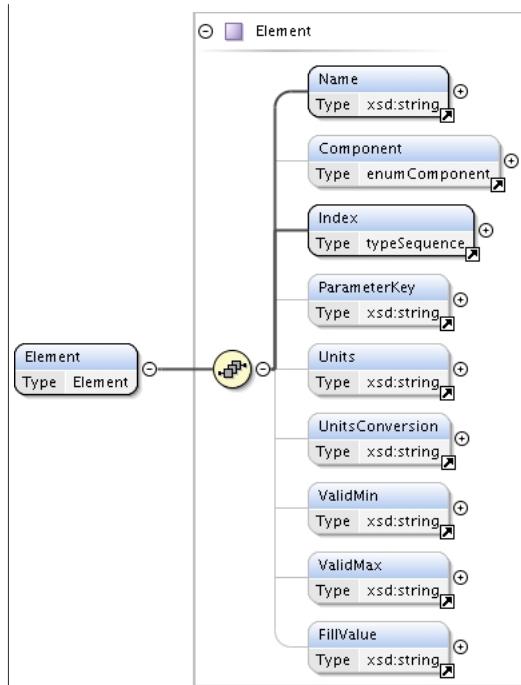
## Element Size

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	The number of elements in each dimension of a multi-dimensional array. A scalar has a size of 1. A multi-dimensional vector will have a size for each dimension. Note that the number of elements in the size of an N-dimensional array conveys the arrays dimensionality while the product of those numbers conveys the total number of elements in the array. When size is used to describe a tensor it is the number of elements in the tensor. As such it has a limited set of values. A tensor of rank 1 has a size of 3, rank 2 a size of 9, rank 3 a size of 27 and rank n a size of 3^n.
Diagram	
Type	typeSequence
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Structure
Source	<xsd:element name="Size" type="typeSequence"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The number of elements in each dimension of a multi-dimensional array. A scalar has a size of 1. A multi-dimensional vector will have a size for each dimension. Note that the number of elements in the size of an N-dimensional array conveys the array's dimensionality while the product of those numbers conveys the total number of elements in the array. When size is used to describe a tensor it is the number of elements in the tensor. As such it has a limited set of values. A tensor of rank 1 has a size of 3, rank 2 a size of 9, rank 3 a size of 27 and rank n a size of 3^n.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Element

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
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## Diagram



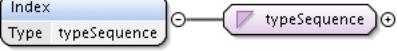
Type	Element
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Structure
Model	Name , Component{0,1} , Index , ParameterKey{0,1} , Units{0,1} , UnitsConversion{0,1} , ValidMin{0,1} , ValidMax{0,1} , FillValue{0,1}
Children	Component, FillValue, Index, Name, ParameterKey, Units, UnitsConversion, ValidMax, ValidMin
Instance	<Element>     <Name>{1,1}</Name>     <Component>{0,1}</Component>     <Index>{1,1}</Index>     <ParameterKey>{0,1}</ParameterKey>     <Units>{0,1}</Units>     <UnitsConversion>{0,1}</UnitsConversion>     <ValidMin>{0,1}</ValidMin>     <ValidMax>{0,1}</ValidMax>     <FillValue>{0,1}</FillValue>   </Element>
Source	<xsd:element name="Element" type="Element" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Element Component**

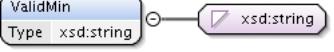
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema											
Annotations	Projection of a vector along one of the base axes of a coordinate system.											
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Component {         &lt;&lt;Component&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;enumComponent&gt;&gt;     }     class enumComponent {         &lt;&lt;enumComponent&gt;&gt;     }     Component &lt; -- enumComponent   </pre>											
Type	enumComponent											
Properties	content: simple											
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>I</td> <td>Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN coordinate system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>J</td> <td>Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN coordinate system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>K</td> <td>Projection of a vector along the third named</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	I	Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN coordinate system.	enumeration	J	Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN coordinate system.	enumeration	K	Projection of a vector along the third named
enumeration	I	Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN coordinate system.										
enumeration	J	Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN coordinate system.										
enumeration	K	Projection of a vector along the third named										

	axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Z axis, but could be the N axis for an RTN coordinate system.
Used by	Complex Type Element
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Component" type="enumComponent"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Projection of a vector along one of the base       axes of a coordinate system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

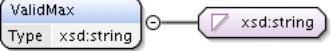
## Element Index

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The location of an item in an array or vector. An index can be multivalued to represent the location in a multidimensional object.
Diagram	
Type	typeSequence
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Element
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Index" type="typeSequence"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The location of an item in an array or vector.       An index can be multivalued to represent the       location in a multidimensional object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ValidMin

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The smallest legitimate value.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Element, Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ValidMin" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The smallest legitimate value.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ValidMax

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The largest legitimate value.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Element, Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ValidMax" type="xsd:string"&gt;</pre>

	<pre>&lt;xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The largest legitimate value.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element FillValue

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A value that indicates that a quantity is undefined.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class FillValue {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class xsd:string     FillValue "0" --&gt; xsd:string   </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types Element, Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="FillValue" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A value that indicates that a quantity is undefined.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ParameterEntity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class ParameterEntity {         &lt;&lt;Abstract true&gt;&gt;     }     class Field {         &lt;&lt;Type Field&gt;&gt;     }     class Particle {         &lt;&lt;Type Particle&gt;&gt;     }     class Wave {         &lt;&lt;Type Wave&gt;&gt;     }     class Mixed     class Support     ParameterEntity "0" --&gt; Field     ParameterEntity "0" --&gt; Particle     ParameterEntity "0" --&gt; Wave     ParameterEntity "0" --&gt; Mixed     ParameterEntity "0" --&gt; Support   </pre>
Properties	abstract: true
Substitution Group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Field</li> <li>Particle</li> <li>Wave</li> <li>Mixed</li> <li>Support</li> </ul>
Used by	Complex Type Parameter
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ParameterEntity" abstract="true"/&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Extension

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A container of other metadata which is not part of the SPASE data model. The contents of this element are defined by individual usage. The organization and content are constrained by the implementation. For example, in an

	<p>XML representation of the SPASE metadata the content must conform to the XML specifications.</p>
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     Extension "0..∞" --&gt; SubstitutionGroup     SubstitutionGroup "ResourceEntity Abstract true"   </pre>
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ResourceEntity
Used by	Complex Types Annotation, Catalog, DisplayData, Instrument, NumericalData, Observatory, Person, Registry, Repository, Service
Model	ANY element from ANY namespace OTHER than 'http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema'
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="Extension" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A container of other metadata which is not part of the SPASE data model. The contents individual are constrained in an adata the cifications.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:complexType&gt;     &lt;xsd:minOccurs value="lax" minOccurs="0" /&gt;   &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;   </pre>
Substitution Group Affiliation	<pre> classDiagram     Field "0..∞" --&gt; Qualifier     Field "0..∞" --&gt; FieldQuantity     Field "0..∞" --&gt; FrequencyRange     Field "0..∞" --&gt; SubstitutionGroup     SubstitutionGroup "ParameterEntity Abstract true"   </pre>
Schema location	file

## Element Field

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     Field "0..∞" --&gt; Qualifier     Field "0..∞" --&gt; FieldQuantity     Field "0..∞" --&gt; FrequencyRange     Field "0..∞" --&gt; SubstitutionGroup     SubstitutionGroup "ParameterEntity Abstract true"   </pre>
Type	<pre> classDiagram     Extension "0..∞" --&gt; SubstitutionGroup     SubstitutionGroup "ResourceEntity Abstract true"   </pre>

Type	<pre> classDiagram     Field "0..∞" --&gt; Qualifier     Field "0..∞" --&gt; FieldQuantity     Field "0..∞" --&gt; FrequencyRange     Field "0..∞" --&gt; SubstitutionGroup     SubstitutionGroup "ParameterEntity Abstract true"   </pre>
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## Element Qualifier

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																																											
Annotations	Characterizes the refinement to apply to a type or attribute of a quantity.																																											
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Qualifier {         &lt;&lt;Qualifier&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type&gt;&gt;     }     class enumQualifier {         &lt;&lt;enumQualifier&gt;&gt;     }     Qualifier &lt; -- enumQualifier   </pre>																																											
Type	enumQualifier																																											
Properties	content: simple																																											
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Anisotropy</td> <td>Direction-dependent property.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Array</td> <td>A sequence of values corresponding to the elements in a rectilinear, n-dimension matrix. Each value can be referenced by a unique index.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Average</td> <td>The statistical mean; the sum of a set of values divided by the number of values in the set.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Characteristic</td> <td>A quantity which can be easily identified and measured in a given environment.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Circular</td> <td>Relative to polarization, right-hand circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating clockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. Left-hand circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating counterclockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. The polarization of magnetohydrodynamic waves is specified with respect to the ambient mean magnetic field : right-hand polarized waves have a transverse electric field component which turns in a right-handed sense (that of the gyrating electrons) around the magnetic field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Column</td> <td>A two-dimensional measure of a quantity. The column is the area over which the quantity is measured.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Component</td> <td>Projection of a vector along one of the base axes of a coordinate system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Component.I</td> <td>Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN coordinate system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Component.J</td> <td>Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN coordinate system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Component.K</td> <td>Projection of a vector along the third named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Z axis, but could be the N axis for an RTN coordinate system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CrossSpectrum</td> <td>The Fourier transform of the cross correlation of two physical or empirical observations.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Deviation</td> <td>The difference between an observed value and the expected value of a quantity.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Differential</td> <td>A flux measurement within a given energy and solid-angle range.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Direction</td> <td>The spatial relation between an object and another object, the orientation of the object</td> </tr> </table>		enumeration	Anisotropy	Direction-dependent property.	enumeration	Array	A sequence of values corresponding to the elements in a rectilinear, n-dimension matrix. Each value can be referenced by a unique index.	enumeration	Average	The statistical mean; the sum of a set of values divided by the number of values in the set.	enumeration	Characteristic	A quantity which can be easily identified and measured in a given environment.	enumeration	Circular	Relative to polarization, right-hand circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating clockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. Left-hand circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating counterclockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. The polarization of magnetohydrodynamic waves is specified with respect to the ambient mean magnetic field : right-hand polarized waves have a transverse electric field component which turns in a right-handed sense (that of the gyrating electrons) around the magnetic field.	enumeration	Column	A two-dimensional measure of a quantity. The column is the area over which the quantity is measured.	enumeration	Component	Projection of a vector along one of the base axes of a coordinate system.	enumeration	Component.I	Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN coordinate system.	enumeration	Component.J	Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN coordinate system.	enumeration	Component.K	Projection of a vector along the third named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Z axis, but could be the N axis for an RTN coordinate system.	enumeration	CrossSpectrum	The Fourier transform of the cross correlation of two physical or empirical observations.	enumeration	Deviation	The difference between an observed value and the expected value of a quantity.	enumeration	Differential	A flux measurement within a given energy and solid-angle range.	enumeration	Direction	The spatial relation between an object and another object, the orientation of the object
enumeration	Anisotropy	Direction-dependent property.																																										
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enumeration	Characteristic	A quantity which can be easily identified and measured in a given environment.																																										
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enumeration	Differential	A flux measurement within a given energy and solid-angle range.																																										
enumeration	Direction	The spatial relation between an object and another object, the orientation of the object																																										

		or the course along which the object points or moves.
enumeration	DirectionAngle	The angle between a position vector or measured vector (or one of its projections onto a plane) and one of the base axes of the coordinate system.
enumeration	DirectionAngle.AzimuthAngle	The angle between the projection into the i-j plane of a position or measured vector and the i-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(j/i)$ .
enumeration	DirectionAngle.ElevationAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the i-j plane of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(k/\sqrt{i^2+j^2})$ .
enumeration	DirectionAngle.PolarAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan([\sqrt{i^2+j^2}]/k)$ .
enumeration	FieldAligned	The component of a quantity which is oriented in the same direction of a field.
enumeration	Fit	Values that make a model agree with the data.
enumeration	Group	An assemblage of values that a certain relation or common characteristic.
enumeration	Integral	The summation of values above a given threshold and over area or solid-angle range.
enumeration	Integral.Area	Integration over the extent of a planar region, or of the surface of a solid.
enumeration	Integral.Bandwidth	Integration over the width a frequency band.
enumeration	Integral.SolidAngle	Integration over the angle in three-dimensional space that an object subtends at a point.
enumeration	LineOfSight	The line of sight is the line that connects the observer with the observed object. This expression is often used with measurements of Doppler velocity and magnetic field in magnetograms, where only the component of the vector field directed along the line of sight is measured.
enumeration	Linear	Polarization where the E-field vector is confined to a given plane
enumeration	Magnitude	A measure of the strength of a vector quantity or length of its representational vector.
enumeration	Moment	Parameters determined by integration over a distribution function convolved with a power of velocity.
enumeration	Parallel	Having the same direction as a given direction
enumeration	Peak	The maximum value for the quantity in question, over a period of time which is usually equal to the cadence.
enumeration	Perpendicular	At right angles to a given direction.
enumeration	Perturbation	Variations in the state of a system.
enumeration	Phase	A point or portion in a recurring series of changes.
enumeration	PhaseAngle	Phase difference between two or more waves, normally expressed in degrees.

enumeration	Projection	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector as projected into a plane of the coordinate system.
enumeration	Projection.IJ	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-j (typically X-Y) plane of the coordinate system.
enumeration	Projection.IK	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-k (typically X-Z) plane of the coordinate system.
enumeration	Projection.JK	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the j-k (typically Y-Z) plane of the coordinate system.
enumeration	Pseudo	Similar to or having the appearance of something else. Can be used to indicate an estimation or approximation of a particular quantity.
enumeration	Ratio	The relative magnitudes of two quantities.
enumeration	Scalar	A quantity that is completely specified by its magnitude and has no direction.
enumeration	Spectral	Characterized as a range or continuum of frequencies
enumeration	StandardDeviation	The square root of the average of the squares of deviations about the mean of a set of data. Standard deviation is a statistical measure of spread or variability.
enumeration	StokesParameters	A set of four parameters (usually called I,Q,U and V) which describe the polarization state of an electromagnetic wave propagating through space.
enumeration	Symmetric	Equal distribution about one or more axes.
enumeration	Tensor	A generalized linear "quantity" or "geometrical entity" that can be expressed as a multi-dimensional array relative to a choice of basis of the particular space on which it is defined.
enumeration	Total	The summation of quantities over all possible species.
enumeration	Trace	The sum of the elements on the main diagonal (the diagonal from the upper left to the lower right) of a square matrix.
enumeration	Uncertainty	A statistically defined discrepancy between a measured quantity and the true value of that quantity that cannot be corrected by calculation or calibration.
enumeration	Variance	A measure of dispersion of a set of data points around their mean value. The expectation value of the squared deviations from the mean.
enumeration	Vector	A set of parameter values each along some independent variable (e.g., components of a field in three orthogonal spatial directions; atmospheric temperature values at several altitudes, or at a given latitude and longitude;).

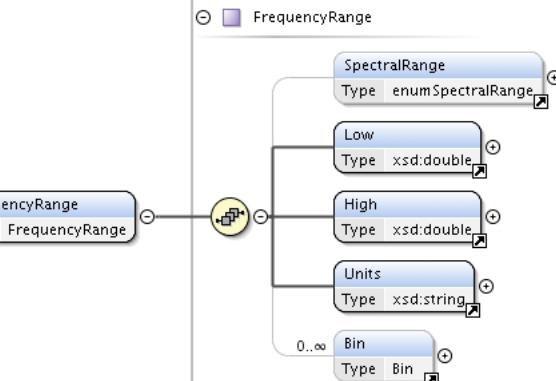
Used by	Complex Types	Field, Mixed, Particle, Support, Wave
Source		<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Qualifier" type="enumQualifier"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Characterizes the refinement to apply to a       type or attribute of a quantity.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location		file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element FieldQuantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	The physical attribute of the field.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class FieldQuantity {         &lt;&lt;Type enumFieldQuantity&gt;&gt;     }     class enumFieldQuantity     FieldQuantity &lt; -- enumFieldQuantity   </pre>		
Type	enumFieldQuantity		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	Current	The flow of electrons through a conductor caused by a potential difference.
	enumeration	Electric	The physical attribute that exerts an electrical force.
	enumeration	Electromagnetic	Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave's propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.
	enumeration	Gyrofrequency	The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.
	enumeration	Magnetic	The physical attribute attributed to a magnet or its equivalent.
	enumeration	PlasmaFrequency	A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.
	enumeration	Potential	A field which obeys Laplaces Equation.
	enumeration	PoyntingFlux	Electromagnetic energy flux transported by a wave characterized as the rate of energy transport per unit area per steradian.
	Used by		
Used by	Complex Type	Field	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="FieldQuantity" type="enumFieldQuantity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The physical attribute of the field.&lt;/       xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Element FrequencyRange

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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Diagram	aKs	
Type	FrequencyRange	
Properties	content:	complex
Used by	Complex Types	Field, Wave
Model	SpectralRange{0,1} , Low , High , Units , Bin*	
Children	Bin, High, Low, SpectralRange, Units	
Instance		

		of ionised helium at 304 Angstrom (30.4 nm).
enumeration	Infrared	Photons with a wavelength range: 760 to $1.00 \times 10^6$ nm
enumeration	K7699	A spectrum with a wavelength range centred at 769.9 nm. VSO nickname: K-7699 dopplergram with a range of 769.8 nm to 770.0 nm.
enumeration	LBHBand	Lyman-Birge-Hopfield band in the far ultraviolet range with wavelength range of 140nm to 170 nm.
enumeration	Microwave	Photons with a wavelength range: $1.00 \times 10^6$ to $1.50 \times 10^7$ nm
enumeration	NaD	A spectrum with a wavelength range of centered at 589.3 nm. VSO nickname: Na-D image with a range of 588.8 nm to 589.8 nm.
enumeration	Ni6768	A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 676.8 nm. VSO nickname: Ni-6768 dopplergram with a range of 676.7 nm to 676.9 nm.
enumeration	Optical	Photons with a wavelength range: 380 to 760 nm
enumeration	RadioFrequency	Photons with a wavelength range: 100,000 to $1.00 \times 10^{11}$ nm
enumeration	SoftXRays	X-Rays with an energy range of 0.12 keV to 12 keV.
enumeration	Ultraviolet	Photons with a wavelength range: 10 to 400 nm.
enumeration	WhiteLight	Photons with a wavelength in the visible range for humans!!!
enumeration	XRays	Photons with a wavelength range: $0.001 \leq x < 10$ nm
Used by	Complex Types	DisplayData, FrequencyRange, NumericalData, WavelengthRange
Source		<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="SpectralRange" type="enumSpectralRange"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The general term used to describe wavelengths or frequencies within a given span of values for those quantities.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

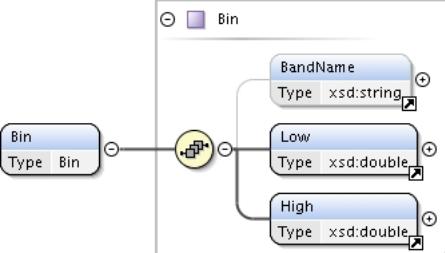
## Element Low

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	The smallest value within a range of possible values.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Low {         &lt;&lt;Low&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:double&gt;&gt;     }     Low o--&gt; xsd:double   </pre>	
Type	xsd:double	
Properties	content: simple	
Used by	Complex Types AzimuthalAngleRange, Bin, EnergyRange, FrequencyRange, PolarAngleRange, WavelengthRange	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Low" type="xsd:double"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The smallest value within a range of possible values.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Element High

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The largest value within a range of possible values.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:double
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Types AzimuthalAngleRange, Bin, EnergyRange, FrequencyRange, PolarAngleRange, WavelengthRange
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="High" type="xsd:double"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The largest value within a range of possible values.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Bin

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Type	Bin
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Types AzimuthalAngleRange, EnergyRange, FrequencyRange, PolarAngleRange, WavelengthRange
Model	BandName{0,1} , Low , High
Children	BandName, High, Low
Instance	<pre>&lt;Bin&gt;   &lt;BandName&gt;{0,1}&lt;/BandName&gt;   &lt;Low&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Low&gt;   &lt;High&gt;{1,1}&lt;/High&gt; &lt;/Bin&gt;</pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Bin" type="Bin"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element BandName

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A common or provider assigned name for a range of values.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Bin
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="BandName" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A common or provider assigned name for a range of values.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>

	<pre>of values.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Particle

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Type	Particle
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ParameterEntity</li> </ul>
Model	ParticleType+, Qualifier*, ParticleQuantity, AtomicNumber*, EnergyRange{0,1}, AzimuthalAngleRange{0,1}, PolarAngleRange{0,1}
Children	AtomicNumber, AzimuthalAngleRange, EnergyRange, ParticleQuantity, ParticleType, PolarAngleRange, Qualifier
Instance	<pre>&lt;Particle&gt;   &lt;ParticleType&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/ParticleType&gt;   &lt;Qualifier&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Qualifier&gt;   &lt;ParticleQuantity&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ParticleQuantity&gt;   &lt;AtomicNumber&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/AtomicNumber&gt;   &lt;EnergyRange&gt;{0,1}&lt;/EnergyRange&gt;   &lt;AzimuthalAngleRange&gt;{0,1}&lt;/AzimuthalAngleRange&gt;   &lt;PolarAngleRange&gt;{0,1}&lt;/PolarAngleRange&gt; &lt;/Particle&gt;</pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Particle" type="Particle" substitutionGroup="ParameterEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ParticleType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema			
Annotations	A characterization of the kind of particle observed by the measurement.			
Diagram				
Type	enumParticleType			
Properties	content: simple			
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Aerosol</td> <td>A suspension of fine solid or liquid particles in a gas.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	Aerosol	A suspension of fine solid or liquid particles in a gas.
enumeration	Aerosol	A suspension of fine solid or liquid particles in a gas.		

	enumeration	AlphaParticle	A positively charged nuclear particle that consists of two protons and two neutrons.
	enumeration	Atom	Matter consisting of a nucleus surrounded by electrons which has no net charge.
	enumeration	Dust	Free microscopic particles of solid material.
	enumeration	Electron	An elementary particle consisting of a charge of negative electricity equal to about $1.602 \times 10^{-19}$ Coulomb and having a mass when at rest of about $9.109534 \times 10^{-28}$ gram.
	enumeration	Ion	An atom that has acquired a net electric charge by gaining or losing one or more electrons. (Note: $Z > 2$ )
	enumeration	Molecule	A group of atoms so united and combined by chemical affinity that they form a complete, integrated whole, being the smallest portion of any particular compound that can exist in a free state
	enumeration	Neutron	An elementary particle that has no net charge and is a constituent of atomic nuclei, and that has a mass slightly larger than a proton ( $1.673 \times 10^{-24}$ gram.)
	enumeration	Proton	An elementary particle that is a constituent of all atomic nuclei, that carries a positive charge numerically equal to the charge of an electron, and that has a mass of $1.673 \times 10^{-24}$ gram.
Used by	Complex Types	Mixed, Particle	
Source			<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ParticleType" type="enumParticleType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A characterization of the kind of particle observed by the measurement.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location			file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Element ParticleQuantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	A characterization of the physical properties of the particle.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class ParticleQuantity {         &lt;&lt;Type enumParticleQuantity&gt;&gt;     }     class enumParticleQuantity {         &lt;&lt;ParticleQuantity&gt;&gt;     }     ParticleQuantity &lt; -- enumParticleQuantity   </pre>		
Type	enumParticleQuantity		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	AverageChargeState	A measure of the composite deficit (positive) or excess (negative) of electrons with respect to protons.
	enumeration	CountRate	The number of events per unit time.
	enumeration	Counts	An enumeration of the number of detection events occurring in a particle detector per unit time or over detector accumulation times.
	enumeration	Energy	The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy)
	enumeration	EnergyDensity	The amount of energy per unit volume.
	enumeration	EnergyFlux	The amount of energy passing through a unit

		area in a unit time.
enumeration	FlowSpeed	The rate at which particles or energy is passing through a unit area in a unit time.
enumeration	FlowVelocity	The volume of matter passing through a unit area perpendicular to the direction of flow in a unit of time.
enumeration	Gyrofrequency	The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.
enumeration	HeatFlux	Flow of thermal energy through a gas or plasma; typically computed as third moment of a distribution function.
enumeration	Mass	The measure of inertia (mass) of individual objects (e.g., aerosols).
enumeration	MassDensity	The mass of particles per unit volume.
enumeration	NumberDensity	The number of particles per unit volume.
enumeration	NumberFlux	The number of particles passing through a unit area in a unit time.
enumeration	PhaseSpaceDensity	The number of particles per unit volume in the six-dimensional space of position and velocity.
enumeration	PlasmaFrequency	A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.
enumeration	Pressure	The force per unit area exerted by a particle distribution or field.
enumeration	SonicMachNumber	The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the speed of sound in the medium.
enumeration	Temperature	A measure of the kinetic energy of random motion with respect to the average. Temperature is properly defined only for an equilibrium particle distribution (Maxwellian distribution).
enumeration	ThermalSpeed	For a Maxwellian distribution, the difference between the mean speed and the speed within which ~69% (one sigma) of all the members of the speed distribution occur.
enumeration	Velocity	Rate of change of position. Also used for the average velocity of a collection of particles, also referred to as "bulk velocity".
Used by	Complex Type	Particle
Source	<xsd:element name="ParticleQuantity" type="enumParticleQuantity"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A characterization of the physical properties of the particle.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

### Element AtomicNumber

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The number of protons in the nucleus of an atom.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:double
Properties	content: simple

Used by	Complex Type      Particle
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="AtomicNumber" type="xsd:double"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The number of protons in the nucleus of an atom.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element EnergyRange

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class EnergyRange {         Low : xsd:double         High : xsd:double         Units : xsd:string         Bin : Bin*     }     EnergyRange &lt; -- EnergyRange   </pre>
Type	EnergyRange
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Types      Particle, Wave
Model	Low , High , Units , Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, Units
Instance	<pre> &lt;EnergyRange&gt;   &lt;Low&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Low&gt;   &lt;High&gt;{1,1}&lt;/High&gt;   &lt;Units&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Units&gt;   &lt;Bin&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Bin&gt; &lt;/EnergyRange&gt;   </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="EnergyRange" type="EnergyRange" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element AzimuthalAngleRange

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class AzimuthalAngleRange {         Low : xsd:double         High : xsd:double         Units : xsd:string         Bin : Bin*     }     AzimuthalAngleRange &lt; -- AzimuthalAngleRange   </pre>
Type	AzimuthalAngleRange
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type      Particle
Model	Low , High , Units , Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, Units
Instance	<pre> &lt;AzimuthalAngleRange&gt;   &lt;Low&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Low&gt;   &lt;High&gt;{1,1}&lt;/High&gt;   </pre>

	<pre>&lt;Units&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Units&gt; &lt;Bin&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Bin&gt; &lt;/AzimuthalAngleRange&gt;</pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="AzimuthalAngleRange" type="AzimuthalAngleRange" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element PolarAngleRange

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class PolarAngleRange {         Low : xsd:double         High : xsd:double         Units : xsd:string         Bin : Bin     }     PolarAngleRange &lt; -- PolarAngleRange   </pre>
Type	PolarAngleRange
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Particle
Model	Low , High , Units , Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, Units
Instance	<pre> &lt;PolarAngleRange&gt;   &lt;Low&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Low&gt;   &lt;High&gt;{1,1}&lt;/High&gt;   &lt;Units&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Units&gt;   &lt;Bin&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Bin&gt; &lt;/PolarAngleRange&gt;   </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="PolarAngleRange" type="PolarAngleRange" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Wave

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Wave {         Qualifier : enum Qualifier         WaveType : enum WaveType         WaveQuantity : enum WaveQuantity         EnergyRange         WavelengthRange         FrequencyRange     }     Wave &lt; -- Substitution Group     ParameterEntity : Abstract true   </pre>
Type	Wave
Properties	content: complex

Substitution Group	• ParameterEntity
Affiliation	
Model	Qualifier*, WaveType, WaveQuantity, EnergyRange{0,1}, WavelengthRange{0,1}, FrequencyRange{0,1}
Children	EnergyRange, FrequencyRange, Qualifier, WaveQuantity, WaveType, WavelengthRange
Instance	<pre>&lt;Wave&gt;   &lt;Qualifier&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Qualifier&gt;   &lt;WaveType&gt;{1,1}&lt;/WaveType&gt;   &lt;WaveQuantity&gt;{1,1}&lt;/WaveQuantity&gt;   &lt;EnergyRange&gt;{0,1}&lt;/EnergyRange&gt;   &lt;WavelengthRange&gt;{0,1}&lt;/WavelengthRange&gt;   &lt;FrequencyRange&gt;{0,1}&lt;/FrequencyRange&gt; &lt;/Wave&gt;</pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Wave" type="Wave" substitutionGroup="ParameterEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element WaveType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																				
Annotations	A characterization of the carrier or phenomenon of wave information observed by the measurement.																				
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class WaveType     class enumWaveType     WaveType "1" -- "1" enumWaveType   </pre>																				
Type	enumWaveType																				
Properties	content: simple																				
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Electromagnetic</td> <td>Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave#s propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Electrostatic</td> <td>Collective longitudinal electric-field and plasma oscillations trapped within a body of plasma.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Hydrodynamic</td> <td>Periodic or quasi-periodic oscillations of fluid quantities.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>MHD</td> <td>Hydrodynamic waves in a magnetized plasma in which the background magnetic field plays a key role in controlling the wave propagation characteristics.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Photon</td> <td>Electromagnetic waves detected by techniques that utilize their corpuscular character (e.g., CCD, CMOS, photomultipliers).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>PlasmaWaves</td> <td>Self-consistent collective oscillations of particles and fields (electric and magnetic) in a plasma.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Electromagnetic	Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave#s propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.	enumeration	Electrostatic	Collective longitudinal electric-field and plasma oscillations trapped within a body of plasma.	enumeration	Hydrodynamic	Periodic or quasi-periodic oscillations of fluid quantities.	enumeration	MHD	Hydrodynamic waves in a magnetized plasma in which the background magnetic field plays a key role in controlling the wave propagation characteristics.	enumeration	Photon	Electromagnetic waves detected by techniques that utilize their corpuscular character (e.g., CCD, CMOS, photomultipliers).	enumeration	PlasmaWaves	Self-consistent collective oscillations of particles and fields (electric and magnetic) in a plasma.
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enumeration	Photon	Electromagnetic waves detected by techniques that utilize their corpuscular character (e.g., CCD, CMOS, photomultipliers).																			
enumeration	PlasmaWaves	Self-consistent collective oscillations of particles and fields (electric and magnetic) in a plasma.																			
Used by	Complex Type	Wave																			
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="WaveType" type="enumWaveType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A characterization of the carrier or phenomenon of wave information observed by the measurement.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>																				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd																				

## Element WaveQuantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	A characterization of the physical properties of a wave.	

Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class WaveQuantity {         &lt;&lt;Type enumWaveQuantity&gt;&gt;     }     class enumWaveQuantity     WaveQuantity "1" --&gt; "1" enumWaveQuantity   </pre>		
Type	enumWaveQuantity		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	Absorption	Decrease of radiant energy (relative to the background continuum spectrum).
	enumeration	ACElectricField	Alternating electric field component of a wave.
	enumeration	ACMagneticField	Alternating magnetic field component of a wave.
	enumeration	DopplerFrequency	Change in the frequency of a propagating wave due to motion of the source, the observer, the reflector, or the propagation medium.
	enumeration	Emissivity	The energy emitted spontaneously per unit bandwidth (typically frequency) per unit time per unit mass of source. Emissivity is usually integrated over all directions/solid angles.
	enumeration	EnergyFlux	The amount of energy passing through a unit area in a unit time.
	enumeration	EquivalentWidth	The spectral width of a total absorption line having the amount of absorbed radiant energy being equivalent to that in an observed absorption line.
	enumeration	Frequency	The number of occurrences of a repeating event per unit time.
	enumeration	Gyrofrequency	The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.
	enumeration	Intensity	The measurement of radiant or wave energy per unit detector area per unit bandwidth per unit solid angle per unit time.
	enumeration	LineDepth	The measure of the amount of absorption below the continuum (depth) in a particular wavelength or frequency in an absorption spectrum.
	enumeration	MagneticField	A region of space near a magnetized body where magnetic forces can be detected (as measured by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).
	enumeration	ModeAmplitude	In helioseismology the magnitude of oscillation of waves of a particular geometry.
	enumeration	PlasmaFrequency	A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.
	enumeration	Polarization	Direction of the electric vector of an electromagnetic wave. The wave can be linearly polarized in any direction perpendicular to the direction of travel, circularly polarized (clockwise or counterclockwise), unpolarized, or mixtures of the above.
	enumeration	PoyntingFlux	Electromagnetic energy flux transported by a wave characterized as the rate of energy transport per unit area per steradian.
	enumeration	PropagationTime	Time difference between transmission and reception of a wave in an active wave experiment.
	enumeration	StokesParameters	A set of four parameters (usually called I,Q,

		U and V) which describe the polarization state of an electromagnetic wave propagating through space.
	enumeration Velocity	Rate of change of position. Also used for the average velocity of a collection of particles, also referred to as "bulk velocity".
	enumeration Wavelength	The peak-to-peak distance over one wave period.
Used by	Complex Type Wave	
Source		<xsd:element name="WaveQuantity" type="enumWaveQuantity"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A characterization of the physical properties of a wave.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location		file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element WavelengthRange

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class WavelengthRange {         SpectralRange         Low         High         Units         Bin     }     WavelengthRange &lt; -- SpectralRange     WavelengthRange &lt; -- Low     WavelengthRange &lt; -- High     WavelengthRange &lt; -- Units     WavelengthRange &lt; -- Bin   </pre>
Type	WavelengthRange
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Wave
Model	SpectralRange{0,1} , Low , High , Units , Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, SpectralRange, Units
Instance	<WavelengthRange>   <SpectralRange>{0,1}</SpectralRange>   <Low>{1,1}</Low>   <High>{1,1}</High>   <Units>{1,1}</Units>   <Bin>{0,unbounded}</Bin> </WavelengthRange>
Source	<xsd:element name="WavelengthRange" type="WavelengthRange" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Mixed

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Mixed {         &lt;&lt; Mixed &gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt; Type Mixed &gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt; 0..&gt;&gt; Qualifier         &lt;&lt; Type enumQualifier &gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt; 0..&gt;&gt; MixedQuantity         &lt;&lt; Type enumMixedQuantity &gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt; 0..&gt;&gt; ParticleType         &lt;&lt; Type enumParticleType &gt;&gt;     }     class Substitution Group {         &lt;&lt; ParameterEntity &gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt; Abstract true &gt;&gt;     }     Mixed &lt; -- Substitution Group   </pre>
Type	Mixed
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ParameterEntity
Model	Qualifier*, MixedQuantity , ParticleType*
Children	MixedQuantity, ParticleType, Qualifier
Instance	<Mixed>   <Qualifier>{0,unbounded}</Qualifier>   <MixedQuantity>{1,1}</MixedQuantity>   <ParticleType>{0,unbounded}</ParticleType> </Mixed>
Source	<xsd:element name="Mixed" type="Mixed" substitutionGroup="ParameterEntity" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element MixedQuantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																							
Annotations	A characterization of the combined attributes of a quantity.																							
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class MixedQuantity {         &lt;&lt; MixedQuantity &gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt; Type enumMixedQuantity &gt;&gt;     }     class enumMixedQuantity {         &lt;&lt; enumMixedQuantity &gt;&gt;     }     MixedQuantity --&gt; enumMixedQuantity   </pre>																							
Type	enumMixedQuantity																							
Properties	content: simple																							
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>AkasofuEpsilon</td> <td>A measure of the magnetopause energy flux and an indicator of the solar wind power available for subsequent magnetospheric energization. Defined as: <math>V \cdot B^2 \cdot l^2 \sin(\theta/2)^4</math> where <math>B</math> is the IMF, <math>l</math> is an empirical scaling parameter equal to 7 RE, and <math>\theta = \tan(BY/BZ)^{-1}</math> the IMF clock angle.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>AlfvenMachNumber</td> <td>The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the Alfvén speed.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>AlfvenVelocity</td> <td>Phase velocity of the Alfvén wave; In SI units it is the velocity of the magnetic field divided by the square root of the mass density times the permeability of free space (<math>\mu_0</math>).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>MagnetosonicMachNumber</td> <td>The ratio of the velocity of fast mode waves to the Alfvén velocity.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Other</td> <td>Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>PlasmaBeta</td> <td>The ratio of thermal pressure to magnetic</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	AkasofuEpsilon	A measure of the magnetopause energy flux and an indicator of the solar wind power available for subsequent magnetospheric energization. Defined as: $V \cdot B^2 \cdot l^2 \sin(\theta/2)^4$ where $B$ is the IMF, $l$ is an empirical scaling parameter equal to 7 RE, and $\theta = \tan(BY/BZ)^{-1}$ the IMF clock angle.	enumeration	AlfvenMachNumber	The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the Alfvén speed.	enumeration	AlfvenVelocity	Phase velocity of the Alfvén wave; In SI units it is the velocity of the magnetic field divided by the square root of the mass density times the permeability of free space ( $\mu_0$ ).	enumeration	FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio		enumeration	MagnetosonicMachNumber	The ratio of the velocity of fast mode waves to the Alfvén velocity.	enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.	enumeration	PlasmaBeta	The ratio of thermal pressure to magnetic
enumeration	AkasofuEpsilon	A measure of the magnetopause energy flux and an indicator of the solar wind power available for subsequent magnetospheric energization. Defined as: $V \cdot B^2 \cdot l^2 \sin(\theta/2)^4$ where $B$ is the IMF, $l$ is an empirical scaling parameter equal to 7 RE, and $\theta = \tan(BY/BZ)^{-1}$ the IMF clock angle.																						
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enumeration	FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio																							
enumeration	MagnetosonicMachNumber	The ratio of the velocity of fast mode waves to the Alfvén velocity.																						
enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.																						
enumeration	PlasmaBeta	The ratio of thermal pressure to magnetic																						

		pressure in plasma.
	enumeration	TotalPressure In an MHD fluid it is the number density (N) times Boltzmann constant times the temperature in Kelvin.
	enumeration	VCrossB The cross product of the charge velocity (V) and the magnetic field (B). It is the electric field exerted on a point charge by a magnetic field.
Used by	Complex Type	Mixed
Source	<xsd:element name="MixedQuantity" type="enumMixedQuantity"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A characterization of the combined attributes of a quantity.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Element Support

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Support {         &lt;&lt;Support&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Support&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Substitution Group&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;ParameterEntity&gt;&gt;     }     class Qualifier {         &lt;&lt;Qualifier&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type enumQualifier&gt;&gt;     }     class SupportQuantity {         &lt;&lt;SupportQuantity&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type enumSupportQuantity&gt;&gt;     }     class ParameterEntity {         &lt;&lt;ParameterEntity&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Abstract true&gt;&gt;     }      Support "0..∞" -- "1..1" Qualifier     Support "1..1" -- "1..1" SupportQuantity     Support "1..1" -- "1..1" ParameterEntity   </pre>
Type	Support
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ParameterEntity
Model	Qualifier*, SupportQuantity
Children	Qualifier, SupportQuantity
Instance	<Support> <Qualifier>{0,unbounded}</Qualifier> <SupportQuantity>{1,1}</SupportQuantity> </Support>
Source	<xsd:element name="Support" type="Support" substitutionGroup="ParameterEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element SupportQuantity

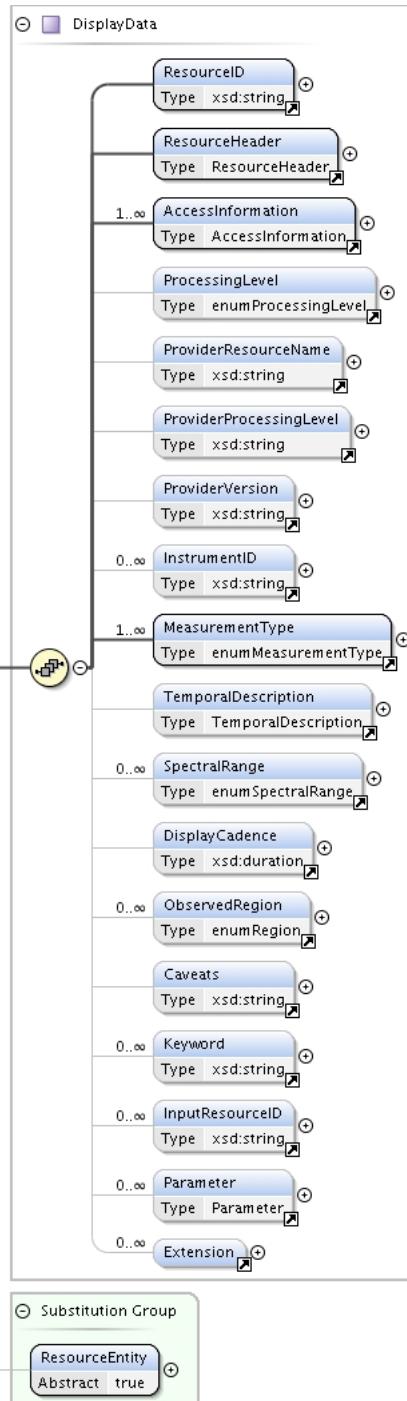
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema						
Annotations	A characterization of the support information.						
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class SupportQuantity {         &lt;&lt;SupportQuantity&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type enumSupportQuantity&gt;&gt;     }     class enumSupportQuantity {         &lt;&lt;enumSupportQuantity&gt;&gt;     }      SupportQuantity -- "1..1" enumSupportQuantity   </pre>						
Type	enumSupportQuantity						
Properties	content: simple						
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Other</td> <td>Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Positional</td> <td>The specification of the location of an object</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.	enumeration	Positional	The specification of the location of an object
enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.					
enumeration	Positional	The specification of the location of an object					

		or measurement within a reference coordinate system. The position is usually expressed as a set of values corresponding to the location along a set of orthogonal axes together with the date/time of the observation.
	enumeration      Temporal	Pertaining to time.
	enumeration      Velocity	Rate of change of position. Also used for the average velocity of a collection of particles, also referred to as "bulk velocity".
Used by	Complex Type	Support
Source	<xsd:element name="SupportQuantity" type="enumSupportQuantity"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A characterization of the support information.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

### Element DisplayData

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
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## Diagram



Type	DisplayData
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>ResourceEntity</code></li> </ul>
Model	<code>ResourceID</code> , <code>ResourceHeader</code> , <code>AccessInformation</code> + , <code>ProcessingLevel</code> {0,1} , <code>ProviderResourceName</code> {0,1} , <code>ProviderProcessingLevel</code> {0,1} , <code>ProviderVersion</code> {0,1} , <code>InstrumentID</code> * , <code>MeasurementType</code> + , <code>TemporalDescription</code> {0,1} , <code>SpectralRange</code> * , <code>DisplayCadence</code> {0,1} , <code>ObservedRegion</code> * , <code>Caveats</code> {0,1} , <code>Keyword</code> * , <code>InputResourceID</code> * , <code>Parameter</code> * , <code>Extension</code> *
Children	<code>AccessInformation</code> , <code>Caveats</code> , <code>DisplayCadence</code> , <code>Extension</code> , <code>InputResourceID</code> , <code>InstrumentID</code> , <code>Keyword</code> , <code>MeasurementType</code> , <code>ObservedRegion</code> , <code>Parameter</code> , <code>ProcessingLevel</code> , <code>ProviderProcessingLevel</code> , <code>ProviderResourceName</code> , <code>ProviderVersion</code> , <code>ResourceHeader</code> , <code>ResourceID</code> , <code>SpectralRange</code> , <code>TemporalDescription</code>
Instance	<pre>&lt;DisplayData&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;</pre>

	<pre> &lt;AccessInformation&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/AccessInformation&gt; &lt;ProcessingLevel&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProcessingLevel&gt; &lt;ProviderResourceName&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProviderResourceName&gt; &lt;ProviderProcessingLevel&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProviderProcessingLevel&gt; &lt;ProviderVersion&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProviderVersion&gt; &lt;InstrumentID&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/InstrumentID&gt; &lt;MeasurementType&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/MeasurementType&gt; &lt;TemporalDescription&gt;{0,1}&lt;/TemporalDescription&gt; &lt;SpectralRange&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/SpectralRange&gt; &lt;DisplayCadence&gt;{0,1}&lt;/DisplayCadence&gt; &lt;ObservedRegion&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/ObservedRegion&gt; &lt;Caveats&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Caveats&gt; &lt;Keyword&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Keyword&gt; &lt;InputResourceID&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/InputResourceID&gt; &lt;Parameter&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Parameter&gt; &lt;Extension&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Extension&gt; &lt;/DisplayData&gt; </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="DisplayData" type="DisplayData" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ProcessingLevel

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema											
Annotations	The standard classification of the processing performed on the product.											
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class ProcessingLevel {         &lt;&lt;enumProcessingLevel&gt;&gt;     }     class enumProcessingLevel     ProcessingLevel "1" -- "0..1" enumProcessingLevel </pre>											
Type	enumProcessingLevel											
Properties	content: simple											
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Calibrated</td> <td>Data wherein sensor outputs have been convolved with instrument response function, often irreversibly, to yield data in physical units.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Raw</td> <td>Data in its original state with no processing to account for calibration!!!</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Uncalibrated</td> <td>Duplicate data are removed from the data stream and data are time ordered. Values are not adjusted for any potential biases or external factors.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Calibrated	Data wherein sensor outputs have been convolved with instrument response function, often irreversibly, to yield data in physical units.	enumeration	Raw	Data in its original state with no processing to account for calibration!!!	enumeration	Uncalibrated	Duplicate data are removed from the data stream and data are time ordered. Values are not adjusted for any potential biases or external factors.
enumeration	Calibrated	Data wherein sensor outputs have been convolved with instrument response function, often irreversibly, to yield data in physical units.										
enumeration	Raw	Data in its original state with no processing to account for calibration!!!										
enumeration	Uncalibrated	Duplicate data are removed from the data stream and data are time ordered. Values are not adjusted for any potential biases or external factors.										
Used by	Complex Types	DisplayData, NumericalData										
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="ProcessingLevel" type="enumProcessingLevel"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The standard classification of the processing performed on the product.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt; </pre>											
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd											

## Element ProviderProcessingLevel

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	The provider specific classification of the processing performed on the product.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class ProviderProcessingLevel {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class xsd:string     ProviderProcessingLevel "1" -- "0..1" xsd:string </pre>		
Type	xsd:string		
Properties	content: simple		
Used by	Complex Types	DisplayData, NumericalData	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="ProviderProcessingLevel" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The provider specific classification of the processing performed on the product.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt; </pre>		

	</xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element MeasurementType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	A characterization of the quantitative assessment of a phenomenon.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class MeasurementType {         &lt;&lt;MeasurementType&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type&gt;&gt;     }     class enumMeasurementType {         &lt;&lt;enumMeasurementType&gt;&gt;     }     MeasurementType "1" -- "0..1" enumMeasurementType   </pre>		
Type	enumMeasurementType		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	ActivityIndex	An indication, derived from one or more measurements, of the level of activity of an object or region, such as sunspot number, F10.7 flux, Dst, or the Polar Cap Indices.
	enumeration	Dopplergram	A map or image depicting the spatial distribution of line-of-sight velocities of the observed object.
	enumeration	ElectricField	A region of space around a charged particle, or between two voltages within which a force is exerted on charged objects in its vicinity. An electric field is the electric force per unit charge.
	enumeration	EnergeticParticles	Pieces of matter that are moving very fast. Energetic particles include protons, electrons, neutrons, neutrinos, the nuclei of atoms, and other sub-atomic particles.
	enumeration	Ephemeris	The spatial coordinates of a body as a function of time. When used as an Instrument Type it represents the process or methods used to generate spatial coordinates.
	enumeration	ImageIntensity	Measurements of the two-dimensional distribution of the intensity of photons from some region or object such as the Sun or the polar auroral regions; can be in any wavelength band, and polarized, etc.
	enumeration	InstrumentStatus	A quantity directly related to the operation or function of an instrument.
	enumeration	IonComposition	In situ measurements of the relative flux or density of electrically charged particles in the space environment. May give simple fluxes, but full distribution functions are sometimes measured.
	enumeration	Irradiance	A radiometric term for the power of electromagnetic radiation at a surface, per unit area. "Irradiance" is used when the electromagnetic radiation is incident on the surface. The SI unit of irradiance is watts per square meter ( $\text{W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$ ).
	enumeration	MagneticField	A region of space near a magnetized body where magnetic forces can be detected (as measured by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).
	enumeration	Magnetogram	Measurements of the vector or line-of-sight magnetic field determined from remote sensing measurements of the detailed structure of spectral lines, including their splitting and polarization. ("Magnetogram.")

	enumeration	NeutralAtomImages	Measurements of neutral atom fluxes as a function of look direction; often related to remote energetic charged particles that lose their charge through charge-exchange and then reach the detector on a line-of-sight trajectory.
	enumeration	NeutralGas	Measurements of neutral atomic and molecular components of a gas.
	enumeration	Profile	Measurements of a quantity as a function of height above an object such as the limb of a body.
	enumeration	Radiance	A radiometric measurement that describes the amount of electromagnetic radiation that passes through or is emitted from a particular area, and falls within a given solid angle in a specified direction. They are used to characterize both emission from diffuse sources and reflection from diffuse surfaces. The SI unit of radiance is watts per steradian per square meter ( $\text{W} \cdot \text{s} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$ ).
	enumeration	Spectrum	The distribution of a characteristic of a physical system or phenomenon, such as the energy emitted by a radiant source, arranged in the order of wavelengths.
	enumeration	ThermalPlasma	Measurements of the plasma in the energy regime where the most of the plasma occurs. May be the basic fluxes in the form of distribution functions or the derived bulk parameters (density, flow velocity, etc.).
	enumeration	Waves	Data resulting from observations of wave experiments and natural wave phenomena. Wave experiments are typically active and natural wave phenomena are passive. Examples of wave experiments include coherent/incoherent scatter radars, radio soundings, VLF propagation studies, ionospheric scintillation of beacon satellite signals, etc. Examples of natural wave phenomena include micropulsations, mesospheric gravity waves, auroral/plasmaspheric hiss, Langmuir waves, AKR, Jovian decametric radiation, solar radio bursts, etc.
	enumeration	Waves.Active	Exerting an influence or producing a change or effect. An active measurement is one which produces a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.
	enumeration	Waves.Passive	Movement or effect produced by outside influence. A passive measurement is one which does not produce a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.
Used by	Complex Types	DisplayData, NumericalData	
Source	<xsd:element name="MeasurementType" type="enumMeasurementType"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A characterization of the quantitative assessment of a phenomenon.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Element TemporalDescription

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class TemporalDescription {         TimeSpan         Cadence         Exposure     }     class TimeSpan {         Type TimeSpan     }     class Cadence {         Type xsd:duration     }     class Exposure {         Type xsd:duration     }     TemporalDescription &lt; -- TimeSpan     TemporalDescription &lt; -- Cadence     TemporalDescription &lt; -- Exposure   </pre>
Type	TemporalDescription
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Types DisplayData, NumericalData
Model	TimeSpan , Cadence{0,1} , Exposure{0,1}
Children	Cadence, Exposure, TimeSpan
Instance	<TemporalDescription>   <TimeSpan>{1,1}</TimeSpan>   <Cadence>{0,1}</Cadence>   <Exposure>{0,1}</Exposure> </TemporalDescription>
Source	<xsd:element name="TemporalDescription" type="TemporalDescription"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Exposure

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	The time interval over which an individual measurement is taken.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Exposure {         Type xsd:duration     }     Exposure &lt; -- xsd:duration   </pre>
Type	xsd:duration
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type TemporalDescription
Source	<xsd:element name="Exposure" type="xsd:duration">   <xsd:annotation>     <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The time interval over which an individual measurement is taken.</xsd:documentation>   </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element DisplayCadence

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	The time interval between the successive display elements.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class DisplayCadence {         Type xsd:duration     }     DisplayCadence &lt; -- xsd:duration   </pre>
Type	xsd:duration
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type DisplayData
Source	<xsd:element name="DisplayCadence" type="xsd:duration">   <xsd:annotation>     <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The time interval between the successive display elements.</xsd:documentation>   </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>

Schema location

file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2\_0\_0.xsd

## Element ObservedRegion

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																																								
Annotations	<p>The portion of space measured by the instrument at the time of an observation. A region is distinguished by certain natural features or physical characteristics. It is the location of the observatory for in situ data, the location or region sensed by remote sensing observatories and the location-of-relevance for parameters that are derived from observational data.</p>																																								
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class ObservedRegion {         &lt;&lt;Type enumRegion&gt;&gt;     }     class enumRegion     ObservedRegion "1" --&gt; "1" enumRegion   </pre>																																								
Type	enumRegion																																								
Properties	content: simple																																								
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Asteroid</td> <td>A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly of rock and metal that is in orbit around the sun.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Comet</td> <td>A relatively small extraterrestrial body consisting of a frozen mass that travels around the sun in a highly elliptical orbit.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth</td> <td>The third planet from the sun in our solar system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.Magnetosheath</td> <td>The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.Magnetosphere</td> <td>The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the planets magnetic field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail</td> <td>The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re (<math>X &gt; -10Re</math>).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.Magnetosphere.Main</td> <td>The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt</td> <td>The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.NearSurface</td> <td>The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere</td> <td>The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.NearSurface.Auroral</td> <td>The region in the atmosphere where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Earth.NearSurface.Equatorial</td> <td>A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.</td> </tr> </table>		enumeration	Asteroid	A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly of rock and metal that is in orbit around the sun.	enumeration	Comet	A relatively small extraterrestrial body consisting of a frozen mass that travels around the sun in a highly elliptical orbit.	enumeration	Earth	The third planet from the sun in our solar system.	enumeration	Earth.Magnetosheath	The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.	enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere	The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the planets magnetic field.	enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail	The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re ( $X > -10Re$ ).	enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Main	The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.	enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar		enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt	The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.	enumeration	Earth.NearSurface	The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.	enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere	The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.	enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Auroral	The region in the atmosphere where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.	enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Equatorial	A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.
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enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere	The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.TD	The lower region of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.AE	A lower regionised gas occurring at 90-150km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion	The upper F region contains ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be thought of as comprising two layers, the F1- and F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also known as the Appleton layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.TP	The region of the upper most areas of the ionosphere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Mesosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85 km, temperature decreasing with height.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Plasmasphere	A region of the magnetosphere consisting of low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause, which is defined by an order of magnitude drop in plasma density.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.PolarCap	The areas of the globe surrounding the poles and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees north latitude an the region south of 60 degrees south latitude.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomaly	Earth's inner van Allen radiation belt makes its closest approach to the planets surface. The result is that, for a given altitude, the radiation intensity is higher over this region than elsewhere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Stratosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature increases with height. The stratosphere contains the ozone layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Thermosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing with height.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Troposphere	The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins at the surface and extends to between 7 km (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi) at the equator, with some variation due to weather factors.
enumeration	Earth.Surface	The outermost area of a solid object.
enumeration	Heliosphere	The solar atmosphere extending roughly from the outer corona to the edge of the solar plasma at the heliopause separating primarily solar plasma from interstellar plasma.
enumeration	Heliosphere.Inner	The region of the heliosphere extending radially

		out from the "surface" of the Sun to 1 AU.
enumeration	Heliosphere.NearEarth	The heliospheric region near the Earth which extends to and includes the area near the L1 and L2 Lagrange point.
enumeration	Heliosphere.Outer	The region of the heliosphere from, but not including, 1 AU to the farthest extent of the heliosphere (heliopause).
enumeration	Heliosphere.Remote1AU	The heliospheric region near the Earth's orbit, but exclusive of the region near the Earth.
enumeration	Interstellar	The region between stars outside of the stars heliopause.
enumeration	Jupiter	The fifth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Mars	The forth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Mercury	The first planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Neptune	The seventh planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Pluto	The ninth (sub)planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Saturn	The sixth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Sun	The star upon which our solar system is centered.
enumeration	Sun.Chromosphere	The region of the Suns (or a stars) atmosphere above the temperature minimum and below the Transition Region. The solar chromosphere is approximately 400 km to 2100 km above the photosphere, and characterized by temperatures from 4500 - 28000 K.
enumeration	Sun.Corona	The outermost atmospheric region of the Sun or a star, characterized by ionization temperatures above $10^5$ K. The solar corona starts at about 2100 km above the photosphere; there is no generally defined upper limit.
enumeration	Sun.Interior	The region inside the body which is not visible from outside the body.
enumeration	Sun.Photosphere	The atmospheric layer of the Sun or a star from which continuum radiation, especially optical, is emitted to space. For the Sun, the photosphere is about 500 km thick.
enumeration	Sun.TransitionRegion	A very narrow (<100 km) layer between the chromosphere and the corona where the temperature rises abruptly from about 8000 to about 500,000 K.
enumeration	Uranus	The eighth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Venus	The second planet from the sun in our solar system.
Used by	Complex Types	DisplayData, NumericalData, ObservationExtent
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ObservedRegion" type="enumRegion"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The portion of space measured by the instrument at the time of an observation. A region is distinguished by certain natural features or physical characteristics. It is the location of the observatory for in situ data, the location or region sensed by remote sensing observatories and the location-of-relevance for parameters that are derived from observational data.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>	

Schema location

file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2\_0\_0.xsd

**Element NumericalData**

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class NumericalData {         ResourceID         ResourceHeader         AccessInformation         ProcessingLevel         ProviderResourceName         ProviderProcessingLevel         ProviderVersion         InstrumentID         MeasurementType         TemporalDescription         SpectralRange         ObservedRegion         Caveats         Keyword         InputResourceID         Parameter         Extension     }     NumericalData &lt; -- Substitution Group : ResourceEntity     </pre> <p>The diagram illustrates the structure of the <code>NumericalData</code> element. It is a complex type containing the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><code>ResourceID</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code></li> <li><code>ResourceHeader</code>: Type <code>ResourceHeader</code></li> <li><code>AccessInformation</code>: Type <code>AccessInformation</code> (multiplicity 1..oo)</li> <li><code>ProcessingLevel</code>: Type <code>enumProcessingLevel</code></li> <li><code>ProviderResourceName</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code></li> <li><code>ProviderProcessingLevel</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code></li> <li><code>ProviderVersion</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code></li> <li><code>InstrumentID</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code> (multiplicity 0..oo)</li> <li><code>MeasurementType</code>: Type <code>enumMeasurementType</code> (multiplicity 1..oo)</li> <li><code>TemporalDescription</code>: Type <code>TemporalDescription</code></li> <li><code>SpectralRange</code>: Type <code>enumSpectralRange</code> (multiplicity 0..oo)</li> <li><code>ObservedRegion</code>: Type <code>enumRegion</code> (multiplicity 0..oo)</li> <li><code>Caveats</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code></li> <li><code>Keyword</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code> (multiplicity 0..oo)</li> <li><code>InputResourceID</code>: Type <code>xsd:string</code> (multiplicity 0..oo)</li> <li><code>Parameter</code>: Type <code>Parameter</code> (multiplicity 0..oo)</li> <li><code>Extension</code>: Type <code>Extension</code> (multiplicity 0..oo)</li> </ul> <p>A substitution group named <code>ResourceEntity</code> is defined, with <code>NumericalData</code> marked as abstract (<code>Abstract true</code>).</p>
Type	<code>NumericalData</code>
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>ResourceEntity</code></li> </ul>
Model	<code>ResourceID</code> , <code>ResourceHeader</code> , <code>AccessInformation</code> + , <code>ProcessingLevel</code> {0,1} , <code>ProviderResourceName</code> {0,1} , <code>ProviderProcessingLevel</code> {0,1} , <code>ProviderVersion</code> {0,1} , <code>InstrumentID</code> * , <code>MeasurementType</code> + , <code>TemporalDescription</code> {0,1} , <code>SpectralRange</code> * , <code>ObservedRegion</code> * , <code>Caveats</code> {0,1} , <code>Keyword</code> * , <code>InputResourceID</code> * , <code>Parameter</code> * , <code>Extension</code> *
Children	<code>AccessInformation</code> , <code>Caveats</code> , <code>Extension</code> , <code>InputResourceID</code> , <code>InstrumentID</code> , <code>Keyword</code> , <code>MeasurementType</code> , <code>ObservedRegion</code> , <code>Parameter</code> , <code>ProcessingLevel</code> , <code>ProviderProcessingLevel</code> , <code>ProviderResourceName</code> , <code>ProviderVersion</code> , <code>ResourceHeader</code> , <code>ResourceID</code> , <code>SpectralRange</code> , <code>TemporalDescription</code>

Instance	<pre>&lt;NumericalData&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;   &lt;AccessInformation&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/AccessInformation&gt;   &lt;ProcessingLevel&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProcessingLevel&gt;   &lt;ProviderResourceName&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProviderResourceName&gt;   &lt;ProviderProcessingLevel&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProviderProcessingLevel&gt;   &lt;ProviderVersion&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ProviderVersion&gt;   &lt;InstrumentID&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/InstrumentID&gt;   &lt;MeasurementType&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/MeasurementType&gt;   &lt;TemporalDescription&gt;{0,1}&lt;/TemporalDescription&gt;   &lt;SpectralRange&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/SpectralRange&gt;   &lt;ObservedRegion&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/ObservedRegion&gt;   &lt;Caveats&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Caveats&gt;   &lt;Keyword&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Keyword&gt;   &lt;InputResourceID&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/InputResourceID&gt;   &lt;Parameter&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Parameter&gt;   &lt;Extension&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Extension&gt; &lt;/NumericalData&gt;</pre>
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="NumericalData" type="NumericalData" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Document

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Type	Document
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ResourceEntity</li> </ul>
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessInformation+ , Keyword* , DocumentType , InputResourceID*
Children	AccessInformation, DocumentType, InputResourceID, Keyword, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Instance	<pre>&lt;Document&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;   &lt;AccessInformation&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/AccessInformation&gt;   &lt;Keyword&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Keyword&gt;   &lt;DocumentType&gt;{1,1}&lt;/DocumentType&gt;   &lt;InputResourceID&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/InputResourceID&gt; &lt;/Document&gt;</pre>
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Document" type="Document" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element DocumentType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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Annotations	A characterization of the content or purpose of a document.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class DocumentType {         &lt;&lt;enumDocumentType&gt;&gt;     }     enumDocumentType &lt; -- DocumentType   </pre>		
Type	enumDocumentType		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	Paper	A formal presentation of an idea or discovery typically more than a few pages in length.
Used by	Complex Type	Document	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="DocumentType" type="enumDocumentType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A characterization of the content or purpose of a document.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;   </pre>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Element Granule

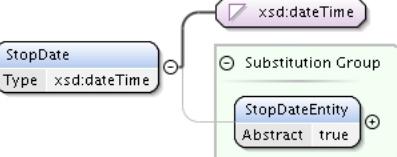
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Granule {         ResourceID : xsd:string         ReleaseDate : xsd:dateTime         ExpirationDate : xsd:dateTime         ParentID : xsd:string         PriorID : xsd:string         StartDate : xsd:dateTime         StopDate : xsd:dateTime         Source : Source     }     Granule &lt; -- Granule     ResourceEntity {         &lt;&lt;Abstract : true&gt;&gt;     }     ResourceEntity &lt; -- Granule   </pre>		
Type	Granule		
Properties	content: complex		
Substitution Group Affiliation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ResourceEntity</li> </ul>		
Model	ResourceID , ReleaseDate , ExpirationDate{0,1} , ParentID , PriorID* , StartDate , StopDate , Source+		
Children	ExpirationDate, ParentID, PriorID, ReleaseDate, ResourceID, Source, StartDate, StopDate		
Instance	<pre> &lt;Granule&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ReleaseDate&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ReleaseDate&gt;   &lt;ExpirationDate&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ExpirationDate&gt;   &lt;ParentID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ParentID&gt;   &lt;PriorID&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/PriorID&gt;   &lt;StartDate&gt;{1,1}&lt;/StartDate&gt;   &lt;StopDate&gt;{1,1}&lt;/StopDate&gt;   &lt;Source&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/Source&gt;   </pre>		

	</Granule>
Source	<xsd:element name="Granule" type="Granule" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ParentID

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The resource identifier for a resource that a resource is a part of. The resource inherits the attributes of the referenced resource. Attributes defined in the resource override attributes of the parent in the manner prescribed by the containing resource.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Granule
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="ParentID" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The resource identifier for a resource that       a resource is a part of. The resource inherits       the attributes of the referenced resource.       Attributes defined in the resource override       attributes of the parent in the manner prescribed       by the containing resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

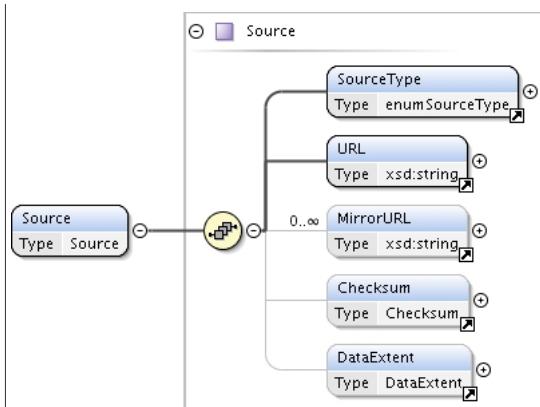
## Element StopDate

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The specification of a stopping point in time.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:dateTime
Properties	content: simple
Substitution Group Affiliation	• StopDateEntity
Used by	Complex Type Granule
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="StopDate" type="xsd:dateTime" substitutionGroup="StopDateEntity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The specification of a stopping point in time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Source

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
-----------	--

## Diagram



Type	Source
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Granule
Model	SourceType , URL , MirrorURL* , Checksum{0,1} , DataExtent{0,1}
Children	Checksum, DataExtent, MirrorURL, SourceType, URL
Instance	<Source>             <SourceType>{1,1}</SourceType>             <URL>{1,1}</URL>             <MirrorURL>{0,unbounded}</MirrorURL>             <Checksum>{0,1}</Checksum>             <DataExtent>{0,1}</DataExtent>         </Source>
Source	<xsd:element name="Source" type="Source"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Element SourceType**

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																	
Annotations	A characterization of the function or purpose of the source.																	
Diagram																		
Type	enumSourceType																	
Properties	content: simple																	
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Ancillary</td> <td>A complementary item which can be subordinate, subsidiary, auxiliary, supplementary to the primary item.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Browse</td> <td>A representation of an image which is suitable to reveal most or all of the details of the image.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Data</td> <td>A collection of organized information, usually the results of experience, observation or experiment, or a set of premises. This may consist of numbers, words, or images, particularly as measurements or observations of a set of variables.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Layout</td> <td>The structured arrangement of items in a collection.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Thumbnail</td> <td>A small representation of an image which is suitable to infer what the full-sized image is like.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Ancillary	A complementary item which can be subordinate, subsidiary, auxiliary, supplementary to the primary item.	enumeration	Browse	A representation of an image which is suitable to reveal most or all of the details of the image.	enumeration	Data	A collection of organized information, usually the results of experience, observation or experiment, or a set of premises. This may consist of numbers, words, or images, particularly as measurements or observations of a set of variables.	enumeration	Layout	The structured arrangement of items in a collection.	enumeration	Thumbnail	A small representation of an image which is suitable to infer what the full-sized image is like.
enumeration	Ancillary	A complementary item which can be subordinate, subsidiary, auxiliary, supplementary to the primary item.																
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enumeration	Layout	The structured arrangement of items in a collection.																
enumeration	Thumbnail	A small representation of an image which is suitable to infer what the full-sized image is like.																
Used by	Complex Type Source																	
Source	<xsd:element name="SourceType" type="enumSourceType">             <xsd:annotation>																	

	<pre> &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A characterization of the function or purpose of the source.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element MirrorURL

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A Uniform Resource Locator (URL) to an alternate location of a resource.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class MirrorURL {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     } </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Source
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="MirrorURL" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A Uniform Resource Locator (URL) to an alternate location of a resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element Checksum

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Checksum {         HashValue         HashFunction     }     class HashValue {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class HashFunction {         &lt;&lt;enumHashFunction&gt;&gt;     } </pre>
Type	Checksum
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Source
Model	HashValue , HashFunction
Children	HashFunction, HashValue
Instance	<pre> &lt;Checksum&gt;   &lt;HashValue&gt;{1,1}&lt;/HashValue&gt;   &lt;HashFunction&gt;{1,1}&lt;/HashFunction&gt; &lt;/Checksum&gt; </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Checksum" type="Checksum" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element HashValue

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The value calculated by a hash function, e.g. the message digest of a digital data object.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class HashValue {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     } </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Checksum
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="HashValue" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The value calculated by a hash function, e.g. the message digest of a digital data object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt; </pre>

	</xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element HashFunction

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema											
Annotations	A function or algorithm that converts a digital data object into a hash value. Typically the hash value is small and concise when compared to the digital data object.											
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class HashFunction {         &lt;&lt;enumHashFunction&gt;&gt;     }     HashFunction &lt; -- enumHashFunction   </pre>											
Type	enumHashFunction											
Properties	content: simple											
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>MD5</td> <td>Message Digest 5 (MD5) is a 128-bit message digest algorithm created in 1991 by Professor Ronald Rivest.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>SHA1</td> <td>Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 160-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>SHA256</td> <td>Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 256-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	MD5	Message Digest 5 (MD5) is a 128-bit message digest algorithm created in 1991 by Professor Ronald Rivest.	enumeration	SHA1	Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 160-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.	enumeration	SHA256	Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 256-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.
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enumeration	SHA256	Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 256-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.										
Used by	Complex Type Checksum											
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:element name="HashFunction" type="enumHashFunction"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A function or algorithm that converts a digital data object into a hash value. Typically the hash value is small and concise when compared to the digital data object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;   </pre>											
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd											

### Element Instrument

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Instrument {         &lt;&lt;Instrument&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;ResourceID&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;ResourceHeader&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;InstrumentType&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;InvestigationName&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;ObservatoryID&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Caveats&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Extension&gt;&gt;     }     class Instrument &lt; -- ResourceID     class Instrument &lt; -- ResourceHeader     class Instrument &lt; -- InstrumentType     class Instrument &lt; -- InvestigationName     class Instrument &lt; -- ObservatoryID     class Instrument &lt; -- Caveats     class Instrument &lt; -- Extension     class ResourceID {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ResourceHeader {         &lt;&lt;ResourceHeader&gt;&gt;     }     class InstrumentType {         &lt;&lt;enumInstrumentType&gt;&gt;     }     class InvestigationName {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ObservatoryID {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Caveats {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Extension {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ResourceID {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ResourceHeader {         &lt;&lt;ResourceHeader&gt;&gt;     }     class InstrumentType {         &lt;&lt;enumInstrumentType&gt;&gt;     }     class InvestigationName {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ObservatoryID {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Caveats {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Extension {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }   </pre>		

Type	Instrument
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group	• ResourceEntity
Affiliation	
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , InstrumentType+ , InvestigationName , ObservatoryID , Caveats{0,1} , Extension*
Children	Caveats, Extension, InstrumentType, InvestigationName, ObservatoryID, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Instance	<Instrument> <ResourceID>{1,1}</ResourceID> <ResourceHeader>{1,1}</ResourceHeader> <InstrumentType>{1,unbounded}</InstrumentType> <InvestigationName>{1,1}</InvestigationName> <ObservatoryID>{1,1}</ObservatoryID> <Caveats>{0,1}</Caveats> <Extension>{0,unbounded}</Extension> </Instrument>
Source	<xsd:element name="Instrument" type="Instrument" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element InstrumentType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																													
Annotations	A characterization of an integrated collection of software and hardware containing one or more sensors and associated controls used to produce data on an environment.																													
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class InstrumentType {         &lt;&lt;InstrumentType&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;enumInstrumentType&gt;&gt;     }     class enumInstrumentType {         &lt;&lt;enumInstrumentType&gt;&gt;     }     InstrumentType &lt; -- enumInstrumentType   </pre>																													
Type	enumInstrumentType																													
Properties	content: simple																													
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Antenna</td> <td>A sensor used to measure electric potential.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Channeltron</td> <td>An instrument that detects electrons, ions, and UV-radiation, according to the principle of a secondary emission multiplier. It is typically used in electron spectroscopy and mass spectrometry.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Coronograph</td> <td>An instrument which can image things very close to the Sun by using a disk to block the Sun's bright surface which reveals the faint solar corona and other celestial objects.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DoubleSphere</td> <td>A dipole antenna of which the active (sensor) elements are small spheres located at the ends of two wires deployed in the equatorial plane, on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DustDetector</td> <td>An instrument which determines the mass and speed of ambient dust particles.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ElectronDriftInstrument</td> <td>An active experiment to measure the electron drift velocity based on sensing the displacement of a weak beam of electrons after one gyration in the ambient magnetic field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ElectrostaticAnalyser</td> <td>An instrument which uses charged plates to analyze the mass, charge and kinetic energies of charged particles which enter the instrument.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>EnergeticParticleInstrument</td> <td>An instrument that measures fluxes of charged particles as a function of time, direction of motion, mass, charge and/or species.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>FaradayCup</td> <td>An instrument consisting of an electrode from which electrical current is measured while a charged particle beam (electrons or ions)</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Antenna	A sensor used to measure electric potential.	enumeration	Channeltron	An instrument that detects electrons, ions, and UV-radiation, according to the principle of a secondary emission multiplier. It is typically used in electron spectroscopy and mass spectrometry.	enumeration	Coronograph	An instrument which can image things very close to the Sun by using a disk to block the Sun's bright surface which reveals the faint solar corona and other celestial objects.	enumeration	DoubleSphere	A dipole antenna of which the active (sensor) elements are small spheres located at the ends of two wires deployed in the equatorial plane, on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft.	enumeration	DustDetector	An instrument which determines the mass and speed of ambient dust particles.	enumeration	ElectronDriftInstrument	An active experiment to measure the electron drift velocity based on sensing the displacement of a weak beam of electrons after one gyration in the ambient magnetic field.	enumeration	ElectrostaticAnalyser	An instrument which uses charged plates to analyze the mass, charge and kinetic energies of charged particles which enter the instrument.	enumeration	EnergeticParticleInstrument	An instrument that measures fluxes of charged particles as a function of time, direction of motion, mass, charge and/or species.	enumeration	FaradayCup	An instrument consisting of an electrode from which electrical current is measured while a charged particle beam (electrons or ions)
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		impinges on it. Used to determine energy spectrum and sometimes ion composition of the impinging particles.
enumeration	FluxFeedback	A search coil whose bandwidth and signal/noise ratio are increased by the application of negative feedback at the sensor (flux) level by driving a collocated coil with a signal from the preamplifier.
enumeration	FourierTransformSpectrometer	An instrument that determines the spectra of a radiative source, using time-domain measurements and a Fourier transform.
enumeration	GeigerMuellerTube	An instrument which measures density of ionizing radiation based on interactions with a gas.
enumeration	Imager	An instrument which samples the radiation from an area at one or more spectral ranges emitted or reflected by an object.
enumeration	ImagingSpectrometer	An instrument which is a multispectral scanner with a very large number of channels (64-256 channels) with very narrow band widths.
enumeration	Interferometer	An instrument to study the properties of two or more waves from the pattern of interference created by their superposition.
enumeration	IonChamber	A device in which the collected electrical charge from ionization in a gas-filled cavity is taken to be the proportion to some parameter (e.g. dose or exposure) of radiation field
enumeration	IonDrift	A device which measures the current produced by the displacement of ambient ions on a grid, thereby allowing the determination of the ion trajectory and velocity.
enumeration	LangmuirProbe	A monopole antenna associated with an instrument. The instrument applies a potential to the antenna which is swept to determine the voltage/current characteristic. This provides information about the plasma surrounding the probe and spacecraft.
enumeration	LongWire	A dipole antenna whose active (sensor) elements are two wires deployed in the equatorial plane on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft, and whose length is several times greater than the spacecraft diameter.
enumeration	Magnetometer	An instrument which measures the ambient magnetic field.
enumeration	MassSpectrometer	An instrument which distinguishes chemical species in terms of their different isotopic masses.
enumeration	MicrochannelPlate	An instrument used for the detection of elementary particles, ions, ultraviolet rays and soft X-rays constructed from very thin conductive glass capillaries.
enumeration	MultispectralImager	An instrument which captures images at multiple spectral ranges.
enumeration	NeutralAtomImager	An instrument which measures the quantity and properties of neutral particles over a range of angles. Measured properties can include mass and energy.

enumeration	NeutralParticleDetector	An instrument which measures the quantity and properties of neutral particles. Measured properties can include mass and plasma bulk densities.
enumeration	ParticleCorrelator	An instrument which correlates particle flux to help identify wave/particle interactions.
enumeration	ParticleDetector	An instrument which detects particle flux!!!
enumeration	Photometer	An instrument which measures the strength of electromagnetic radiation within a spectral band which can range from ultraviolet to infrared and includes the visible spectrum.
enumeration	Photopolarimeter	An instrument which measures the intensity and polarization or radiant energy. A photopolarimeter is a combination of a photometer and a polarimeter.
enumeration	Platform	A collection of components which can be positioned and oriented as a single unit. A platform may contain other platforms. For example, a spacecraft is a platform which may have components that can be articulated and are also considered platforms.
enumeration	ProportionalCounter	An instrument which measures energy of ionization radiation based on interactions with a gas.
enumeration	QuadrисphericalAnalyser	An instrument used for the 3-D detection of plasma, energetic electrons and ions, and for positive-ion composition measurements.
enumeration	Radar	An instrument that uses directional properties of returned power to infer spatial and/or other characteristics of a remote object.
enumeration	Radiometer	An instrument for detecting or measuring radiant energy. Radiometers are commonly limited to infrared radiation.
enumeration	ResonanceSounder	A combination of a radio receiver and a pulsed transmitter used to study the plasma surrounding a spacecraft by identifying resonances or cut-offs (of the wave dispersion relation), whose frequencies are related to the ambient plasma density and magnetic field. When the transmitter is off it is essentially a high frequency-resolution spectral power receiver.
enumeration	RetardingPotentialAnalyser	An instrument which measures ion temperatures and ion concentrations using a planar ion trap.
enumeration	Riometer	An instrument which measure the signal strength in various directions of the galactic radio signals. Variations in these signals are influenced by solar flare activity and geomagnetic storm and substorm processes.
enumeration	ScintillationDetector	An instrument which detects florescences of a material which is excited by high energy (ionizing) electromagnetic or charged particle radiation.
enumeration	SearchCoil	An instrument which measures the time variation of the magnetic flux threading a loop by measurement of the electric potential difference induced between the ends of the wire.

	enumeration	Sounder	An instrument which measures the radiances from an object. A sounder may measure radiances at multiple spectral ranges.
	enumeration	SpacecraftPotentialController	An instrument to control the electric potential of a spacecraft with respect to the ambient plasma by emitting a variable current of positive ions.
	enumeration	SpectralPowerReceiver	A radio receiver which determines the power spectral density of the electric or magnetic field, or both, at one or more frequencies.
	enumeration	Spectrometer	An instrument that measures the component wavelengths of light (or other electromagnetic radiation) by splitting the light up into its component wavelengths.
	enumeration	TimeOfFlight	An instrument which measures the time it takes for a particle to travel between two detectors.
	enumeration	Unspecified	A value which is not provided.
	enumeration	WaveformReceiver	A radio receiver which outputs the value of one or more components of the electric and/or magnetic field as a function of time.
Used by	Complex Type	Instrument	
Source			<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="InstrumentType" type="enumInstrumentType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A characterization of an integrated collection of software and hardware containing one or more sensors and associated controls used to produce data on an environment.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location			file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element InvestigationName

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	The name given to the contract or engagement which enabled the data to be produced. Each investigation is associated with a Principal Investigator or Guest Investigator who was responsible for the original proposal. For single PI missions each major subsystem having its own identified Team Leader may also be classed as an "Investigation" for the purposes of data archiving.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class InvestigationName {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     InvestigationName &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>	
Type	xsd:string	
Properties	content: simple	
Used by	Complex Type Instrument	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="InvestigationName" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The name given to the contract or engagement which enabled the data to be produced. Each investigation is associated with a Principal Investigator or Guest Investigator who was responsible for the original proposal. For single PI missions each major subsystem having its own identified Team Leader may also be classed as an "Investigation" for the purposes of data archiving.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

### Element ObservatoryID

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The identifier of an Observatory resource.
Diagram	A UML class diagram fragment showing the 'ObservatoryID' element. It is represented by a rounded rectangle labeled 'ObservatoryID' with a 'Type xsd:string' note below it. A line connects it to another rounded rectangle labeled 'xsd:string'.
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Instrument
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ObservatoryID" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The identifier of an Observatory resource.&lt;/   xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element Observatory

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	A UML class diagram fragment showing the 'Observatory' element. It is represented by a rounded rectangle labeled 'Observatory' with a 'Type Observatory' note below it. It has several associations: one to 'ResourceID' (multiplicity 0..1), one to 'ResourceHeader' (multiplicity 0..1), many-to-many to 'ObservatoryGroup' (multiplicity 0..oo), many-to-many to 'Location' (multiplicity 0..oo), and many-to-many to 'Extension' (multiplicity 0..oo). A separate 'Observatory' object is shown with a self-loop association. Below the main class is a 'Substitution Group' containing a 'ResourceEntity' object with an 'Abstract true' note.
Type	Observatory
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ResourceEntity
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , ObservatoryGroup* , Location , Extension*
Children	Extension, Location, ObservatoryGroup, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Instance	<pre>&lt;Observatory&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;   &lt;ObservatoryGroup&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/ObservatoryGroup&gt;   &lt;Location&gt;{1,1}&lt;/Location&gt;   &lt;Extension&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Extension&gt; &lt;/Observatory&gt;</pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Observatory" type="Observatory" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element ObservatoryGroup

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A set of programmatically related observatories.
Diagram	A UML class diagram fragment showing the 'ObservatoryGroup' element. It is represented by a rounded rectangle labeled 'ObservatoryGroup' with a 'Type xsd:string' note below it. A line connects it to another rounded rectangle labeled 'xsd:string'.

Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Observatory
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ObservatoryGroup" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A set of programmatically related observatories.&lt;/   xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Location

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Location {         ObservatoryRegion *--&gt; enumRegion         CoordinateSystemName {0..1} --&gt; w3cUri         Latitude         Longitude         Elevation     } </pre>
Type	Location
Properties	content: complex
Used by	Complex Type Observatory
Model	ObservatoryRegion+, CoordinateSystemName{0,1}, Latitude{0,1}, Longitude{0,1}, Elevation{0,1}
Children	CoordinateSystemName, Elevation, Latitude, Longitude, ObservatoryRegion
Instance	<pre> &lt;Location&gt;   &lt;ObservatoryRegion&gt;{1,unbounded}&lt;/ObservatoryRegion&gt;   &lt;CoordinateSystemName&gt;{0,1}&lt;/CoordinateSystemName&gt;   &lt;Latitude&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Latitude&gt;   &lt;Longitude&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Longitude&gt;   &lt;Elevation&gt;{0,1}&lt;/Elevation&gt; &lt;/Location&gt; </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Location" type="Location" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element ObservatoryRegion

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema						
Annotations	A spatial location distinguished by certain natural features or physical characteristics where an observatory is located.						
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class ObservatoryRegion     class enumRegion     ObservatoryRegion --&gt; enumRegion </pre>						
Type	enumRegion						
Properties	content: simple						
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Asteroid</td> <td>A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly of rock and metal that is in orbit around the sun.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Comet</td> <td>A relatively small extraterrestrial body consisting of a frozen mass that travels around the sun in a highly elliptical orbit.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	Asteroid	A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly of rock and metal that is in orbit around the sun.	enumeration	Comet	A relatively small extraterrestrial body consisting of a frozen mass that travels around the sun in a highly elliptical orbit.
enumeration	Asteroid	A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly of rock and metal that is in orbit around the sun.					
enumeration	Comet	A relatively small extraterrestrial body consisting of a frozen mass that travels around the sun in a highly elliptical orbit.					

enumeration	Earth	The third planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosheath	The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere	The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the planets magnetic field.
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail	The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re ( $X > -10Re$ ).
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Main	The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar	
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt	Region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface	The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere	The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Auroral	Region in the atmospheric where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Equatorial	A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere	The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereD	The D Region of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereE	The E Region of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereF	The F Region contains ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be thought of as comprising two layers, the F1- and F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also known as the Appleton layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereT	The T Region is the upper most areas of the ionosphere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Mesosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85

		km, temperature decreasing with height.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Plasmasphere	The <b>Plasmasphere</b> of the magnetosphere consisting of low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause, which is defined by an order of magnitude drop in plasma density.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.PolarCap	The areas of the globe surrounding the poles and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees north latitude and the region south of 60 degrees south latitude.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion	The <b>South Atlantic Anomaly Region</b> is the inner van Allen radiation belt makes its closest approach to the planets surface. The result is that, for a given altitude, the radiation intensity is higher over this region than elsewhere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Stratosphere	The <b>Stratosphere</b> of the atmosphere that extends from the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature increases with height. The stratosphere contains the ozone layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Thermosphere	The <b>Thermosphere</b> of the atmosphere that extends from the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing with height.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Troposphere	The <b>Troposphere</b> is the lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins at the surface and extends to between 7 km (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi) at the equator, with some variation due to weather factors.
enumeration	Earth.Surface	The outermost area of a solid object.
enumeration	Heliosphere	The solar atmosphere extending roughly from the outer corona to the edge of the solar plasma at the heliopause separating primarily solar plasma from interstellar plasma.
enumeration	Heliosphere.Inner	The region of the heliosphere extending radially out from the "surface" of the Sun to 1 AU.
enumeration	Heliosphere.NearEarth	The heliospheric region near the Earth which extends to and includes the area near the L1 and L2 Lagrange point.
enumeration	Heliosphere.Outer	The region of the heliosphere from, but not including, 1 AU to the farthest extent of the heliosphere (heliopause).
enumeration	Heliosphere.Remote1AU	The heliospheric region near the Earth's orbit, but exclusive of the region near the Earth.
enumeration	Interstellar	The region between stars outside of the stars heliopause.
enumeration	Jupiter	The fifth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Mars	The forth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Mercury	The first planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Neptune	The seventh planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Pluto	The ninth (sub)planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Saturn	The sixth planet from the sun in our solar system.

	enumeration	Sun	The star upon which our solar system is centered.
	enumeration	Sun.Chromosphere	The region of the Sun's (or a star's) atmosphere above the temperature minimum and below the Transition Region. The solar chromosphere is approximately 400 km to 2100 km above the photosphere, and characterized by temperatures from 4500 - 28000 K.
	enumeration	Sun.Corona	The outermost atmospheric region of the Sun or a star, characterized by ionization temperatures above $10^5$ K. The solar corona starts at about 2100 km above the photosphere; there is no generally defined upper limit.
	enumeration	Sun.Interior	The region inside the body which is not visible from outside the body.
	enumeration	Sun.Photosphere	The atmospheric layer of the Sun or a star from which continuum radiation, especially optical, is emitted to space. For the Sun, the photosphere is about 500 km thick.
	enumeration	Sun.TransitionRegion	A very narrow (<100 km) layer between the chromosphere and the corona where the temperature rises abruptly from about 8000 to about 500,000 K.
	enumeration	Uranus	The eighth planet from the sun in our solar system.
	enumeration	Venus	The second planet from the sun in our solar system.
Used by	Complex Type	Location	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ObservatoryRegion" type="enumRegion"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A spatial location distinguished by certain natural features or physical characteristics where an observatory is located.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Element Latitude

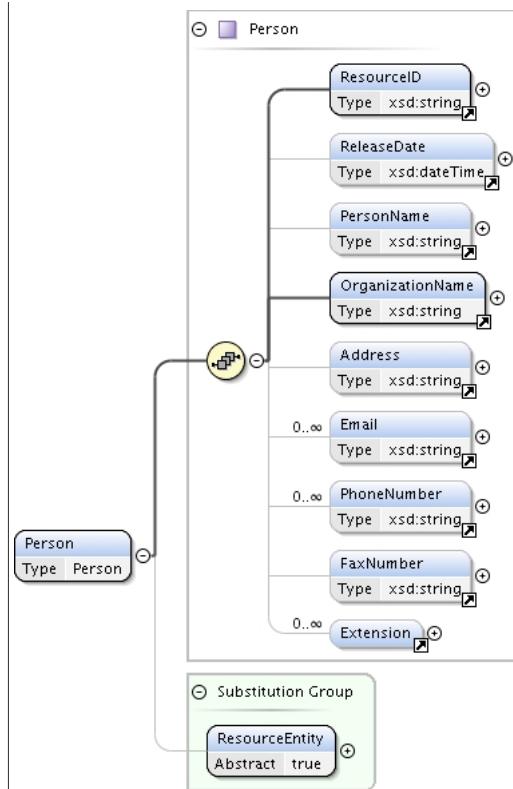
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	The angular distance north (positive) or south (negative) from the equator, measured along the meridian passing through the point.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Latitude {         &lt;&lt;xsd:double&gt;&gt;     }     </pre>	
Type	xsd:double	
Properties	content: simple	
Used by	Complex Type	Location
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Latitude" type="xsd:double"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The angular distance north (positive) or south (negative) from the equator, measured along the meridian passing through the point.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Element Longitude

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	

Annotations	The angular distance measured west (positive) or east (negative) from a north-south line called the Prime Meridian.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:double

## Diagram



Type	Person
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ResourceEntity
Model	ResourceID , ReleaseDate{0,1} , PersonName{0,1} , OrganizationName , Address{0,1} , Email* , PhoneNumber* , FaxNumber{0,1} , Extension*
Children	Address, Email, Extension, FaxNumber, OrganizationName, PersonName, PhoneNumber, ReleaseDate, ResourceID
Instance	<Person>             <ResourceID>{1,1}</ResourceID>             <ReleaseDate>{0,1}</ReleaseDate>             <PersonName>{0,1}</PersonName>             <OrganizationName>{1,1}</OrganizationName>             <Address>{0,1}</Address>             <Email>{0,unbounded}</Email>             <PhoneNumber>{0,unbounded}</PhoneNumber>             <FaxNumber>{0,1}</FaxNumber>             <Extension>{0,unbounded}</Extension>         </Person>
Source	<xsd:element name="Person" type="Person" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Element PersonName**

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The words used to address an individual.
Diagram	
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Person
Source	<xsd:element name="PersonName" type="xsd:string">             <xsd:annotation>                 <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The words used to address an individual.</xsd:documentation>             </xsd:annotation>         </xsd:element>

	</xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element OrganizationName

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A unit within a company or other entity (e.g., Government agency or branch of service) within which many projects are managed as a whole.
Diagram	A UML class diagram showing a class named "OrganizationName" with a multiplicity of 0..1. It has a directed association to a type "xsd:string" with a multiplicity of 1..1. Both ends of the association are marked with a hollow diamond symbol.
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Person
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="OrganizationName" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A unit within a company or other entity (e.g.,       Government agency or branch of service) within       which many projects are managed as a whole.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element Address

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Directions for finding some location; written on letters or packages that are to be delivered to that location.
Diagram	A UML class diagram showing a class named "Address" with a multiplicity of 0..1. It has a directed association to a type "xsd:string" with a multiplicity of 1..1. Both ends of the association are marked with a hollow diamond symbol.
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Person
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Address" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Directions for finding some location; written       on letters or packages that are to be delivered       to that location.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element Email

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The electronic address at which the individual may be contacted expressed in the form "local-part@domain".
Diagram	A UML class diagram showing a class named "Email" with a multiplicity of 0..1. It has a directed association to a type "xsd:string" with a multiplicity of 1..1. Both ends of the association are marked with a hollow diamond symbol.
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Person
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="Email" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The electronic address at which the individual       may be contacted expressed in the form "local-part@domain".&lt;/     xsd:documentation&gt;</pre>

	</xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element PhoneNumber

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The symbols and numerals required to contact an individual by telephone. The string may contain punctuation marks such as dash (-) or dot (.) to separate fields within the string.
Diagram	A UML class diagram element. It consists of a rounded rectangle labeled "PhoneNumber" above a horizontal line, which is followed by the text "Type xsd:string". A small circle with a line connects this to another rounded rectangle labeled "xsd:string" with a small triangle icon.
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Person
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="PhoneNumber" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The symbols and numerals required to contact       an individual by telephone. The string may       contain punctuation marks such as dash (-)       or dot (.) to separate fields within the string.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element FaxNumber

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The symbols and numerals required to send a facsimile (FAX) to an individual by telephone. The string may contain punctuation marks such as dash (-) or dot (.) to separate fields within the string.
Diagram	A UML class diagram element. It consists of a rounded rectangle labeled "FaxNumber" above a horizontal line, which is followed by the text "Type xsd:string". A small circle with a line connects this to another rounded rectangle labeled "xsd:string" with a small triangle icon.
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Person
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="FaxNumber" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The symbols and numerals required to send       a facsimile (FAX) to an individual by telephone.       The string may contain punctuation marks such       as dash (-) or dot (.) to separate fields       within the string.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Registry

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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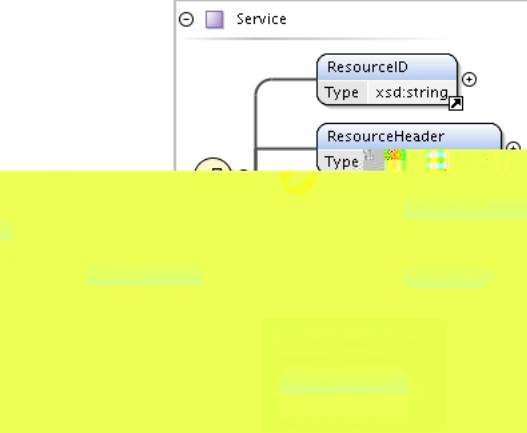
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Registry {         ResourceID : xsd:string         ResourceHeader : ResourceHeader         AccessURL : AccessURL         Extension : Extension * (0..)     }     Registry &lt; -- Registry     class ResourceEntity {         Abstract : true     }     class Substitution Group {         ResourceEntity     }   </pre>
Type	Registry
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ResourceEntity
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessURL , Extension*
Children	AccessURL, Extension, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Instance	<pre> &lt;Registry&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;   &lt;AccessURL&gt;{1,1}&lt;/AccessURL&gt;   &lt;Extension&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Extension&gt; &lt;/Registry&gt;   </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Registry" type="Registry" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Repository

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Repository {         ResourceID : xsd:string         ResourceHeader : ResourceHeader         AccessURL : AccessURL         Extension : Extension * (0..)     }     Repository &lt; -- Repository     class ResourceEntity {         Abstract : true     }     class Substitution Group {         ResourceEntity     }   </pre>
Type	Repository
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ResourceEntity
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessURL , Extension*
Children	AccessURL, Extension, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Instance	<pre> &lt;Repository&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;   &lt;AccessURL&gt;{1,1}&lt;/AccessURL&gt;   &lt;Extension&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Extension&gt; &lt;/Repository&gt;   </pre>

Source	<xsd:element name="Repository" type="Repository" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

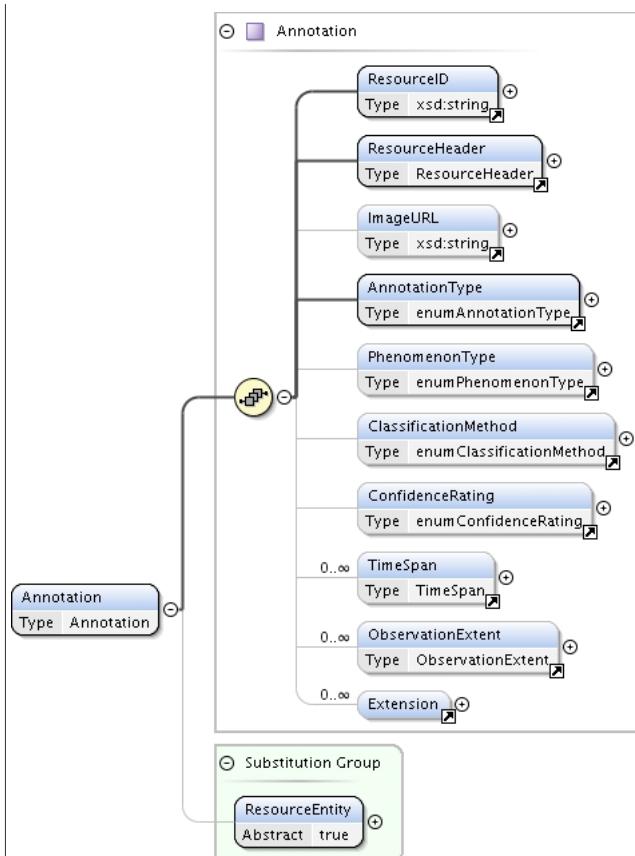
## Element Service

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Diagram	
Type	Service
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ResourceEntity
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessURL , Extension*
Children	AccessURL, Extension, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Instance	<pre> &lt;Service&gt;   &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;   &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;   &lt;AccessURL&gt;{1,1}&lt;/AccessURL&gt;   &lt;Extension&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Extension&gt; &lt;/Service&gt; </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Service" type="Service" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Element Annotation

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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## Diagram



Type	Annotation
Properties	content: complex
Substitution Group Affiliation	• ResourceEntity
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , ImageURL{0,1} , AnnotationType , PhenomenonType{0,1} , ClassificationMethod{0,1} , ConfidenceRating{0,1} , TimeSpan* , ObservationExtent* , Extension*
Children	AnnotationType, ClassificationMethod, ConfidenceRating, Extension, ImageURL, ObservationExtent, PhenomenonType, ResourceHeader, ResourceID, TimeSpan
Instance	<pre> &lt;Annotation&gt;     &lt;ResourceID&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceID&gt;     &lt;ResourceHeader&gt;{1,1}&lt;/ResourceHeader&gt;     &lt;ImageURL&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ImageURL&gt;     &lt;AnnotationType&gt;{1,1}&lt;/AnnotationType&gt;     &lt;PhenomenonType&gt;{0,1}&lt;/PhenomenonType&gt;     &lt;ClassificationMethod&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ClassificationMethod&gt;     &lt;ConfidenceRating&gt;{0,1}&lt;/ConfidenceRating&gt;     &lt;TimeSpan&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/TimeSpan&gt;     &lt;ObservationExtent&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/ObservationExtent&gt;     &lt;Extension&gt;{0,unbounded}&lt;/Extension&gt; &lt;/Annotation&gt; </pre>
Source	<xsd:element name="Annotation" type="Annotation" substitutionGroup="ResourceEntity" />
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

**Element ImageURL**

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A URL to graphic, image or movie.
Diagram	<pre> ImageURL : xsd:string </pre>
Type	xsd:string
Properties	content: simple
Used by	Complex Type Annotation

Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ImageURL" type="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A URL to graphic, image or movie.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Element AnnotationType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema											
Annotations	A classification for an annotation.											
Diagram	<pre> graph LR     AT[AnnotationType Type enumAnnotationType] --&gt; EAT[enumAnnotationType]     style AT fill:#e0f2e0,stroke:#333,stroke-width:1px     style EAT fill:#fff,stroke:#333,stroke-width:1px     </pre>											
Type	enumAnnotationType											
Properties	content: simple											
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Anomaly</td> <td>An interval where measurements or observations may be adversely affected.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Event</td> <td>An action or observation which occurs at a point in time.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Feature</td> <td>A prominent or distinctive characteristic that occurs at a location or persists over a period of time.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Anomaly	An interval where measurements or observations may be adversely affected.	enumeration	Event	An action or observation which occurs at a point in time.	enumeration	Feature	A prominent or distinctive characteristic that occurs at a location or persists over a period of time.
enumeration	Anomaly	An interval where measurements or observations may be adversely affected.										
enumeration	Event	An action or observation which occurs at a point in time.										
enumeration	Feature	A prominent or distinctive characteristic that occurs at a location or persists over a period of time.										
Used by	Complex Type	Annotation										
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="AnnotationType" type="enumAnnotationType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A classification for an annotation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>											
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd											

### Element ClassificationMethod

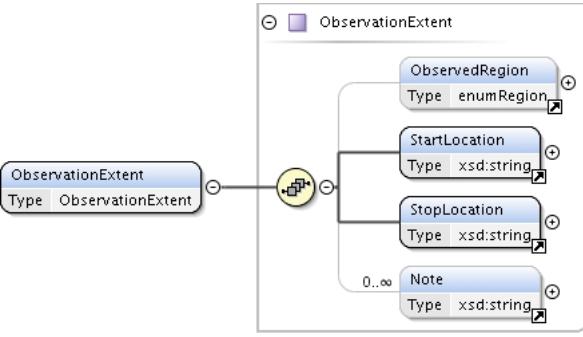
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema											
Annotations	The technique used to determine the characteristics of an object.											
Diagram	<pre> graph LR     CM[ClassificationMethod Type enumClassificationMethod] --&gt; ECM[enumClassificationMethod]     style CM fill:#e0f2e0,stroke:#333,stroke-width:1px     style ECM fill:#fff,stroke:#333,stroke-width:1px     </pre>											
Type	enumClassificationMethod											
Properties	content: simple											
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Automatic</td> <td>Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a program or server.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Inferred</td> <td>Determined by the analysis of other information or resources.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Inspection</td> <td>Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a person.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Automatic	Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a program or server.	enumeration	Inferred	Determined by the analysis of other information or resources.	enumeration	Inspection	Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a person.
enumeration	Automatic	Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a program or server.										
enumeration	Inferred	Determined by the analysis of other information or resources.										
enumeration	Inspection	Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a person.										
Used by	Complex Type	Annotation										
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:element name="ClassificationMethod" type="enumClassificationMethod"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The technique used to determine the characteristics of an object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:element&gt;</pre>											
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd											

### Element ConfidenceRating

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
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Annotations	A classification of the certainty of an assertion.		
Diagram			
Type	enumConfidenceRating		
Properties	content: simple		
Facets	enumeration	Probable	Likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 4-7 on a scale of 0-10.
	enumeration	Strong	Highly likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 7-10 on a scale of 0-10.
	enumeration	Unlikely	Not likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 0 on a scale of 0-10.
	enumeration	Weak	Slightly likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 1-4 on a scale of 0-10.
Used by	Complex Type	Annotation	
Source	<xsd:element name="ConfidenceRating" type="enumConfidenceRating"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A classification of the certainty of an assertion.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:element>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Element ObservationExtent

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Diagram			
Type	ObservationExtent		
Properties	content: complex		
Used by	Complex Type	Annotation	
Model	ObservedRegion{0,1} , StartLocation , StopLocation , Note*		
Children	Note, ObservedRegion, StartLocation, StopLocation		
Instance	<ObservationExtent> <ObservedRegion>{0,1}</ObservedRegion> <StartLocation>{1,1}</StartLocation> <StopLocation>{1,1}</StopLocation> <Note>{0,unbounded}</Note> </ObservationExtent>		
Source	<xsd:element name="ObservationExtent" type="ObservationExtent" />		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Element StartLocation

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	The initial position in space.		

Type	xsd:string
xProperties] TJ ET Q q 1 0 0 1 105.464 34.236 cm q -2.25 0.25 m 981.806 0.25 l 381.556 0.5 l -2 0.5 l h W n 0 G [] 0 d 0.5 w -2.25 0.25 m 381.806 0.25 l S Q q 381.556	

Annotations	Space Physics Archive Search and Extract (SPASE). The outermost container or envelope for SPASE metadata. This indicates the start of the SPASE metadata.										
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Spase {         @ lang : xsd:string         @ lang . Type : xsd:string         @ lang . Default : en         &lt;&lt;Version&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;ResourceEntity&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;ResourceEntity&gt;&gt; Abstract : true     }     Spase &lt; -- Version     Spase &lt; -- ResourceEntity     ResourceEntity *-- "1..oo" ResourceEntity   </pre>										
Used by	Element Spase										
Model	Version , ResourceEntity+										
Children	ResourceEntity, Version										
Attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>QName</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Fixed</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Use</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>lang</td> <td>xsd:string</td> <td></td> <td>en</td> <td>optional</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	QName	Type	Fixed	Default	Use	lang	xsd:string		en	optional
QName	Type	Fixed	Default	Use							
lang	xsd:string		en	optional							
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Spase"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Space Physics Archive Search and Extract (SPASE).       The outermost container or envelope for SPASE       metadata. This indicates the start of the       SPASE metadata.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Version" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceEntity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt;   &lt;xsd:attribute name="lang" type="xsd:string" default="en"/&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;   </pre>										
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd										

## Complex Type Catalog

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	A tabular listing of events or observational notes, especially those that have utility in aiding a user in locating data. Catalogues include lists of events, files in a product, and data availability.

Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Catalog     class ResourceID     class ResourceHeader     class AccessInformation     class ProviderResourceName     class ProviderVersion     class InstrumentID     class PhenomenonType     class TimeSpan     class Caveats     class Keyword     class InputResourceID     class Parameter     class Extension      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" PhenomenonType :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" ResourceID :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" ResourceHeader :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" AccessInformation :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" ProviderResourceName :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" ProviderVersion :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" InstrumentID :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" TimeSpan :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" Caveats :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" Keyword :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" InputResourceID :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" Parameter :      Catalog "1..oo" -- "1..oo" Extension :   </pre>
Used by	Element Catalog
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessInformation+ , ProviderResourceName{0,1} , ProviderVersion{0,1} , InstrumentID* , PhenomenonType+ , TimeSpan{0,1} , Caveats{0,1} , Keyword* , InputResourceID* , Parameter* , Extension*
Children	AccessInformation, Caveats, Extension, InputResourceID, InstrumentID, Keyword, Parameter, PhenomenonType, ProviderResourceName, ProviderVersion, ResourceHeader, TimeSpan
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Catalog"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A tabular listing of events or observational notes, especially those that have utility in aiding a user in locating data. Catalogues include lists of events, files in a product, and data availability.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessInformation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ProviderResourceName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ProviderVersion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="InstrumentID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PhenomenonType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="TimeSpan" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Caveats" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Keyword" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="InputResourceID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Parameter" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;   </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type ResourceHeader

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Attributes of a resource which pertain to the provider of the resource and descriptive

	information about the resource.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class ResourceHeader {         ResourceName         AlternateName "0..∞"         ReleaseDate         ExpirationDate         Description         Acknowledgement         Contact "1..∞"         InformationURL "0..∞"         Association "0..∞"         PriorID "0..∞"     } </pre>
Used by	Element      ResourceHeader
Model	ResourceName , AlternateName* , ReleaseDate , ExpirationDate{0,1} , Description , Acknowledgement{0,1} , Contact+ , InformationURL* , Association* , PriorID*
Children	Acknowledgement, AlternateName, Association, Contact, Description, ExpirationDate, InformationURL, PriorID, ReleaseDate, ResourceName
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="ResourceHeader"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Attributes of a resource which pertain to       the provider of the resource and descriptive       information about the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceName" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AlternateName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ReleaseDate" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ExpirationDate" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Description" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Acknowledgement" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Contact" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="InformationURL" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Association" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PriorID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Contact

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The person or organization who may be able to provide special assistance or serve as a channel for communication for additional information about a resource.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Contact {         PersonID         Role "1..∞"     } </pre>
Used by	Element      Contact
Model	PersonID , Role+

Children	PersonID, Role
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Contact"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The person or organization who may be able       to provide special assistance or serve as       a channel for communication for additional       information about a resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PersonID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Role" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type InformationURL

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Attributes of the method of acquiring additional information.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class InformationURL {         Name : xsd:string         URL : xsd:string         Description : xsd:string         Language : xsd:string     }   </pre>
Used by	Element InformationURL
Model	Name{0,1} , URL , Description{0,1} , Language{0,1}
Children	Description, Language, Name, URL
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="InformationURL"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Attributes of the method of acquiring additional       information.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Name" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="URL" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Description" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Language" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Association

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Attributes of a relationship a resource has with another resource.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Association {         AssociationID : xsd:string         AssociationType : enumAssociationType         Note : xsd:string     }   </pre>
Used by	Element Association
Model	AssociationID{0,1} , AssociationType{0,1} , Note{0,1}
Children	AssociationID, AssociationType, Note
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Association"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;</pre>

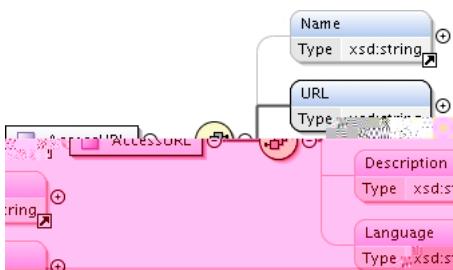
	<pre> &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Attributes of a relationship a resource has with another resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="AssociationID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="AssociationType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="Note" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt; &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type AccessInformation

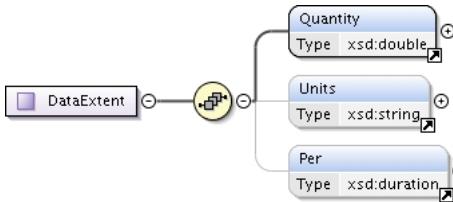
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Attributes of the resource which pertain to how to accessing the resource, availability and storage format.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class AccessInformation {         RepositoryID : xsd:string         Availability : enumAvailability         AccessRights : enumAccessRights         AccessURL : AccessURL         Format : enumFormat         Encoding : enumEncoding         DataExtent : DataExtent         Acknowledgement : xsd:string     }     AccessURL {         1..oo     } </pre>
Used by	Element AccessInformation
Model	RepositoryID , Availability{0,1} , AccessRights{0,1} , AccessURL+ , Format , Encoding{0,1} , DataExtent{0,1} , Acknowledgement{0,1}
Children	AccessRights, AccessURL, Acknowledgement, Availability, DataExtent, Encoding, Format, RepositoryID
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="AccessInformation"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Attributes of the resource which pertain to how to accessing the resource, availability and storage format.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="RepositoryID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Availability" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessRights" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessURL" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Format" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Encoding" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="DataExtent" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Acknowledgement" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type AccessURL

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Attributes of the method of accessing a resource including a URL, name and description.

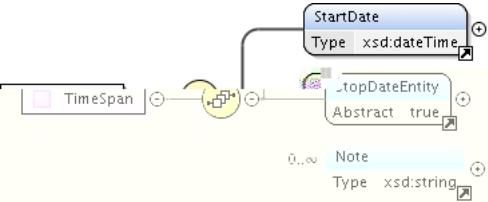
Diagram	
Used by	Element AccessURL
Model	Name{0,1} , URL , Description{0,1} , Language{0,1}
Children	Description, Language, Name, URL
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="AccessURL"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Attributes of the method of accessing a resource       including a URL, name and description.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Name" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="URL" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Description" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Language" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type DataExtent

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The area of storage in a file system required to store the contents of a resource. The data extent is expressed in unitized bytes.
Diagram	
Used by	Element DataExtent
Model	Quantity , Units{0,1} , Per{0,1}
Children	Per, Quantity, Units
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="DataExtent"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The area of storage in a file system required       to store the contents of a resource. The data       extent is expressed in unitized bytes.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Quantity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Per" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type TimeSpan

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The duration of an interval in time.

Diagram	
Used by	Element TimeSpan
Model	StartDate , StopDateEntity , Note*
Children	Note, StartDate, StopDateEntity
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="TimeSpan"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The duration of an interval in time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="StartDate" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="StopDateEntity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Note" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Parameter

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	A container of information regarding a parameter whose values are part of the product. Every product contains or can be related to one or more parameters.

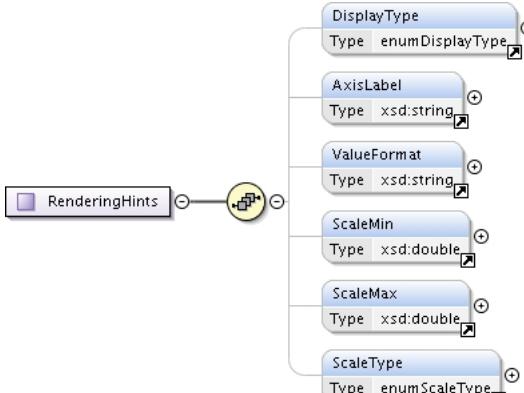
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Parameter {         Name : xsd:string         Set : xsd:string         ParameterKey : xsd:string         Description : xsd:string         Caveats : xsd:string         Cadence : xsd:duration         Units : xsd:string         UnitsConversion : xsd:string         CoordinateSystem : CoordinateSystem         RenderingHints : RenderingHints         Structure : Structure         ValidMin : xsd:string         ValidMax : xsd:string         FillValue : xsd:string         ParameterEntity : xsd:string     } </pre>
Used by	Element      Parameter
Model	Name , Set* , ParameterKey{0,1} , Description{0,1} , Caveats{0,1} , Cadence{0,1} , Units{0,1} , UnitsConversion{0,1} , CoordinateSystem{0,1} , RenderingHints{0,1} , Structure{0,1} , ValidMin{0,1} , ValidMax{0,1} , FillValue{0,1} , ParameterEntity
Children	Cadence, Caveats, CoordinateSystem, Description, FillValue, Name, ParameterEntity, ParameterKey, RenderingHints, Set, Structure, Units, UnitsConversion, ValidMax, ValidMin
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Parameter"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A container of information regarding a parameter         whose values are part of the product. Every         product contains or can be related to one         or more parameters.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Name" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Set" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ParameterKey" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Description" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Caveats" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Cadence" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="UnitsConversion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="CoordinateSystem" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="RenderingHints" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Structure" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ValidMin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ValidMax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="FillValue" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ParameterEntity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>

Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd
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## Complex Type CoordinateSystem

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Specification of the origin and orientation of a set of typically orthogonal axes.
Diagram	
Used by	Element CoordinateSystem
Model	CoordinateRepresentation{0,1} , CoordinateSystemName{0,1}
Children	CoordinateRepresentation, CoordinateSystemName
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="CoordinateSystem"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Specification of the origin and orientation of a set of typically orthogonal axes.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="CoordinateRepresentation" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="CoordinateSystemName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type RenderingHints

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Attributes to aid in the rendering of parameter.
Diagram	
Used by	Element RenderingHints
Model	DisplayType{0,1} , AxisLabel{0,1} , ValueFormat{0,1} , ScaleMin{0,1} , ScaleMax{0,1} , ScaleType{0,1}
Children	AxisLabel, DisplayType, ScaleMax, ScaleMin, ScaleType, ValueFormat
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="RenderingHints"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Attributes to aid in the rendering of parameter.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="DisplayType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AxisLabel" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ValueFormat" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ScaleMin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ScaleMax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ScaleType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Structure

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The organization and relationship of individual values within a quantity.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Structure {         &lt;&lt;Structure&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;The organization and relationship of individual values within a quantity.&gt;&gt;     }     class Size {         &lt;&lt;Size&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type typeSequence&gt;&gt;     }     class Description {         &lt;&lt;Description&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Element {         &lt;&lt;Element&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type Element&gt;&gt;     }      Structure "0..oo" -- "1" Element     Structure --&gt; Size     Structure --&gt; Description   </pre>
Used by	Element      Structure
Model	Size{0,1} , Description{0,1} , Element*
Children	Description, Element, Size
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Structure"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The organization and relationship of individual values within a quantity.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Size" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Description" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Element" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;   </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Element

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A component or individual unit of a multiple value quantity such as an array or vector.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Element {         &lt;&lt;Element&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;A component or individual unit of a multiple value quantity such as an array or vector.&gt;&gt;     }     class Name {         &lt;&lt;Name&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Component {         &lt;&lt;Component&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type enumComponent&gt;&gt;     }     class Index {         &lt;&lt;Index&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type typeSequence&gt;&gt;     }     class ParameterKey {         &lt;&lt;ParameterKey&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Units {         &lt;&lt;Units&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class UnitsConversion {         &lt;&lt;UnitsConversion&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ValidMin {         &lt;&lt;ValidMin&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ValidMax {         &lt;&lt;ValidMax&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class FillValue {         &lt;&lt;FillValue&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Type xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }      Element "0..oo" -- "1" Name     Element "0..oo" -- "1" Component     Element "0..oo" -- "1" Index     Element "0..oo" -- "1" ParameterKey     Element "0..oo" -- "1" Units     Element "0..oo" -- "1" UnitsConversion     Element "0..oo" -- "1" ValidMin     Element "0..oo" -- "1" ValidMax     Element "0..oo" -- "1" FillValue   </pre>
Used by	Element      Element
Model	Name , Component{0,1} , Index , ParameterKey{0,1} , Units{0,1} , UnitsConversion{0,1} , ValidMin{0,1} , ValidMax{0,1} , FillValue{0,1}
Children	Component, FillValue, Index, Name, ParameterKey, Units, UnitsConversion, ValidMax, ValidMin
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Element"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A component or individual unit of a multiple value quantity such as an array or vector.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; </pre>

	<pre> &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="Name" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="Component" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="Index" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="ParameterKey" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="UnitsConversion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="ValidMin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="ValidMax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;xsd:element ref="FillValue" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt; &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Field

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The space around a radiating body within which its electromagnetic attributes can exert force on another similar body that is not in direct contact.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Field     class FieldQuantity {         &lt;&lt;FieldQuantity&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;FrequencyRange&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;FieldQuantity&gt;&gt;     }     class Qualifier {         &lt;&lt;Qualifier&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;enumQualifier&gt;&gt;     }     class FrequencyRange {         &lt;&lt;FrequencyRange&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;FrequencyRange&gt;&gt;     }      Field "0..1" -- "0..1" FieldQuantity     Field -- "0..1" Qualifier     Field -- "0..1" FrequencyRange     FieldQuantity -- "0..1" FieldQuantity </pre>
Used by	Element Field
Model	Qualifier*, FieldQuantity, FrequencyRange{0,1}
Children	FieldQuantity, FrequencyRange, Qualifier
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Field"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The space around a radiating body within which its electromagnetic attributes can exert force on another similar body that is not in direct contact.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Qualifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="FieldQuantity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="FrequencyRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type FrequencyRange

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The range of possible values for the observed frequency.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class FrequencyRange     class SpectralRange {         &lt;&lt;SpectralRange&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;enumSpectralRange&gt;&gt;     }     class Low {         &lt;&lt;Low&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;xsd:double&gt;&gt;     }     class High {         &lt;&lt;High&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;xsd:double&gt;&gt;     }     class Units {         &lt;&lt;Units&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Bin {         &lt;&lt;Bin&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;Bin&gt;&gt;     }      FrequencyRange -- "0..1" SpectralRange     FrequencyRange -- "0..1" Low     FrequencyRange -- "0..1" High     FrequencyRange -- "0..1" Units     FrequencyRange -- "0..1" Bin </pre>
Used by	Element FrequencyRange
Model	SpectralRange{0,1}, Low, High, Units, Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, SpectralRange, Units

Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="FrequencyRange"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The range of possible values for the observed frequency.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="SpectralRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Low" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="High" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Bin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Bin

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A grouping of observations according to a band or window of a common attribute.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Bin {         BandName : xsd:string         Low : xsd:double         High : xsd:double     }     BandName &lt; --&gt; Bin     Low &lt; --&gt; Bin     High &lt; --&gt; Bin   </pre>
Used by	Element Bin
Model	BandName{0,1} , Low , High
Children	BandName, High, Low
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Bin"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A grouping of observations according to a band or window of a common attribute.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="BandName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Low" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="High" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Particle

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A description of the types of particles observed in the measurement. This includes both direct observations and inferred observations.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Particle {         1..∞ ParticleType : enumParticleType         0..∞ Qualifier : enumQualifier         0..∞ ParticleQuantity : enumParticleQuantity         0..∞ AtomicNumber : xsd:double         0..∞ EnergyRange : EnergyRange         0..∞ AzimuthalAngleRange : AzimuthalAngleRange         0..∞ PolarAngleRange : PolarAngleRange     }     ParticleType &lt; --&gt; Particle     Qualifier &lt; --&gt; Particle     ParticleQuantity &lt; --&gt; Particle     AtomicNumber &lt; --&gt; Particle     EnergyRange &lt; --&gt; Particle     AzimuthalAngleRange &lt; --&gt; Particle     PolarAngleRange &lt; --&gt; Particle   </pre>
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Particle"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A description of the types of particles observed in the measurement. This includes both direct observations and inferred observations.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ParticleType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Qualifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ParticleQuantity" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AtomicNumber" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="EnergyRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AzimuthalAngleRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PolarAngleRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>

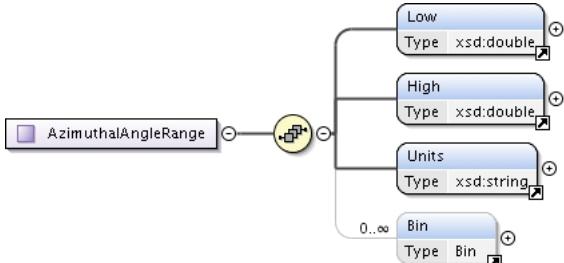
Used by	Element	Particle
Model	ParticleType+ , Qualifier* , ParticleQuantity , AtomicNumber* , EnergyRange{0,1} , AzimuthalAngleRange{0,1} , PolarAngleRange{0,1}	
Children	AtomicNumber, AzimuthalAngleRange, EnergyRange, ParticleQuantity, ParticleType, PolarAngleRange, Qualifier	
Source		<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Particle"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A description of the types of particles observed       in the measurement. This includes both direct       observations and inferred observations.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ParticleType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Qualifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ParticleQuantity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AtomicNumber" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="EnergyRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AzimuthalAngleRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PolarAngleRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Complex Type EnergyRange

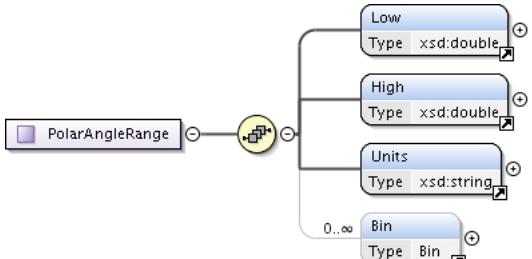
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	The minimum and maximum energy values of the particles represented by a given "physical parameter" description.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class EnergyRange {         Low : xsd:double         High : xsd:double         Units : xsd:string         Bin : Bin     }     </pre>	
Used by	Element EnergyRange	
Model	Low , High , Units , Bin*	
Children	Bin, High, Low, Units	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="EnergyRange"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The minimum and maximum energy values of the       particles represented by a given "physical       parameter" description.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Low" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="High" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Bin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Complex Type AzimuthalAngleRange

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	The range of possible azimuthal angles for a group of energy observations. Default units are degrees.	

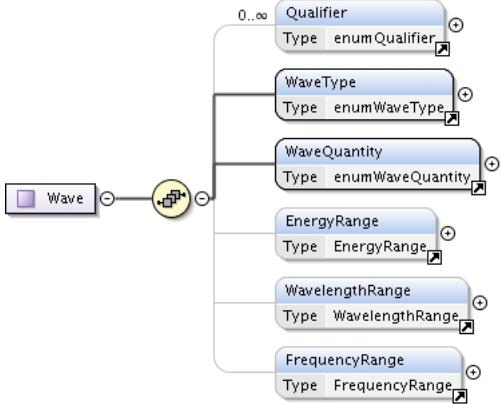
Diagram	
Used by	Element AzimuthalAngleRange
Model	Low , High , Units , Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, Units
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="AzimuthalAngleRange"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The range of possible azimuthal angles for       a group of energy observations. Default units       are degrees.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Low" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="High" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Bin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type PolarAngleRange

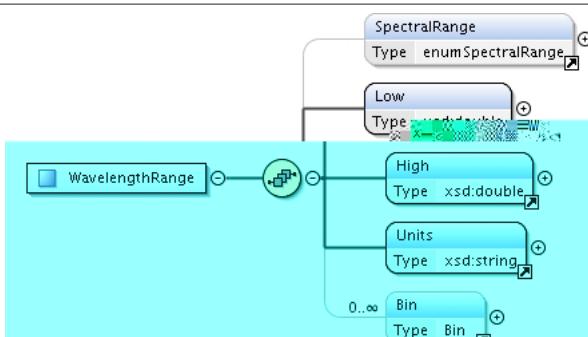
Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	The range of possible polar angles for a group of energy observations. Defaults units are degrees.
Diagram	
Used by	Element PolarAngleRange
Model	Low , High , Units , Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, Units
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="PolarAngleRange"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The range of possible polar angles for a group       of energy observations. Defaults units are       degrees.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Low" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="High" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Bin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Wave

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
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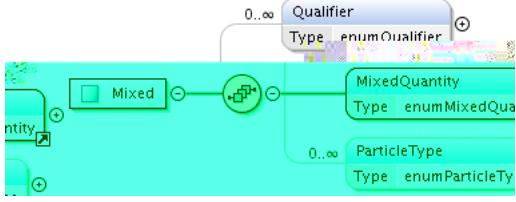
Annotations	Periodic or quasi-periodic (AC) variations of physical quantities in time and space, capable of propagating or being trapped within particular regimes.
Diagram	
Used by	Element Wave
Model	Qualifier*, WaveType, WaveQuantity, EnergyRange{0,1}, WavelengthRange{0,1}, FrequencyRange{0,1}
Children	EnergyRange, FrequencyRange, Qualifier, WaveQuantity, WaveType, WavelengthRange
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Wave"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Periodic or quasi-periodic (AC) variations of physical quantities in time and space, capable of propagating or being trapped within particular regimes.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="Qualifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="WaveType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="WaveQuantity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="EnergyRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="WavelengthRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="FrequencyRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type WavelengthRange

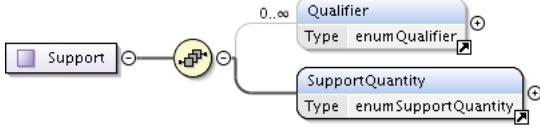
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The range of possible values for the observed wavelength.
Diagram	
Used by	Element WavelengthRange
Model	SpectralRange{0,1}, Low, High, Units, Bin*
Children	Bin, High, Low, SpectralRange, Units
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="WavelengthRange"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The range of possible values for the observed wavelength.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="SpectralRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="Low" type="xsd:double" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="High" type="xsd:double" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd;element ref="Units" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Bin" type="Bin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>

	<pre> &lt;xsd:element ref="SpectralRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt; &lt;xsd:element ref="Low" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt; &lt;xsd:element ref="High" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt; &lt;xsd:element ref="Units" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt; &lt;xsd:element ref="Bin" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt; &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Mixed

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A parameter derived from more than one of the type of parameter. For example, plasma beta, the ratio of plasma particle energy density to the energy density of the magnetic field permeating the plasma, is "mixed."
Diagram	
Used by	Element Mixed
Model	Qualifier*, MixedQuantity , ParticleType*
Children	MixedQuantity, ParticleType, Qualifier
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Mixed"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A parameter derived from more than one of       the type of parameter. For example, plasma       beta, the ratio of plasma particle energy       density to the energy density of the magnetic       field permeating the plasma, is "mixed."&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Qualifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="MixedQuantity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ParticleType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Support

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Information useful in understanding the context of an observation, typically observed or measured coincidentally with a physical observation.
Diagram	
Used by	Element Support
Model	Qualifier*, SupportQuantity
Children	Qualifier, SupportQuantity
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Support"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Information useful in understanding the context       of an observation, typically observed or measured       coincidentally with a physical observation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Qualifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="SupportQuantity" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>

	</xsd:sequence> </xsd:complexType>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type DisplayData

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A graphical representation of data wherein the underlying numeric values are not (readily) accessible for analysis.. Examples are line plots and spectrograms.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class DisplayData {         ResourceID         ResourceHeader         AccessInformation         ProcessingLevel         ProviderResourceName         ProviderProcessingLevel         ProviderVersion         InstrumentID         MeasurementType         TemporalDescription         SpectralRange         DisplayCadence         ObservedRegion         Caveats         Keyword         InputResourceID         Parameter         Extension     }     DisplayData &lt; -- ResourceID     DisplayData &lt; -- ResourceHeader     DisplayData &lt; -- AccessInformation     DisplayData &lt; -- ProcessingLevel     DisplayData &lt; -- ProviderResourceName     DisplayData &lt; -- ProviderProcessingLevel     DisplayData &lt; -- ProviderVersion     DisplayData &lt; -- InstrumentID     DisplayData &lt; -- MeasurementType     DisplayData &lt; -- TemporalDescription     DisplayData &lt; -- SpectralRange     DisplayData &lt; -- DisplayCadence     DisplayData &lt; -- ObservedRegion     DisplayData &lt; -- Caveats     DisplayData &lt; -- Keyword     DisplayData &lt; -- InputResourceID     DisplayData &lt; -- Parameter     DisplayData &lt; -- Extension   </pre>
Used by	Element      DisplayData
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessInformation+ , ProcessingLevel{0,1} , ProviderResourceName{0,1} , ProviderProcessingLevel{0,1} , ProviderVersion{0,1} , InstrumentID* , MeasurementType+ , TemporalDescription{0,1} , SpectralRange* , DisplayCadence{0,1} , ObservedRegion* , Caveats{0,1} , Keyword* , InputResourceID* , Parameter* , Extension*
Children	AccessInformation, Caveats, DisplayCadence, Extension, InputResourceID, InstrumentID, Keyword, MeasurementType, ObservedRegion, Parameter, ProcessingLevel, ProviderProcessingLevel, ProviderResourceName, ProviderVersion, ResourceHeader, ResourceID, SpectralRange, TemporalDescription
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="DisplayData"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;   </pre>

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<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A graphical representation of data wherein
the underlying numeric values are not (readily)
accessible for analysis.. Examples are line
plots and spectrograms.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
<xsd:sequence>
<xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="AccessInformation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="ProcessingLevel" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="ProviderResourceName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="ProviderProcessingLevel" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="ProviderVersion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="InstrumentID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="MeasurementType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="TemporalDescription" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="SpectralRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="DisplayCadence" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="ObservedRegion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="Caveats" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element ref="Keyword" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="InputResourceID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="Parameter" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>

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Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd
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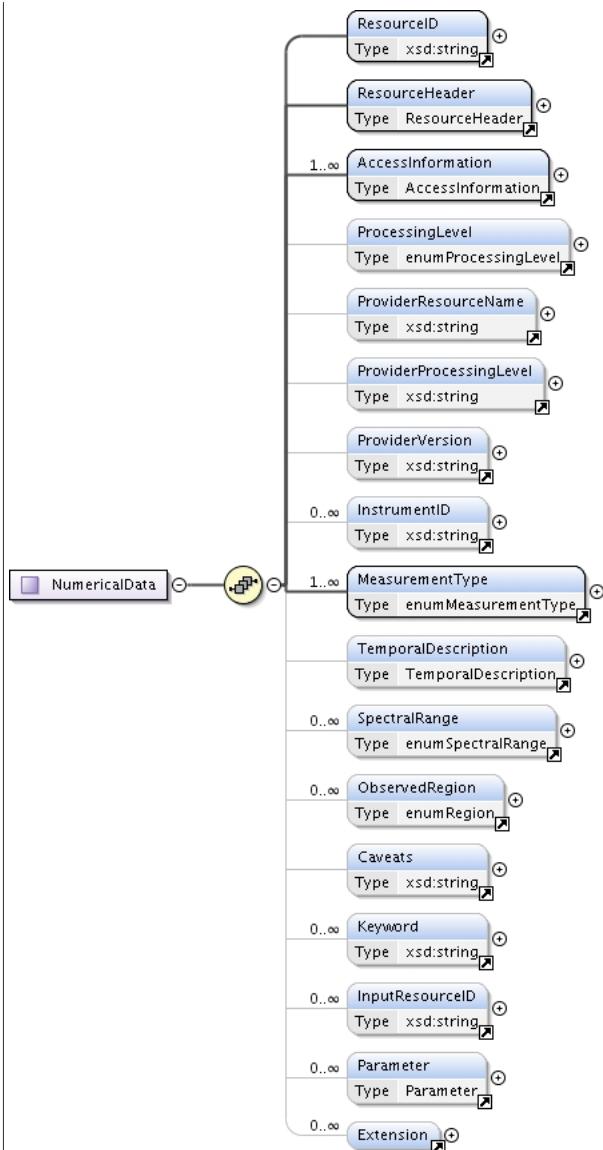
## Complex Type TemporalDescription

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A characterization of the time over which the measurement was taken.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class TemporalDescription {         &lt;&lt;A characterization of the time over which the measurement was taken.&gt;&gt;     }     class TimeSpan {         &lt;&lt;TimeSpan&lt;br/&gt;Type xsd:duration&gt;&gt;     }     class Cadence {         &lt;&lt;Cadence&lt;br/&gt;Type xsd:duration&gt;&gt;     }     class Exposure {         &lt;&lt;Exposure&lt;br/&gt;Type xsd:duration&gt;&gt;     }     TemporalDescription &lt; -- TimeSpan     TemporalDescription &lt; -- Cadence     TemporalDescription &lt; -- Exposure   </pre>
Used by	Element TemporalDescription
Model	TimeSpan , Cadence{0,1} , Exposure{0,1}
Children	Cadence, Exposure, TimeSpan
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="TemporalDescription"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A characterization of the time over which the measurement was taken.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="TimeSpan" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Cadence" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Exposure" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type NumericalData

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Data product stored as numerical values in a specified format.

## Diagram



Used by	Element	NumericalData
Model		<code>ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessInformation+ , ProcessingLevel{0,1} , ProviderResourceName{0,1} , ProviderProcessingLevel{0,1} , ProviderVersion{0,1} , InstrumentID* , MeasurementType+ , TemporalDescription{0,1} , SpectralRange* , ObservedRegion* , Caveats{0,1} , Keyword* , InputResourceID* , Parameter* , Extension*</code>
Children		<code>AccessInformation, Caveats, Extension, InputResourceID, InstrumentID, Keyword, MeasurementType, ObservedRegion, Parameter, ProcessingLevel, ProviderProcessingLevel, ProviderResourceName, ProviderVersion, ResourceHeader, ResourceID, SpectralRange, TemporalDescription</code>
Source		<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="NumericalData"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Data product stored as numerical values in       a specified format.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessInformation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ProcessingLevel" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ProviderResourceName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ProviderProcessingLevel" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ProviderVersion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="InstrumentID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="MeasurementType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="TemporalDescription" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="SpectralRange" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ObservedRegion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Caveats" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>

	<pre> &lt;xsd:element ref="Keyword" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt; &lt;xsd:element ref="InputResourceID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt; &lt;xsd:element ref="Parameter" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt; &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt; &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Document

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A set of information designed and presented as an individual entity. A document may contain plain or formatted text, in-line graphics, sound, other multimedia data, or hypermedia references. Some examples of documents include a paper, letter, book, user guide, map, drawing, photograph, or image.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Document     class ResourceID     class ResourceHeader     class AccessInformation     class Keyword     class DocumentType     class InputResourceID      Document "1..oo" -- "0..oo" ResourceID     Document "0..oo" -- "0..oo" ResourceHeader     Document "1..oo" -- "1..oo" AccessInformation     Document "0..oo" -- "0..oo" Keyword     Document "0..oo" -- "0..oo" DocumentType     Document "0..oo" -- "0..oo" InputResourceID   </pre>
Used by	Element Document
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessInformation+ , Keyword* , DocumentType , InputResourceID*
Children	AccessInformation, DocumentType, InputResourceID, Keyword, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Document"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A set of information designed and presented as an individual entity. A document may contain plain or formatted text, in-line graphics, sound, other multimedia data, or hypermedia references. Some examples of documents include a paper, letter, book, user guide, map, drawing, photograph, or image.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessInformation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Keyword" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="DocumentType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="InputResourceID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

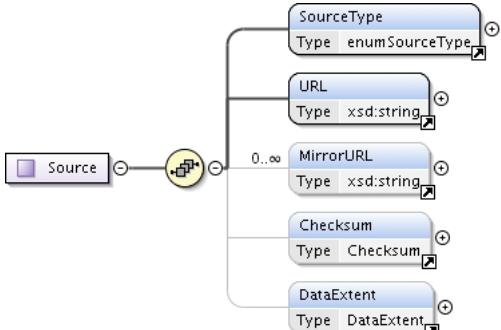
## Complex Type Granule

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	An accessible portion of another resource. A Granule may be composed of one or more physical pieces (files) which are considered inseparable. For example, a data storage format that maintains metadata and binary data in separate, but tightly coupled files. Granules should not be used to group files that have simple relationships or which are associated through a parent resource. For example, each file containing a time interval data for a Numerical Data resource would each

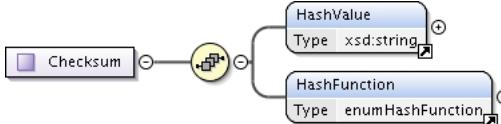
	<p>be considered a Granule. The ParentID of a Granule resource must be a NumericalData resource. The attributes of a Granule supersede the corresponding attributes in the NumericalData resource.</p>
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Granule {         ResourceID : xsd:string         ReleaseDate : xsd:dateTime         ExpirationDate : xsd:dateTime         ParentID : xsd:string         PriorID : xsd:string &lt;-- multiplicity 0..infinity         StartDate : xsd:dateTime         StopDate : xsd:dateTime         Source : Source &lt;-- multiplicity 1..infinity     } </pre>
Used by	Element Granule
Model	ResourceID , ReleaseDate , ExpirationDate{0,1} , ParentID , PriorID* , StartDate , StopDate , Source+
Children	ExpirationDate, ParentID, PriorID, ReleaseDate, ResourceID, Source, StartDate, StopDate
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Granule"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An accessible portion of another resource.             A Granule may be composed of one or more physical             pieces (files) which are considered inseparable.             For example, a data storage format that maintains             metadata and binary data in separate, but             tightly coupled files. Granules should not             be used to group files that have simple relationships             or which are associated through a parent resource.             For example, each file containing a time interval             data for a Numerical Data resource would each             be considered a Granule. The ParentID of a             Granule resource must be a NumericalData resource.             The attributes of a Granule supersede the             corresponding attributes in the NumericalData             resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ReleaseDate" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ExpirationDate" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="ParentID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="PriorID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="StartDate" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="StopDate" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;         &lt;xsd:element ref="Source" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Source

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	The location and attributes of an object.

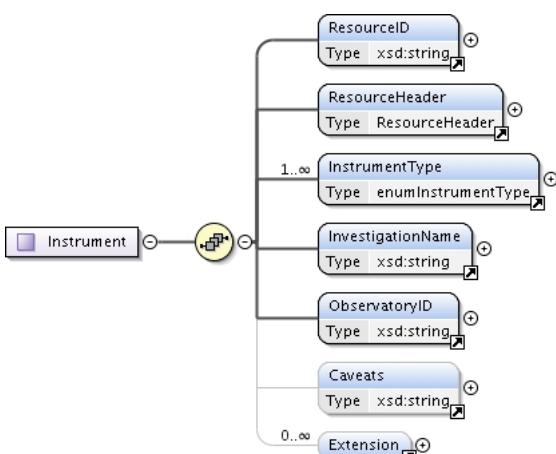
Diagram	
Used by	Element      Source
Model	SourceType , URL , MirrorURL* , Checksum{0,1} , DataExtent{0,1}
Children	Checksum, DataExtent, MirrorURL, SourceType, URL
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Source"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The location and attributes of an object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="SourceType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="URL" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="MirrorURL" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Checksum" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="DataExtent" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Checksum

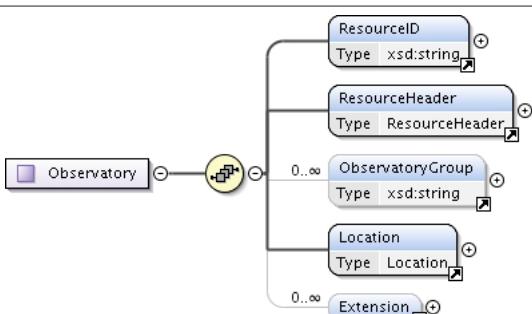
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A computed value that is dependent upon the contents of a digital data object. Primarily used to check whether errors or alterations have occurred during the transmission or storage of a data object.
Diagram	
Used by	Element      Checksum
Model	HashValue , HashFunction
Children	HashFunction, HashValue
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Checksum"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A computed value that is dependent upon the contents of a digital data object. Primarily used to check whether errors or alterations have occurred during the transmission or storage of a data object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="HashValue" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="HashFunction" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Instrument

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A device which is used to sense and parametrize a physical phenomenon.

Diagram	
Used by	Element      Instrument
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , InstrumentType+ , InvestigationName , ObservatoryID , Caveats{0,1} , Extension*
Children	Caveats, Extension, InstrumentType, InvestigationName, ObservatoryID, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Instrument"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A device which is used to sense and parametrize       a physical phenomenon.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="InstrumentType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="InvestigationName" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ObservatoryID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Caveats" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Observatory

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The host (spacecraft, network, facility) for instruments making observations.
Diagram	
Used by	Element      Observatory
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , ObservatoryGroup* , Location , Extension*
Children	Extension, Location, ObservatoryGroup, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Observatory"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The host (spacecraft, network, facility) for       instruments making observations.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ObservatoryGroup" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Location" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>

	</xsd:sequence> </xsd:complexType>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Location

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A position in space definable by a regional referencing system and geographic coordinates.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Location {         &lt;&lt;Position in space definable by a regional referencing system and geographic coordinates.&gt;&gt;     }     class ObservatoryRegion {         &lt;&lt;ObservatoryRegion&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;enumRegion&gt;&gt;     }     class CoordinateSystemName {         &lt;&lt;CoordinateSystemName&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;enumCoordinateSystemName&gt;&gt;     }     class Latitude {         &lt;&lt;xsd:double&gt;&gt;     }     class Longitude {         &lt;&lt;xsd:double&gt;&gt;     }     class Elevation {         &lt;&lt;xsd:double&gt;&gt;     }      Location &lt; -- ObservatoryRegion     ObservatoryRegion &lt; -- CoordinateSystemName     CoordinateSystemName &lt; -- Latitude     CoordinateSystemName &lt; -- Longitude     CoordinateSystemName &lt; -- Elevation   </pre>
Used by	Element Location
Model	ObservatoryRegion+, CoordinateSystemName{0,1} , Latitude{0,1} , Longitude{0,1} , Elevation{0,1}
Children	CoordinateSystemName, Elevation, Latitude, Longitude, ObservatoryRegion
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:complexType name="Location"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A position in space definable by a regional referencing system and geographic coordinates.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ObservatoryRegion" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="CoordinateSystemName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Latitude" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Longitude" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Elevation" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;   </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Person

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	An individual human being.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Person {         &lt;&lt;Individual human being&gt;&gt;     }     class ResourceID {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class ReleaseDate {         &lt;&lt;xsd:dateTime&gt;&gt;     }     class PersonName {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class OrganizationName {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Address {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Email {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class PhoneNumber {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class FaxNumber {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     class Extension {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }      Person &lt; -- ResourceID     ResourceID &lt; -- ReleaseDate     ReleaseDate &lt; -- PersonName     PersonName &lt; -- OrganizationName     Person &lt; -- Address     Address &lt; -- Email     Address &lt; -- PhoneNumber     Address &lt; -- FaxNumber     Address &lt; -- Extension   </pre>

Used by	Element Person
Model	ResourceID , ReleaseDate{0,1} , PersonName{0,1} , OrganizationName , Address{0,1} , Email* , PhoneNumber* , FaxNumber{0,1} , Extension*
Children	Address, Email, Extension, FaxNumber, OrganizationName, PersonName, PhoneNumber, ReleaseDate, ResourceID
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Person"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual human being.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ReleaseDate" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PersonName" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="OrganizationName" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Address" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Email" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PhoneNumber" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="FaxNumber" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Registry

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A location or facility where resources are cataloged.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Registry     class ResourceID {         Type xsd:string     }     class ResourceHeader {         Type ResourceHeader     }     class AccessURL {         Type AccessURL     }     class Extension {         Type xsd:string     }      Registry "0..oo" -- "1" ResourceID     Registry "0..oo" -- "1" ResourceHeader     Registry "0..oo" -- "1" AccessURL     Registry "0..oo" -- "unbounded" Extension   </pre>
Used by	Element Registry
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessURL , Extension*
Children	AccessURL, Extension, ResourceHeader, ResourceID
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Registry"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A location or facility where resources are cataloged.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessURL" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Complex Type Repository

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	A location or facility where resources are stored.
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Repository     class ResourceID {         Type xsd:string     }     class ResourceHeader {         Type ResourceHeader     }     class AccessURL {         Type AccessURL     }     class Extension {         Type xsd:string     }      Repository "0..oo" -- "1" ResourceID     Repository "0..oo" -- "1" ResourceHeader     Repository "0..oo" -- "1" AccessURL     Repository "0..oo" -- "unbounded" Extension   </pre>
Used by	Element Repository

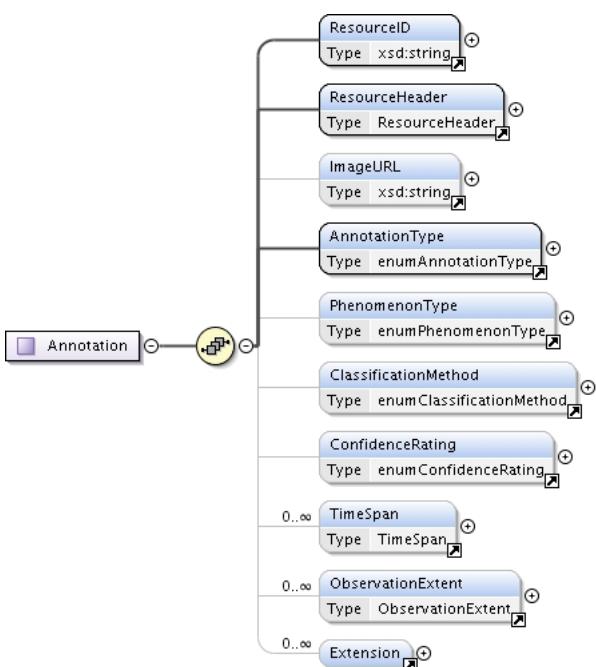
Used by	Element	Repository
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessURL , Extension*	
Children	AccessURL, Extension, ResourceHeader, ResourceID	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Repository"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A location or facility where resources are       stored.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessURL" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Complex Type Service

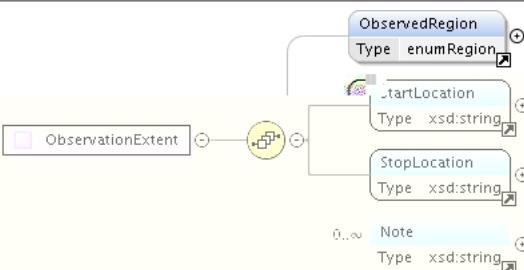
Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	A location or facility that can perform a well defined task.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class Service     class ResourceID {         type xsd:string     }     class ResourceHeader {         type ResourceHeader     }     class AccessURL {         type AccessURL     }     class Extension {         multiplicity 0..∞     }      Service --&gt; ResourceID     Service --&gt; ResourceHeader     Service --&gt; AccessURL     Service --&gt; Extension   </pre>	
Used by	Element Service	
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , AccessURL , Extension*	
Children	AccessURL, Extension, ResourceHeader, ResourceID	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Service"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A location or facility that can perform a       well defined task.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AccessURL" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

## Complex Type Annotation

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	Information which is explanatory or descriptive which is associated with another resource.	

Diagram	
Used by	Element      Annotation
Model	ResourceID , ResourceHeader , ImageURL{0,1} , AnnotationType , PhenomenonType{0,1} , ClassificationMethod{0,1} , ConfidenceRating{0,1} , TimeSpan* , ObservationExtent* , Extension*
Children	AnnotationType, ClassificationMethod, ConfidenceRating, Extension, ImageURL, ObservationExtent, PhenomenonType, ResourceHeader, ResourceID, TimeSpan
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="Annotation"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Information which is explanatory or descriptive       which is associated with another resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceID" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ResourceHeader" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ImageURL" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="AnnotationType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="PhenomenonType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ClassificationMethod" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ConfidenceRating" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="TimeSpan" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ObservationExtent" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Extension" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Complex Type ObservationExtent

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	The spatial area encompassed by an observation.
Diagram	
Used by	Element      ObservationExtent
Model	ObservedRegion{0,1} , StartLocation , StopLocation , Note*
Children	Note, ObservedRegion, StartLocation, StopLocation

Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:complexType name="ObservationExtent"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The spatial area encompassed by an observation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:sequence&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="ObservedRegion" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="StartLocation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="StopLocation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/&gt;     &lt;xsd:element ref="Note" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:sequence&gt; &lt;/xsd:complexType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Types

### Simple Type enumVersion

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
Annotations	Version number.
Diagram	
Type	restriction of xsd:string
Facets	enumeration 2.0.0
Used by	Element Version
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumVersion"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Version number.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="2.0.0"/&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Simple Type enumRole

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																					
Annotations	Identifiers for the assigned or assumed function or position of an individual.																					
Diagram																						
Type	restriction of xsd:string																					
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ArchiveSpecialist</td> <td>An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CoInvestigator</td> <td>An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Contributor</td> <td>An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DataProducer</td> <td>An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DeputyPI</td> <td>An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>GeneralContact</td> <td>An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>MetadataContact</td> <td>An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	ArchiveSpecialist	An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.	enumeration	CoInvestigator	An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.	enumeration	Contributor	An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.	enumeration	DataProducer	An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.	enumeration	DeputyPI	An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.	enumeration	GeneralContact	An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.	enumeration	MetadataContact	An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.
enumeration	ArchiveSpecialist	An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.																				
enumeration	CoInvestigator	An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.																				
enumeration	Contributor	An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.																				
enumeration	DataProducer	An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.																				
enumeration	DeputyPI	An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.																				
enumeration	GeneralContact	An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.																				
enumeration	MetadataContact	An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.																				

	enumeration	PrincipalInvestigator	An individual who is the administrative and scientific lead for an investigation.
	enumeration	ProjectScientist	An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics explored by the project. A project scientist may also have a managerial role within the project.
	enumeration	Publisher	An individual, organization, institution or government department responsible for the production and dissemination of a document.
	enumeration	Scientist	An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resource.
	enumeration	TeamLeader	An individual who is the designated leader of an investigation!!!
	enumeration	TeamMember	An individual who is a major participant in an investigation.
	enumeration	TechnicalContact	An individual who can provide specific information with regard to the resource or supporting software
Used by	Element	Role	
Source			<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumRole"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the assigned or assumed function or position of an individual.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ArchiveSpecialist"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="CoInvestigator"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Contributor"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="DataProducer"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="DeputyPI"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="GeneralContact"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="MetadataContact"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>

	<pre> &lt;xsd:enumeration value="PrincipalInvestigator"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is the administrative and     scientific lead for an investigation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ProjectScientist"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon     and related physics explored by the project.     A project scientist may also have a managerial     role within the project.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Publisher"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual, organization, institution or     government department responsible for the     production and dissemination of a document.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Scientist"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon     and related physics represented by the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="TeamLeader"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is the designated leader     of an investigation!!!&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="TeamMember"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who is a major participant in     an investigation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="TechnicalContact"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An individual who can provide specific     information       with regard to the resource or supporting       software&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Simple Type enumAssociationType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for resource associations.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumAssociationType &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	ChildEventOf	A descendant or caused by another resource.
	enumeration	DerivedFrom	A transformed or altered version of a resource instance.
	enumeration	ObservedBy	Detected or originating from another resource.
	enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.
	enumeration	PartOf	A portion of a larger resource.
	enumeration	RevisionOf	A modified version of a resource instance.
Used by	Element	AssociationType	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumAssociationType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; </pre>		

	<pre> &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for resource associations.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;   &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ChildEventOf"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;       &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A descendant or caused by another resource.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;xsd:enumeration value="DerivedFrom"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;       &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A transformed or altered version of a resource       instance.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ObservedBy"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;       &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Detected or originating from another resource.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Other"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;       &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Not classified with more specific terms. The       context of its usage may be described in related       text.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;xsd:enumeration value="PartOf"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;       &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A portion of a larger resource.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;xsd:enumeration value="RevisionOf"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;       &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A modified version of a resource instance.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumAvailability

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for indicating the method or service which may be used to access the resource.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumAvailability {         &lt;&lt;Identifiers for indicating the method or service which may be used to access the resource.&gt;&gt;     }     class xsd:string     enumAvailability &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Offline	Not directly accessible electronically. This includes resources which may be moved to an on-line status in response to a given request.
	enumeration	Online	Directly accessible electronically.
Used by	Element	Availability	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumAvailability"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for indicating the method or service     which may be used to access the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Offline"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Not directly accessible electronically. This         includes resources which may be moved to         an on-line status in response to a given request.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Online"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Directly accessible electronically.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>		

	<pre>         &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumAccessRights

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema							
Annotations	Identifiers for permissions granted or denied by the host of a product to allow other users to access and use the resource.							
Diagram								
Type	restriction of xsd:string							
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Open</td> <td>Access is granted to everyone.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Restricted</td> <td>Access to the product is regulated and requires some form of identification.</td> </tr> </table>		enumeration	Open	Access is granted to everyone.	enumeration	Restricted	Access to the product is regulated and requires some form of identification.
enumeration	Open	Access is granted to everyone.						
enumeration	Restricted	Access to the product is regulated and requires some form of identification.						
Used by	Element	AccessRights						
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumAccessRights"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for permissions granted or denied             by the host of a product to allow other users             to access and use the resource.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Open"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Access is granted to everyone.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Restricted"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Access to the product is regulated and requires                     some form of identification.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>							
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd							

## Simple Type enumFormat

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																
Annotations	Identifiers for data organized according to preset specifications.																
Diagram																	
Type	restriction of xsd:string																
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>AVI</td> <td>Audio Video Interleave (AVI) a digital format for movies that conforms to the Microsoft Windows Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Binary</td> <td>A direct representation of the bits which may be stored in memory on a computer.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CDF</td> <td>Common Data Format (CDF). A binary storage format developed at Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CEF</td> <td>Cluster Exchange Format (CEF) is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. There are two versions of CEF which are not totally compatible.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>CEF1</td> <td>Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 1, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed</td> </tr> </table>		enumeration	AVI	Audio Video Interleave (AVI) a digital format for movies that conforms to the Microsoft Windows Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF).	enumeration	Binary	A direct representation of the bits which may be stored in memory on a computer.	enumeration	CDF	Common Data Format (CDF). A binary storage format developed at Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC).	enumeration	CEF	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF) is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. There are two versions of CEF which are not totally compatible.	enumeration	CEF1	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 1, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed
enumeration	AVI	Audio Video Interleave (AVI) a digital format for movies that conforms to the Microsoft Windows Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF).															
enumeration	Binary	A direct representation of the bits which may be stored in memory on a computer.															
enumeration	CDF	Common Data Format (CDF). A binary storage format developed at Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC).															
enumeration	CEF	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF) is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. There are two versions of CEF which are not totally compatible.															
enumeration	CEF1	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 1, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed															

		for the exchange of data. The metadata contains information compatible with the ISTP recommendations for CDF.
enumeration	CEF2	Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 2, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data and introduced for Cluster Active Archive. Compared to version 1, the metadata description of vectors and tensors is different.
enumeration	FITS	Flexible Image Transport System (FITS) is a digital format primarily designed to store scientific data sets consisting of multi-dimensional arrays (1-D spectra, 2-D images or 3-D data cubes) and 2-dimensional tables containing rows and columns of data.
enumeration	GIF	Graphic Interchange Format (GIF) first introduced in 1987 by CompuServe. GIF uses LZW compression and images are limited to 256 colours.
enumeration	HDF	Hierarchical Data Format
enumeration	HDF4	Hierarchical Data Format, Version 4
enumeration	HDF5	Hierarchical Data Format, Version 5
enumeration	HTML	A text file containing structured information represented in the HyperText Mark-up Language (HTML). See < <a href="http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/">http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/</a> >
enumeration	IDFS	Instrument Data File Set (IDFS) is a set of files written in a prescribed format which contain data, timing data, and meta-data. IDFS was developed at Southwest Research Institute (SwRI).
enumeration	IDL	Interactive Data Language (IDL) save set. IDL is a proprietary format.
enumeration	JPEG	A binary format for still images defined by the Joint Photographic Experts Group
enumeration	MATLAB_4	MATLAB Workspace save set, version 4. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.
enumeration	MATLAB_6	MATLAB Workspace save set, version 6. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.
enumeration	MATLAB_7	MATLAB Workspace save set, version 7. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. Version 7 includes data compression and Unicode encoding. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.
enumeration	MPEG	A digital format for movies defined by the Motion Picture Experts Group
enumeration	NCAR	The National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) format. A complete description of that standard is given in appendix C of the "Report on Establishment & Operation of the Incoherent-Scatter Data Base", dated August 23, 1984, obtainable from NCAR, P.O. Box 3000 Boulder, Colorado 80307-3000.
enumeration	NetCDF	Unidata Program Centers Network Common Data Form (NetCDF). A self-describing portable data format for array-oriented data access.

		See < <a href="http://my.unidata.ucar.edu/content/software/netcdf">http://my.unidata.ucar.edu/content/software/netcdf</a> >
enumeration	PDF	A document expressed in the Portable Document Format (PDF) as defined by Adobe.
enumeration	PNG	A digital format for still images. Portable Network Graphics (PNG)
enumeration	Postscript	A page description programming language created by Adobe Systems Inc. that is a device-independent industry standard for representing text and graphics.
enumeration	QuickTime	A format for digital movies, as defined by Apple Computer. See < <a href="http://developer.apple.com/quicktime/">http://developer.apple.com/quicktime/</a> >
enumeration	Text	A sequence of characters which may have an imposed structure or organization.
enumeration	Text.ASCII	A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.
enumeration	Text.Unicode	Text in multi-byte Unicode format.
enumeration	TIFF	A binary format for still pictures. Tagged Image Format File (TIFF). Originally developed by Aldus and now controlled by Adobe.
enumeration	UDF	Universal Data Format (UDF). The Optical Technology Storage Associations Universal Disk Format, based on ISO 13346. See < <a href="http://www.osta.org/specs/index.htm">http://www.osta.org/specs/index.htm</a> >
enumeration	VOTable	A proposed IVOA standard designed as a flexible storage and exchange format for tabular data.
enumeration	XML	eXtensible Mark-up Language (XML). A structured format for representing information. See < <a href="http://www.w3.org/XML/">http://www.w3.org/XML/</a> >
Used by	Element	Format
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumFormat"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for data organized according to       preset specifications.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="AVI"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Audio Video Interleave (AVI) a digital format           for movies that conforms to the Microsoft           Windows Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Binary"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A direct representation of the bits which           may be stored in memory on a computer.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="CDF"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Common Data Format (CDF). A binary storage           format developed at Goddard Space Flight Center           (GSFC).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="CEF"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Cluster Exchange Format (CEF) is a self-           documenting           ASCII format designed for the exchange of           data. There are two versions of CEF which           are not totally compatible.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>	

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        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="CEF1">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 1,
            is a self-documenting ASCII format designed
            for the exchange of data. The metadata contains
            information compatible with the ISTP recommendations
            for CDF.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="CEF2">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 2,
            is a self-documenting ASCII format designed
            for the exchange of data and introduced for
            Cluster Active Archive. Compared to version
            1, the metadata description of vectors and
            tensors is different.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="FITS">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Flexible Image Transport System (FITS) is
            a digital format primarily designed to store
            scientific data sets consisting of multi-dimensional
            arrays (1-D spectra, 2-D images or 3-D data
            cubes) and 2-dimensional tables containing
            rows and columns of data.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="GIF">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Graphic Interchange Format (GIF) first introduced
            in 1987 by CompuServe. GIF uses LZW compression
            and images are limited to 256 colours.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HDF">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Hierarchical Data Format</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HDF4">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Hierarchical Data Format, Version 4</
xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HDF5">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Hierarchical Data Format, Version 5</
xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HTML">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A text file containing structured information
            represented in the HyperText Mark-up Language
            (HTML). See <a href="http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/"></xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="IDFS">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Instrument Data File Set (IDFS) is a set of
            files written in a prescribed format which
            contain data, timing data, and meta-data.
            IDFS was developed at Southwest Research Institute
            (SwRI).</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="IDL">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Interactive Data Language (IDL) save set.
            IDL is a proprietary format.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="JPEG">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A binary format for still images defined by
            the Joint Photographic Experts Group</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>

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<xsd:enumeration value="MATLAB_4">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">MATLAB Workspace save set, version 4. MAT-files
      are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format
      files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of
      The MathWorks.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MATLAB_6">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">MATLAB Workspace save set, version 6. MAT-files
      are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format
      files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of
      The MathWorks.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MATLAB_7">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">MATLAB Workspace save set, version 7. MAT-files
      are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format
      files. Version 7 includes data compression
      and Unicode encoding. MATLAB is a proprietary
      product of The MathWorks.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MPEG">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A digital format for movies defined by the
      Motion Picture Experts Group</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NCAR">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The National Center for Atmospheric Research
      (NCAR) format. A complete description of that
      standard is given in appendix C of the "Report
      on Establishment & Operation of the Incoherent-
      Scatter Data Base", dated August 23, 1984,
      obtainable from NCAR, P.O. Box 3000 Boulder,
      Colorado 80307-3000.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NetCDF">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Unidata Program Center's Network Common Data
      Form (NetCDF). A self-describing portable
      data format for array-oriented data access.
      See <a href="http://my.unidata.ucar.edu/content/software/netcdf"></xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PDF">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A document expressed in the Portable Document
      Format (PDF) as defined by Adobe.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PNG">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A digital format for still images. Portable
      Network Graphics (PNG)</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Postscript">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A page description programming language created
      by Adobe Systems Inc. that is a device-independent
      industry standard for representing text and
      graphics.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="QuickTime">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A format for digital movies, as defined by
      Apple Computer. See <a href="http://developer.apple.com/quicktime/"></
      xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Text">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A sequence of characters which may have an
      imposed structure or organization.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>

```

	<pre> &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Text.ASCII"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Text.Unicode"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Text in multi-byte Unicode format.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="TIFF"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A binary format for still pictures. Tagged Image Format File (TIFF). Originally developed by Aldus and now controlled by Adobe.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="UDF"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Universal Data Format (UDF). The Optical Technology Storage Association's Universal Disk Format, based on ISO 13346. See &lt;a href="http://www.osta.org/specs/index.htm"&gt;&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="VOTable"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A proposed IVOA standard designed as a flexible storage and exchange format for tabular data.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="XML"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;eXtensible Markup Language (XML). A structured format for representing information. See &lt;a href="http://www.w3.org/XML/&gt;&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumEncoding

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for unambiguous rules that establishes the representation of information within a file.		
Diagram			
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	ASCII	A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.
	enumeration	Base64	A data encoding scheme whereby binary-encoded data is converted to printable ASCII characters. It is defined as a MIME content transfer encoding for use in Internet e-mail. The only characters used are the upper- and lower-case Roman alphabet characters (A#Z, a#z), the numerals (0#9), and the "+" and "/" symbols, with the "=" symbol as a special suffix (padding) code.
	enumeration	BZIP2	An open standard algorithm by Julian Seward using Burrows-Wheeler block sorting and Huffman

		coding. See < <a href="http://www.bzip.org/">http://www.bzip.org/</a> >
enumeration	GZIP	An open standard algorithm distributed by GHU based on LZ77 and Huffman coding. See < <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gzip/gzip.html">http://www.gnu.org/software/gzip/gzip.html</a> > or < <a href="http://www.gzip.org/">http://www.gzip.org/</a> >
enumeration	None	A lack or absence of anything.
enumeration	TAR	A file format used to collate collections of files into one larger file, for distribution or archiving, while preserving file system information such as user and group permissions, dates, and directory structures. The format was standardized by POSIX.1-1988 and later POSIX.1-2001.
enumeration	Unicode	Text in multi-byte Unicode format.
enumeration	ZIP	An open standard for compression which is a variation of the LZW method and was originally used in the PKZIP utility.
Used by	Element	Encoding
Source		<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumEncoding"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for unambiguous rules that establishes the representation of information within a file.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ASCII"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Base64"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A data encoding scheme whereby binary-encoded data is converted to printable ASCII characters. It is defined as a MIME content transfer encoding for use in Internet e-mail. The only characters used are the upper- and lower-case Roman alphabet characters (A#Z, a#z), the numerals (0#9), and the "+" and "/" symbols, with the "=" symbol as a special suffix (padding) code.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="BZIP2"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An open standard algorithm by Julian Seward using Burrows-Wheeler block sorting and Huffman coding. See &lt;<a href="http://www.bzip.org/">http://www.bzip.org/</a>&gt;&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="GZIP"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An open standard algorithm distributed by GHU based on LZ77 and Huffman coding. See &lt;<a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gzip/gzip.html">http://www.gnu.org/software/gzip/gzip.html</a>&gt; or &lt;<a href="http://www.gzip.org/">http://www.gzip.org/</a>&gt;&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="None"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A lack or absence of anything.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="TAR"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A file format used to collate collections of files into one larger file, for distribution or archiving, while preserving file system information such as user and group permissions, dates, and directory structures. The format was standardized by POSIX.1-1988 and later POSIX.1-2001.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>

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        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Unicode">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Text in multi-byte Unicode format.</
xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="ZIP">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An open standard for compression which is
                a variation of the LZW method and was originally
                used in the PKZIP utility.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
```

Schema location file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2\_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumPhenomenonType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	Identifiers for the characteristics or categorization of an observation. Note: Joe King to provide.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumPhenomenonType &lt; -- xsd:string     </pre>	
Type	restriction of xsd:string	
Facets	enumeration ActiveRegion enumeration Aurora enumeration BowShockCrossing enumeration CoronalHole enumeration CoronalMassEjection enumeration EITWave enumeration EnergeticSolarParticleEvent	<p>A localized, transient volume of the solar atmosphere in which PLAGEs, SUNSPOTS, FACULAE, FLARES, etc. may be observed.</p> <p>An atmospheric phenomenon consisting of bands of light caused by charged solar particles following the earths magnetic lines of force.</p> <p>A crossing of the boundary between the undisturbed (except for foreshock effects) solar wind and the shocked, decelerated solar wind of the magnetosheath.</p> <p>An extended region of the corona, exceptionally low in density and associated with unipolar photospheric regions. A coronal hole can be an "open" magnetic field in the corona and (perhaps) inner heliosphere which has a faster than average outflow (wind); A region of lower than "quiet" ion and electron density in the corona; or a region of lower peak electron temperature in the corona than in the "quiet" corona.</p> <p>A solar event which involves a burst of plasma which is ejected from the Sun into the interplanetary medium.</p> <p>A wave in the corona of the Sun which produce shock waves on the Sun#s chromosphere (Moreton Waves). EIT Waves are produced by large solar flare and expand outward at about 1,000 km/s. It usually appears as a slowly moving diffuse arc of brightening in H-alpha, and may travel for several hundred thousand km.</p> <p>Enhancement of interplanetary fluxes of energetic ions accelerated by interplanetary</p>

		shocks and/or solar flares.
enumeration	ForbushDecrease	A rapid decrease in the observed galactic cosmic ray intensity following the passage of an outwardly convecting interplanetary magnetic field disturbance, such as those associated with large CMEs, that sweep some galactic cosmic rays away from Earth.
enumeration	GeomagneticStorm	A magnetospheric disturbance typically defined by variations in the horizontal component of the Earth's surface magnetic field. The variation typically starts with a field enhancement associated with a solar wind pressure pulse and continues with a field depression associated with an enhancement of the diamagnetic magnetospheric ring current.
enumeration	InterplanetaryShock	A shock propagating generally antisunward through the slower solar wind, often seen in front of CME-associated plasma clouds.
enumeration	MagneticCloud	A transient event observed in the solar wind characterized as a region of enhanced magnetic field strength, smooth rotation of the magnetic field vector and low proton density and temperature.
enumeration	MagnetopauseCrossing	A crossing of the interface between the shocked solar wind in the magnetosheath and the magnetic field and plasma in the magnetosphere.
enumeration	RadioBurst	Emissions of the sun in radio wavelengths from centimeters to dekameters, under both quiet and disturbed conditions. Radio Bursts can be "Type I" consisting of many short, narrow-band bursts in the metric range (300 - 50 MHz); "Type II" consisting of narrow-band emission that begins in the meter range (300 MHz) and sweeps slowly (tens of minutes) toward dekameter wavelengths (10 MHz); "Type III" consisting of narrow-band bursts that sweep rapidly (seconds) from decimeter to dekameter wavelengths (500 - 0.5 MHz); and "Type IV" consisting of a smooth continuum of broad-band bursts primarily in the meter range (300 - 30 MHz).
enumeration	SolarFlare	An explosive event in the Sun's atmosphere which produces electromagnetic radiation across the electromagnetic spectrum at multiple wavelengths from long-wave radio to the shortest wavelength gamma rays.
enumeration	SolarWindExtreme	Intervals of unusually large or small values of solar wind attributes such as flow speed and ion density.
enumeration	Substorm	A process by which plasma in the magnetotail becomes energized at a fast rate.
Used by	Element	PhenomenonType
Source	<xsd:simpleType name="enumPhenomenonType"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Identifiers for the characteristics or categorization of an observation. Note: Joe King to provide.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"> <xsd:enumeration value="ActiveRegion"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A localized, transient volume of the solar	

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atmosphere in which PLAGEs, SUNSPOTS, FACULAE,
FLAREs, etc. may be observed.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Aurora">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An atmospheric phenomenon consisting of bands
of light caused by charged solar particles
following the earth's magnetic lines of force.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="BowShockCrossing">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A crossing of the boundary between the
undisturbed
(except for foreshock effects) solar wind
and the shocked, decelerated solar wind of
the magnetosheath.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="CoronalHole">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An extended region of the corona, exceptionally
low in density and associated with unipolar
photospheric regions. A coronal hole can be
an "open" magnetic field in the corona and
(perhaps) inner heliosphere which has a faster
than average outflow (wind); A region of lower
than "quiet" ion and electron density in the
corona; or a region of lower peak electron
temperature in the corona than in the "quiet"
corona.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="CoronalMassEjection">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A solar event which involves a burst of plasma
which is ejected from the Sun into the interplanetary
medium.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="EITWave">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A wave in the corona of the Sun which produce
shock waves on the Sun's chromosphere (Moreton
Waves). EIT Waves are produced by large solar
flare and expand outward at about 1,000 km/s.
It usually appears as a slowly moving diffuse
arc of brightening in H-alpha, and may travel
for several hundred thousand km.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="EnergeticSolarParticleEvent">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An enhancement of interplanetary fluxes of
energetic ions accelerated by interplanetary
shocks and/or solar flares.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ForbushDecrease">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A rapid decrease in the observed galactic
cosmic ray intensity following the passage
of an outwardly convecting interplanetary
magnetic field disturbance, such as those
associated with large CME's, that sweep some
galactic cosmic rays away from Earth.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="GeomagneticStorm">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A magnetospheric disturbance typically defined
by variations in the horizontal component
of the Earth's surface magnetic field. The
variation typically starts with a field enhancement
associated with a solar wind pressure pulse
and continues with a field depression associated
with an enhancement of the diamagnetic magnetospheric
ring current.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="InterplanetaryShock">
<xsd:annotation>

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<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A shock propagating generally antisunward
through the slower solar wind, often seen
in front of CME-associated plasma clouds.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MagneticCloud">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A transient event observed in the solar wind
characterized as a region of enhanced magnetic
field strength, smooth rotation of the magnetic
field vector and low proton density and temperature.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MagnetopauseCrossing">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A crossing of the interface between the shocked
solar wind in the magnetosheath and the magnetic
field and plasma in the magnetosphere.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="RadioBurst">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Emissions of the sun in radio wavelengths
from centimeters to dekameters, under both
quiet and disturbed conditions. Radio Bursts
can be "Type I" consisting of many short,
narrow-band bursts in the metric range (300
- 50 MHz); "Type II" consisting of narrow-band
emission that begins in the meter range (300
MHz) and sweeps slowly (tens of minutes) toward
dekameter wavelengths (10 MHz); "Type III"
consisting of narrow-band bursts that sweep
rapidly (seconds) from decimeter to dekameter
wavelengths (500 - 0.5 MHz); and "Type IV"
consisting of a smooth continuum of broad-band
bursts primarily in the meter range (300 -
30 MHz).</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="SolarFlare">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An explosive event in the Sun's atmosphere
which produces electromagnetic radiation across
the electromagnetic spectrum at multiple wavelengths
from long-wave radio to the shortest wavelength
gamma rays.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="SolarWindExtreme">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Intervals of unusually large or small values
of solar wind attributes such as flow speed
and ion density.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Substorm">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A process by which plasma in the magnetotail
becomes energized at a fast rate.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

```

Schema location file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2\_0\_0.xsd

### Simple Type enumCoordinateRepresentation

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers of the method or form for specifying a given point or vector in a given coordinate system.		
Diagram			
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Cartesian	A representation in which a position vector or a measured vector (e.g., field or flow) is specified by its components along the base axes of the coordinate system.

	enumeration	Cylindrical	A coordinate representation of a position vector or measured vector (field or flow) by its k-component, the magnitude of its projection into the i-j plane, and the azimuthal angle of the i-j plane projection.
	enumeration	Spherical	A coordinate representation of a position vector or of a measured vector by its magnitude and two direction angles. The angles are relative to the base axes of the coordinate system used. Typically the angles are phi [azimuth angle, =arctan (j/i)] and theta, where theta may be a polar angle, arctan {[SQRT(i^2+j^2)]/k}, or an elevation angle, arctan [k/SQRT (i^2+j^2)].
Used by	Element	CoordinateRepresentation	
Source			<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumCoordinateRepresentation"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers of the method or form for specifying a given point or vector in a given coordinate system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Cartesian"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A representation in which a position vector or a measured vector (e.g., field or flow) is specified by its components along the base axes of the coordinate system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Cylindrical"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A coordinate representation of a position vector or measured vector (field or flow) by its k-component, the magnitude of its projection into the i-j plane, and the azimuthal angle of the i-j plane projection.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Spherical"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A coordinate representation of a position vector or of a measured vector by its magnitude and two direction angles. The angles are relative to the base axes of the coordinate system used. Typically the angles are phi [azimuth angle, =arctan (j/i)] and theta, where theta may be a polar angle, arctan {[SQRT(i^2+j^2)]/k}, or an elevation angle, arctan [k/SQRT (i^2+j^2)].&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location			file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

### Simple Type enumCoordinateSystemName

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers of the origin and orientation of a set of typically orthogonal axes.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumCoordinateSystemName {         &lt;&lt;Identifiers of the origin and orientation of a set of typically orthogonal axes. &gt;&gt;     }     class xsd:string     enumCoordinateSystemName &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Carrington	A coordinate system which is centered at the Sun and is "fixed" with respect to the synodic rotation rate; the mean synodic value is about 27.2753 days. The Astronomical Almanac gives a value for Carrington longitude of 349.03 degrees at 0000 UT on 1 January 1995.
	enumeration	CGM	Corrected Geomagnetic - A coordinate system

		<p>from a spatial point with GEO radial distance and geomagnetic latitude and longitude, follow the epoch-appropriate IGRF/DGRF model field vector through to the point where the field line crosses the geomagnetic dipole equatorial plane. Then trace the dipole magnetic field vector Earthward from that point on the equatorial plane, in the same hemisphere as the original point, until the initial radial distance is reached. Designate the dipole latitude and longitude at that point as the CGM latitude and longitude of the original point. See &lt;<a href="http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/cgm/cgmm_des.html">http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/cgm/cgmm_des.html</a>&gt;</p>
enumeration	DM	<p>Dipole Meridian - A coordinate system centered at the observation point. Z axis is parallel to the Earth's dipole axis, positive northward. X is in the plane defined by Z and the line linking the observation point with the Earth's center. Y is positive eastward. See &lt;<a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a>&gt;</p>
enumeration	GEI	<p>Geocentric Equatorial Inertial - A coordinate system where the Z axis is along Earth's spin vector, positive northward. X axis points towards the first point of Aries (from the Earth towards the Sun at the vernal equinox). See Russell, 1971</p>
enumeration	GEO	<p>Geographic - geocentric corotating - A coordinate system where the Z axis is along Earth's spin vector, positive northward. X axis lies in Greenwich meridian, positive towards Greenwich. See Russell, 1971.</p>
enumeration	GSE	<p>Geocentric Solar Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun. Z axis is normal to the ecliptic, positive northward. See Russell, 1971.</p>
enumeration	GSEQ	<p>Geocentric Solar Equatorial - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun. Y axis is parallel to solar equatorial plane. Z axis is positive northward. See Russell, 1971</p>
enumeration	GSM	<p>Geocentric Solar Magnetospheric - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun, Z axis is northward in a plane containing the X axis and the geomagnetic dipole axis. See Russell, 1971</p>
enumeration	HAE	<p>Heliocentric Aries Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. X axis is positive towards the first point of Aries (from Earth to Sun at vernal equinox). Same as SE below. See Hapgood, 1992.</p>
enumeration	HCI	<p>Heliographic Carrington Inertial.</p>
enumeration	HEE	<p>Heliocentric Earth Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic</p>

		plane, positive northward. X axis points from Sun to Earth. See Hapgood, 1992
enumeration	HEEQ	Heliocentric Earth Equatorial - A coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. X axis is generally Earthward in the plane defined by the Z axis and the Sun-Earth direction. See Hapgood, 1992.
enumeration	HG	Heliographic - A heliocentric rotating coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. X, Y axes rotate with a 25.38 day period. The zero longitude (X axis) is defined as the longitude that passed through the ascending node of the solar equator on the ecliptic plane on 1 January, 1854 at 12 UT. See <a href="http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html">http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html</a>
enumeration	HGI	Heliographic Inertial - A heliocentric coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. X axis is along the intersection line between solar equatorial and ecliptic planes. The X axis was positive at SE longitude of 74.367 deg on Jan 1, 1900. (See SE below.) See <a href="http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html">http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html</a>
enumeration	J2000	An astronomical coordinate system which uses the mean equator and equinox of Julian date 2451545.0 TT (Terrestrial Time), or January 1, 2000, noon TT. (aka J2000) to define a celestial reference frame.
enumeration	LGM	Local Geomagnetic - A coordinate system used mainly for Earth surface or near Earth surface magnetic field data. X axis northward from observation point in a geographic meridian. Z axis downward towards Earth's center. In this system, H (total horizontal component) = $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$ and D (declination angle) = $\arctan(B_y/B_x)$
enumeration	MAG	Geomagnetic - geocentric. Z axis is parallel to the geomagnetic dipole axis, positive north. X is in the plane defined by the Z axis and the Earth's rotation axis. If N is a unit vector from the Earth's center to the north geographic pole, the signs of the X and Y axes are given by Y = N x Z, X = Y x Z.. See Russell, 1971, and <a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a>
enumeration	MFA	Magnetic Field Aligned - A coordinate system spacecraft-centered system with Z in the direction of the ambient magnetic field vector. X is in the plane defined by Z and the spacecraft-Sun line, positive sunward. See <a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a>
enumeration	RTN	Radial Tangential Normal. Typically centered at a spacecraft. Used for IMF and plasma V vectors. R (radial) axis is radially away from the Sun, T (tangential) axis is normal to the plane formed by R and the Sun's spin vector, positive in the direction of planetary motion. N (normal) is R x T.
enumeration	SC	Spacecraft - A coordinate system defined by the spacecraft geometry and/or spin. Often

		<p>has Z axis parallel to spacecraft spin vector. X and Y axes may or may not corotate with the spacecraft. See SR and SR2 below.</p>
enumeration	SE	<p>Solar Ecliptic - A heliocentric coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. X axis is positive towards the first point of Aries (from Earth to Sun at vernal equinox). Same as HAE above. See <a href="http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html">http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html</a></p>
enumeration	SM	<p>Solar Magnetic - A geocentric coordinate system where the Z axis is northward along Earth's dipole axis, X axis is in plane of z axis and Earth-Sun line, positive sunward. See Russell, 1971.</p>
enumeration	SpacecraftOrbitPlane	<p>A coordinate system where X lies in the plane normal to and in the direction of motion of the spacecraft, Z is normal to this plane and Y completes the triad in a right-handed coordinate system.</p>
enumeration	SR	<p>Spin Reference - A special case of a Spacecraft (SC) coordinate system for a spinning spacecraft. Z is parallel to the spacecraft spin vector. X and Y rotate with the spacecraft. See <a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a></p>
enumeration	SR2	<p>Spin Reference 2 - A special case of a Spacecraft (SC) coordinate system for a spinning spacecraft. Z is parallel to the spacecraft spin vector. X is in the plane defined by Z and the spacecraft-Sun line, positive sunward. See <a href="http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf">http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf</a></p>
enumeration	SSE	<p>Spacecraft Solar Ecliptic - A coordinate system used for deep space spacecraft, for example Helios. - X axis from spacecraft to Sun. Z axis normal to ecliptic plane, positive northward. Note: Angle between normals to ecliptic and to Helios orbit plane ~ 0.25 deg.</p>
enumeration	WGS84	<p>The World Geodetic System (WGS) defines a reference frame for the earth, for use in geodesy and navigation. The WGS84 uses the zero meridian as defined by the Bureau International de l'Heure.</p>
Used by	Element	CoordinateSystemName
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumCoordinateSystemName"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers of the origin and orientation of a set of typically orthogonal axes.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Carrington"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A coordinate system which is centered at the Sun and is "fixed" with respect to the synodic rotation rate; the mean synodic value is about 27.2753 days. The Astronomical Almanac gives a value for Carrington longitude of 349.03 degrees at 0000 UT on 1 January 1995.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="CGM"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Corrected Geomagnetic - A coordinate system from a spatial point with GEO radial distance</pre>	

and geomagnetic latitude and longitude, follow the epoch-appropriate IGRF/DGRF model field vector through to the point where the field line crosses the geomagnetic dipole equatorial plane. Then trace the dipole magnetic field vector Earthward from that point on the equatorial plane, in the same hemisphere as the original point, until the initial radial distance is reached. Designate the dipole latitude and longitude at that point as the CGM latitude and longitude of the original point. See <[http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/cgm/cgmm\\_des.html](http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/cgm/cgmm_des.html)></xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="DM">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Dipole Meridian - A coordinate system centered at the observation point. Z axis is parallel to the Earth's dipole axis, positive northward. X is in the plane defined by Z and the line linking the observation point with the Earth's center. Y is positive eastward. See <<http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf>></xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="GEI">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Geocentric Equatorial Inertial - A coordinate system where the Z axis is along Earth's spin vector, positive northward. X axis points towards the first point of Aries (from the Earth towards the Sun at the vernal equinox). See Russell, 1971</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="GEO">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Geographic - geocentric corotating - A coordinate system where the Z axis is along Earth's spin vector, positive northward. X axis lies in Greenwich meridian, positive towards Greenwich. See Russell, 1971.</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="GSE">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Geocentric Solar Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun. Z axis is normal to the ecliptic, positive northward. See Russell, 1971.</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="GSEQ">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Geocentric Solar Equatorial - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun. Y axis is parallel to solar equatorial plane. Z axis is positive northward. See Russell, 1971</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="GSM">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Geocentric Solar Magnetospheric - A coordinate system where the X axis is from Earth to Sun, Z axis is northward in a plane containing the X axis and the geomagnetic dipole axis. See Russell, 1971</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="HAE">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Heliocentric Aries Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. X axis is positive towards the first point of Aries (from Earth to Sun at vernal equinox). Same as SE below. See Hapgood, 1992.</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="HCI">

<xsd:annotation>

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<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Heliographic Carrington Inertial.</
xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HEE">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Heliocentric Earth Ecliptic - A coordinate
system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic
plane, positive northward. X axis points from
Sun to Earth. See Hapgood, 1992</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HEEQ">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Heliocentric Earth Equatorial - A coordinate
system where the Z axis is normal to the solar
equatorial plane, positive northward. X axis
is generally Earthward in the plane defined
by the Z axis and the Sun-Earth direction.
See Hapgood, 1992.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HG">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Heliographic - A heliocentric rotating coordinate
system where the Z axis is normal to the solar
equatorial plane, positive northward. X, Y
axes rotate with a 25.38 day period. The zero
longitude (X axis) is defined as the longitude
that passed through the ascending node of
the solar equator on the ecliptic plane on
1 January, 1854 at 12 UT. See <http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor\_des.html></xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HGI">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Heliographic Inertial - A heliocentric coordinate
system where the Z axis is normal to the solar
equatorial plane, positive northward. X axis
is along the intersection line between solar
equatorial and ecliptic planes. The X axis
was positive at SE longitude of 74.367 deg
on Jan 1, 1900. (See SE below.) See <http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor\_des.html></xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="J2000">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An astronomical coordinate system which uses
the mean equator and equinox of Julian date
2451545.0 TT (Terrestrial Time), or January
1, 2000, noon TT. (aka J2000) to define a
celestial reference frame.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="LGM">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Local Geomagnetic - A coordinate system used
mainly for Earth surface or near Earth surface
magnetic field data. X axis northward from
observation point in a geographic meridian.
Z axis downward towards Earth's center. In
this system, H (total horizontal component)
=  $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$  and D (declination angle)
=  $\arctan(B_y/B_x)$ </xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MAG">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Geomagnetic - geocentric. Z axis is parallel
to the geomagnetic dipole axis, positive north.
X is in the plane defined by the Z axis and
the Earth's rotation axis. If N is a unit
vector from the Earth's center to the north
geographic pole, the signs of the X and Y
axes are given by Y = N x Z, X = Y x Z. See
Russell, 1971, and <http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf></xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MFA">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Magnetic Field Aligned - A coordinate system

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spacecraft-centered system with Z in the direction of the ambient magnetic field vector. X is in the plane defined by Z and the spacecraft-Sun line, positive sunward. See <<http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf>></xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="RTN">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Radial Tangential Normal. Typically centered at a spacecraft. Used for IMF and plasma V vectors. R (radial) axis is radially away from the Sun, T (tangential) axis is normal to the plane formed by R and the Sun's spin vector, positive in the direction of planetary motion. N (normal) is R x T.</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="SC">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Spacecraft - A coordinate system defined by the spacecraft geometry and/or spin. Often has Z axis parallel to spacecraft spin vector. X and Y axes may or may not corotate with the spacecraft. See SR and SR2 below.</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="SE">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Solar Ecliptic - A heliocentric coordinate system where the Z axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. X axis is positive towards the first point of Aries (from Earth to Sun at vernal equinox). Same as HAE above. See <[http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor\\_des.html](http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html)></xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="SM">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Solar Magnetic - A geocentric coordinate system where the Z axis is northward along Earth's dipole axis, X axis is in plane of z axis and Earth-Sun line, positive sunward. See Russell, 1971.</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="SpacecraftOrbitPlane">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A coordinate system where X lies in the plane normal to and in the direction of motion of the spacecraft, Z is normal to this plane and Y completes the triad in a right-handed coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="SR">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Spin Reference - A special case of a Spacecraft (SC) coordinate system for a spinning spacecraft. Z is parallel to the spacecraft spin vector. X and Y rotate with the spacecraft. See <<http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf>></xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="SR2">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Spin Reference 2 - A special case of a Spacecraft (SC) coordinate system for a spinning spacecraft. Z is parallel to the spacecraft spin vector. X is in the plane defined by Z and the spacecraft-Sun line, positive sunward. See <<http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf>></xsd:documentation>

</xsd:annotation>

</xsd:enumeration>

<xsd:enumeration value="SSE">

<xsd:annotation>

<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Spacecraft Solar Ecliptic - A coordinate system used for deep space spacecraft, for example Helios. - X axis from spacecraft to Sun. Z axis normal to ecliptic plane, positive northward. Note: Angle between normals to ecliptic and to Helios orbit plane ~ 0.25 deg.</xsd:documentation>

	<pre>         &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="WGS84"&gt;         &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;             &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The World Geodetic System (WGS) defines a                 reference frame for the earth, for use in                 geodesy and navigation. The WGS84 uses the                 zero meridian as defined by the Bureau International                 de l'Heure.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### **Simple Type enumDisplayType**

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for types or classes of rendered data.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumDisplayType &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Image	A two-dimensional representation of data with values at each element of the array related to an intensity or a color.
	enumeration	Plasmagram	The characterization of signal strengths in active sounding measurements as a function of virtual range or signal delay time and sounding frequency. A Plasmagram is also referred to as an Ionogram.
	enumeration	Spectrogram	The characterization of signal strengths as a function of frequency (or energy) and time.
	enumeration	StackPlot	A representation of data showing multiple sets of observations on a single plot, possibly offsetting each plot by some uniform amount.
	enumeration	TimeSeries	A representation of data showing a set of observations taken at different points in time and charted as a time series.
	enumeration	WaveForm	Spatial or temporal variations of wave amplitude over wave-period timescales.
Used by	Element	DisplayType	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumDisplayType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for types or classes of rendered data.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Image"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A two-dimensional representation of data with values at each element of the array related to an intensity or a color.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Plasmagram"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The characterization of signal strengths in active sounding measurements as a function of virtual range or signal delay time and sounding frequency. A Plasmagram is also referred to as an Ionogram.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Spectrogram"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The characterization of signal strengths as a function of frequency (or energy) and time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;   </pre>		

	<pre> &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="StackPlot"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A representation of data showing multiple             sets of observations on a single plot, possibly             offsetting each plot by some uniform amount.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="TimeSeries"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A representation of data showing a set of             observations taken at different points in             time and charted as a time series.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="WaveForm"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Spatial or temporal variations of wave amplitude             over wave-period timescales.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Simple Type enumScaleType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema								
Annotations	Identifiers for scaling applied to a set of numbers.								
Diagram									
Type	restriction of xsd:string								
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>LinearScale</td> <td>Intervals which are equally spaced.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>LogScale</td> <td>Intervals which are spaced proportionally to the logarithms of the values being represented.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	LinearScale	Intervals which are equally spaced.	enumeration	LogScale	Intervals which are spaced proportionally to the logarithms of the values being represented.
enumeration	LinearScale	Intervals which are equally spaced.							
enumeration	LogScale	Intervals which are spaced proportionally to the logarithms of the values being represented.							
Used by	Element	ScaleType							
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumScaleType"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for scaling applied to a set of             numbers.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="LinearScale"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Intervals which are equally spaced.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="LogScale"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Intervals which are spaced proportionally                     to the logarithms of the values being represented.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>								
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd								

### Simple Type typeSequence

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema				
Diagram					
Type	list of xsd:integer				
Used by	Elements	Index, Size			
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="typeSequence"&gt;     &lt;xsd:list itemType="xsd:integer"/&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

## Simple Type enumComponent

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the axis of coordinate systems.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumComponent     class xsdString     enumComponent &lt; -- xsdString   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	I	Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN coordinate system.
	enumeration	J	Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN coordinate system.
	enumeration	K	Projection of a vector along the third named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Z axis, but could be the N axis for an RTN coordinate system.
Used by	Element	Component	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumComponent"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the axis of coordinate systems.&lt;/   </pre>		

		the set.
enumeration	Characteristic	A quantity which can be easily identified and measured in a given environment.
enumeration	Circular	Relative to polarization, right-hand circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating clockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. Left-hand circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating counterclockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. The polarization of magnetohydrodynamic waves is specified with respect to the ambient mean magnetic field : right-hand polarized waves have a transverse electric field component which turns in a right-handed sense (that of the gyrating electrons) around the magnetic field.
enumeration	Column	A two-dimensional measure of a quantity. The column is the area over which the quantity is measured.
enumeration	Component	Projection of a vector along one of the base axes of a coordinate system.
enumeration	Component.I	Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN coordinate system.
enumeration	Component.J	Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN coordinate system.
enumeration	Component.K	Projection of a vector along the third named axis of a coordinate system. Typically the Z axis, but could be the N axis for an RTN coordinate system.
enumeration	CrossSpectrum	The Fourier transform of the cross correlation of two physical or empirical observations.
enumeration	Deviation	The difference between an observed value and the expected value of a quantity.
enumeration	Differential	A flux measurement within a given energy and solid-angle range.
enumeration	Direction	The spatial relation between an object and another object, the orientation of the object or the course along which the object points or moves.
enumeration	DirectionAngle	The angle between a position vector or measured vector (or one of its projections onto a plane) and one of the base axes of the coordinate system.
enumeration	DirectionAngle.AzimuthAngle	The angle between the projection into the i-j plane of a position or measured vector and the i-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(j/i)$ .
enumeration	DirectionAngle.ElevationAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the i-j plane of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(k/\sqrt{i^2+j^2})$ .
enumeration	DirectionAngle.PolarAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system.

		Mathematically defined as $\arctan([SQRT(i^2+j^2)]/k)$ .
enumeration	FieldAligned	The component of a quantity which is oriented in the same direction of a field.
enumeration	Fit	Values that make a model agree with the data.
enumeration	Group	An assemblage of values that a certain relation or common characteristic.
enumeration	Integral	The summation of values above a given threshold and over area or solid-angle range.
enumeration	Integral.Area	Integration over the extent of a planar region, or of the surface of a solid.
enumeration	Integral.Bandwidth	Integration over the width a frequency band.
enumeration	Integral.SolidAngle	Integration over the angle in three-dimensional space that an object subtends at a point.
enumeration	LineOfSight	The line of sight is the line that connects the observer with the observed object. This expression is often used with measurements of Doppler velocity and magnetic field in magnetograms, where only the component of the vector field directed along the line of sight is measured.
enumeration	Linear	Polarization where the E-field vector is confined to a given plane
enumeration	Magnitude	A measure of the strength of a vector quantity or length of its representational vector.
enumeration	Moment	Parameters determined by integration over a distribution function convolved with a power of velocity.
enumeration	Parallel	Having the same direction as a given direction
enumeration	Peak	The maximum value for the quantity in question, over a period of time which is usually equal to the cadence.
enumeration	Perpendicular	At right angles to a given direction.
enumeration	Perturbation	Variations in the state of a system.
enumeration	Phase	A point or portion in a recurring series of changes.
enumeration	PhaseAngle	Phase difference between two or more waves, normally expressed in degrees.
enumeration	Projection	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector as projected into a plane of the coordinate system.
enumeration	Projection.IJ	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-j (typically X-Y) plane of the coordinate system.
enumeration	Projection.IK	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-k (typically X-Z) plane of the coordinate system.
enumeration	Projection.JK	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the j-k (typically Y-Z) plane of the coordinate system.

	enumeration	Pseudo	Similar to or having the appearance of something else. Can be used to indicate an estimation or approximation of a particular quantity.
	enumeration	Ratio	The relative magnitudes of two quantities.
	enumeration	Scalar	A quantity that is completely specified by its magnitude and has no direction.
	enumeration	Spectral	Characterized as a range or continuum of frequencies
	enumeration	StandardDeviation	The square root of the average of the squares of deviations about the mean of a set of data. Standard deviation is a statistical measure of spread or variability.
	enumeration	StokesParameters	A set of four parameters (usually called I,Q,U and V) which describe the polarization state of an electromagnetic wave propagating through space.
	enumeration	Symmetric	Equal distribution about one or more axes.
	enumeration	Tensor	A generalized linear "quantity" or "geometrical entity" that can be expressed as a multi-dimensional array relative to a choice of basis of the particular space on which it is defined.
	enumeration	Total	The summation of quantities over all possible species.
	enumeration	Trace	The sum of the elements on the main diagonal (the diagonal from the upper left to the lower right) of a square matrix.
	enumeration	Uncertainty	A statistically defined discrepancy between a measured quantity and the true value of that quantity that cannot be corrected by calculation or calibration.
	enumeration	Variance	A measure of dispersion of a set of data points around their mean value. The expectation value of the squared deviations from the mean.
	enumeration	Vector	A set of parameter values each along some independent variable (e.g., components of a field in three orthogonal spatial directions; atmospheric temperature values at several altitudes, or at a given latitude and longitude;).
Used by	Element	Qualifier	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumQualifier"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for terms which refine the type       or attribute of a quantity.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Anisotropy"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Direction-dependent property.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Array"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A sequence of values corresponding to the           elements in a rectilinear, n-dimension matrix.           Each value can be referenced by a unique index.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Average"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The statistical mean; the sum of a set of </pre>		

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        values divided by the number of values in
        the set.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Characteristic">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A quantity which can be easily identified
            and measured in a given environment.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Circular">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Relative to polarization, right-hand circularly
            polarized light is defined such that the electric
            field is rotating clockwise as seen by an
            observer towards whom the wave is moving.
        Left-hand circularly polarized light is defined
        such that the electric field is rotating counterclockwise
        as seen by an observer towards whom the wave
        is moving. The polarization of magnetohydrodynamic
        waves is specified with respect to the ambient
        mean magnetic field : right-hand polarized
        waves have a transverse electric field component
        which turns in a right-handed sense (that
        of the gyrating electrons) around the magnetic
        field.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Column">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A two-dimensional measure of a quantity. The
            column is the area over which the quantity
            is measured.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Component">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Projection of a vector along one of the base
            axes of a coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Component.I">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Projection of a vector along the first named
            axis of a coordinate system. Typically the
            X axis, but could be the R axis for an RTN
            coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Component.J">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Projection of a vector along the second named
            axis of a coordinate system. Typically the
            Y axis, but could be the T axis for an RTN
            coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Component.K">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Projection of a vector along the third named
            axis of a coordinate system. Typically the
            Z axis, but could be the N axis for an RTN
            coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="CrossSpectrum">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The Fourier transform of the cross correlation
            of two physical or empirical observations.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Deviation">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The difference between an observed value and
            the expected value of a quantity.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Differential">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A flux measurement within a given energy and
            solid-angle range.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>

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<xsd:enumeration value="Direction">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The spatial relation between an object and
      another object, the orientation of the object
      or the course along which the object points
      or moves.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="DirectionAngle">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The angle between a position vector or measured
      vector (or one of its projections onto a plane)
      and one of the base axes of the coordinate
      system.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="DirectionAngle.AzimuthAngle">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The angle between the projection into the
      i-j plane of a position or measured vector
      and the i-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically
      defined as  $\arctan(j/i)$ .</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="DirectionAngle.ElevationAngle">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The angle between the position or measured
      vector and the i-j plane of the coordinate
      system. Mathematically defined as  $\arctan(k/\sqrt{i^2+j^2})$ .</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="DirectionAngle.PolarAngle">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The angle between the position or measured
      vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system.
      Mathematically defined as  $\arctan(\sqrt{i^2+j^2}/k)$ .</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="FieldAligned">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The component of a quantity which is oriented
      in the same direction of a field.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Fit">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Values that make a model agree with the data.</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Group">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An assemblage of values that a certain relation
      or common characteristic.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Integral">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The summation of values above a given threshold
      and over area or solid-angle range.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Integral.Area">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Integration over the extent of a planar region,
      or of the surface of a solid.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Integral.Bandwidth">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Integration over the width a frequency band.</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Integral.SolidAngle">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Integration over the angle in three-dimensional
      space that an object subtends at a point.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="LineOfSight">
  <xsd:annotation>

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<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The line of sight is the line that connects
the observer with the observed object. This
expression is often used with measurements
of Doppler velocity and magnetic field in
magnetograms, where only the component of
the vector field directed along the line of
sight is measured.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Linear">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Polarization where the E-field vector is confined
to a given plane</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Magnitude">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A measure of the strength of a vector quantity
or length of its representational vector.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Moment">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Parameters determined by integration over
a distribution function convolved with a power
of velocity.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Parallel">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Having the same direction as a given direction</
xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Peak">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The maximum value for the quantity in question,
over a period of time which is usually equal
to the cadence.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Perpendicular">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">At right angles to a given direction.</
xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Perturbation">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Variations in the state of a system.</
xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Phase">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A point or portion in a recurring series of
changes.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PhaseAngle">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Phase difference between two or more waves,
normally expressed in degrees.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Projection">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A measure of the length of a position or measured
vector as projected into a plane of the coordinate
system.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Projection.IJ">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A measure of the length of a position or measured
vector projected into the i-j (typically X-Y)
plane of the coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Projection.IK">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A measure of the length of a position or measured
vector projected into the i-k (typically X-Z)

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    plane of the coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Projection.JK">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A measure of the length of a position or measured
      vector projected into the j-k (typically Y-Z)
      plane of the coordinate system.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Pseudo">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Similar to or having the appearance of something
      else. Can be used to indicate an estimation
      or approximation of a particular quantity.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Ratio">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The relative magnitudes of two quantities.</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Scalar">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A quantity that is completely specified by
      its magnitude and has no direction.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Spectral">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Characterized as a range or continuum of
frequencies</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="StandardDeviation">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The square root of the average of the squares
      of deviations about the mean of a set of data.
      Standard deviation is a statistical measure
      of spread or variability.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="StokesParameters">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A set of four parameters (usually called I,Q,
      U and V) which describe the polarization state
      of an electromagnetic wave propagating through
      space.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Symmetric">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Equal distribution about one or more axes.</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Tensor">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A generalized linear "quantity" or "geometrical
      entity" that can be expressed as a multi-dimensional
      array relative to a choice of basis of the
      particular space on which it is defined.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Total">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The summation of quantities over all possible
      species.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Trace">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The sum of the elements on the main diagonal
      (the diagonal from the upper left to the lower
      right) of a square matrix.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Uncertainty">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A statistically defined discrepancy between
      a measured quantity and the true value of
      that quantity that cannot be corrected by

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	<pre> calculation or calibration.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Variance"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A measure of dispersion of a set of data points around their mean value. The expectation value of the squared deviations from the mean.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Vector"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A set of parameter values each along some independent variable (e.g., components of a field in three orthogonal spatial directions; atmospheric temperature values at several altitudes, or at a given latitude and longitude).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumFieldQuantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																									
Annotations	Identifiers for the physical attribute of the field.																									
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumFieldQuantity {         &lt;&lt;Identifiers for the physical attribute of the field.&gt;&gt;     }     class xsdString {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     enumFieldQuantity &lt; -- xsdString   </pre>																									
Type	restriction of xsd:string																									
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Current</td> <td>The flow of electrons through a conductor caused by a potential difference.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Electric</td> <td>The physical attribute that exerts an electrical force.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Electromagnetic</td> <td>Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave#s propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Gyrofrequency</td> <td>The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Magnetic</td> <td>The physical attribute attributed to a magnet or its equivalent.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>PlasmaFrequency</td> <td>A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Potential</td> <td>A field which obeys Laplaces Equation.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>PoyntingFlux</td> <td>Electromagnetic energy flux transported by a wave characterized as the rate of energy transport per unit area per steradian.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	Current	The flow of electrons through a conductor caused by a potential difference.	enumeration	Electric	The physical attribute that exerts an electrical force.	enumeration	Electromagnetic	Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave#s propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.	enumeration	Gyrofrequency	The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.	enumeration	Magnetic	The physical attribute attributed to a magnet or its equivalent.	enumeration	PlasmaFrequency	A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.	enumeration	Potential	A field which obeys Laplaces Equation.	enumeration	PoyntingFlux	Electromagnetic energy flux transported by a wave characterized as the rate of energy transport per unit area per steradian.	
enumeration	Current	The flow of electrons through a conductor caused by a potential difference.																								
enumeration	Electric	The physical attribute that exerts an electrical force.																								
enumeration	Electromagnetic	Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave#s propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.																								
enumeration	Gyrofrequency	The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.																								
enumeration	Magnetic	The physical attribute attributed to a magnet or its equivalent.																								
enumeration	PlasmaFrequency	A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.																								
enumeration	Potential	A field which obeys Laplaces Equation.																								
enumeration	PoyntingFlux	Electromagnetic energy flux transported by a wave characterized as the rate of energy transport per unit area per steradian.																								
Used by	Element	FieldQuantity																								
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumFieldQuantity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the physical attribute of the field.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Current"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The flow of electrons through a conductor caused by a potential difference.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>																									

	<pre>&lt;xsd:enumeration value="Electric"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The physical attribute that exerts an electrical       force.</pre>
--	---

		a range of 122.0 nm to 200 nm
enumeration	GammaRays	Photons with a wavelength range: 0.00001 to 0.001 nm
enumeration	Halpha	A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 656.3 nm. VSO nickname: H-alpha image with a spectrum range of 655.8 nm to 656.8 nm.
enumeration	HardXrays	Photons with a wavelength range: 0.001 to 0.1 nm and an energy range of 12 keV to 120 keV
enumeration	He10830	A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 1082.9 nm. VSO nickname: He 10830 image with a range of 1082.5 nm to 1083.3 nm.
enumeration	He304	A spectrum centered around the resonance line of ionised helium at 304 Angstrom (30.4 nm).
enumeration	Infrared	Photons with a wavelength range: 760 to 1.00x10^6 nm
enumeration	K7699	A spectrum with a wavelength range centred at 769.9 nm. VSO nickname: K-7699 dopplergram with a range of 769.8 nm to 770.0 nm.
enumeration	LBHBand	Lyman-Birge-Hopfield band in the far ultraviolet range with wavelength range of 140nm to 170 nm.
enumeration	Microwave	Photons with a wavelength range: 1.00x10^6 to 1.50x10^7 nm
enumeration	NaD	A spectrum with a wavelength range of centered at 589.3 nm. VSO nickname: Na-D image with a range of 588.8 nm to 589.8 nm.
enumeration	Ni6768	A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 676.8 nm. VSO nickname: Ni-6768 dopplergram with a range of 676.7 nm to 676.9 nm.
enumeration	Optical	Photons with a wavelength range: 380 to 760 nm
enumeration	RadioFrequency	Photons with a wavelength range: 100,000 to 1.00x10^11 nm
enumeration	SoftXrays	X-Rays with an energy range of 0.12 keV to 12 keV.
enumeration	Ultraviolet	Photons with a wavelength range: 10 to 400 nm.
enumeration	WhiteLight	Photons with a wavelength in the visible range for humans!!!
enumeration	XRays	Photons with a wavelength range: 0.001 <= x < 10 nm
Used by	Element	SpectralRange
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumSpectralRange"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for names associated with wavelengths.       Based on the ISO 21348 Solar Irradiance Standard.       Additions have been made to extend the frequency ranges to include those used in space physics.       Those additions are indicated in blue text.       The "Total Solar Irradiance" category has not been included since it is a type of measurement and not a specific spectral range. See Appendix A - Comparison of Spectrum Domains for a comparison of the spectral ranges with other systems.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="CaK"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A spectrum with a wavelength of range centered near 393.5 nm. VSO nickname: Ca-K image with range of 391.9 nm to 395.2 nm.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>	

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<xsd:enumeration value="ExtremeUltraviolet">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum with a wavelength range of 10.0
      nm to 125.0nm. VSO nickname: EUV image with
      a range of of 10.0 nm to 125.0 nm</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="FarUltraviolet">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum with a wavelength range of 122
      nm to 200.0nm. VSO nickname: FUV image with
      a range of 122.0 nm to 200 nm</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="GammaRays">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Photons with a wavelength range: 0.00001 to
      0.001 nm</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Halpha">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum with a wavelength range centered
      at 656.3 nm. VSO nickname: H-alpha image with
      a spectrum range of of 655.8 nm to 656.8 nm.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HardXrays">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Photons with a wavelength range: 0.001 to
      0.1 nm and an energy range of 12 keV to 120
      keV</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="He10830">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum with a wavelength range centered
      at 1082.9 nm. VSO nickname: He 10830 image
      with a range of 1082.5 nm to 1083.3 nm.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="He304">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum centered around the resonance line
      of ionised helium at 304 Angstrom (30.4 nm).</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Infrared">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Photons with a wavelength range: 760 to 1.00x10^6
      nm</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="K7699">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum with a wavelength range centred
      at 769.9 nm. VSO nickname: K-7699 dopplergram
      with a range of 769.8 nm to 770.0 nm.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="LBHBand">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Lyman-Birge-Hopfield band in the far ultraviolet
      range with wavelength range of 140nm to 170
      nm.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Microwave">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Photons with a wavelength range: 1.00x10^6
      to 1.50x10^7 nm</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NaD">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum with a wavelength range of centered
      at 589.3 nm. VSO nickname: Na-D image with
      a range of 588.8 nm to 589.8 nm.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Ni6768">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A spectrum with a wavelength range centered

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	<pre> at 676.8 nm. VSO nickname: Ni-6768 dopplergram with a range of of 676.7 nm to 676.9 nm.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Optical"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Photons with a wavelength range: 380 to 760 nm&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="RadioFrequency"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Photons with a wavelength range: 100,000 to 1.00x10^11 nm&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="SoftXRays"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;X-Rays with an energy range of 0.12 keV to 12 keV.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Ultraviolet"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Photons with a wavelength range: 10 to 400 nm.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="WhiteLight"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Photons with a wavelength in the visible range for humans!!!&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="XRays"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Photons with a wavelength range: 0.001 &lt;= x &lt; 10 nm&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumParticleType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the characterization of the kind of particle observed by the measurement.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumParticleType {         &lt;&lt;enum&gt;&gt;     }     class xsdString {         &lt;&lt;xs:string&gt;&gt;     }     enumParticleType --o xsdString   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Aerosol	A suspension of fine solid or liquid particles in a gas.
	enumeration	AlphaParticle	A positively charged nuclear particle that consists of two protons and two neutrons.
	enumeration	Atom	Matter consisting of a nucleus surrounded by electrons which has no net charge.
	enumeration	Dust	Free microscopic particles of solid material.
	enumeration	Electron	An elementary particle consisting of a charge of negative electricity equal to about 1.602 x 10^(-19) Coulomb and having a mass when at rest of about 9.109534 x 10^(-28) gram.
	enumeration	Ion	An atom that has acquired a net electric charge by gaining or losing one or more electrons. (Note: Z>2)
	enumeration	Molecule	A group of atoms so united and combined by chemical affinity that they form a complete, integrated whole, being the smallest portion of any particular compound that can exist

		in a free state
	enumeration	Neutron  An elementary particle that has no net charge and is a constituent of atomic nuclei, and that has a mass slightly large than a proton (1.673 x 10 <sup>-24</sup> gram.)
	enumeration	Proton  An elementary particle that is a constituent of all atomic nuclei, that carries a positive charge numerically equal to the charge of an electron, and that has a mass of 1.673 x 10 <sup>-24</sup> gram.
Used by	Element	ParticleType
Source		<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumParticleType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the characterization of the kind of particle observed by the measurement.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Aerosol"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A suspension of fine solid or liquid particles in a gas.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="AlphaParticle"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A positively charged nuclear particle that consists of two protons and two neutrons.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Atom"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Matter consisting of a nucleus surrounded by electrons which has no net charge.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Dust"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Free microscopic particles of solid material.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Electron"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An elementary particle consisting of a charge of negative electricity equal to about 1.602 x 10<sup>-19</sup> Coulomb and having a mass when at rest of about 9.109534 x 10<sup>-28</sup> gram.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Ion"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An atom that has acquired a net electric charge by gaining or losing one or more electrons.(Note: Z&gt;2)&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Molecule"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A group of atoms so united and combined by chemical affinity that they form a complete, integrated whole, being the smallest portion of any particular compound that can exist in a free state&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Neutron"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An elementary particle that has no net charge and is a constituent of atomic nuclei, and that has a mass slightly large than a proton (1.673 x 10<sup>-24</sup> gram.).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Proton"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An elementary particle that is a constituent of all atomic nuclei, that carries a positive charge numerically equal to the charge of</pre>

	<pre> an electron, and that has a mass of 1.673 x 10^(-24) gram.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumParticleQuantity

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>	
Annotations	Identifiers for the characterization of the physical properties of the particle.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumParticleQuantity &lt; -- xsd:string </pre>	
Type	restriction of xsd:string	
Facets	enumeration	AverageChargeState A measure of the composite deficit (positive) or excess (negative) of electrons with respect to protons.
	enumeration	CountRate The number of events per unit time.
	enumeration	Counts An enumeration of the number of detection events occurring in a particle detector per unit time or over detector accumulation times.
	enumeration	Energy The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy)
	enumeration	EnergyDensity The amount of energy per unit volume.
	enumeration	EnergyFlux The amount of energy passing through a unit area in a unit time.
	enumeration	FlowSpeed The rate at which particles or energy is passing through a unit area in a unit time.
	enumeration	FlowVelocity The volume of matter passing through a unit area perpendicular to the direction of flow in a unit of time.
	enumeration	Gyrofrequency The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.
	enumeration	HeatFlux Flow of thermal energy through a gas or plasma; typically computed as third moment of a distribution function.
	enumeration	Mass The measure of inertia (mass) of individual objects (e.g., aerosols).
	enumeration	MassDensity The mass of particles per unit volume.
	enumeration	NumberDensity The number of particles per unit volume.
	enumeration	NumberFlux The number of particles passing through a unit area in a unit time.
	enumeration	PhaseSpaceDensity The number of particles per unit volume in the six-dimensional space of position and velocity.
	enumeration	PlasmaFrequency A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.
	enumeration	Pressure The force per unit area exerted by a particle distribution or field.
	enumeration	SonicMachNumber The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the speed of sound in the medium.

	enumeration	Temperature	A measure of the kinetic energy of random motion with respect to the average. Temperature is properly defined only for an equilibrium particle distribution (Maxwellian distribution).
	enumeration	ThermalSpeed	For a Maxwellian distribution, the difference between the mean speed and the speed within which ~69% (one sigma) of all the members of the speed distribution occur.
	enumeration	Velocity	Rate of change of position. Also used for the average velocity of a collection of particles, also referred to as "bulk velocity".
Used by	Element	ParticleQuantity	
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumParticleQuantity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the characterization of the physical properties of the particle.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="AverageChargeState"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A measure of the composite deficit (positive) or excess (negative) of electrons with respect to protons.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="CountRate"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The number of events per unit time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Counts"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An enumeration of the number of detection events occurring in a particle detector per unit time or over detector accumulation times.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Energy"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy)&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="EnergyDensity"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The amount of energy per unit volume.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="EnergyFlux"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The amount of energy passing through a unit area in a unit time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="FlowSpeed"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The rate at which particles or energy is passing through a unit area in a unit time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="FlowVelocity"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The volume of matter passing through a unit area perpendicular to the direction of flow in a unit of time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Gyrofrequency"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>		

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    makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="HeatFlux">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Flow of thermal energy through a gas or plasma;
    typically computed as third moment of a distribution
    function.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Mass">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The measure of inertia (mass) of individual
    objects (e.g., aerosols).</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MassDensity">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The mass of particles per unit volume.</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NumberDensity">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The number of particles per unit volume.</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NumberFlux">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The number of particles passing through a
    unit area in a unit time.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PhaseSpaceDensity">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The number of particles per unit volume in
    the six-dimensional space of position and
    velocity.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PlasmaFrequency">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A number-density-dependent characteristic
    frequency of a plasma.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Pressure">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The force per unit area exerted by a particle
    distribution or field.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="SonicMachNumber">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the speed
    of sound in the medium.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Temperature">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A measure of the kinetic energy of random
    motion with respect to the average. Temperature
    is properly defined only for an equilibrium
    particle distribution (Maxwellian distribution).</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ThermalSpeed">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">For a Maxwellian distribution, the difference
    between the mean speed and the speed within
    which ~69% (one sigma) of all the members
    of the speed distribution occur.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Velocity">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Rate of change of position. Also used for
    the average velocity of a collection of particles,
    also referred to as "bulk velocity".</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>

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	</xsd:simpleType>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumWaveType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the carrier or phenomenum of wave information observed by the measurement.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumWaveType {         &lt;&lt;Identifiers for the carrier or phenomenum of wave information observed by the measurement.&gt;&gt;     }     class xsd:string     enumWaveType &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Electromagnetic	Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave's propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.
	enumeration	Electrostatic	Collective longitudinal electric-field and plasma oscillations trapped within a body of plasma.
	enumeration	Hydrodynamic	Periodic or quasi-periodic oscillations of fluid quantities.
	enumeration	MHD	Hydrodynamic waves in a magnetized plasma in which the background magnetic field plays a key role in controlling the wave propagation characteristics.
	enumeration	Photon	Electromagnetic waves detected by techniques that utilize their corpuscular character (e.g., CCD, CMOS, photomultipliers).
	enumeration	PlasmaWaves	Self-consistent collective oscillations of particles and fields (electric and magnetic) in a plasma.
Used by	Element	WaveType	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumWaveType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the carrier or phenomenum of wave information observed by the measurement.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Electromagnetic"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum with the wave's propagation, electric field, and magnetic field vectors forming an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Electrostatic"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Collective longitudinal electric-field and plasma oscillations trapped within a body of plasma.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Hydrodynamic"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Periodic or quasi-periodic oscillations of fluid quantities.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="MHD"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Hydrodynamic waves in a magnetized plasma in which the background magnetic field plays a key role in controlling the wave propagation&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;   </pre>		

	<pre> characteristics.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Photon"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Electromagnetic waves detected by techniques that utilize their corpuscular character (e.g., CCD, CMOS, photomultipliers).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="PlasmaWaves"&gt; &lt;xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Self-consistent collective oscillations of particles and fields (electric and magnetic) in a plasma.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumWaveQuantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																																						
Annotations	Identifiers for the characterization of the physical properties of a wave.																																						
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumWaveQuantity &lt; -- xsd:string </pre>																																						
Type	restriction of xsd:string																																						
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Absorption</td> <td>Decrease of radiant energy (relative to the background continuum spectrum).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ACElectricField</td> <td>Alternating electric field component of a wave.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ACMagneticField</td> <td>Alternating magnetic field component of a wave.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>DopplerFrequency</td> <td>Change in the frequency of a propagating wave due to motion of the source, the observer, the reflector, or the propagation medium.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Emissivity</td> <td>The energy emitted spontaneously per unit bandwidth (typically frequency) per unit time per unit mass of source. Emissivity is usually integrated over all directions/solid angles.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>EnergyFlux</td> <td>The amount of energy passing through a unit area in a unit time.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>EquivalentWidth</td> <td>The spectral width of a total absorption line having the amount of absorbed radiant energy being equivalent to that in an observed absorption line.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Frequency</td> <td>The number of occurrences of a repeating event per unit time.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Gyrofrequency</td> <td>The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Intensity</td> <td>The measurement of radiant or wave energy per unit detector area per unit bandwidth per unit solid angle per unit time.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>LineDepth</td> <td>The measure of the amount of absorption below the continuum (depth) in a particular wavelength or frequency in an absorption spectrum.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>MagneticField</td> <td>A region of space near a magnetized body where magnetic forces can be detected (as measured by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Absorption	Decrease of radiant energy (relative to the background continuum spectrum).	enumeration	ACElectricField	Alternating electric field component of a wave.	enumeration	ACMagneticField	Alternating magnetic field component of a wave.	enumeration	DopplerFrequency	Change in the frequency of a propagating wave due to motion of the source, the observer, the reflector, or the propagation medium.	enumeration	Emissivity	The energy emitted spontaneously per unit bandwidth (typically frequency) per unit time per unit mass of source. Emissivity is usually integrated over all directions/solid angles.	enumeration	EnergyFlux	The amount of energy passing through a unit area in a unit time.	enumeration	EquivalentWidth	The spectral width of a total absorption line having the amount of absorbed radiant energy being equivalent to that in an observed absorption line.	enumeration	Frequency	The number of occurrences of a repeating event per unit time.	enumeration	Gyrofrequency	The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.	enumeration	Intensity	The measurement of radiant or wave energy per unit detector area per unit bandwidth per unit solid angle per unit time.	enumeration	LineDepth	The measure of the amount of absorption below the continuum (depth) in a particular wavelength or frequency in an absorption spectrum.	enumeration	MagneticField	A region of space near a magnetized body where magnetic forces can be detected (as measured by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).
enumeration	Absorption	Decrease of radiant energy (relative to the background continuum spectrum).																																					
enumeration	ACElectricField	Alternating electric field component of a wave.																																					
enumeration	ACMagneticField	Alternating magnetic field component of a wave.																																					
enumeration	DopplerFrequency	Change in the frequency of a propagating wave due to motion of the source, the observer, the reflector, or the propagation medium.																																					
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enumeration	EquivalentWidth	The spectral width of a total absorption line having the amount of absorbed radiant energy being equivalent to that in an observed absorption line.																																					
enumeration	Frequency	The number of occurrences of a repeating event per unit time.																																					
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enumeration	MagneticField	A region of space near a magnetized body where magnetic forces can be detected (as measured by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).																																					

	enumeration	ModeAmplitude	In helioseismology the magnitude of oscillation of waves of a particular geometry.
	enumeration	PlasmaFrequency	A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.
	enumeration	Polarization	Direction of the electric vector of an electromagnetic wave. The wave can be linearly polarized in any direction perpendicular to the direction of travel, circularly polarized (clockwise or counterclockwise), unpolarized, or mixtures of the above.
	enumeration	PoyntingFlux	Electromagnetic energy flux transported by a wave characterized as the rate of energy transport per unit area per steradian.
	enumeration	PropagationTime	Time difference between transmission and reception of a wave in an active wave experiment.
	enumeration	StokesParameters	A set of four parameters (usually called I,Q,U and V) which describe the polarization state of an electromagnetic wave propagating through space.
	enumeration	Velocity	Rate of change of position. Also used for the average velocity of a collection of particles, also referred to as "bulk velocity".
	enumeration	Wavelength	The peak-to-peak distance over one wave period.
Used by	Element	WaveQuantity	
Source			<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumWaveQuantity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the characterization of the physical properties of a wave.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Absorption"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Decrease of radiant energy (relative to the background continuum spectrum).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ACElectricField"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Alternating electric field component of a wave.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ACMagneticField"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Alternating magnetic field component of a wave.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="DopplerFrequency"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Change in the frequency of a propagating wave due to motion of the source, the observer, the reflector, or the propagation medium.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Emissivity"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The energy emitted spontaneously per unit bandwidth (typically frequency) per unit time per unit mass of source. Emissivity is usually integrated over all directions/solid angles.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="EnergyFlux"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The amount of energy passing through a unit area in a unit time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;</pre>

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</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="EquivalentWidth">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The spectral width of a total absorption line
      having the amount of absorbed radiant energy
      being equivalent to that in an observed absorption
      line.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Frequency">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The number of occurrences of a repeating event
      per unit time.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Gyrofrequency">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The number of gyrations around a magnetic
      guiding center (field line) a charged particle
      makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Intensity">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The measurement of radiant or wave energy
      per unit detector area per unit bandwidth
      per unit solid angle per unit time.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="LineDepth">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The measure of the amount of absorption below
      the continuum (depth) in a particular wavelength
      or frequency in an absorption spectrum.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MagneticField">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A region of space near a magnetized body where
      magnetic forces can be detected (as measured
      by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ModeAmplitude">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">In helioseismology the magnitude of oscillation
      of waves of a particular geometry.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PlasmaFrequency">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A number-density-dependent characteristic
      frequency of a plasma.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Polarization">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Direction of the electric vector of an
      electromagnetic
      wave. The wave can be linearly polarized in
      any direction perpendicular to the direction
      of travel, circularly polarized (clockwise
      or counterclockwise), unpolarized, or mixtures
      of the above.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PoyntingFlux">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Electromagnetic energy flux transported by
      a wave characterized as the rate of energy
      transport per unit area per steradian.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PropagationTime">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Time difference between transmission and
      reception
      of a wave in an active wave experiment.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="StokesParameters">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A set of four parameters (usually called I,Q,

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	<pre> U and V) which describe the polarization state of an electromagnetic wave propagating through space.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Velocity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Rate of change of position. Also used for       the average velocity of a collection of particles,       also referred to as "bulk velocity".&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Wavelength"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The peak-to-peak distance over one wave period.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumMixedQuantity

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the combined attributes of a mixed parameter quantity.		
Diagram			
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	AkasofuEpsilon	A measure of the magnetopause energy flux and an indicator of the solar wind power available for subsequent magnetospheric energization. Defined as: $V \cdot B^2 \cdot l^2 \sin(\theta/2)^4$ where B is the IMF, l is an empirical scaling parameter equal to 7 RE, and theta = tan(BY / BZ) $^{-1}$ the IMF clock angle.
	enumeration	AlfvenMachNumber	The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the Alfvén speed.
	enumeration	AlfvenVelocity	Phase velocity of the Alfvén wave; In SI units it is the velocity of the magnetic field divided by the square root of the mass density times the permeability of free space ( $\mu_0$ ).
	enumeration	FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio	
	enumeration	MagnetosonicMachNumber	The ratio of the velocity of fast mode waves to the Alfvén velocity.
	enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.
	enumeration	PlasmaBeta	The ratio of thermal pressure to magnetic pressure in plasma.
	enumeration	TotalPressure	In an MHD fluid it is the number density (N) times Boltzmann constant times the temperature in Kelvin.
	enumeration	VCrossB	The cross product of the charge velocity (V) and the magnetic field (B). It is the electric field exerted on a point charge by a magnetic field.
Used by	Element	MixedQuantity	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumMixedQuantity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the combined attributes of       a mixed parameter quantity.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; </pre>		

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</xsd:annotation>
<xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
  <xsd:enumeration value="AkasofuEpsilon">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A measure of the magnetopause energy flux
      and an indicator of the solar wind power available
      for subsequent magnetospheric energization.
      Defined as:  $V \cdot B^2 \cdot l^2 \sin(\theta/2)^4$  where
      B is the IMF, l is an empirical scaling parameter
      equal to 7 RE, and theta = tan(BY / BZ) $^{-1}$ 
      the IMF clock angle.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="AlfvenMachNumber">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the Alfvén
      speed.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="AlfvenVelocity">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Phase velocity of the Alfvén wave; In SI units
      it is the velocity of the magnetic field divided
      by the square root of the mass density times
      the permeability of free space ( $\mu_0$ ).</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRat">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
        </xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="MagnetosonicMachNumber">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The ratio of the velocity of fast mode waves
      to the Alfvén velocity.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="Other">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Not classified with more specific terms. The
      context of its usage may be described in related
      text.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="PlasmaBeta">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The ratio of thermal pressure to magnetic
      pressure in plasma.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="TotalPressure">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">In an MHD fluid it is the number density (N)
      times Boltzmann constant times the temperature
      in Kelvin.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
  <xsd:enumeration value="VCrossB">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The cross product of the charge velocity (V)
      and the magnetic field (B). It is the electric
      field exerted on a point charge by a magnetic
      field.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
  </xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

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Schema location file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2\_0\_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumSupportQuantity

Namespace	<a href="http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema">http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema</a>
Annotations	Identifiers for the information useful in understanding the context of an observation, typically observed or measured coincidentally with a physical observation.
Diagram	

Type	restriction of xsd:string				
Facets	enumeration	Other	Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.		
	enumeration	Positional	The specification of the location of an object or measurement within a reference coordinate system. The position is usually expressed as a set of values corresponding to the location along a set of orthogonal axes together with the date/time of the observation.		
	enumeration	Temporal	Pertaining to time.		
	enumeration	Velocity	Rate of change of position. Also used for the average velocity of a collection of particles, also referred to as "bulk velocity".		
Used by	Element	SupportQuantity			
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumSupportQuantity"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the information useful in       understanding the context of an observation,       typically observed or measured coincidentally       with a physical observation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Other"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Not classified with more specific terms. The           context of its usage may be described in related           text.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Positional"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The specification of the location of an object           or measurement within a reference coordinate           system. The position is usually expressed           as a set of values corresponding to the location           along a set of orthogonal axes together with           the date/time of the observation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Temporal"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Pertaining to time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Velocity"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Rate of change of position. Also used for           the average velocity of a collection of particles,           also referred to as "bulk velocity".&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

### Simple Type enumProcessingLevel

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers to characterize the amount and type of manipulation which has been applied to the sampled data.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumProcessingLevel {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     }     enumProcessingLevel &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Calibrated	Data wherein sensor outputs have been convolved with instrument response function, often irreversibly, to yield data in physical units.

	enumeration	Raw	Data in its original state with no processing to account for calibration!!!
	enumeration	Uncalibrated	Duplicate data are removed from the data stream and data are time ordered. Values are not adjusted for any potential biases or external factors.
Used by	Element	ProcessingLevel	
Source		<xsd:simpleType name="enumProcessingLevel"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Identifiers to characterize the amount and type of manipulation which has been applied to the sampled data.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"> <xsd:enumeration value="Calibrated"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Data wherein sensor outputs have been convolved with instrument response function, often irreversibly, to yield data in physical units.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:enumeration> <xsd:enumeration value="Raw"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Data in its original state with no processing to account for calibration!!!</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:enumeration> <xsd:enumeration value="Uncalibrated"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Duplicate data are removed from the data stream and data are time ordered. Values are not adjusted for any potential biases or external factors.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:enumeration> </xsd:restriction> </xsd:simpleType>	
Schema location		file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

### Simple Type enumMeasurementType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the method of making an estimated value of a quantity that forms the basis of an observation.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumMeasurementType {         &lt;&lt;xsd:string&gt;&gt;     } </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	ActivityIndex	An indication, derived from one or more measurements, of the level of activity of an object or region, such as sunspot number, F10.7 flux, Dst, or the Polar Cap Indices.
	enumeration	Dopplergram	A map or image depicting the spatial distribution of line-of-sight velocities of the observed object.
	enumeration	ElectricField	A region of space around a charged particle, or between two voltages within which a force is exerted on charged objects in its vicinity. An electric field is the electric force per unit charge.
	enumeration	EnergeticParticles	Pieces of matter that are moving very fast. Energetic particles include protons, electrons, neutrons, neutrinos, the nuclei of atoms, and other sub-atomic particles.
	enumeration	Ephemeris	The spatial coordinates of a body as a function

		of time. When used as an Instrument Type it represents the process or methods used to generate spatial coordinates.
enumeration	ImageIntensity	Measurements of the two-dimensional distribution of the intensity of photons from some region or object such as the Sun or the polar auroral regions; can be in any wavelength band, and polarized, etc.
enumeration	InstrumentStatus	A quantity directly related to the operation or function of an instrument.
enumeration	IonComposition	In situ measurements of the relative flux or density of electrically charged particles in the space environment. May give simple fluxes, but full distribution functions are sometimes measured.
enumeration	Irradiance	A radiometric term for the power of electromagnetic radiation at a surface, per unit area. "Irradiance" is used when the electromagnetic radiation is incident on the surface. The SI unit of irradiance is watts per square meter ( $\text{W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$ ).
enumeration	MagneticField	A region of space near a magnetized body where magnetic forces can be detected (as measured by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).
enumeration	Magnetogram	Measurements of the vector or line-of-sight magnetic field determined from remote sensing measurements of the detailed structure of spectral lines, including their splitting and polarization. ("Magnetogram.")
enumeration	NeutralAtomImages	Measurements of neutral atom fluxes as a function of look direction; often related to remote energetic charged particles that lose their charge through charge-exchange and then reach the detector on a line-of-sight trajectory.
enumeration	NeutralGas	Measurements of neutral atomic and molecular components of a gas.
enumeration	Profile	Measurements of a quantity as a function of height above an object such as the limb of a body.
enumeration	Radiance	A radiometric measurement that describes the amount of electromagnetic radiation that passes through or is emitted from a particular area, and falls within a given solid angle in a specified direction. They are used to characterize both emission from diffuse sources and reflection from diffuse surfaces. The SI unit of radiance is watts per steradian per square meter ( $\text{W}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}\cdot\text{sr}^{-1}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$ ).
enumeration	Spectrum	The distribution of a characteristic of a physical system or phenomenon, such as the energy emitted by a radiant source, arranged in the order of wavelengths.
enumeration	ThermalPlasma	Measurements of the plasma in the energy regime where the most of the plasma occurs. May be the basic fluxes in the form of distribution functions or the derived bulk parameters (density, flow velocity, etc.).
enumeration	Waves	Data resulting from observations of wave experiments and natural wave phenomena. Wave experiments

		<p>are typically active and natural wave phenomena are passive. Examples of wave experiments include coherent/incoherent scatter radars, radio soundings, VLF propagation studies, ionospheric scintillation of beacon satellite signals, etc. Examples of natural wave phenomena include micropulsations, mesospheric gravity waves, auroral/plasmaspheric hiss, Langmuir waves, AKR, Jovian decametric radiation, solar radio bursts, etc.</p>
	enumeration	Waves.Active
	enumeration	Waves.Passive
Used by	Element	MeasurementType
Source		<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumMeasurementType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the method of making an estimated value of a quantity that forms the basis of an observation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ActivityIndex"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An indication, derived from one or more measurements,           of the level of activity of an object or region,           such as sunspot number, F10.7 flux, Dst, or           the Polar Cap Indices.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Dopplergram"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A map or image depicting the spatial distribution           of line-of-sight velocities of the observed           object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ElectricField"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A region of space around a charged particle,           or between two voltages within which a force           is exerted on charged objects in its vicinity.           An electric field is the electric force per           unit charge.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="EnergeticParticles"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Pieces of matter that are moving very fast.           Energetic particles include protons, electrons,           neutrons, neutrinos, the nuclei of atoms,           and other sub-atomic particles.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Ephemeris"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The spatial coordinates of a body as a function           of time. When used as an Instrument Type it           represents the process or methods used to           generate spatial coordinates.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ImageIntensity"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Measurements of the two-dimensional distribution           of the intensity of photons from some region           or object such as the Sun or the polar auroral           regions; can be in any wavelength band, and           polarized, etc.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>

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        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="InstrumentStatus">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A quantity directly related to the operation
                or function of an instrument.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="IonComposition">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">In situ measurements of the relative flux
                or density of electrically charged particles
                in the space environment. May give simple
                fluxes, but full distribution functions are
                sometimes measured.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Irradiance">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A radiometric term for the power of
                electromagnetic
                radiation at a surface, per unit area. "Irradiance"
                is used when the electromagnetic radiation
                is incident on the surface. The SI unit of
                irradiance is watts per square meter (W·m-2).</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="MagneticField">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A region of space near a magnetized body where
                magnetic forces can be detected (as measured
                by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Magnetogram">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Measurements of the vector or line-of-sight
                magnetic field determined from remote sensing
                measurements of the detailed structure of
                spectral lines, including their splitting
                and polarization. ("Magnetogram.")</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NeutralAtomImages">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Measurements of neutral atom fluxes as a function
                of look direction; often related to remote
                energetic charged particles that lose their
                charge through charge-exchange and then reach
                the detector on a line-of-sight trajectory.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NeutralGas">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Measurements of neutral atomic and molecular
                components of a gas.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Profile">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Measurements of a quantity as a function of
                height above an object such as the limb of
                a body.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Radiance">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A radiometric measurement that describes the
                amount of electromagnetic radiation that passes
                through or is emitted from a particular area,
                and falls within a given solid angle in a
                specified direction. They are used to characterize
                both emission from diffuse sources and reflection
                from diffuse surfaces. The SI unit of radiance
                is watts per steradian per square meter (W*s*r-1m-2).</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Spectrum">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The distribution of a characteristic of a
                physical system or phenomenon, such as the
                energy emitted by a radiant source, arranged
                in the order of wavelengths.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>

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        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="ThermalPlasma">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Measurements of the plasma in the energy regime
                where the most of the plasma occurs. May
                be the basic fluxes in the form of distribution
                functions or the derived bulk parameters (density,
                flow velocity, etc.).</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Waves">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Data resulting from observations of wave
            experiments
                and natural wave phenomena. Wave experiments
                are typically active and natural wave phenomena
                are passive. Examples of wave experiments
                include coherent/incoherent scatter radars,
                radio soundings, VLF propagation studies,
                ionospheric scintillation of beacon satellite
                signals, etc. Examples of natural wave phenomena
                include micropulsations, mesospheric gravity
                waves, auroral/plasmaspheric hiss, Langmuir
                waves, AKR, Jovian decametric radiation, solar
                radio bursts, etc.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Waves.Active">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Exerting an influence or producing a change
                or effect. An active measurement is one which
                produces a transmission or excitation as a
                part of the measurement cycle.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Waves.Passive">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Movement or effect produced by outside influence.
                A passive measurement is one which does not
                produce a transmission or excitation as a
                part of the measurement cycle.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

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Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd
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## Simple Type enumRegion

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for areas of the physical world which may be occupied or observed.		
Diagram			
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Asteroid	A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly of rock and metal that is in orbit around the sun.
	enumeration	Comet	A relatively small extraterrestrial body consisting of a frozen mass that travels around the sun in a highly elliptical orbit.
	enumeration	Earth	The third planet from the sun in our solar system.
	enumeration	Earth.Magnetsheath	The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.
	enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere	The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the planets magnetic field.
	enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail	Region on the night side of the body where

		the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re ( $X > -10Re$ ).
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Main	The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar	
enumeration	Earth.Magnetosphere.Radiointerest	The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface	The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere	The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.AuroralRegion	The region in the atmosphere where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.EquatorialRegion	A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere	The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereRegion	The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereRegion	A layer of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereRegion	A layer of ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be thought of as comprising two layers, the F1- and F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also known as the Appleton layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.IonosphereRegion	The upper most areas of the ionosphere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Mesosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85 km, temperature decreasing with height.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Plasmasphere	A sphere of the magnetosphere consisting of low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause, which is defined by an order of magnitude drop in plasma density.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.PolarCap	The areas of the globe surrounding the poles and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees

		north latitude an the region south of 60 degrees south latitude.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion	The innermost region of Earth's inner Van Allen radiation belt makes its closest approach to the planets surface. The result is that, for a given altitude, the radiation intensity is higher over this region than elsewhere.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Stratosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature increases with height. The stratosphere contains the ozone layer.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Thermosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing with height.
enumeration	Earth.NearSurface.Troposphere	The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins at the surface and extends to between 7 km (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi) at the equator, with some variation due to weather factors.
enumeration	Earth.Surface	The outermost area of a solid object.
enumeration	Heliosphere	The solar atmosphere extending roughly from the outer corona to the edge of the solar plasma at the heliopause separating primarily solar plasma from interstellar plasma.
enumeration	Heliosphere.Inner	The region of the heliosphere extending radially out from the "surface" of the Sun to 1 AU.
enumeration	Heliosphere.NearEarth	The heliospheric region near the Earth which extends to and includes the area near the L1 and L2 Lagrange point.
enumeration	Heliosphere.Outer	The region of the heliosphere from, but not including, 1 AU to the farthest extent of the heliosphere (heliopause).
enumeration	Heliosphere.RemoteAU	The heliospheric region near the Earth's orbit, but exclusive of the region near the Earth.
enumeration	Interstellar	The region between stars outside of the stars heliopause.
enumeration	Jupiter	The fifth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Mars	The forth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Mercury	The first planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Neptune	The seventh planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Pluto	The ninth (sub)planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Saturn	The sixth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Sun	The star upon which our solar system is centered.
enumeration	Sun.Chromosphere	The region of the Sun's (or a star's) atmosphere above the temperature minimum and below the Transition Region. The solar chromosphere is approximately 400 km to 2100 km above the photosphere, and characterized by temperatures from 4500 - 28000 K.
enumeration	Sun.Corona	The outermost atmospheric region of the Sun or a star, characterized by ionization temperatures

		above $10^5$ K. The solar corona starts at about 2100 km above the photosphere; there is no generally defined upper limit.
enumeration	Sun.Interior	The region inside the body which is not visible from outside the body.
enumeration	Sun.Photosphere	The atmospheric layer of the Sun or a star from which continuum radiation, especially optical, is emitted to space. For the Sun, the photosphere is about 500 km thick.
enumeration	Sun.TransitionRegion	A very narrow (<100 km) layer between the chromosphere and the corona where the temperature rises abruptly from about 8000 to about 500,000 K.
enumeration	Uranus	The eighth planet from the sun in our solar system.
enumeration	Venus	The second planet from the sun in our solar system.
Used by	Elements	ObservatoryRegion, ObservedRegion
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumRegion"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for areas of the physical world       which may be occupied or observed.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Asteroid"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly           of rock and metal that is in orbit around           the sun.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Comet"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A relatively small extraterrestrial body         consisting           of a frozen mass that travels around the sun           in a highly elliptical orbit.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Earth"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The third planet from the sun in our solar           system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Earth.Magnetosheath"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region between the bow shock and the         magnetopause,           characterized by very turbulent plasma.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Earth.Magnetosphere"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region of space above the atmosphere or         surface of the planet, and bounded by the         magnetopause, that is under the direct influence         of the planet's magnetic field.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region on the night side of the body where         the magnetic field is stretched backwards         by the force of the solar wind. For Earth,         the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial         distance of 10 Re (X &gt; -10Re).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Earth.Magnetosphere.Main"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region of the magnetosphere where the         magnetic field lines are closed, but does         not include the gaseous region gravitationally         bound to the body.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>	

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        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
                </xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy
                    particles could potentially be trapped in
                    a magnetic field.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The gaseous and possibly ionized environment
                    of a body extending from the surface to some
                    specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude
                    is 2000 km.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The neutral gases surrounding a body that
                    extends from the surface and is bound to the
                    body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.AuroralRegion">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region in the atmospheric where electrically-
                    charged
                    particles bombarding the upper atmosphere
                    of a planet in the presence of a magnetic
                    field produce an optical phenomenon.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.EquatorialRegion">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A region centered on the equator and limited
                    in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north
                    and south of the equator.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The charged or ionized gases surrounding a
                    body that are nominally bound to the body
                    by virtue of the gravitational attraction.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the ionosphere that exists
                    approximately
                    50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth.
                    One of several layers in the ionosphere.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.ERegion">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A layer of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km
                    above the ground. One of several layers in
                    the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside
                    layer.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A layer that contains ionized gases at a height
                    of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing
                    it in the thermosphere. the F region has the
                    highest concentration of free electrons and
                    ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be
                    thought of as comprising two layers, the F1-and
                    F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
                    Also known as the Appleton layer.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.Topside">

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<xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region at the upper most areas of the
  ionosphere.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Mesosphere">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
      the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85
      km, temperature decreasing with height.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Plasmasphere">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A region of the magnetosphere consisting of
      low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above
      the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the
      plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause,
      which is defined by an order of magnitude
      drop in plasma density.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.PolarCap">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The areas of the globe surrounding the poles
      and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees
      north latitude an the region south of 60 degrees
      south latitude.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region where the Earth's inner van Allen
      radiation belt makes its closest approach
      to the planet's surface. The result is that,
      for a given altitude, the radiation intensity
      is higher over this region than elsewhere.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Stratosphere">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
      the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature
      increases with height. The stratosphere contains
      the ozone layer.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Thermosphere">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
      the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing
      with height.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.NearSurface.Troposphere">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins
      at the surface and extends to between 7 km
      (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi)
      at the equator, with some variation due to
      weather factors.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Earth.Surface">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The outermost area of a solid object.</
  xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Heliosphere">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The solar atmosphere extending roughly from
      the outer corona to the edge of the solar
      plasma at the heliopause separating primarily
      solar plasma from interstellar plasma.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Heliosphere.Inner">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region of the heliosphere extending radially
      out from the "surface" of the Sun to 1 AU.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>

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<xsd:enumeration value="Heliosphere.NearEarth">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The heliospheric region near the Earth which
            extends to and includes the area near the
            L1 and L2 Lagrange point.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Heliosphere.Outer">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region of the heliosphere from, but not
            including, 1 AU to the farthest extent of
            the heliosphere (heliopause).</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Heliosphere.RemoteAU">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The heliospheric region near the Earth's
            orbit,
            but exclusive of the region near the Earth.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Interstellar">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region between stars outside of the
            star's
            heliopause.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Jupiter">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The fifth planet from the sun in our solar
            system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Mars">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The forth planet from the sun in our solar
            system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Mercury">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The first planet from the sun in our solar
            system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Neptune">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The seventh planet from the sun in our solar
            system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Pluto">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The ninth (sub)planet from the sun in our
            solar system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Saturn">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The sixth planet from the sun in our solar
            system.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Sun">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The star upon which our solar system is
            centered.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Sun.Chromosphere">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region of the Sun's (or a star's)
            atmosphere
            above the temperature minimum and below the
            Transition Region. The solar chromosphere
            is approximately 400 km to 2100 km above the
            photosphere, and characterized by temperatures
            from 4500 - 28000 K.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Sun.Corona">
    <xsd:annotation>

```

	<pre> &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The outermost atmospheric region of the Sun     or a star, characterized by ionization temperatures     above 10<sup>5</sup> K. The solar corona starts at     about 2100 km above the photosphere; there     is no generally defined upper limit.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt; &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Sun.Interior"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region inside the body which is not visible             from outside the body.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Sun.Photosphere"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The atmospheric layer of the Sun or a star             from which continuum radiation, especially             optical, is emitted to space. For the Sun,             the photosphere is about 500 km thick.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Sun.TransitionRegion"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A very narrow (&lt;100 km) layer between the             chromosphere and the corona where the temperature             rises abruptly from about 8000 to about 500,000             K.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Uranus"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The eighth planet from the sun in our solar             system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Venus"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The second planet from the sun in our solar             system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Simple Type enumDocumentType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema				
Annotations	Identifiers for the characterization of the content or purpose of a document.				
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumDocumentType &lt; -- xsd:string </pre>				
Type	restriction of xsd:string				
Facets	enumeration	Paper	A formal presentation of an idea or discovery typically more than a few pages in length.		
Used by	Element	DocumentType			
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumDocumentType"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the characterization of the content or purpose of a document.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Paper"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A formal presentation of an idea or discovery typically more than a few pages in length.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

### Simple Type enumSourceType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema
-----------	--

Annotations	Identifiers for the characterization of the function or purpose of a source.		
Diagram			
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Ancillary	A complementary item which can be subordinate, subsidiary, auxiliary, supplementary to the primary item.
	enumeration	Browse	A representation of an image which is suitable to reveal most or all of the details of the image.
	enumeration	Data	A collection of organized information, usually the results of experience, observation or experiment, or a set of premises. This may consist of numbers, words, or images, particularly as measurements or observations of a set of variables.
	enumeration	Layout	The structured arrangement of items in a collection.
	enumeration	Thumbnail	A small representation of an image which is suitable to infer what the full-sized imaged is like.
Used by	Element	SourceType	
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumSourceType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the characterization of the       function or purpose of a source.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Ancillary"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A complementary item which can be subordinate,           subsidiary, auxiliary, supplementary to the           primary item.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Browse"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A representation of an image which is suitable           to reveal most or all of the details of the           image.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Data"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A collection of organized information, usually           the results of experience, observation or           experiment, or a set of premises. This may           consist of numbers, words, or images, particularly           as measurements or observations of a set of           variables.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Layout"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The structured arrangement of items in a           collection.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Thumbnail"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A small representation of an image which is           suitable to infer what the full-sized imaged           is like.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Simple Type enumHashFunction

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema				
Annotations	Identifiers for functions or algorithms that convert a digital data object into a hash value.				
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumHashFunction &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>				
Type	restriction of xsd:string				
Facets	enumeration	MD5	Message Digest 5 (MD5) is a 128-bit message digest algorithm created in 1991 by Professor Ronald Rivest.		
	enumeration	SHA1	Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 160-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.		
	enumeration	SHA256	Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 256-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.		
Used by	Element	HashFunction			
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumHashFunction"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for functions or algorithms that convert a digital data object into a hash value.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="MD5"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Message Digest 5 (MD5) is a 128-bit message digest algorithm created in 1991 by Professor Ronald Rivest.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="SHA1"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 160-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="SHA256"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 256-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;   </pre>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

## Simple Type enumInstrumentType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the type of experiment the instrument performs. This is the technique of observation.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumInstrumentType &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Antenna	A sensor used to measure electric potential.
	enumeration	Channeltron	An instrument that detects electrons, ions, and UV-radiation, according to the principle of a secondary emission multiplier. It is typically used in electron spectroscopy and

		mass spectrometry.
enumeration	Coronograph	An instrument which can image things very close to the Sun by using a disk to block the Sun's bright surface which reveals the faint solar corona and other celestial objects.
enumeration	DoubleSphere	A dipole antenna of which the active (sensor) elements are small spheres located at the ends of two wires deployed in the equatorial plane, on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft.
enumeration	DustDetector	An instrument which determines the mass and speed of ambient dust particles.
enumeration	ElectronDriftInstrument	An active experiment to measure the electron drift velocity based on sensing the displacement of a weak beam of electrons after one gyration in the ambient magnetic field.
enumeration	ElectrostaticAnalyser	An instrument which uses charged plates to analyze the mass, charge and kinetic energies of charged particles which enter the instrument.
enumeration	EnergeticParticleInstrument	An instrument that measures fluxes of charged particles as a function of time, direction of motion, mass, charge and/or species.
enumeration	FaradayCup	An instrument consisting of an electrode from which electrical current is measured while a charged particle beam (electrons or ions) impinges on it. Used to determine energy spectrum and sometimes ion composition of the impinging particles.
enumeration	FluxFeedback	A search coil whose bandwidth and signal/noise ratio are increased by the application of negative feedback at the sensor (flux) level by driving a collocated coil with a signal from the preamplifier.
enumeration	FourierTransformSpectrometer	An instrument that determines the spectra of a radiative source, using time-domain measurements and a Fourier transform.
enumeration	GeigerMuellerTube	An instrument which measures density of ionizing radiation based on interactions with a gas.
enumeration	Imager	An instrument which samples the radiation from an area at one or more spectral ranges emitted or reflected by an object.
enumeration	ImagingSpectrometer	An instrument which is a multispectral scanner with a very large number of channels (64-256 channels) with very narrow band widths.
enumeration	Interferometer	An instrument to study the properties of two or more waves from the pattern of interference created by their superposition.
enumeration	IonChamber	A device in which the collected electrical charge from ionization in a gas-filled cavity is taken to be the proportion to some parameter (e.g. dose or exposure) of radiation field
enumeration	IonDrift	A device which measures the current produced by the displacement of ambient ions on a grid, thereby allowing the determination of the ion trajectory and velocity.

enumeration	LangmuirProbe	A monopole antenna associated with an instrument. The instrument applies a potential to the antenna which is swept to determine the voltage/current characteristic. This provides information about the plasma surrounding the probe and spacecraft.
enumeration	LongWire	A dipole antenna whose active (sensor) elements are two wires deployed in the equatorial plane on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft, and whose length is several times greater than the spacecraft diameter.
enumeration	Magnetometer	An instrument which measures the ambient magnetic field.
enumeration	MassSpectrometer	An instrument which distinguishes chemical species in terms of their different isotopic masses.
enumeration	MicrochannelPlate	An instrument used for the detection of elementary particles, ions, ultraviolet rays and soft X-rays constructed from very thin conductive glass capillaries.
enumeration	MultispectralImager	An instrument which captures images at multiple spectral ranges.
enumeration	NeutralAtomImager	An instrument which measures the quantity and properties of neutral particles over a range of angles. Measured properties can include mass and energy.
enumeration	NeutralParticleDetector	An instrument which measures the quantity and properties of neutral particles. Measured properties can include mass and plasma bulk densities.
enumeration	ParticleCorrelator	An instrument which correlates particle flux to help identify wave/particle interactions.
enumeration	ParticleDetector	An instrument which detects particle flux!!!
enumeration	Photometer	An instrument which measures the strength of electromagnetic radiation within a spectral band which can range from ultraviolet to infrared and includes the visible spectrum.
enumeration	Photopolarimeter	An instrument which measures the intensity and polarization or radiant energy. A photopolarimeter is a combination of a photometer and a polarimeter.
enumeration	Platform	A collection of components which can be positioned and oriented as a single unit. A platform may contain other platforms. For example, a spacecraft is a platform which may have components that can be articulated and are also considered platforms.
enumeration	ProportionalCounter	An instrument which measures energy of ionization radiation based on interactions with a gas.
enumeration	QuadrисphericalAnalyser	An instrument used for the 3-D detection of plasma, energetic electrons and ions, and for positive-ion composition measurements.
enumeration	Radar	An instrument that uses directional properties of returned power to infer spatial and/or other characteristics of a remote object.
enumeration	Radiometer	An instrument for detecting or measuring radiant energy. Radiometers are commonly limited to

		infrared radiation.
enumeration	ResonanceSounder	A combination of a radio receiver and a pulsed transmitter used to study the plasma surrounding a spacecraft by identifying resonances or cut-offs (of the wave dispersion relation), whose frequencies are related to the ambient plasma density and magnetic field. When the transmitter is off it is essentially a high frequency-resolution spectral power receiver.
enumeration	RetardingPotentialAnalyser	An instrument which measures ion temperatures and ion concentrations using a planar ion trap.
enumeration	Riometer	An instrument which measure the signal strength in various directions of the galactic radio signals. Variations in these signals are influenced by solar flare activity and geomagnetic storm and substorm processes.
enumeration	ScintillationDetector	An instrument which detects flourescences of a material which is excited by high energy (ionizing) electromagnetic or charged particle radiation.
enumeration	SearchCoil	An instrument which measures the time variation of the magnetic flux threading a loop by measurement of the electric potential difference induced between the ends of the wire.
enumeration	Sounder	An instrument which measures the radiances from an object. A sounder may measure radiances at multiple spectral ranges.
enumeration	SpacecraftPotentialController	An instrument to control the electric potential of a spacecraft with respect to the ambient plasma by emitting a variable current of positive ions.
enumeration	SpectralPowerReceiver	A radio receiver which determines the power spectral density of the electric or magnetic field, or both, at one or more frequencies.
enumeration	Spectrometer	An instrument that measures the component wavelengths of light (or other electromagnetic radiation) by splitting the light up into its component wavelengths.
enumeration	TimeOfFlight	An instrument which measures the time it takes for a particle to travel between two detectors.
enumeration	Unspecified	A value which is not provided.
enumeration	WaveformReceiver	A radio receiver which outputs the value of one or more components of the electric and/or magnetic field as a function of time.
Used by	Element	InstrumentType
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumInstrumentType"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the type of experiment the instrument performs. This is the technique of observation.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Antenna"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A sensor used to measure electric potential.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>	

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        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Channeltron">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument that detects electrons, ions,
                and UV-radiation, according to the principle
                of a secondary emission multiplier. It is
                typically used in electron spectroscopy and
                mass spectrometry.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Coronograph">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which can image things very
                close to the Sun by using a disk to block
                the Sun's bright surface which reveals the
                faint solar corona and other celestial objects.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="DoubleSphere">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A dipole antenna of which the active (sensor)
                elements are small spheres located at the
                ends of two wires deployed in the equatorial
                plane, on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="DustDetector">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which determines the mass and
                speed of ambient dust particles.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="ElectronDriftInstrument">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An active experiment to measure the electron
                drift velocity based on sensing the displacement
                of a weak beam of electrons after one gyration
                in the ambient magnetic field.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="ElectrostaticAnalyser">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which uses charged plates to
                analyze the mass, charge and kinetic energies
                of charged particles which enter the instrument.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="EnergeticParticleInstrument">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument that measures fluxes of charged
                particles as a function of time, direction
                of motion, mass, charge and/or species.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="FaradayCup">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument consisting of an electrode from
                which electrical current is measured while
                a charged particle beam (electrons or ions)
                impinges on it. Used to determine energy spectrum
                and sometimes ion composition of the impinging
                particles.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="FluxFeedback">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A search coil whose bandwidth and signal/noise
                ratio are increased by the application of
                negative feedback at the sensor (flux) level
                by driving a collocated coil with a signal
                from the preamplifier.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="FourierTransformSpectrograph">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument that determines the spectra
                of a radiative source, using time-domain measurements
                and a Fourier transform.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="GeigerMuellerTube">
        <xsd:annotation>

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<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures density of ionizing
radiation based on interactions with a gas.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Imager">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which samples the radiation
from an area at one or more spectral ranges
emitted or reflected by an object.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ImagingSpectrometer">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which is a multispectral scanner
with a very large number of channels (64-256
channels) with very narrow band widths.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Interferometer">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument to study the properties of two
or more waves from the pattern of interference
created by their superposition.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="IonChamber">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A device in which the collected electrical
charge from ionization in a gas-filled cavity
is taken to be the proportion to some parameter
(e.g. dose or exposure) of radiation field</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="IonDrift">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A device which measures the current produced
by the displacement of ambient ions on a grid,
thereby allowing the determination of the
ion trajectory and velocity.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="LangmuirProbe">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A monopole antenna associated with an instrument.
The instrument applies a potential to the
antenna which is swept to determine the voltage/current
characteristic. This provides information
about the plasma surrounding the probe and
spacecraft.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="LongWire">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A dipole antenna whose active (sensor) elements
are two wires deployed in the equatorial plane
on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft,
and whose length is several times greater
than the spacecraft diameter.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Magnetometer">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the ambient magnetic
field.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MassSpectrometer">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which distinguishes chemical
species in terms of their different isotopic
masses.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MicrochannelPlate">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument used for the detection of
elementary
particles, ions, ultraviolet rays and soft
X-rays constructed from very thin conductive
glass capillaries.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="MultispectralImager">
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<xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which captures images at multiple
  spectral ranges.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NeutralAtomImager">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the quantity
    and properties of neutral particles over a
    range of angles. Measured properties can include
    mass and energy.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NeutralParticleDetector">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the quantity
    and properties of neutral particles. Measured
    properties can include mass and plasma bulk
    densities.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ParticleCorrelator">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which correlates particle flux
    to help identify wave/particle interactions.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ParticleDetector">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which detects particle flux!!!</
xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Photometer">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the strength
    of electromagnetic radiation within a spectral
    band which can range from ultraviolet to infrared
    and includes the visible spectrum.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Photopolarimeter">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the intensity
    and polarization or radiant energy. A photopolarimeter
    is a combination of a photometer and a polarimeter.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Platform">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A collection of components which can be
positioned
    and oriented as a single unit. A platform
    may contain other platforms. For example,
    a spacecraft is a platform which may have
    components that can be articulated and are
    also considered platforms.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ProportionalCounter">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures energy of ionization
    radiation based on interactions with a gas.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="QuadrisphereAnalyser">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument used for the 3-D detection of
    plasma, energetic electrons and ions, and
    for positive-ion composition measurements.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Radar">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument that uses directional properties
    of returned power to infer spatial and/or
    other characteristics of a remote object.</xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Radiometer">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument for detecting or measuring radiant
    energy. Radiometers are commonly limited to
  </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>

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```

        infrared radiation.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ResonanceSounder">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A combination of a radio receiver and a pulsed
        transmitter used to study the plasma surrounding
        a spacecraft by identifying resonances or
        cut-offs (of the wave dispersion relation),
        whose frequencies are related to the ambient
        plasma density and magnetic field. When the
        transmitter is off it is essentially a high
        frequency-resolution spectral power receiver.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="RetardingPotentialAnalyser">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures ion temperatures
        and ion concentrations using a planar ion
        trap.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Riometer">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measure the signal strength
        in various directions of the galactic radio
        signals. Variations in these signals are influenced
        by solar flare activity and geomagnetic storm
        and substorm processes.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="ScintillationDetector">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which detects floorescences of
        a material which is excited by high energy
        (ionizing) electromagnetic or charged particle
        radiation.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="SearchCoil">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the time variation
        of the magnetic flux threading a loop by measurement
        of the electric potential difference induced
        between the ends of the wire.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Sounder">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the radiances
        from an object. A sounder may measure radiances
        at multiple spectral ranges.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="SpacecraftPotentialControl">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument to control the electric potential
        of a spacecraft with respect to the ambient
        plasma by emitting a variable current of positive
        ions.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="SpectralPowerReceiver">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A radio receiver which determines the power
        spectral density of the electric or magnetic
        field, or both, at one or more frequencies.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Spectrometer">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument that measures the component
        wavelengths of light (or other electromagnetic
        radiation) by splitting the light up into
        its component wavelengths.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="TimeOfFlight">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">An instrument which measures the time it takes
        for a particle to travel between two detectors.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>

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        <xsd:enumeration value="Unspecified">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A value which is not provided.</
xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
        <xsd:enumeration value="WaveformReceiver">
            <xsd:annotation>
                <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A radio receiver which outputs the value of
one or more components of the electric and/or
magnetic field as a function of time.</xsd:documentation>
            </xsd:annotation>
        </xsd:enumeration>
    </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

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Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd
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### Simple Type enumAnnotationType

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema				
Annotations	Identifiers for an classification of an annotation.				
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumAnnotationType &lt; -- xsd:string </pre>				
Type	restriction of xsd:string				
Facets	enumeration	Anomaly	An interval where measurements or observations may be adversely affected.		
	enumeration	Event	An action or observation which occurs at a point in time.		
	enumeration	Feature	A prominent or distinctive characteristic that occurs at a location or persists over a period of time.		
Used by	Element	AnnotationType			
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumAnnotationType"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for an classification of an annotation.&lt;/ xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Anomaly"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An interval where measurements or observations may be adversely affected.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Event"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;An action or observation which occurs at a point in time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Feature"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A prominent or distinctive characteristic that occurs at a location or persists over a period of time.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>				
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd				

### Simple Type enumClassificationMethod

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the technique used to determine the characteristics of an object.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumClassificationMethod &lt; -- xsd:string </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Automatic	Determined by the analysis or assessment performed

		by a program or server.
	enumeration	Inferred Determined by the analysis of other information or resources.
	enumeration	Inspection Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a person.
Used by	Element	ClassificationMethod
Source		<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumClassificationMethod"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the technique used to determine the characteristics of an object.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Automatic"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a program or server.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Inferred"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Determined by the analysis of other information or resources.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Inspection"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a person.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location		file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumConfidenceRating

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	Identifiers for the classification of the certainty of an assertion.	
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumConfidenceRating &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>	
Type	restriction of xsd:string	
Facets	enumeration      Probable Highly likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 4-7 on a scale of 0-10.	
	enumeration      Strong Highly likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 7-10 on a scale of 0-10.	
	enumeration      Unlikely Not likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 0 on a scale of 0-10.	
	enumeration      Weak Slightly likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 1-4 on a scale of 0-10.	
Used by	Element	ConfidenceRating
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumConfidenceRating"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the classification of the certainty of an assertion.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Probable"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 4-7 on a scale of 0-10.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>	

	<pre> &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Strong"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Highly likely given the available evidence.       Considered in the range of 7-10 on a scale       of 0-10.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Unlikely"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Not likely given the available evidence.   Considered     in the range of 0 on a scale of 0-10.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Weak"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Slightly likely given the available evidence.       Considered in the range of 1-4 on a scale       of 0-10.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumDirectionAngle

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema										
Annotations	Identifiers for the angle between a vector and a base axis.										
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumDirectionAngle {         &lt;&lt;restriction of xsd:string&gt;&gt;     } </pre>										
Type	restriction of xsd:string										
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>AzimuthAngle</td> <td>The angle between the projection into the i-j plane of a position or measured vector and the i-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as <math>\arctan(j/i)</math>.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ElevationAngle</td> <td>The angle between the position or measured vector and the i-j plane of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as <math>\arctan(k/\sqrt{i^2+j^2})</math>.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>PolarAngle</td> <td>The angle between the position or measured vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as <math>\arctan(\sqrt{i^2+j^2}/k)</math>.</td> </tr> </table>	enumeration	AzimuthAngle	The angle between the projection into the i-j plane of a position or measured vector and the i-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(j/i)$ .	enumeration	ElevationAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the i-j plane of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(k/\sqrt{i^2+j^2})$ .	enumeration	PolarAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(\sqrt{i^2+j^2}/k)$ .	
enumeration	AzimuthAngle	The angle between the projection into the i-j plane of a position or measured vector and the i-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(j/i)$ .									
enumeration	ElevationAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the i-j plane of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(k/\sqrt{i^2+j^2})$ .									
enumeration	PolarAngle	The angle between the position or measured vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as $\arctan(\sqrt{i^2+j^2}/k)$ .									
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumDirectionAngle"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the angle between a vector and a base axis.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="AzimuthAngle"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The angle between the projection into the i-j plane of a position or measured vector and the i-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as <math>\arctan(j/i)</math>.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ElevationAngle"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The angle between the position or measured vector and the i-j plane of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as <math>\arctan(k/\sqrt{i^2+j^2})</math>.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="PolarAngle"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The angle between the position or measured vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as <math>\arctan(\sqrt{i^2+j^2}/k)</math>.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>										

	</xsd:simpleType>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumEarth

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema																																											
Annotations	Identifiers for the regions surrounding the Earth.																																											
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumEarth {         &lt;&lt;enum&gt;&gt;     }     class xsdString {         &lt;&lt;xs:string&gt;&gt;     }     enumEarth &lt; -- xsdString   </pre>																																											
Type	restriction of xsd:string																																											
Facets	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Magnetosheath</td> <td>The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Magnetosphere</td> <td>The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the planets magnetic field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Magnetosphere.Magnetotail</td> <td>The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re (<math>X &gt; -10Re</math>).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Magnetosphere.Main</td> <td>The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Magnetosphere.Polar</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Magnetosphere.RadiationBelts</td> <td>The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface</td> <td>The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface.Atmosphere</td> <td>The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface.AuroralRegion</td> <td>The region in the atmospheric where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface.EquatorialRegion</td> <td>A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface.Ionosphere</td> <td>The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion</td> <td>The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface.Ionosphere.ERegion</td> <td>A region of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside layer.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion</td> <td>The region that contains ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and</td> </tr> </table>		enumeration	Magnetosheath	The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.	enumeration	Magnetosphere	The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the planets magnetic field.	enumeration	Magnetosphere.Magnetotail	The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re ( $X > -10Re$ ).	enumeration	Magnetosphere.Main	The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.	enumeration	Magnetosphere.Polar		enumeration	Magnetosphere.RadiationBelts	The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.	enumeration	NearSurface	The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.	enumeration	NearSurface.Atmosphere	The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.	enumeration	NearSurface.AuroralRegion	The region in the atmospheric where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.	enumeration	NearSurface.EquatorialRegion	A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.	enumeration	NearSurface.Ionosphere	The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.	enumeration	NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion	The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.	enumeration	NearSurface.Ionosphere.ERegion	A region of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside layer.	enumeration	NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion	The region that contains ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and
enumeration	Magnetosheath	The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.																																										
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enumeration	Magnetosphere.Polar																																											
enumeration	Magnetosphere.RadiationBelts	The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.																																										
enumeration	NearSurface	The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.																																										
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enumeration	NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion	The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.																																										
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enumeration	NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion	The region that contains ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and																																										

		<p>ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be thought of as comprising two layers, the F1- and F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere.</p> <p>Also known as the Appleton layer.</p>
enumeration	NearSurface.Ionosphere.Topside	The region at the upper most areas of the ionosphere.
enumeration	NearSurface.Mesosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85 km, temperature decreasing with height.
enumeration	NearSurface.Plasmasphere	A region of the magnetosphere consisting of low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause, which is defined by an order of magnitude drop in plasma density.
enumeration	NearSurface.PolarCap	The areas of the globe surrounding the poles and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees north latitude and the region south of 60 degrees south latitude.
enumeration	NearSurface.SouthAtlanticMagneticRegion	The Earth's inner van Allen radiation belt makes its closest approach to the planets surface. The result is that, for a given altitude, the radiation intensity is higher over this region than elsewhere.
enumeration	NearSurface.Stratosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature increases with height. The stratosphere contains the ozone layer.
enumeration	NearSurface.Thermosphere	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing with height.
enumeration	NearSurface.Troposphere	The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins at the surface and extends to between 7 km (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi) at the equator, with some variation due to weather factors.
enumeration	Surface	The outermost area of a solid object.
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumEarth"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the regions surrounding the Earth.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Magnetsheath"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Magnetosphere"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the planet's magnetic field.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Magnetosphere.Magnetotail"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re (X &gt; -10Re).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>	

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        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Magnetosphere.Main">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region of the magnetosphere where the
                magnetic field lines are closed, but does
                not include the gaseous region gravitationally
                bound to the body.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Magnetosphere.Polar">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
            </xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region within a magnetosphere where high-
energy
                particles could potentially be trapped in
                a magnetic field.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The gaseous and possibly ionized environment
                of a body extending from the surface to some
                specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude
                is 2000 km.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Atmosphere">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The neutral gases surrounding a body that
                extends from the surface and is bound to the
                body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.AuroralRegion">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region in the atmospheric where electrically-
charged
                particles bombarding the upper atmosphere
                of a planet in the presence of a magnetic
                field produce an optical phenomenon.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.EquatorialRegion">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A region centered on the equator and limited
                in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north
                and south of the equator.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Ionosphere">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The charged or ionized gases surrounding a
                body that are nominally bound to the body
                by virtue of the gravitational attraction.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the ionosphere that exists
approximately
                50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth.
                One of several layers in the ionosphere.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Ionosphere.ERegion">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A layer of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km
                above the ground. One of several layers in
                the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside
                layer.</xsd:documentation>
        </xsd:annotation>
    </xsd:enumeration>
    <xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion">
        <xsd:annotation>
            <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A layer that contains ionized gases at a height
                of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing
                it in the thermosphere. the F region has the

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highest concentration of free electrons and
ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be
thought of as comprising two layers, the F1-and
F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
Also known as the Appleton layer.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Ionosphere.Topside">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region at the upper most areas of the
ionosphere.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Mesosphere">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85
km, temperature decreasing with height.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Plasmasphere">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A region of the magnetosphere consisting of
low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above
the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the
plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause,
which is defined by an order of magnitude
drop in plasma density.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.PolarCap">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The areas of the globe surrounding the poles
and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees
north latitude an the region south of 60 degrees
south latitude.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region where the Earth's inner van Allen
radiation belt makes its closest approach
to the planet's surface. The result is that,
for a given altitude, the radiation intensity
is higher over this region than elsewhere.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Stratosphere">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature
increases with height. The stratosphere contains
the ozone layer.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Thermosphere">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing
with height.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="NearSurface.Troposphere">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins
at the surface and extends to between 7 km
(4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi)
at the equator, with some variation due to
weather factors.</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Surface">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The outermost area of a solid object.</
xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

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Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd
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## Simple Type enumHeliosphere

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for regions of the solar atmosphere which extends roughly from the inner corona to the edge of the solar plasma at the heliopause separating primarily solar plasma from interstellar plasma.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumHeliosphere &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Inner	The region of the heliosphere extending radially out from the "surface" of the Sun to 1 AU.
	enumeration	NearEarth	The heliospheric region near the Earth which extends to and includes the area near the L1 and L2 Lagrange point.
	enumeration	Outer	The region of the heliosphere from, but not including, 1 AU to the farthest extent of the heliosphere (heliopause).
	enumeration	Remote1AU	The heliospheric region near the Earth's orbit, but exclusive of the region near the Earth.
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumHeliosphere"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for regions of the solar atmosphere which extends roughly from the inner corona to the edge of the solar plasma at the heliopause separating primarily solar plasma from interstellar plasma.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Inner"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region of the heliosphere extending radially out from the "surface" of the Sun to 1 AU.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="NearEarth"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The heliospheric region near the Earth which extends to and includes the area near the L1 and L2 Lagrange point.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Outer"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region of the heliosphere from, but not including, 1 AU to the farthest extent of the heliosphere (heliopause).&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Remote1AU"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The heliospheric region near the Earth's orbit, but exclusive of the region near the Earth.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;   </pre>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

## Simple Type enumIntegral

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for values above a given threshold and over area or solid-angle range.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumIntegral &lt; -- xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Area	Integration over the extent of a planar region,

		or of the surface of a solid.
	enumeration	Bandwidth
	enumeration	SolidAngle
		Integration over the angle in three-dimensional space that an object subtends at a point.
Source	<xsd:simpleType name="enumIntegral"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Identifiers for values above a given threshold and over area or solid-angle range.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"> <xsd:enumeration value="Area"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Integration over the extent of a planar region, or of the surface of a solid.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:enumeration> <xsd:enumeration value="Bandwidth"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Integration over the width a frequency band.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:enumeration> <xsd:enumeration value="SolidAngle"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Integration over the angle in three-dimensional space that an object subtends at a point.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> </xsd:enumeration> </xsd:restriction> </xsd:simpleType>	
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd	

### Simple Type enumIonosphere

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	Identifiers for ionospheric regions.	
Diagram		
Type	restriction of xsd:string	
Facets	enumeration	DRegion The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
	enumeration	ERegion A layer of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside layer.
	enumeration	FRegion A layer that contains ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be thought of as comprising two layers, the F1-and F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also known as the Appleton layer.
	enumeration	Topside The region at the upper most areas of the ionosphere.
Source	<xsd:simpleType name="enumIonosphere"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">Identifiers for ionospheric regions.</xsd:documentation> </xsd:annotation> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"> <xsd:enumeration value="DRegion"> <xsd:annotation> <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth.	

	<pre>         One of several layers in the ionosphere.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ERegion"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A layer of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km             above the ground. One of several layers in             the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside             layer.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="FRegion"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A layer that contains ionized gases at a height             of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing             it in the thermosphere. the F region has the             highest concentration of free electrons and             ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be             thought of as comprising two layers, the F1-and             F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere.             Also known as the Appleton layer.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Topside"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region at the upper most areas of the             ionosphere.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumMagnetosphere

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for the region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of planets magnetic field.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumMagnetosphere {         &lt;&lt;Identifiers for the region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of planets magnetic field. &gt;&gt;     }     class xsdString {         &lt;&lt;Simple type for strings&lt;/&gt;&gt;     }     enumMagnetosphere ⊞ xsdString   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Magnetotail	The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial distance of 10 Re (X > -10Re).
	enumeration	Main	The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.
	enumeration	Polar	
	enumeration	RadiationBelt	The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.
	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumMagnetosphere"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of planet's magnetic field.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Magnetotail"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region on the night side of the body where the magnetic field is stretched backwards by the force of the solar wind. For Earth, the magnetotail begins at a night-side radial</pre>		
Source			

```

        distance of 10 Re (X > -10Re).</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Main">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region of the magnetosphere where the
            magnetic field lines are closed, but does
            not include the gaseous region gravitationally
            bound to the body.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Polar">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
        </xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="RadiationBelt">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region within a magnetosphere where high-
energy
            particles could potentially be trapped in
            a magnetic field.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

```

Schema location file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2\_0\_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumNearSurface

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers for regions of the gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude.		
Diagram			
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Atmosphere	The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.
	enumeration	AuroralRegion	The region in the atmosphere where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.
	enumeration	EquatorialRegion	A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.
	enumeration	Ionosphere	The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.
	enumeration	Ionosphere.DRegion	The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
	enumeration	Ionosphere.ERegion	A layer of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside layer.
	enumeration	Ionosphere.FRegion	A layer that contains ionized gases at a height of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be thought of as comprising two layers, the F1- and F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also known as the Appleton layer.

	enumeration	<code>Ionosphere.Topside</code>	The region at the upper most areas of the ionosphere.
	enumeration	<code>Mesosphere</code>	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85 km, temperature decreasing with height.
	enumeration	<code>Plasmasphere</code>	A region of the magnetosphere consisting of low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause, which is defined by an order of magnitude drop in plasma density.
	enumeration	<code>PolarCap</code>	The areas of the globe surrounding the poles and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees north latitude and the region south of 60 degrees south latitude.
	enumeration	<code>SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion</code>	The region where the Earth's inner Van Allen radiation belt makes its closest approach to the planet's surface. The result is that, for a given altitude, the radiation intensity is higher over this region than elsewhere.
	enumeration	<code>Stratosphere</code>	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature increases with height. The stratosphere contains the ozone layer.
	enumeration	<code>Thermosphere</code>	The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing with height.
	enumeration	<code>Troposphere</code>	The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins at the surface and extends to between 7 km (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi) at the equator, with some variation due to weather factors.
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumNearSurface"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for regions of the gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Atmosphere"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="AuroralRegion"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region in the atmospheric where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="EquatorialRegion"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 degrees north and south of the equator.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Ionosphere"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt; </pre>		

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</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Ionosphere.DRegion">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the ionosphere that exists
approximately
50 to 95 km above the surface of the Earth.
One of several layers in the ionosphere.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Ionosphere.ERegion">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A layer of ionised gas occurring at 90-150km
above the ground. One of several layers in
the ionosphere. Also called the The Kennelly-Heaviside
layer.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Ionosphere.FRegion">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A layer that contains ionized gases at a height
of around 150#800 km above sea level, placing
it in the thermosphere. the F region has the
highest concentration of free electrons and
ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be
thought of as comprising two layers, the F1-and
F2-layers. One of several layers in the ionosphere.
Also known as the Appleton layer.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Ionosphere.Topside">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region at the upper most areas of the
ionosphere.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Mesosphere">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85
km, temperature decreasing with height.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Plasmasphere">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">A region of the magnetosphere consisting of
low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above
the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the
plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause,
which is defined by an order of magnitude
drop in plasma density.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="PolarCap">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The areas of the globe surrounding the poles
and consisting of the region north of 60 degrees
north latitude an the region south of 60 degrees
south latitude.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The region where the Earth's inner van Allen
radiation belt makes its closest approach
to the planet's surface. The result is that,
for a given altitude, the radiation intensity
is higher over this region than elsewhere.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Stratosphere">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature
increases with height. The stratosphere contains
the ozone layer.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>
<xsd:enumeration value="Thermosphere">
    <xsd:annotation>
        <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">The layer of the atmosphere that extends from
the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing
with height.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
</xsd:enumeration>

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	<pre>         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Troposphere"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins at the surface and extends to between 7 km (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi) at the equator, with some variation due to weather factors.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

### Simple Type enumProjection

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema		
Annotations	Identifiers to projections into a coordinate system.		
Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     enumProjection &lt; -- xsd:string     </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	IJ	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-j (typically X-Y) plane of the coordinate system.
	enumeration	IK	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-k (typically X-Z) plane of the coordinate system.
	enumeration	JK	A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the j-k (typically Y-Z) plane of the coordinate system.
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumProjection"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers to projections into a coordinate system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="IJ"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-j (typically X-Y) plane of the coordinate system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="IK"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the i-k (typically X-Z) plane of the coordinate system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;         &lt;xsd:enumeration value="JK"&gt;             &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;                 &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the j-k (typically Y-Z) plane of the coordinate system.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;             &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>		
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd		

### Simple Type enumSun

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema	
Annotations	Identifiers for regions of the star upon which our solar system is centered.	

Diagram	<pre> classDiagram     class enumSun {         attribute xsd:string     }     enumSun "1" -- "1" xsd:string   </pre>		
Type	restriction of xsd:string		
Facets	enumeration	Chromosphere	The region of the Suns (or a stars) atmosphere above the temperature minimum and below the Transition Region. The solar chromosphere is approximately 400 km to 2100 km above the photosphere, and characterized by temperatures from 4500 - 28000 K.
	enumeration	Corona	The outermost atmospheric region of the Sun or a star, characterized by ionization temperatures above $10^5$ K. The solar corona starts at about 2100 km above the photosphere; there is no generally defined upper limit.
	enumeration	Interior	The region inside the body which is not visible from outside the body.
	enumeration	Photosphere	The atmospheric layer of the Sun or a star from which continuum radiation, especially optical, is emitted to space. For the Sun, the photosphere is about 500 km thick.
	enumeration	TransitionRegion	A very narrow (<100 km) layer between the chromosphere and the corona where the temperature rises abruptly from about 8000 to about 500,000 K.
Source	<pre> &lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumSun"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for regions of the star upon which our solar system is centered.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Chromosphere"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region of the Sun's (or a star's) atmosphere above the temperature minimum and below the Transition Region. The solar chromosphere is approximately 400 km to 2100 km above the photosphere, and characterized by temperatures from 4500 - 28000 K.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Corona"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The outermost atmospheric region of the Sun or a star, characterized by ionization temperatures above <math>10^5</math> K. The solar corona starts at about 2100 km above the photosphere; there is no generally defined upper limit.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Interior"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The region inside the body which is not visible from outside the body.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Photosphere"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;The atmospheric layer of the Sun or a star from which continuum radiation, especially optical, is emitted to space. For the Sun, the photosphere is about 500 km thick.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="TransitionRegion"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A very narrow (&lt;100 km) layer between the chromosphere and the corona where the temperature rises abruptly from about 8000 to about 500,000 K.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;   </pre>		

	</xsd:restriction> </xsd:simpleType>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

## Simple Type enumText

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema								
Annotations	Identifiers for the encoding of sequences of characters.								
Diagram									
Type	restriction of xsd:string								
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>ASCII</td> <td>A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Unicode</td> <td>Text in multi-byte Unicode format.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	ASCII	A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.	enumeration	Unicode	Text in multi-byte Unicode format.
enumeration	ASCII	A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.							
enumeration	Unicode	Text in multi-byte Unicode format.							
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumText"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for the encoding of sequences of characters.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="ASCII"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is an 7-bit character-coding scheme.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Unicode"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Text in multi-byte Unicode format.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;       &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt;   &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>								
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd								

## Simple Type enumWaves

Namespace	http://www.spase-group.org/data/schema								
Annotations	Identifiers for experimental and natural wave phenomena.								
Diagram									
Type	restriction of xsd:string								
Facets	<table> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Active</td> <td>Exerting an influence or producing a change or effect. An active measurement is one which produces a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>enumeration</td> <td>Passive</td> <td>Movement or effect produced by outside influence. A passive measurement is one which does not produce a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.</td> </tr> </table>			enumeration	Active	Exerting an influence or producing a change or effect. An active measurement is one which produces a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.	enumeration	Passive	Movement or effect produced by outside influence. A passive measurement is one which does not produce a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.
enumeration	Active	Exerting an influence or producing a change or effect. An active measurement is one which produces a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.							
enumeration	Passive	Movement or effect produced by outside influence. A passive measurement is one which does not produce a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.							
Source	<pre>&lt;xsd:simpleType name="enumWaves"&gt;   &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;     &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Identifiers for experimental and natural wave phenomena.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;   &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt;   &lt;xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"&gt;     &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Active"&gt;       &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Exerting an influence or producing a change or effect. An active measurement is one which produces a transmission or excitation as a</pre>								

	<pre>         part of the measurement cycle.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;xsd:enumeration value="Passive"&gt;     &lt;xsd:annotation&gt;         &lt;xsd:documentation xml:lang="en"&gt;Movement or effect produced by outside influence.             A passive measurement is one which does not             produce a transmission or excitation as a             part of the measurement cycle.&lt;/xsd:documentation&gt;     &lt;/xsd:annotation&gt; &lt;/xsd:enumeration&gt; &lt;/xsd:restriction&gt; &lt;/xsd:simpleType&gt;</pre>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd

**Namespace: ""****Attributes****Attribute Spase / @lang**

Namespace	No namespace
Type	xsd:string
Properties	default: en
Used by	Complex Type Spase
Source	<xsd:attribute name="lang" type="xsd:string" default="en"/>
Schema location	file:/var/www/spase/site/root/data/schema/spase-2_0_0.xsd