

SPASE Base Model Version: 2.6.1

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1. Executive Summary

Research in Heliophysics requires information from multiple sources which includes data from and about spacecraft, ground-based observatories, models, simulations and more. The results from research are also invaluable in building up a body of knowledge and need to be available. All the different sources and types of information are considered a "Resource". The Resources exist, are shared, exchanged and used in a framework called the "data environment". The SPASE (Space Physics Archive Search and Extract) group has defined a Data Model which is a set of terms and values along with the relationships between them that allow describing all the resources in a heliophysics data environment. It is the result of many years of effort by an international collaboration of heliophysicists and information scientists to unify and improve on existing Space and Solar Physics data models. The intent of this Data Model is to provide the means to describe resources, most importantly scientifically useful data products, in a uniform way so they may be easily registered, found, accessed, and used.

The Data Model provides enough detail to allow a scientist to understand the content of Data Products (e.g., a set of files for 3 s resolution Geotail magnetic field data for1992 to 2005), together with essential retrieval and contact information. It also allows for the incremental annotation of resources with expert assessments and the free association of resources to create bundles or networks of resources. Resource descriptions can be stored with the data or at remote locations. Sites can harvest the resource descriptions to enable services like a search engine or portal (Virtual Observatory). A typical use would be to have a collection of descriptions stored in one or more related internet-based registries of products; that can be queried with specifically designed search engines and ultimately link users to the data they need. The Data Model also provides constructs for describing components of such a data delivery system. This includes repositories, registries and services.

The SPASE group website is located at https://www.spase-group.org/. A PDF version of this document can be downloaded from the SPASE site https://spase-group.org/data/model/spase-2.6.0-draft.pdf.

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2. Introduction

The SPASE (Space Physics Archive Search and Extract) Data Model is a set of terms and values along with the relationships between them that allow describing all the resources in a heliophysics data environment. It is the result of many years of effort by an international collaboration (see https://spase-group.org) to unify and improve on existing Space and Solar Physics data models. The intent of this Data Model is to provide the means to describe resources, most importantly scientifically useful data products, in a uniform way so they may be easily registered, found, accessed, and used.

The SPASE data model divides the heliophysics data environment into a limited set of resources types. A key resource type is Numerical Data. This type of resource typically consists of a set of files containing values of one or more physical variables and that differ from each other only by the time span. To fully describe a Numerical Data resource requires other types of Resources, namely Observatory, Instrument, Person, and Repository, whose names are self-explanatory, and each of which has its own set of attributes. Often, numerical data are presented in prepared images (gif or jpeg), and such presentations are referred to as Display Data resources. The other data related resource types are Catalog which are lists of events; Annotation which enable expert comments on data products; and Granule which describe individual files within another resource (i.e., Numerical Data, Display Data or Catalog). Other types of resources include Document which can contain narratives or supporting information; Service that provide software to use data resources; Repository for storage locations; and Registry for metadata collections. Resource descriptions and the links in them are intended to make the Resource useful to scientific users.

2.1. History of Development

The data model presented here has grown from the efforts begun in 2002 that became formalized in regular teleconferences of a group of interested data providers, including scientific and technical representatives of some of the largest data holdings in the US, Europe, and Japan. As the effort to provide seamless access to distributed data proceeded, it became clear that the data model efforts were central. The SPASE Data Model was developed with an iterative process where additions were made when unaddressed needs were discovered. The original impetus occurred at an ISTP meeting in 1998 where a resolution was passed calling to make data more accessible. Interoperability test beds were constructed in 2001 and in 2002 a grassroots effort was undertaken to define the needs of community. In March of 2003 a meeting of many of the people in the Contributors list at the beginning of this document was convened to begin the data model construction in earnest. The initial effort involved collecting terms from CDPP, SWRI, NSSDC, ISTP, and other sets to form a starting point. Two years of teleconferences, e-mailed revisions, and occasional face-to-face efforts, along with the application of the terms to specific cases, led to the release of version 1.0 of the data model in November 2005. Following the release of version 1.0 many existing data products were described and lead to further improvements of the data model. Version 1.1 was released in August 2006. At this time NASA established the Heliophysics VxOs and after an extended period of use and improvements version 1.2.2 was released in August of 2008. Later versions of the data model, that is up until version 2.5.0, are each extensions of this earlier release.

Starting with version 2.5.0, the SPASE base model has been expanded by incorporation of the SPASE Simulation Extensions. The basis for the SPASE Simulation Extensions were originally

developed by the Integrated Medium for Planetary Exploration (IMPEx) project, a European Union (EU) Seventh Framework Programme sponsored project. The SPASE Simulation Extensions, version 1.0.0, were released 2014-05-19 with no subsequent revisions. The Resource Types currently in the simulation extensions are:

SimulationRun - Description of a simulation run, including the code ID, the run spatial and temporal description, and all the relevant inputs.

SimulationModel - Descriptor of a simulation model: type of numerical scheme, model versions, etc.

NumericalOutput - Numerical data generated from a simulation run.

DisplayOutput - A graphical representation of data generated from a simulation run.

The simulation extensions also override the following Granule and Particle in the base model. The elements within SimulationRun, SimulationModel, NumericalOutput, DisplayOutput are broken down into sub-elements that provide sufficient detail for adequate description of simulation models and of the data sets derived from simulation rruns. The merging of the SPASE Base Model with the SPASE Simulation Extension allows greater interoperability and eases the development of tools such as the SPASE editor http://xmleditor.spase-group.org, which is a web-based editor for generating SPASE descriptions.

2.2. Intended Purpose

The design of the SPASE data model is based on a core set of principles related to the intended purpose of descriptive information (metadata), the data environment, and the operational environment. The overall goal of the Data Model is to be able to describe resources using a taxonomy of terms familiar to the heliophysics domain. This taxonomy should provide sufficient scientific context and data content information for an individual to assess the applicability of the resource (data and metadata) to a research question. A data model is the cornerstone of an information system and one purpose for the SPASE Data Model to enable the creation of "Virtual Observatories" that will link the broad range of heliophysics resources which may be available in a loosely coupled distributed environment. Additional goals of the data model are to:

- Provide a way of registering products using a standard set of terms that allow the products to be found with simple searches and described so that users can determine their utility for a specific purpose;
- 2. Allow searching for products containing particular physical quantities (e.g., magnetic field; spectral irradiance) that are variously represented in a diverse array of data products; and
- 3. Facilitate a means of mapping comparable variables from many products onto a common set of terms so that visualization, analysis, and higher-order query tools and services can be used on all of them without regard to the origin of the data.

The content of a resource description based on the data model should enable services (either at the provider or in a VxO) to discover and access individual resources. The service layer can contain services for a variety of purposes. The basic functionality of the service layer is to provide the links necessary to connect user applications and search-and-retrieval front ends to data repositories. Ultimately, the data environment based on the data model will involve a number of software tools and services linked together as an internet-based environment. The

data along with software tools and documentation associated with products will be directly accessible using standard web protocols (http, ftp). This "system" has the potential to provide capabilities that can aid even expert users of a particular dataset (e.g., on-the-fly coordinate transformations, the ability to merge datasets from different instruments, easy reference to related indices or other data), in addition to providing the broad access needed to investigate emerging questions in heliophysics.

2.3. Design Principles

The design of the SPASE data model begins with a few basic principles. These principles are:

1. Data is self-documented.

Data resources have internal schema or structures for storing values. The physical structure is determined by the storage format. Each retrievable entity on the format is assigned a key or tag which can be used to retrieve the entity.

The SPASE Data Model does not attempt to describe the physical storage of the parameters, for example, the byte offsets, record format or data encoding in the data resource. Instead, the SPASE Data Model describes the scientific attributes of the parameter and links this to the parameter by a key or tag used by the storage format. Applications can use the SPASE descriptions to locate a parameter and the appropriate format-specific reader to extract parameters.

Not all data in the Heliophysics data environment is stored in self-documented formats. For example, data stored as ASCII tables. The method of assigning a key or tag name for each field in the ASCII table is external to the SPASE data model. This method must be part of an "format" specification which may be as simple as the first row of the table containing the tag name of the field.

2. Resources are distributed.

There are many providers of resources and these providers can be located anywhere in the world.

Each provider operates independently and activities are not necessarily coordinated. The SPASE data model assumes that providers have local autonomy and may operate under local rules or jurisdictions.

3. Online Resources have Universal Resource Locators (URL)

If a resource is online, it can be accessed and retrieved using Universal Resource Locators (URL).

4. The data environment is continuously evolving.

New resources are actively generated either as part of an on-going experiment or as a result of analysis and assessment.

These new resources may be directly related to other resources. As new resources are generated or new associations defined the network or collections formed will

2.4. Conceptual System Environment

The data model is intended to enable the sharing of knowledge through structured metadata (SPASE Descriptions) which can be exchanged in queries and responses between systems. The operational environment this occurs in is the current Internet where systems and users are loosely coupled and highly distributed. Special services or portals may harvest (collect) the SPASE descriptions from multiple sources to create an enriched capability for the user. For example, a search engine may provide a comprehensive search for a particular scientific discipline. The web site https://hpde.gsfc.nasa.gov gives a guide to many currently active projects and a great deal of background information. Of particular interest there is the document entitled, "A Framework for Space and Solar Physics Virtual Observatories."

Figure 1 illustrates a conceptual architecture in a distributed environment. In this environment multiple communities have resources to share. The storage location of a resource is called a repository. Some of these repositories (boxes) have local SPASE descriptions which are available through a local registry service (balls). The contents of other repositories are described at external, possibly independent, locations which make the descriptions available through remote registries. Gateways (rings) can harvest and aggregate the resources from multiple registries or perform federated searches which provide a single access point to multiple registries. Applications access the registries to discover resources, determine their location and retrieve them from the repositories.

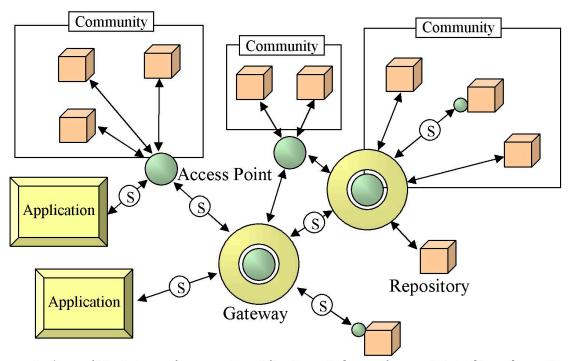


Figure 1: A possible data environment architecture. Information and data flows from Repositories to Applications through Access Points and Gateways. In this model, any Access Point or Gateway may be considered an instance of a Virtual Observatory. The portions of the system using SPASE-Data-Model-based messages are indicated with the S.

3. SPASE Data Model

3.1. Resource Types

The top-level entity in the SPASE data model is a Resource. There are 12 different types of resources. Each resource type consists of a set of attributes that characterize the resource. The resource types can be divided into three categories: Data Resources, Origination Resources and Infrastructure Resources.

This section provides an overview of the resource types. Complete details for each resource can be found in Section 4.

3.1.1. Data Resources

Data Resources describe one or more data products. A "data product" is a set of data that is uniformly processed and formatted, from one or more instruments, typically spanning the full duration of the observations of the relevant instrument(s). A data product may consist of a collection of granules of successive time spans, but may be high-level entities such as event catalogs. Data products can be images (Display Data), sample or observation values (Numerical Data), event lists (Catalog). Included in the Data Resource category are the resources used to describe individual files (Granule) which are part of data product sets and assessments of a resource (Annotations). The complete list of Data Resources is:

Numerical Data, Display Data, Catalog, Annotation, Document, and Granule

3.1.2. Origination Resources

Origination Resources describe the generators or sources of data. Included in a Data Resource description is information about the origination of the data. A Data Resource will refer to one or more Origination Resource. The complete list of Origination Resources is:

Observatory, Instrument, and Person

3.1.3. Infrastructure Resources

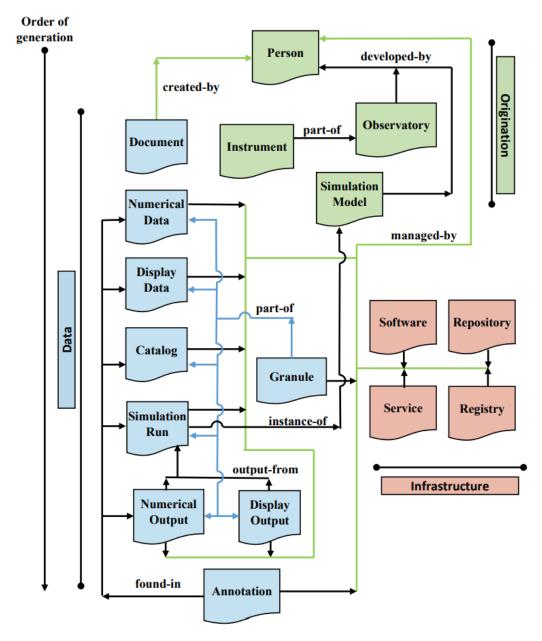
Infrastructure Resources describe system components that are part of the exchange and use of data. This includes storage locations for data (Repository), metadata (Registry) and functions (Service). The complete list of Infrastructure Resources is:

Registry, Repository, and Service

3.1.4. Ontology

In the SPASE data model there can be associations between pairs of resources. Some associations are specific and are required in order to fully describe a resource. For example, an Instrument resource is always associated with an Observatory resource. The specific associations form an ontology which is illustrated in Figure 2. The SPASE data model also allows associations of resources which are not explicitly defined in the ontology. These associations are described and assigned a relationship type using generic association attributes.

SPASE Base Information Model



The association between resources in the SPASE Simulation Extensions Information Model. Arrows point in the direction of association.

3.2. Resource Identifiers

Every resource has a unique identifier so that it can be tracked and referenced within a system. This identifier is defined by the naming authority for the resource. The entity which acts as the naming authority is determined by the agency or group who provides the resource. Each resource identifier is a URI that has the form:

scheme://authority/path

where "scheme" is "spase" for those resources administered through the SPASE framework, "authority" is the unique identifier for the naming authority within the data environment and "path" is the unique local identifier of the resource within the context of the "authority". The resource ID must be unique within the data environment.

To illustrate the definition of a resource identifier consider that there is a registered "authority" called "SMWG" which maintains information for spacecraft (Observatory) resources. One such spacecraft is GOES8. Now "SMWG" decides that the "path" to the GOES8 resource description should include the Resource Type as part of the path and that the observatory "name" will be "GOES8". So, the resource identifier would be:

spase://SMWG/Observatory/GOES8

The Resource ID is used to formally or informally associate one resource with another. For example, an Instrument resource must be formally associated with an Observatory. A Numerical Data resource may be formally associated with an Instrument resource and informally associated with other Numerical Data resources. The free association of resources allows networks or collections to be formed from distributed resources and allows for new associations to be formed as needed without affecting existing associations.

3.3. Core Attributes

With the exception of Granule and Person, every resource has a common set of core attributes. The core attributes provide textual descriptions of the resource and the capability to reference external sources of information (Information URL). It also describes the context of the resource in the larger data environment. This context consists of associations with other resources (Association) and with previous versions (Prior ID). These attributes are grouped in a Resource Header and consists of:

Resource Name
Alternate Name
Release Date
Expiration Date
Description
Acknowledgement
Contact
Information URL
Association
Prior ID

3.4. Text Mark-up

While descriptive text may be brief, some formatting of the text may be necessary to convey the necessary information, for example, multiple paragraphs or nested lists. To ensure system portability text values in SPASE are sequences of alphanumeric one-byte UTF-8 (US_ASCII) characters with white space preserved. When text is displayed in some applications (a web browser is the best example) a strict preservation of white space may not result in a desirable presentation. Also, to make the metadata more human readable (for example in XML) additional white space may be introduced in the form of indentation. If strictly preserved, this could result in an undesirable presentation. To allow an author to express a preferred layout for

the text, a special set of text "mark-up" rules are defined. The layout can then be determined by normalizing the text and applying a simple set of interpretation rules.

3.4.1 Normalization Rules

To aid in determining the layout or structural intent of the author the following rules are to be applied to text to create a normalized form:

- 1. All lines are to end with a newline character.
- 2. All text is left justified. No line has leading whitespace.

Text Interpretation Rules

After normalization of text the following rules can be used to interpret the layout intent of the author.

- 1. Blank lines indicate paragraph breaks.
- 2. Lists
 - 1. Must be preceded by a blank line.
 - 2. Items are indicated by a line beginning with a reserved character followed by a space. Three levels of lists are supported. The reserved characters are:
 - *: First level list
 - -: Second level list (must appear within a first level context)
 - .: Third level list (must appear within a second level context)
 - 3. End with a blank line.
- 3. Tables
 - 1. Begin and end with a line that starts with "+--".
 - 2. The first "row" of a table is the field headings.
 - 3. Fields in a table are separated with a vertical bar ("|").
 - 4. Visual row separators are lines which begin with "|--".

3.5. Extensions

The SPASE Data Model allows for additional metadata to be embedded within a SPASE description. Every Resource Type has an "Extension" element which can contain metadata compliant with other data models. The "Extension" element has a SPASE data model type of "Text", but is not limited to alphanumeric characters and may contain tagged information.

4. Guidelines for Metadata Descriptions

The following sections describe the details of the SPASE Data Model, especially the metadata used to describe data. There is a richness in the available metadata that allows very detailed descriptions of products. Many of the types of metadata may not apply in your case or you may not need much detail to adequately describe your data holdings. But it must be remembered that the better data are described, the easier they will be to use.

To determine what level of detail is needed, we recommend considering not only what the user needs to find the correct data, but also what is necessary to know if the data will be useful for the requestor's purpose. The user might get this information by contacting you, but if the data were moved somewhere else and only the data description were available to determine the utility of the data, consider if the user would have sufficient information to know if this is the right data set and what problems might be associated with the use of these data. Also consider if additional documentation is necessary. If so, create n Document resource and associate it with the data resource. An "InformationURL" may also be used to provide links to more detailed information.

In summary, products need not be described in minute detail, but users will need, at minimum, information for assessing what the data products represent and where to find them. Of course, it is also useful to include information on how the data can be applied and common pitfalls in their use, but the first need is to make the products usefully visible.

5. Examples

As an example, let us describe a person using SPASE metadata. This person is "John Smith" from Smith Foundation. While the SPASE data model is implementation neutral, XML representation is preferred. This example uses the SPASE XML form.

Now, let us consider a collection of observations from the magnetometer on the ACE spacecraft, which was placed into a Lissajous orbit about the L1 Lagrange point 2004-12-31). This data set has been averaged to produce a time series with 1 min resolution (cadence), which spans the time interval from the beginning of the mission to the end of 2004 (1997-09-01 to 2004-12-31). A data product such as this is best described by using the SPASE NumericalData resource type as recommended in section 3.1.1 above. This example NumericalData description XML format. And while the SPASE data model is implementation neutral, the XML representation is preferred. Note that the presented URLs are fictitious and will not direct you to the actual data.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<Spase>
   <Version>2.6.0</Version>
   <NumericalData>
      <ResourceID>spase://VMO/NumericalData/ACE/MAG/200301/ResourceID>
      <ResourceHeader>
         <ResourceName>ACEMAG200301/ResourceName>
         <ReleaseDate>2006-07-26T00:00:00.000</ReleaseDate>
         <Acknowledgement>User will acknowledge the data producer and the instrument
                          principal investigator in any publication resulting from the
                          use of these data.</Acknowledgement>
         <Description>ACE MFI 1 min averaged magnetic-field data in GSE coordinates.
                      These data were derived from the 16 s observations that were linearly
                      interpolated to derive a time series with time stamps at second zero
                      of each minute.</Description>
         <Contact>
            <PersonID>spase://SMWG/Person/Norman.F.Ness</PersonID>
            <Role>PrincipalInvestigator</Role>
         </Contact>
         <Contact>
            <PersonID>spase://SMWG/Person/Charles.Smith</PersonID>
            <Role>Co-Investigator</Role>
         </Contact>
         <Contact>
            <Pre><PresonID>spase://SMWG/Person/James.M.Weygand</PresonID>
            <Role>DataProducer</Role>
         </Contact>
      </ResourceHeader>
      <AccessInformation>
         <AccessRights>Open</AccessRights>
         <AccessURL>
```

```
<URL>http://www.igpp.ucla.edu/getResource?format=text&id=ACEMAG200301</URL>
         </AccessURL>
         <Format>Text</Format>
         <Encoding>GZIP</Encoding>
      </AccessInformation>
      <InstrumentID>spase://SMWG/ACE/MAG</InstrumentID>
      <MeasurementType>MagneticField/MeasurementType>
      <TemporalDescription>
         <TimeSpan>
            <StartDate>1997-01-01T00:00</StartDate>
            <StopDate>2004-01-31T23:59</StopDate>
         </TimeSpan>
         <Cadence>PT1M</Cadence>
      </TemporalDescription>
      <InstrumentRegion>Heliosphere.NearEarth</InstrumentRegion>
      <0bservedRegion>Heliosphere.NearEarth/0bservedRegion>
      <Parameter>
         <Name>SAMPLE_TIME_UTC</Name>
         <ParameterKey>time</ParameterKey>
         <Description>
            Sample UTC in the form DD MM YYYY hh mm ss where
                    = day of month
                                         (01 - 31)
               DD
               MM
                    = month of year
                                         (01-12)
               YYYY = Gregorian Year AD
                    = hour of day
                                         (00:23)
                    = minute of hour
                                         (00-59)
                    = second of minute (00-60)
               SS
         </Description>
         <Support>
            --SupportQuantity>Temporal</SupportQuantity>
         </Support>
      </Parameter>
      <Parameter>
         <Name>MAGNETIC_FIELD_VECTOR</Name>
         <Units>nT</Units>
         <CoordinateSystem>
            <CoordinateRepresentation>Cartesian</CoordinateRepresentation>
            <CoordinateSystemName>GSE</CoordinateSystemName>
         </CoordinateSystem>
         <Description>Magnetic field vector, GSE Coordinates (Bx,By,Bz)/Description>
         <Field>
            <Oualifier>Vector</Oualifier>
            <FieldQuantity>Magnetic/FieldQuantity>
         </Field>
      </Parameter>
      <Parameter>
         <Name>SPACECRAFT_POSITION_VECTOR</Name>
         <CoordinateSystem>
            <CoordinateRepresentation>Cartesian</CoordinateRepresentation>
            <CoordinateSystemName>GSE</CoordinateSystemName>
         </CoordinateSystem>
         <Units>EARTH RADII</Units>
         <UnitsConversion>6378.16 km</UnitsConversion>
         <Description>ACE spacecraft location, GSE coordinates (X,Y,Z)/Description>
         <Support>
            <SupportQuantity>Positional</SupportQuantity>
         </Support>
      </Parameter>
   </NumericalData>
</Spase>
```

6. Element Data Types

Each element in the SPASE Data Model has a data type. One design feature of the SPASE data model is that an element can contain either a value or other elements. Mixed content (elements and values) is not allowed. This allows the data model to be implemented in a wider range of metadata languages. Note that the SPASE DateTime and Duration type elements must be populated by text that complies with the ISO 8601 international standard for date and time representations (other ISO 8601 informational URLs appear in the Bibliography below. The following SPASE model data types are supported:

Boundary

Parameters that define a region in space.

Container

A "Container" of other elements including text fields and containers.

Count

A whole number.

DateTime

A value is given in the ISO 8601 recommended primary standard notation: YYYY-MM-DD. where YYYY is the year in the usual Gregorian calendar, MM is the month of the year between 01 (January) and 12 (December), and DD is the day of the month between 01 and 31. It may also have an optional time portion given in the ISO 8601 recommended primary standard notation: HH:MM:SS.sss where HH is the number of complete hours that have passed since midnight (00-24), MM is the number of complete minutes that have passed since the start of the hour (00-59), and SS is the number of complete seconds since the start of the minute (00-60), and sss are milliseconds that have passed since the start of the second (000-999). Time zones are not allowed so all times are in Universal Time. The time portion must follow the date portion with both portions separated by a "T". For example, "2004-07-29" is July 29, 2004 and "2004-07-29T12:30:00" is precisely 12:30 on July 29, 2004.

Duration

A duration of time. The SPASE element "Cadence" is an example of a Duration type SPASE element where cadence refers to the delta T or time between consecutive data points in a time series. A SPASE Duration text field is required to be formatted to comply with the ISO 8601 recommended primary standard notation. If a time duration is less that a day the PTHH:MM:SS.sss format applies where PT are tokens to indicate that the time value is a duration, HH is the number of complete hours, MM is the number of complete minutes that have passed since the start of the hour (00-59), and SS is the number of complete seconds since the start of the minute (00-60), and sss are milliseconds that have passed since the start of the second (000-999). If a time duration s longer than or equal to a day, then the ISO 8601 P format applies where for example P1D, P1M, and P1Y represent time cadences of one day, one month, and one year, respectively. Other examples of SPASE Duration-type elements includes DiagnosisTimeStep, DisplayCadence, Exposure, Per, RelativeStopDate, and TimeStep.

Enumeration

Value is selected from a list of allowed values. The name of list is an additional attribute of the element. Lists may be externally controlled in which case the location

of the list is indicated in the textual definition of the element.

FloatSequence

A list of floating point numbers where the order of the values is fixed. A space separates each value. For example, "1.2 3.4 5.6".

ID

SPASE Identifier

Item

An element which is a value for an enumerated list.

Numeric

A fractional number which can be expressed in scientific notation. The string "NaN" represents not-a-number (flag) values and the string "INF" represents an infinitely large value. The value "-INF" represents an infinitely small value.

Sequence

A list of whole number values where the order of the values is fixed. A space separates each value. For example, "1 2 3".

StringSequence

A list of strings where the order of the values is fixed. A space separates each value. For example, "one two three".

Text

A string of alphanumeric characters. A text based "markup" is supported. See the "Text Mark-up" section in specification document for complete details.

URL

Universal Resource Locator

Value

A description of the standardized measurement increments in which a value is specified. The description is represented as a mathematical phrase. Units should be represented by widely accepted representation. For example, units should conform to the International System of Units (SI) which is maintained by BIPM (Bureau International des Poids et Mesures (see http://www.bipm.fr/) when appropriate or use tokens like "Re" to represent units of the Radius of the Earth. Within a phrase the circumflex (^) is used to indicate a power, a star (*) is used to indicate multiplication and a slash (/) division. When symbols are not separated by a mathematical operator, multiplication is assumed. Symbols for base units and for commonly derived units can be found by accessing links listed in the Bibliography below for the International System of Units (SI) hosted by the Bureau des Poids et Mesures (BIPM).

7. Enumerations

Enumeration lists are either "open" or "closed". The list members in a closed enumeration list are stipulated by the SPASE model and the definition for all closed list members are compiled in the SPASE data dictionary. The items in an open enumeration list are determined by an external control authority. The URL for the control authority is indicated in the definition of each open list.

AccessRights

Identifiers for permissions granted or denied by the host of a product to allow other users to access and use the resource.

Allowed Values:

Open

PartiallyRestricted

Restricted

AdiabaticInvariant

Identifiers for properties of a physical system related to periodic phenomena that remains constant under slowly varying conditions.

Allowed Values:

MagneticMoment

BounceMotion

DriftMotion

AnnotationType

Identifiers for an classification of an annotation.

Allowed Values:

Anomaly

Event

Feature

ApplicationInterface

Identifiers for the type of interface for the application.

Allowed Values:

CLI

GUI

API

AssociationType

Identifiers for resource associations.

Allowed Values:

ChildEventOf

DerivedFrom

ObservedBy

Other

PartOf

RevisionOf

Availability

Identifiers for indicating the method or service which may be used to access the resource.

```
Allowed Values:
```

Offline

Online

ClassificationMethod

Identifiers for the technique used to determine the characteristics of an object.

Allowed Values:

Automatic

Inferred

Inspection

Comet

Identifiers for cometary objects.

Allowed Values:

1P-Halley

26P-Grigg-Skjellerup

67P-Churyumov-Gerasimenko

Component

Identifiers for the axis of coordinate systems.

Allowed Values:

<u>J</u> <u>K</u>

ConfidenceRating

Identifiers for the classification of the certainty of an assertion.

Allowed Values:

Probable

Strong

Unlikely

Weak

CoordinateRepresentation

Identifiers of the method or form for specifying a given point or vector in a given coordinate system.

Allowed Values:

Cartesian

Cylindrical

Spherical

CoordinateSystemName

Identifiers of the origin and orientation of a set of typically orthogonal axes.

Allowed Values:

Carrington

CGM

CSO

DM

ECD

ECEF

```
ENP
    GEI
    GEO
    GPHIO
    GSE
    GSEQ
    GSM
    HAE
    HCC
    HCI
    HCR
    HEE
    HEEQ
    HERTN
    <u>HG</u>
    HGI
    HGRTN
    HPC
    HPR
    HSM
    J2000
    JSM
    JSO
    KSM
    KSO
    LocalGeographic
    LocalGeomagnetic
    LGM
    MAG
    MFA
    MSO
    RTN
    <u>SC</u>
    SensorCoordinates
    <u>SE</u>
    SM
    SpacecraftOrbitPlane
    <u>SR</u>
    SR2
    SSE
    SSE L
    StonyhurstHeliographic
    TIIS
    VSO
    WGS84
Identifiers for the angle between a vector and a base axis.
Allowed Values:
```

DirectionAngle

<u>AzimuthAngle</u> **ElevationAngle PolarAngle**

DirectionCosine

Identifiers for the cosine of the angle between two vectors in a three dimensional Euclidean space.

```
Allowed Values:
```

```
<u>J</u>
K
```

DisplayType

Identifiers for types or classes of rendered data.

Allowed Values:

Image

<u>Plasmagram</u>

Spectrogram

StackPlot

TimeSeries

WaveForm

DocumentType

Identifiers for the characterization of the content or purpose of a document.

Allowed Values:

Convention

<u>Other</u>

Policy

Poster

Presentation

Report

Specification

TechnicalNote

WhitePaper

Earth

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the Earth.

Allowed Values:

Magnetosheath

Magnetosphere

Moon

NearSurface

Surface

Encoding

Identifiers for unambiguous rules that establishes the representation of information within a file.

Allowed Values:

ASCII

Base64

BZIP2

GZIP

None

S3 BUCKET

TAR

```
<u>Unicode</u>
ZIP
```

FieldQuantity

Identifiers for the physical attribute of the field.

Allowed Values:

Current

CurrentDensity

Electric

Electromagnetic

<u>Gyrofrequency</u>

Magnetic

PlasmaFrequency

Potential

PoyntingFlux

Format

Identifiers for data organized according to preset specifications.

Allowed Values:

<u>AVI</u>

Binary

CDF

CEF

CEF₁

CEF2

CSV

Excel

FITS

GIF

Hardcopy

HDF

HDF4

HDF5

HTML

IDFS

IDL

JPEG

JSON

MATLAB 4

MATLAB 6

MATLAB 7

MPEG

NCAR

NetCDF

<u>PD</u>F

PDS4

PDS3

PNG

Postscript

QuickTime

RINEX2

RINEX3

Text TFCat TIFF UDF VOTable XML

Hardcopy

Identifiers for permanent reproductions, or copy in the form of a physical object, of any media suitable for direct use by a person.

Allowed Values:

Film
Microfiche
Microfilm
Photograph
PhotographicPlate
Print

HashFunction

Identifiers for functions or algorithms that convert a digital data object into a hash value

Allowed Values:

MD5 SHA1 SHA256

Heliosphere

Identifiers for regions of the solar atmosphere which extends roughly from the inner corona to the edge of the solar plasma at the heliopause separating primarily solar plasma from interstellar plasma.

Allowed Values:

Heliosheath Inner NearEarth Outer Remote1AU

InstrumentType

Identifiers for the type of experiment the instrument performs. This is the technique of observation.

Allowed Values:

Antenna
Channeltron
Coronograph
DoubleSphere
DustDetector
ElectronDriftInstrument
ElectrostaticAnalyser
EnergeticParticleInstrument
Experiment
FaradayCup
FluxFeedback

<u>FourierTransformSpectrograph</u>

<u>GeigerMuellerTube</u>

<u>Imager</u>

ImagingSpectrometer

<u>Interferometer</u>

IonChamber

IonDrift

IonGauge

LangmuirProbe

Lidar

LongWire

<u>Magnetograph</u>

Magnetometer

MassSpectrometer

MicrochannelPlate

MultispectralImager

NeutralAtomImager

NeutralParticleDetector

ParticleCorrelator

ParticleDetector

Photometer

PhotomultiplierTube

Photopolarimeter

Platform

ProportionalCounter

QuadrisphericalAnalyser

Radar

Radiometer

ResonanceSounder

<u>RetardingPotentialAnalyser</u>

Riometer

ScintillationDetector

SearchCoil

SolidStateDetector

Sounder

SpacecraftPotentialControl

<u>SpectralPowerReceiver</u>

Spectrometer

TimeOfFlight

Unspecified

WaveformReceiver

Integral

Identifiers for values above a given threshold and over area or solid-angle range.

Allowed Values:

Area

Bandwidth

SolidAngle

Ionosphere

Identifiers for ionospheric regions.

Allowed Values:

DRegion ERegion FRegion Topside

Jupiter

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the planet Jupiter.

Allowed Values:

Callisto

Europa

Ganymede

lc

Magnetosphere

Magnetosphere

Identifiers for the region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet, and bounded by the magnetopause, that is under the direct influence of the magnetic field of a planet, moon, or asteroid.

Allowed Values:

Magnetotail

Main

<u>Plasmasphere</u>

Polar

RadiationBelt

RingCurrent

Mars

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the planet Mars.

Allowed Values:

Deimos

Magnetosphere

Phobos

MeasurementType

Identifiers for the method of making an estimated value of a quantity that forms the basis of an observation.

Allowed Values:

ActivityIndex

Dopplergram

Dust

ElectricField

EnergeticParticles

Ephemeris

ImageIntensity

InstrumentStatus

IonComposition

<u>Irradiance</u>

MagneticField

Magnetogram

NeutralAtomImages

NeutralGas

Profile

Radiance

Spectrum

SPICE

ThermalPlasma

Waves

Mercury

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the planet Mercury.

Allowed Values:

Magnetosphere

MixedQuantity

Identifiers for the combined attributes of a mixed parameter quantity.

Allowed Values:

AkasofuEpsilon

AlfvenMachNumber

<u>AlfvenVelocity</u>

FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio

IMFClockAngle

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Other

PlasmaBeta

SolarUVFlux

TotalPressure

VCrossB

NearSurface

Identifiers for regions of the gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude.

Allowed Values:

Atmosphere

<u>AuroralRegion</u>

EquatorialRegion

Ionosphere

Mesosphere

MidLatitudeRegion

<u>Plasmasphere</u>

PolarCap

SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion

Stratosphere

SubAuroralRegion

Thermosphere

Troposphere

Neptune

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the planet Neptune.

Allowed Values:

Magnetosphere

Proteus

Triton

ParameterQuantity

Identifiers for all types of parameter quantities

Allowed Values:

2DCuts

3DCubes

ACElectricField

ACMagneticField

Absorption

<u>ActivityIndex</u>

AdiabaticInvariant

Aerosol

AkasofuEpsilon

Albedo

AlfvenMachNumber

AlfvenVelocity

AlphaParticle

Antenna

ArrivalDirection

Atom

AtomicNumberDetected

<u>AverageChargeState</u>

AzimuthAngle

CaK

Channeltron

ChargeExchange

ChargeFlux

ChargeState

Coronograph

CountRate

Counts

CrossSection

Current

CurrentDensity

DataQuality

DissociativeRecombination

DopplerFrequency

Dopplergram

DoubleSphere

Dust

DustDetector

DynamicPressure

Electric

ElectricField

Electromagnetic

Electron

ElectronDriftInstrument

ElectronImpact

Electrostatic

ElectrostaticAnalyser

ElevationAngle

Emissivity

EnergeticParticleInstrument

EnergeticParticles

Energy

EnergyDensity

EnergyFlux

EnergyPerCharge

Entropy

Ephemeris

EquivalentWidth

Experiment

ExtremeUltraviolet

FarUltraviolet

<u>FaradayCup</u>

FlowSpeed

FlowVelocity

Fluence

FluxFeedback

FourierTransformSpectrograph

Frequency

<u>FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio</u>

GammaRays

<u>GeigerMuellerTube</u>

GeometricFactor

Gyrofrequency

Halpha

HardXRays

He10830

He304

HeatFlux

Housekeeping

Hydrodynamic

IMFClockAngle

<u>ImageIntensity</u>

<u>Imager</u>

ImagingSpectrometer

Infrared

<u>InstrumentMode</u>

InstrumentStatus

Intensity

Interferometer

Ion

IonChamber

IonComposition

IonDrift

IonGauge

Irradiance

K7699

LBHBand

LShell

LangmuirProbe

Lidar

LineDepth

<u>Lines</u>

LongWire

<u>LowerHybridFrequency</u>

MHD

Magnetic

MagneticField

Magnetogram

Magnetograph

<u>Magnetometer</u>

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Mass

MassDensity

MassNumber

MassPerCharge

MassSpectrometer

MicrochannelPlate

Microwave

ModeAmplitude

Molecule

<u>MultispectralImager</u>

<u>Muon</u>

<u>NaD</u>

NeutralAtomImager

NeutralAtomImages

NeutralGas

NeutralParticleDetector

Neutron

Ni6768

NumberDensity

NumberFlux

Optical

Orientation

Other

ParticleCorrelator

ParticleDetector

Particle Radius

ParticleRigidity

PhaseSpaceDensity

Photolonization

Photometer

PhotomultiplierTube

Photon

Photopolarimeter

PlasmaBeta

<u>PlasmaFrequency</u>

PlasmaWaves

Platform

PolarAngle

Polarization

Positional

Positron

Potential

PoyntingFlux

Pressure

Profile

PropagationTime

ProportionalCounter

Proton

QuadrisphericalAnalyser

Radar

Radiance

RadioFrequency

Radiometer

Rate

Remark

ResonanceSounder

<u>RetardingPotentialAnalyser</u>

Riometer

RotationMatrix

SPICE

ScintillationDetector

SearchCoil

SoftXRays

SolarUVFlux

SolidStateDetector

SonicMachNumber

SoundSpeed

Sounder

SpacecraftPotentialControl

SpatialSeries

Spectra

SpectralPowerReceiver

Spectrometer

Spectrum

SpinPeriod

SpinPhase

SpinRate

StokesParameters

Telemetry

Temperature

Temporal

ThermalPlasma

ThermalSpeed

TimeOfFlight

TimeSeries

TotalPressure

Ultraviolet

Unspecified

<u>UpperHybridFrequency</u>

VCrossB

Velocity

VolumeEmissionRate

WaveformReceiver

Wavelength

Waves

WebResource

WebService WhiteLight XRays

ParticleQuantity

Identifiers for the characterization of the physical properties of the particle.

Allowed Values:

AdiabaticInvariant

ArrivalDirection

AtomicNumberDetected

AverageChargeState

ChargeFlux

ChargeState

CountRate

Counts

Current

CurrentDensity

<u>DynamicPressure</u>

Energy

Entropy

EnergyDensity

EnergyFlux

EnergyPerCharge

FlowSpeed

FlowVelocity

Fluence

GeometricFactor

Gyrofrequency

HeatFlux

LShell

Mass

MassDensity

MassNumber

MassPerCharge

NumberDensity

NumberFlux

ParticleRadius

ParticleRigidity

PhaseSpaceDensity

PlasmaFrequency

Pressure

SonicMachNumber

SoundSpeed

Temperature

ThermalSpeed

Velocity

ParticleType

Identifiers for the characterization of the kind of particle observed by the measurement.

Allowed Values:

Aerosol

<u>AlphaParticle</u>

Atom

Dust

Electron

<u>lon</u>

Molecule

Muon

Neutron

Proton

Positron

PhenomenonType

Identifiers for the characteristics or categorization of an observation. Note: Joe King to provide.

Allowed Values:

ActiveRegion

Aurora

BowShockCrossing

CoronalHole

CoronalMassEjection

EITWave

EnergeticSolarParticleEvent

ForbushDecrease

GeomagneticStorm

<u>InterplanetaryCoronalMassEjection</u>

InterplanetaryShock

MagneticCloud

MagnetopauseCrossing

RadioBurst

SectorBoundaryCrossing

SolarFlare

SolarWindExtreme

StreamInteractionRegion

Substorm

ProcCoeffType

Whether the model results are obtained from a stationary solution or are dynamically computed.

Allowed Values:

CrossSection

Frequency

Other

Rate

ProcessingLevel

Identifiers to characterize the amount and type of manipulation which has been applied to the sampled data.

Allowed Values:

Calibrated

Raw

Uncalibrated

ValueAdded

ProcessType

Type of chemical process.

Allowed Values:

ChargeExchange

DissociativeRecombination

ElectronImpact

Photolonization

Product

Type of article or asset.

Allowed Values:

2DCuts

3DCubes

Lines

SpatialSeries

Spectra

TimeSeries

Projection

Identifiers to projections into a coordinate system.

Allowed Values:

IJ

<u>IK</u>

JK

Qualifier

Identifiers for terms which refine the type or attribute of a quantity.

Allowed Values:

Incident

<u>Anisotropy</u>

Array

AutoSpectrum

<u>Average</u>

Characteristic

Circular

Coherence

Column

Component

Confidence

Core

CrossSpectrum

Deviation

Differential

Direction

Directional

DirectionAngle

DirectionCosine

EncodedParameter

FieldAligned

Fit

Group

Halo

<u>ImaginaryPart</u>

<u>Integral</u>

Linear

LineOfSight

<u>Magnitude</u>

Maximum

Median

Minimum

Moment

Parallel

Peak

<u>Perpendicular</u>

Perturbation

Phase

PhaseAngle

PowerSpectralDensity

Projection

<u>Pseudo</u>

Ratio

RealPart

Scalar

Spectral

StandardDeviation

StokesParameters

Strahl

Superhalo

Symmetric

Tensor

Total

Trace

Uncertainty

Variance

Vector

Region

Identifiers for areas of the physical world which may be occupied or observed.

Allowed Values:

<u>Asteroid</u>

Comet

Earth

Heliosphere

Interstellar

Jupiter

<u>Mars</u>

Mercury

Neptune

Pluto

Saturn

Sun

<u>Uranus</u>

Venus

RenderingAxis

Identifiers for the reference component of a plot or rendering of data.

Allowed Values:

ColorBar

Horizontal

Vertical

Role

Identifiers for the assigned or assumed function or position of an individual.

Allowed Values:

<u>Author</u>

ArchiveSpecialist

Colnvestigator

CoPI

Contributor

DataProducer

DeputyPI

Developer

FormerPI

GeneralContact

HostContact

InstrumentLead

InstrumentScientist

MetadataContact

<u>MissionManager</u>

<u>MissionPrincipalInvestigator</u>

PrincipalInvestigator

<u>ProgramManager</u>

ProgramScientist

ProjectEngineer

ProjectManager

ProjectScientist

Publisher

Scientist

TeamLeader

TeamMember

TechnicalContact

User

Saturn

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the planet Saturn.

Allowed Values:

Dione

Enceladus

<u>lapetus</u>

Magnetosphere

Mimas

Rhea

Tethys

Titan

SavedQuantity

Quantities that are saved during a given diagnosis.

Allowed Values:

2DCuts

3DCubes

ACElectricField

ACMagneticField

<u>Absorption</u>

AdiabaticInvariant

AkasofuEpsilon

Albedo

<u>AlfvenMachNumber</u>

AlfvenVelocity

ArrivalDirection

AtomicNumberDetected

<u>AverageChargeState</u>

ChargeFlux

ChargeState

CountRate

Counts

Current

CurrentDensity

DopplerFrequency

DynamicPressure

Electric

Electromagnetic

Emissivity

Energy

EnergyDensity

EnergyFlux

EnergyPerCharge

Entropy

EquivalentWidth

FlowSpeed

FlowVelocity

Fluence

<u>Frequency</u>

FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio

GeometricFactor

Gyrofrequency

HeatFlux

IMFClockAngle

Intensity

LShell

LineDepth

Lines

<u>LowerHybridFrequency</u>

Magnetic

MagneticField

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Mass

MassDensity

MassNumber

MassPerCharge

ModeAmplitude

NumberDensity

NumberFlux

Other

ParticleRadius

Particle Rigidity

PhaseSpaceDensity

PlasmaBeta

<u>PlasmaFrequency</u>

Polarization

Potential

PoyntingFlux

Pressure

PropagationTime

SolarUVFlux

SonicMachNumber

SoundSpeed

SpatialSeries

Spectra

StokesParameters

Temperature

ThermalSpeed

TimeSeries

TotalPressure

<u>UpperHybridFrequency</u>

VCrossB

Velocity

VolumeEmissionRate

Wavelength

ScaleType

Identifiers for scaling applied to a set of numbers.

Allowed Values:

LinearScale

LogScale

ModeledRegion

Identifiers for areas of the physical world which may be occupied or observed.

Allowed Values:

Asteroid

Callisto

Comet

Earth

Enceladus

Europa

<u>Ganymede</u>

<u>Heliosphere</u>

Incident

Interstellar

<u>lo</u>

Jupiter
Mars
Mercury
Neptune
Planet
Pluto
Rhea
Saturn
Sun
Titan

<u>Uranus</u> Venus

Title

ModelType

A characterization of the numerical scheme used in the model.

Allowed Values:

AOGCM

Electrohydrodynamic

Empirical

GCM

Hybrid

MHD

NonHydrostatic

PIC

Paraboloid

TestParticle

SourceType

Identifiers for the characterization of the function or purpose of a source.

Allowed Values:

Ancillary

Browse

Data

Layout

Thumbnail

SpecificModeledRegion

Identifiers for areas of the physical world which may be occupied or observed.

Allowed Values:

Callisto

Enceladus

Europa

Ganymede

<u>lo</u>

Planet

Rhea

Titan

Incident

Title

SpectralRange

Identifiers for names associated with wavelengths. Based on the ISO 21348 Solar Irradiance Standard. Additions have been made to extend the frequency ranges to include those used in space physics. Those additions are indicated in blue text. The "Total Solar Irradiance" category has not been included since it is a type of measurement and not a specific spectral range. See Appendix A: Comparison of Spectrum Domains for a comparison of the spectral ranges with other systems.

Allowed Values:

CaK

ExtremeUltraviolet

FarUltraviolet

GammaRays

Halpha

HardXRays

He10830

He304

Infrared

K7699

LBHBand

Microwave

NaD

Ni6768

Optical

RadioFrequency

SoftXRays

Ultraviolet

WhiteLight

<u>XRays</u>

Style

Identifiers for the manner in which a response from a URL is presented.

Allowed Values:

EPNTAP

File

Git

HAPI

Listing

Search

TAP

Template

Overview

WebService

Sun

Identifiers for regions of the star upon which our solar system is centered.

Allowed Values:

Chromosphere

Corona

Interior

Photosphere

TransitionRegion

SupportQuantity

Identifiers for the information useful in understanding the context of an observation, typically observed or measured coincidentally with a physical observation.

Allowed Values:

DataQuality

Housekeeping

InstrumentMode

Orientation

Other

Positional

Remark

RotationMatrix

SpinPeriod

SpinPhase

SpinRate

<u>Telemetry</u>

Temporal

Velocity

WebResource

WebService

Symmetry

Symmetry of the model domain.

Allowed Values:

Axial

Central

None

Plane

Text

Identifiers for the encoding of sequences of characters.

Allowed Values:

ASCII

Unicode

Uranus

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the planet Uranus.

Allowed Values:

Ariel

Magnetosphere

Miranda

<u>Oberon</u>

Puck

Titania

Umbriel

Venus

Identifiers for the regions surrounding the planet Venus.

Allowed Values:

Magnetosphere

WaveQuantity

Identifiers for the characterization of the physical properties of a wave.

Allowed Values: Absorption **ACElectricField ACMagneticField** Albedo **DopplerFrequency Emissivity EnergyFlux EquivalentWidth Frequency Gyrofrequency** <u>Intensity</u> <u>LineDepth</u> <u>LowerHybridFrequency</u> **MagneticField** ModeAmplitude PlasmaFrequency Polarization **PoyntingFlux PropagationTime StokesParameters** <u>UpperHybridFrequency</u> **Velocity** VolumeEmissionRate Wavelength Waves Identifiers for experimental and natural wave phenomena. Allowed Values: Active **Passive**

WaveType

Identifiers for the carrier or phenomenum of wave information observed by the measurement.

Allowed Values:

Electromagnetic

Electrostatic

Hydrodynamic

MHD

Photon

<u>PlasmaWaves</u>

ΥN

Yes or No

Allowed Values:

No

Yes

8. Data Model Tree

The taxonomy tree shows the inter-relationship of elements in the data model. This provides a "big picture" view of the SPASE data model. The taxonomy is implementation neutral. Details for each element are contained in the SPASE data dictionary.

Notes: Occurrence specifications are enclosed in parenthesis: 0 = optional, 1 = required, * = zero or more, + = 1 or more

```
+ Spase (1)
     + Version (1)
     + Catalog (+)
           + ResourceID (1)
           + ResourceHeader (1)
                + ResourceName (1)
                + AlternateName (*)
                + DOI(0)
                + ReleaseDate (1)
                + RevisionHistory (0)
                      + RevisionEvent (+)
                           + ReleaseDate (1)
                           + Note (1)
                + ExpirationDate (0)
                + Description (1)
                + Acknowledgement (0)
                + PublicationInfo (0)
                      + Title (0)
                      + Authors (1)
                      + PublicationDate (1)
                      + PublishedBy (1)
                      + LandingPageURL (0)
                + Funding (*)
                      + Agency (1)
                      + Project (1)
                      + AwardNumber (0)
                + Contact (+)
                      + PersonID (1)
                      + Role (+)
                      + StartDate (0)
                      + StopDate (0)
                      + Note (0)
                + InformationURL (*)
                      + Name (0)
                      + URL (1)
                      + Description (0)
                      + Language (0)
                + Association (*)
                      + AssociationID (1)
                      + AssociationType (1)
                      + Note (0)
```

```
+ <u>PriorID</u> (*)
+ AccessInformation (+)
     + RepositoryID (1)
     + Availability (0)
     + AccessRights (0)
     + AccessURL (+)
           + Name (0)
           + URL (1)
           + Style (0)
           + ProductKey (*)
           + Description (0)
           + Language (0)
     + Format (+)
     + Encoding (0)
     + AccessDirectoryTemplate (0)
     + AccessFilenameTemplate (0)
     + DataExtent (0)
           + Quantity (1)
           + Units (0)
           + Per (0)
     + Acknowledgement (0)
+ ProviderName (0)
+ ProviderResourceName (0)
+ ProviderVersion (0)
+ InstrumentID (*)
+ PhenomenonType (+)
+ TimeSpan (0)
     + StartDate (1)
     + StopDate (1)
     + RelativeStopDate (1)
     + Note (*)
+ Caveats (0)
+ Keyword (*)
+ InputResourceID (*)
+ Parameter (*)
     + Name (1)
     + <u>Set</u> (*)
     + ParameterKey (0)
     + Description (0)
     + <u>UCD</u> (0)
     + Caveats (0)
     + Cadence (0)
     + CadenceMin (0)
     + CadenceMax (0)
     + Units (0)
     + UnitsConversion (0)
     + CoordinateSystem (0)
           + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
           + CoordinateSystemName (1)
     + RenderingHints (*)
           + DisplayType (0)
           + AxisLabel (0)
```

```
+ RenderingAxis (0)
     + Index (0)
     + ValueFormat (0)
     + ScaleMin (0)
     + ScaleMax (0)
     + ScaleType (0)
+ Structure (0)
     + Size (1)
     + Description (0)
     + Element (*)
           + Name (1)
           + Qualifier (*)
           + Index (1)
           + ParameterKey (0)
           + <u>Units</u> (0)
           + UnitsConversion (0)
           + ValidMin (0)
           + ValidMax (0)
           + FillValue (0)
           + RenderingHints (0)
                 + DisplayType (0)
                 + AxisLabel (0)
                 + RenderingAxis (0)
                 + Index (0)
                 + ValueFormat (0)
                 + ScaleMin (0)
                 + ScaleMax (0)
                 + ScaleType (0)
+ ValidMin (0)
+ ValidMax (0)
+ FillValue (0)
+ Field (1)
     + Qualifier (*)
     + FieldQuantity (1)
     + FrequencyRange (0)
           + SpectralRange (0)
           + <u>Low</u> (1)
           + High (1)
           + <u>Units</u> (1)
           + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
+ Particle (1)
     + ParticleType (+)
     + Qualifier (*)
     + ParticleQuantity (1)
     + AtomicNumber (*)
     + EnergyRange (0)
           + Low (1)
           + High (1)
           + Units (1)
```

```
+ <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + Low (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + AzimuthalAngleRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + <u>Low</u> (1)
                   + High (1)
      + PolarAngleRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + Units (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + <u>Low</u> (1)
                   + High (1)
      + MassRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + Low (1)
                   + High (1)
      + PitchAngleRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
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                   + <u>Low</u> (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + ChemicalFormula (0)
      + Population (0)
      + PopulationMassNumber (0)
      + PopulationChargeState (0)
      + SourceRegion (*)
      + SourceRegionExtent (*)
+ Wave (1)
      + WaveType (0)
      + Qualifier (*)
      + WaveQuantity (1)
      + EnergyRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
            + High (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + Bin (*)
                   + BandName (0)
```

```
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                           + High (1)
                + FrequencyRange (0)
                      + SpectralRange (0)
                      + <u>Low</u> (1)
                      + High (1)
                      + Units (1)
                      + Bin (*)
                           + BandName (0)
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                           + High (1)
                + WavelengthRange (0)
                      + SpectralRange (0)
                      + Low (1)
                      + High (1)
                      + Units (1)
                      + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                           + BandName (0)
                           + Low (1)
                           + High (1)
                + SourceRegion (*)
                + SourceRegionExtent (*)
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                + MixedQuantity (1)
                + ParticleType (*)
                + Qualifier (*)
           + Support (1)
                + Qualifier (*)
                + SupportQuantity (1)
           + SpatialCoverage (*)
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                      + CoordinateSystemName (1)
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                + NorthernmostLatitude (0)
                + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
                + CenterLongitude (0)
                + EasternmostLongitude (0)
                + WesternmostLongitude (0)
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+ DisplayData (+)
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           + ReleaseDate (1)
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           + Role (+)
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           + StopDate (0)
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           + URL (1)
           + Description (0)
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           + AssociationType (1)
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+ AccessInformation (+)
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     + AccessRights (0)
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           + <u>URL</u> (1)
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     + Format (+)
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+ ProviderVersion (0)
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          + StopDate (1)
           + RelativeStopDate (1)
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     + CadenceMax (0)
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     + ExposureMin (0)
     + ExposureMax (0)
+ SpectralRange (*)
+ DisplayCadence (0)
+ ObservedRegion (*)
+ SpatialCoverage (*)
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           + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
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     + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
     + CenterLongitude (0)
     + EasternmostLongitude (0)
     + WesternmostLongitude (0)
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     + MaximumElevation (0)
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+ <u>Caveats</u> (0)
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+ Parameter (*)
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     + Set (*)
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     + Units (0)
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     + ScaleMax (0)
     + ScaleType (0)
+ Structure (0)
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           + Qualifier (*)
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+ ValidMax (0)
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           + High (1)
           + Units (1)
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                 + High (1)
+ Particle (1)
     + ParticleType (+)
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            + High (1)
            + Units (1)
            + Bin (*)
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                   + High (1)
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            + High (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + Bin (*)
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                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + PolarAngleRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + Units (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
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                   + Low (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + MassRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + <u>Low</u> (1)
                   + High (1)
      + PitchAngleRange (0)
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            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
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                   + <u>High</u> (1)
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      + PopulationMassNumber (0)
      + PopulationChargeState (0)
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      + SourceRegionExtent (*)
+ Wave (1)
      + WaveType (0)
      + Qualifier (*)
```

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                 + High (1)
                 + <u>Units</u> (1)
                 + <u>Bin</u> (*)
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                       + Low (1)
                       + High (1)
           + FrequencyRange (0)
                 + SpectralRange (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
                 + <u>Units</u> (1)
                 + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                       + BandName (0)
                       + <u>Low</u> (1)
                       + High (1)
           + WavelengthRange (0)
                 + SpectralRange (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + <u>High</u> (1)
                 + Units (1)
                 + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                       + BandName (0)
                       + Low (1)
                      + <u>High</u> (1)
           + SourceRegion (*)
           + SourceRegionExtent (*)
     + Mixed (1)
           + MixedQuantity (1)
           + ParticleType (*)
           + Qualifier (*)
     + Support (1)
           + Qualifier (*)
           + SupportQuantity (1)
     + SpatialCoverage (*)
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                 + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
                 + CoordinateSystemName (1)
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           + NorthernmostLatitude (0)
           + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
           + CenterLongitude (0)
           + EasternmostLongitude (0)
           + WesternmostLongitude (0)
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+ Extension (*)
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                + Role (+)
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                + StopDate (0)
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           + Association (*)
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+ ProviderResourceName (0)
+ ProviderProcessingLevel (0)
+ ProviderVersion (0)
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+ TemporalDescription (0)
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           + StopDate (1)
           + RelativeStopDate (1)
           + Note (*)
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     + CadenceMin (0)
     + CadenceMax (0)
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     + ExposureMin (0)
     + ExposureMax (0)
+ SpectralRange (*)
+ ObservedRegion (*)
+ SpatialCoverage (*)
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           + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
           + CoordinateSystemName (1)
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     + NorthernmostLatitude (0)
     + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
     + CenterLongitude (0)
     + EasternmostLongitude (0)
     + WesternmostLongitude (0)
     + CenterElevation (0)
     + MinimumElevation (0)
     + MaximumElevation (0)
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+ <u>Caveats</u> (0)
+ Keyword (*)
+ InputResourceID (*)
+ Parameter (*)
     + Name (1)
     + Set (*)
     + ParameterKey (0)
     + Description (0)
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+ CadenceMin (0)
+ CadenceMax (0)
+ Units (0)
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     + RenderingAxis (0)
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     + ScaleMax (0)
     + ScaleType (0)
+ Structure (0)
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           + Qualifier (*)
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+ ValidMax (0)
+ FillValue (0)
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     + FrequencyRange (0)
           + SpectralRange (0)
           + Low (1)
           + High (1)
           + Units (1)
```

```
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                    + BandName (0)
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                   + <u>High</u> (1)
+ Particle (1)
      + ParticleType (+)
      + Qualifier (*)
      + ParticleQuantity (1)
      + AtomicNumber (*)
      + EnergyRange (0)
             + <u>Low</u> (1)
             + High (1)
             + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                    + BandName (0)
                    + Low (1)
                    + High (1)
      + AzimuthalAngleRange (0)
             + <u>Low</u> (1)
             + High (1)
             + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                    + Low (1)
                    + <u>High</u> (1)
      + PolarAngleRange (0)
             + <u>Low</u> (1)
             + High (1)
             + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                    + Low (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + MassRange (0)
             + <u>Low</u> (1)
             + High (1)
             + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                    + BandName (0)
                    + <u>Low</u> (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + PitchAngleRange (0)
             + <u>Low</u> (1)
             + <u>High</u> (1)
             + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + Bin (*)
                    + BandName (0)
                    + <u>Low</u> (1)
                    + High (1)
      + ChemicalFormula (0)
      + Population (0)
      + PopulationMassNumber (0)
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     + SourceRegionExtent (*)
+ Wave (1)
     + WaveType (0)
     + Qualifier (*)
     + WaveQuantity (1)
     + EnergyRange (0)
           + Low (1)
           + High (1)
           + <u>Units</u> (1)
           + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
     + FrequencyRange (0)
           + SpectralRange (0)
           + <u>Low</u> (1)
           + <u>High</u> (1)
           + Units (1)
           + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
      + WavelengthRange (0)
           + SpectralRange (0)
           + <u>Low</u> (1)
           + High (1)
           + <u>Units</u> (1)
           + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
     + SourceRegion (*)
     + SourceRegionExtent (*)
+ Mixed (1)
     + MixedQuantity (1)
     + ParticleType (*)
     + Qualifier (*)
+ Support (1)
     + Qualifier (*)
     + SupportQuantity (1)
+ SpatialCoverage (*)
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           + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
           + CoordinateSystemName (1)
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     + NorthernmostLatitude (0)
     + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
     + CenterLongitude (0)
     + EasternmostLongitude (0)
     + WesternmostLongitude (0)
```

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+ Granule (+)
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     + StopDate (1)
     + SpatialCoverage (*)
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                + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
                + CoordinateSystemName (1)
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          + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
          + CenterLongitude (0)
          + EasternmostLongitude (0)
          + WesternmostLongitude (0)
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          + MirrorURL (*)
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                + HashFunction (1)
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                + Per (0)
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     + RegionEnd (1)
+ Instrument (+)
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                + RevisionEvent (+)
                     + ReleaseDate (1)
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                + Project (1)
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                + PersonID (1)
                + Role (+)
                + StartDate (0)
                + StopDate (0)
                + Note (0)
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                + Name (0)
                + URL (1)
                + Description (0)
                + Language (0)
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                + AssociationID (1)
                + AssociationType (1)
                + Note (0)
           + PriorID (*)
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     + InstrumentGroupID (0)
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     + OperatingSpan (*)
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          + Note (*)
     + ObservatoryID (1)
     + Caveats (0)
     + Extension (*)
+ Observatory (+)
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                + StopDate (0)
                + Note (0)
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                + AssociationID (1)
                + AssociationType (1)
                + Note (0)
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           + ObservatoryRegion (+)
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           + Longitude (0)
           + Elevation (0)
     + OperatingSpan (*)
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           + StopDate (0)
           + Note (*)
     + Extension (*)
+ Person (+)
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     + OrganizationName (1)
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     + Email (*)
     + PhoneNumber (*)
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     + ORCIdentifier (0)
     + Note (0)
     + Extension (*)
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                      + Note (1)
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           + Acknowledgement (0)
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                + Authors (1)
                + PublicationDate (1)
                + PublishedBy (1)
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                + Agency (1)
                + Project (1)
                + AwardNumber (0)
           + Contact (+)
                + PersonID (1)
                + Role (+)
                + StartDate (0)
                + StopDate (0)
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           + Association (*)
                + AssociationID (1)
                + AssociationType (1)
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          + ProductKey (*)
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+ Repository (+)
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           + ResourceName (1)
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                 + Project (1)
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           + Contact (+)
                 + PersonID (1)
                 + Role (+)
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                 + StopDate (0)
                 + Note (0)
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                 + Language (0)
           + Association (*)
                 + AssociationID (1)
                 + AssociationType (1)
                 + Note (0)
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           + Description (0)
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+ Service (+)
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           + RevisionHistory (0)
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+ Caveats (0)
+ Keyword (*)
+ InputResourceID (*)
+ Parameter (*)
     + Name (1)
     + <u>Set</u> (*)
     + ParameterKey (0)
     + Description (0)
     + UCD (0)
     + Caveats (0)
     + Cadence (0)
     + CadenceMin (0)
     + CadenceMax (0)
     + Units (0)
     + UnitsConversion (0)
     + CoordinateSystem (0)
           + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
           + CoordinateSystemName (1)
     + RenderingHints (*)
           + DisplayType (0)
           + AxisLabel (0)
           + RenderingAxis (0)
           + Index (0)
           + ValueFormat (0)
           + ScaleMin (0)
           + ScaleMax (0)
           + ScaleType (0)
     + Structure (0)
           + <u>Size</u> (1)
           + Description (0)
           + Element (*)
                + Name (1)
                + Qualifier (*)
```

```
+ <u>Index</u> (1)
            + ParameterKey (0)
            + Units (0)
            + UnitsConversion (0)
            + ValidMin (0)
            + ValidMax (0)
            + FillValue (0)
            + RenderingHints (0)
                  + DisplayType (0)
                  + AxisLabel (0)
                  + RenderingAxis (0)
                  + Index (0)
                  + ValueFormat (0)
                  + ScaleMin (0)
                  + ScaleMax (0)
                  + ScaleType (0)
+ ValidMin (0)
+ ValidMax (0)
+ Fill Value (0)
+ Field (1)
      + Qualifier (*)
      + FieldQuantity (1)
      + FrequencyRange (0)
            + SpectralRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + Low (1)
                  + High (1)
+ Particle (1)
      + ParticleType (+)
      + Qualifier (*)
      + ParticleQuantity (1)
      + AtomicNumber (*)
      + EnergyRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + Units (1)
            + Bin (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + <u>Low</u> (1)
                  + <u>High</u> (1)
      + AzimuthalAngleRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + High (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + Low (1)
                  + High (1)
```

```
+ PolarAngleRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
            + High (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + <u>Low</u> (1)
                  + High (1)
      + MassRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + High (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + Bin (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + <u>Low</u> (1)
                  + <u>High</u> (1)
      + PitchAngleRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + Units (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + Low (1)
                  + High (1)
      + ChemicalFormula (0)
      + Population (0)
      + PopulationMassNumber (0)
      + PopulationChargeState (0)
      + SourceRegion (*)
      + SourceRegionExtent (*)
+ Wave (1)
      + WaveType (0)
      + Qualifier (*)
      + WaveQuantity (1)
      + EnergyRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + <u>Low</u> (1)
                  + High (1)
      + FrequencyRange (0)
            + SpectralRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + Bin (*)
                  + BandName (0)
                  + Low (1)
                  + High (1)
      + WavelengthRange (0)
```

```
+ SpectralRange (0)
                      + Low (1)
                      + High (1)
                      + <u>Units</u> (1)
                      + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                            + BandName (0)
                            + Low (1)
                            + High (1)
                 + SourceRegion (*)
                + SourceRegionExtent (*)
           + Mixed (1)
                + MixedQuantity (1)
                + ParticleType (*)
                 + Qualifier (*)
           + <u>Support</u> (1)
                 + Qualifier (*)
                + SupportQuantity (1)
           + SpatialCoverage (*)
                + CoordinateSystem (1)
                      + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
                      + CoordinateSystemName (1)
                 + CenterLatitude (0)
                 + NorthernmostLatitude (0)
                + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
                + CenterLongitude (0)
                 + EasternmostLongitude (0)
                + WesternmostLongitude (0)
                + CenterElevation (0)
                + MinimumElevation (0)
                + MaximumElevation (0)
                + Acknowledgement (0)
                + Description (0)
     + ModelProduct (0)
     + Property (*)
           + Name (0)
           + Description (0)
           + Caveats (0)
           + PropertyQuantity (1)
           + Qualifier (*)
           + Units (0)
           + UnitsConversion (0)
           + PropertyLabel (0)
           + PropertyValue (0)
           + PropertyTableURL (0)
           + ValidMin (0)
           + ValidMax (0)
           + PropertyModel (0)
           + ModelURL (0)
     + Extension (0)
+ NumericalOutput (+)
     + ResourceID (1)
     + ResourceHeader (1)
```

```
+ ResourceName (1)
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     + ReleaseDate (1)
     + RevisionHistory (0)
           + RevisionEvent (+)
                + ReleaseDate (1)
                + Note (1)
     + ExpirationDate (0)
     + Description (1)
     + Acknowledgement (0)
     + PublicationInfo (0)
           + Title (0)
          + Authors (1)
          + PublicationDate (1)
           + PublishedBy (1)
           + LandingPageURL (0)
     + Funding (*)
           + <u>Agency</u> (1)
           + Project (1)
           + AwardNumber (0)
     + Contact (+)
           + PersonID (1)
           + Role (+)
          + StartDate (0)
           + StopDate (0)
           + Note (0)
     + InformationURL (*)
          + Name (0)
          + URL (1)
          + Description (0)
           + Language (0)
     + Association (*)
           + AssociationID (1)
           + AssociationType (1)
           + Note (0)
     + <u>PriorID</u> (*)
+ AccessInformation (+)
     + RepositoryID (1)
     + Availability (0)
     + AccessRights (0)
     + AccessURL (+)
           + Name (0)
           + URL (1)
          + Style (0)
           + ProductKey (*)
           + Description (0)
           + Language (0)
     + Format (+)
     + Encoding (0)
     + AccessDirectoryTemplate (0)
     + AccessFilenameTemplate (0)
```

```
+ DataExtent (0)
           + Quantity (1)
           + Units (0)
           + Per (0)
     + Acknowledgement (0)
+ ProcessingLevel (0)
+ ProviderResourceName (0)
+ ProviderProcessingLevel (0)
+ ProviderVersion (0)
+ ModeledInstrumentID (*)
+ MeasurementType (+)
+ TemporalDescription (0)
     + TimeSpan (1)
           + StartDate (1)
           + StopDate (1)
           + RelativeStopDate (1)
           + Note (*)
     + Cadence (0)
     + CadenceMin (0)
     + CadenceMax (0)
     + Exposure (0)
     + ExposureMin (0)
     + ExposureMax (0)
+ SpatialDescription (0)
     + Dimension (1)
     + CoordinateSystem (1)
           + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
           + CoordinateSystemName (1)
     + <u>Units</u> (1)
     + UnitsConversion (0)
     + CoordinatesLabel (0)
     + CutsDescription (1)
     + CubesDescription (1)
     + PlaneNormalVector (1)
     + PlanePoint (1)
     + RegionBegin (1)
     + RegionEnd (1)
     + Step (0)
+ SpectralRange (*)
+ ModeledRegion (*)
+ Caveats (0)
+ Keyword (*)
+ InputResourceID (*)
+ Parameter (*)
     + Name (1)
     + Set (*)
     + ParameterKey (0)
     + Description (0)
     + <u>UCD</u> (0)
     + Caveats (0)
     + Cadence (0)
     + CadenceMin (0)
```

```
+ CadenceMax (0)
+ Units (0)
+ UnitsConversion (0)
+ CoordinateSystem (0)
      + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
     + CoordinateSystemName (1)
+ RenderingHints (*)
      + DisplayType (0)
      + AxisLabel (0)
     + RenderingAxis (0)
     + <u>Index</u> (0)
     + ValueFormat (0)
     + ScaleMin (0)
      + ScaleMax (0)
      + ScaleType (0)
+ Structure (0)
     + <u>Size</u> (1)
      + Description (0)
      + Element (*)
           + Name (1)
           + Qualifier (*)
           + Index (1)
           + ParameterKey (0)
           + Units (0)
           + UnitsConversion (0)
           + ValidMin (0)
           + ValidMax (0)
           + FillValue (0)
           + RenderingHints (0)
                 + DisplayType (0)
                 + AxisLabel (0)
                 + RenderingAxis (0)
                 + <u>Index</u> (0)
                 + ValueFormat (0)
                 + ScaleMin (0)
                 + ScaleMax (0)
                 + ScaleType (0)
+ ValidMin (0)
+ ValidMax (0)
+ FillValue (0)
+ Field (1)
      + Qualifier (*)
      + FieldQuantity (1)
      + FrequencyRange (0)
           + SpectralRange (0)
           + <u>Low</u> (1)
           + High (1)
           + <u>Units</u> (1)
           + Bin (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
```

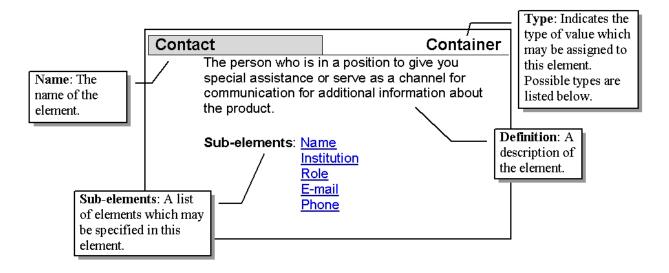
```
+ Particle (1)
      + ParticleType (+)
      + Qualifier (*)
      + ParticleQuantity (1)
      + AtomicNumber (*)
      + EnergyRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
             + High (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + Bin (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + <u>Low</u> (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + AzimuthalAngleRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + Bin (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + <u>Low</u> (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + PolarAngleRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
            + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + Low (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + MassRange (0)
            + Low (1)
            + <u>High</u> (1)
             + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + Low (1)
                   + <u>High</u> (1)
      + PitchAngleRange (0)
            + <u>Low</u> (1)
             + High (1)
            + <u>Units</u> (1)
             + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                   + BandName (0)
                   + Low (1)
                   + High (1)
      + ChemicalFormula (0)
      + Population (0)
      + PopulationMassNumber (0)
      + PopulationChargeState (0)
      + SourceRegion (*)
      + SourceRegionExtent (*)
+ Wave (1)
```

```
+ WaveType (0)
     + Qualifier (*)
     + WaveQuantity (1)
     + EnergyRange (0)
           + <u>Low</u> (1)
           + High (1)
           + Units (1)
           + Bin (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                 + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
     + FrequencyRange (0)
           + SpectralRange (0)
           + Low (1)
           + <u>High</u> (1)
           + Units (1)
           + <u>Bin</u> (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                + Low (1)
                 + High (1)
     + WavelengthRange (0)
           + SpectralRange (0)
           + Low (1)
           + High (1)
           + <u>Units</u> (1)
           + Bin (*)
                 + BandName (0)
                 + Low (1)
                + <u>High</u> (1)
     + SourceRegion (*)
     + SourceRegionExtent (*)
+ Mixed (1)
     + MixedQuantity (1)
     + ParticleType (*)
     + Qualifier (*)
+ Support (1)
     + Qualifier (*)
     + SupportQuantity (1)
+ SpatialCoverage (*)
     + CoordinateSystem (1)
           + CoordinateRepresentation (1)
           + CoordinateSystemName (1)
     + CenterLatitude (0)
     + NorthernmostLatitude (0)
     + SouthernmostLatitude (0)
     + CenterLongitude (0)
     + EasternmostLongitude (0)
     + WesternmostLongitude (0)
     + CenterElevation (0)
     + MinimumElevation (0)
     + MaximumElevation (0)
     + Acknowledgement (0)
```

1	
i	+ ModelProduct (0)
i	+ Property (*)
i	+ <u>Name</u> (0)
i	+ Description (0)
İ	+ <u>Caveats</u> (0)
İ	+ PropertyQuantity (1)
İ	+ Qualifier (*)
İ	+ <u>Units</u> (0)
İ	+ UnitsConversion (0)
İ	+ PropertyLabel (0)
İ	+ PropertyValue (0)
İ	+ PropertyTableURL (0)
İ	+ <u>ValidMin</u> (0)
İ	+ <u>ValidMax</u> (0)
İ	+ PropertyModel (0)
İ	+ ModelURL (0)
İ	+ Extension (0)

9. Dictionary

How to Read a Definition Each element has certain attributes and context that set how they should be used. The details for each element are presented in the following form:



1P-Halley <u>Item</u>

1P/Halley, is a short-period comet visible from Earth every 75 to 79 years. The comet was visited by the Halley Armada comprised of the ESA Giotto, Japanese Suisei and Sekigake, and Soviet Union Vega 1 and Vega 2 spacecraft in 1986.

Since: 2.6.0

26P-Grigg-Skjellerup

Item

26P/Grigg-Skjellerup is a periodic comet. It was visited by the ESA Giotto spacecraft in July 1992.

Since: 2.6.0

2DCuts <u>Item</u>

A set of 2-D arrays that contain the values of physical parameters, i.e., magnetic field vectors, particle densities, temperatures, etc., at the grid points located in a planar slice of a model volume.

Since: 2.6.0

3DCubes <u>Item</u>

A set of 3-D arrays that contain the values of physical parameters, i.e., magnetic field vectors, particle densities, temperatures, etc., at grid points in a model volume.

Since: 2.6.0

67P-Churyumov-Gerasimenko

Item

67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko is a Jupiter-family comet originally from the Kuiper belt. The ESA Rosetta spacecraft rendezvoused with Comet 67P on August 6, 2014 and then orbited the comet from September 10, 2014 to September 30, 2016. Philae, a lander carried by Rosetta, touched down on the comet surface on November 12, 2014.

Since: 2.6.0

Absorption <u>Item</u>

Decrease of radiant energy (relative to the background continuum spectrum).

Since: 1.3.5

AccessDirectoryTemplate

<u>Text</u>

Directory hierarchy templates to store the patterns for the data directory structure, using the URI template specification https://github.com/hapi-server/uri-templates/wiki/Specification. This will enable automated search of files matching a time range. For example, the ACE definitive orbit dataset at NASA SPDF has yearly subdirectories for the data files following the naming pattern \$Y. See links for access templates in the Bibliography.

Since:2.6.0

Used by: AccessInformation

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

AccessFilenameTemplate

Text

Filenaming templates to store the patterns for the data filename structure, using the URI template specification https://github.com/hapi-server/uri-templates/wiki/Specification. This will enable automated search of files matching a time range. For example, the ACE definitive orbit dataset at NASA SPDF has files following the naming pattern "ac_or_def_\$Y\$m\$d_v\$v.cdf", where \$Y is the year, \$m is the month, \$d is the day, and \$v is the version number. See links for access templates in the Bibliography.

Since:2.6.0

Used by: AccessInformation

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

AccessInformation Container

Attributes which specify how to access a resource, its availability, storage format, etc.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements RepositoryID

Availability

<u>AccessRights</u>

AccessURL

Format

Encoding

AccessDirectoryTemplate

<u>AccessFilenameTemplate</u>

DataExtent

<u>Acknowledgement</u>

Used by: <u>Catalog</u>
Collection

DisplayData

DisplayOutput

Document

NumericalData

NumericalOutput

ModelRun

Software

AccessInformationOptional

<u>Container</u>

Attributes of the resource which pertain to how to accessing the resource, availability and storage format. This resource class is an exact copy of the AccessInformation container. However, as its name suggests, AccessInformationOptional is not a required element.

Since:2.6.0

Sub-elements RepositoryID

Availability

AccessRights

AccessURL

Format

Encoding

<u>AccessDirectoryTemplate</u>

<u>AccessFilenameTemplate</u>

DataExtent

<u>Acknowledgement</u>

Used by: Model

AccessRights

Enumeration

Permissions granted or denied by the host of a product to allow other users to access and use the resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Open

PartiallyRestricted

Restricted

Used by: AccessInformation

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

Installer

AccessURL <u>Container</u>

Attributes of the method for accessing a resource including a URL, name and description.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements Name

URL

Style

ProductKey

Description

<u>Language</u>

Used by: AccessInformation

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

Registry Repository Service

ACElectricField <u>Item</u>

Alternating electric field component of a wave.

Since: 1.3.5

Acknowledgement

<u>Text</u>

The individual, group or organization which should be acknowledged when the data are used in or contributes to a presentation or publication.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: <u>AccessInformation</u>

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

<u>Installer</u>

ResourceHeader SpatialCoverage

ACMagneticField

Item

Alternating magnetic field component of a wave.

Since: 1.3.5

Active Item

Exerting an influence or producing a change or effect. An active measurement is one which produces a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.

Since: 1.3.0

ActiveRegion <u>Item</u>

A localized, transient volume of the solar atmosphere in which PLAGEs, SUNSPOTS, FACULAe, FLAREs, etc. may be observed.

Since: 1.3.0

ActivityIndex <u>Item</u>

An indication, derived from one or more measurements, of the level of activity of an object or region, such as sunspot number, F10.7 flux, Dst, or the Polar Cap Indices.

Since: 1.0.0

Address <u>Text</u>

Directions for finding some location written on letters or packages that are to be delivered to that location.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Person

AdiabaticInvariant <u>Enumeration</u>

A property of a physical system usually related to periodic phenomena that remains constant under slowly varying conditions.

Since:2.3.1

Allowed Values Magnetic Moment

BounceMotion

DriftMotion

Aerosol <u>Item</u>

A suspension of fine solid or liquid particles in a gas.

Since: 1.0.0

Agency <u>Text</u>

The name of an organization that provides a service or funding for specific projects.

Since:2.3.0

Used by: Funding

AkasofuEpsilon <u>Item</u>

A measure of the magnetopause energy flux and an indicator of the solar wind power available for subsequent magnetospheric energization. Defined as: V*B^2*I^2sin(theta/2)^4 where B is the IMF, I is an empirical scaling parameter equal to 7 R_E, and theta=tan(By/Bz)^-1 the IMF clock angle.

Since: 1.3.5

Albedo <u>Item</u>

The ratio of reflected radiation from the surface to incident radiation upon it.

Since:2.2.2

AlfvenMachNumber <u>Item</u>

The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the Alfven speed.

Since: 1.0.0

AlfvenVelocity

Phase velocity of the Alfven wave. In SI units it is the velocity of the magnetic field divided by the square root of the mass density times the permeability of free space (μ₀).

Since: 1.3.5

AlphaParticle Item

A positively charged nuclear particle that consists of two protons and two neutrons.

Since: 1.0.0

AlternateName Text

An alternative or shortened name used to refer to a resource. This includes acronyms, expanded names or a synonym for a resource.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: ResourceHeader

Ancillary <u>Item</u>

A complementary item which can be subordinate, subsidiary, auxiliary, supplementary to the primary item.

Since: 1.3.1

Anisotropy <u>Item</u>

Direction-dependent property.

Since: 1.2.1

Annotation <u>Container</u>

Information which is explanatory or descriptive which is associated with another resource.

Since: 1.3.4

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

ImageURL

<u>AnnotationType</u>

PhenomenonType

ClassificationMethod

ConfidenceRating

TimeSpan

ObservationExtent

Extension

Used by: Spase

AnnotationType <u>Enumeration</u>

A classification for an annotation.

Since: 1.3.4

Allowed Values **Anomaly**

Event

Feature

Used by: Annotation

Anomaly <u>Item</u>

An interval where measurements or observations may be adversely affected.

Since: 1.3.4

Antenna <u>Item</u>

A sensor used to measure electric potential.

Since: 1.0.0

AOGCM Item

Coupled atmosphere-ocean-sea ice global climate models solve the full equations for mass and energy transfer and radiant exchange.

Since: 2.6.1

API <u>Item</u>

An application programming interface (API) is a form of interface that allows applications to access the features or data of an operating system, application, or other service. An API may have a required protocol or set of principles. Some examples of protocols are SOAP, XML-RPC and JSON-RPC. An example of an API with a set of principles is REST.

Since: 2.4.0

ApplicationInterface

Enumeration

The type of interface for the application.

Since:2.4.0

Allowed Values CLI

GUI API

Used by: Software

ArchiveSpecialist

Item

An individual who is an expert on a collection of resources and may also be knowledgeable of the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resources. This includes librarians, curators, archive scientists and other experts.

Since: 1.2.1

Area Item

Integration over the extent of a planar region, or of the surface of a solid.

Since: 1.3.6

Ariel Item

The fourth largest moon of Uranus.

Since: 2.2.5

Array Item

A sequence of values corresponding to the elements in a rectilinear, n-dimension matrix. Each value can be referenced by a unique index.

Since: 1.2.0

ArrivalDirection <u>Item</u>

An angular measure of the direction from which an energetic particle or photon was incident on a detector. The angles may be measured in any coordinate system.

ASCII Item

A sequence of characters that adheres to American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) which is a 7-bit character-coding scheme.

Since: 1.0.0

Association Container

Attributes of a relationship a resource has with another resource.

Since: 1.3.3

Sub-elements Association ID

<u>AssociationType</u>

Note

Used by: ResourceHeader

AssociationID <u>ID</u>

The resource identifier for a resource with which this resource is closely associated.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: Association

AssociationType <u>Enumeration</u>

A characterization of the role or purpose of the resource being described in relationship to the resource with the AssociationID being referenced.

Since: 1.3.3

Allowed Values ChildEventOf

DerivedFrom

ObservedBy

Other

PartOf

RevisionOf

Used by: Association

Asteroid Item

A small extraterrestrial body consisting mostly of rock and metal that is in orbit around the Sun.

Since: 1.2.0

Atmosphere Item

The neutral gases surrounding a body that extends from the surface and is bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.

Since: 1.1.0

Atom <u>Item</u>

Matter consisting of a nucleus surrounded by electrons which has no net charge.

Since: 1.3.6

Atomic Number Numeric

The number of protons in the nucleus of an atom.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: InputPopulation

<u>Particle</u>

AtomicNumberDetected

<u>Item</u>

The number of protons in the nucleus of an atom as determined by a detector.

Since: 1.1.0

Aurora <u>Item</u>

A natural electrical phenomenon characterized by the appearance of streamers of reddish or greenish light in the sky, especially near the northern or southern magnetic pole. The effect is caused by the interaction of charged particles from the sun with atoms in the upper atmosphere. In northern and southern regions, it is respectively called aurora borealis or Northern Lights and aurora australis or Southern Lights.

Since: 1.2.0

AuroralRegion <u>Item</u>

The region in the atmospheric where electrically-charged particles bombarding the upper atmosphere of a planet in the presence of a magnetic field produce an optical phenomenon.

Since: 1.1.0

Author Item

The composer or creator of an artifact. This can include presentations, articles, books, white papers, data products or any similar published work. In SPASE, Author is a Role under Person resource description.

Since: 1.1.0

Authors Text

The individuals or organizations who defined or specified a resource (document, data, images or other types of resources). Separate multiple names with a semicolon. When an author is a person use the "last, first [, middle]" name format. Including a middle name is optional (Since 2.6.1).

Since:2.3.0

Used by: PublicationInfo

Automatic <u>Item</u>

Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a program or server.

Since: 1.3.6

AutoSpectrum <u>Item</u>

The Fourier transform of the auto correlation function for physical or empirical observations, which describes the general dependence of the time series data values at one instant on the

time series data values at another instant.

Since:2.3.2

Availability <u>Enumeration</u>

An indication of the method or service which may be used to access the resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Offline

Online

Used by: AccessInformation

AccessInformationOptional

Installer

Average <u>Item</u>

The statistical mean equal to the sum of a set of values divided by the number of values in the set.

Since: 1.0.0

AverageChargeState

<u>Item</u>

A measure of the composite deficit (positive) or excess (negative) of electrons with respect to protons.

Since: 1.0.0

AVI <u>Item</u>

Audio Video Interleave (AVI) a digital format for movies that conforms to the Microsoft Windows Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF).

Since: 1.0.0

AwardNumber <u>Text</u>

The identifying information assigned to the financial support (funding) of a project.

Since:2.3.0

Used by: Funding

Axial <u>Item</u>

Axial symmetry.

Since:2.5.0

AxisLabel <u>Text</u>

A short character string (approximately 10 characters, but preferably 6 characters, more only if absolutely required for clarity) which can be used to label a y-axis for a plot or to provide a heading for a data listing.

Since: 1.3.1

Used by: RenderingHints

AzimuthalAngleRange

Container

The range of possible azimuthal angles for a group of energy observations. Default units are degrees.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements Low

<u>High</u> Units

Bin

Used by: Particle

AzimuthAngle <u>Item</u>

The angle between the projection into the I-J plane of a position or measured vector and the I-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as arctan(J/I). This term could be also applied to angles measured in different planes, i.e., the IMF clock angle defined as arctan(|By|/Bz).

Since: 1.3.4

BackWall Text

Back wall of the model domain by which the plasma flow may exit the model.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: **ElementBoundary**

BandName Text

A common or provider assigned name for a range of values.

Since:1.3.0 Used by: Bin

Bandwidth <u>Item</u>

Integration over the width a frequency band.

Since: 1.3.6

Base64 <u>Item</u>

A data encoding scheme whereby binary-encoded data is converted to printable ASCII characters. It is defined as a MIME content transfer encoding for use in Internet e-mail. The only characters used are the upper-case and lower-case Roman alphabet characters (A-z), the numerals (0-9), and the "+" and "/" symbols, with the "=" symbol as a special suffix (padding) code.

Since: 1.1.0

Bin Container

A grouping of observations according to a band or window of a common attribute.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements **BandName**

Low

<u>High</u>

Used by: AzimuthalAngleRange

<u>EnergyRange</u>

FrequencyRange

MassRange

PitchAngleRange

PolarAngleRange

WavelengthRange

Binary <u>Item</u>

A direct representation of the bits which may be stored in memory on a computer.

Since: 1.0.0

BounceMotion <u>Item</u>

The second adiabatic invariant is associated with periodic bounce motion of charged particles trapped between two magnetic mirrors on a magnetic field line. The second invariant, termed J, is defined by using the integral J=m ∫ $v||^*$ ds where m is the mass of the charged particle, v|| is the particle velocity along the field line, and ds represents elemental arc lengths along the field line. The second adiabatic invariant is conserved as long as changes in the background magnetic field occur at time scales much longer than the bounce time of the charged particles.

Since:2.3.1

BoundaryConditions

Container

Parameters associated to the model boundaries.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ParticleBoundary

<u>FieldBoundary</u>

Used by: ModelDomain

BowShockCrossing

Item

A crossing of the boundary between the undisturbed (except for foreshock effects) solar wind and the shocked, decelerated solar wind of the magnetosheath.

Since: 1.0.0

Browse <u>Item</u>

A representation of an image which is suitable to reveal most or all of the details of the image.

Since: 1.3.1

BZIP2 <u>Item</u>

An open standard algorithm by Julian Seward using Burrows-Wheeler block sorting and Huffman coding, see http://www.bzip.org/.

Since: 1.0.0

Cadence <u>Duration</u>

The nominal or most common time interval between the start of successive measurements.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Parameter

TemporalDescription

CadenceMax

The largest time interval between the start of successive measurements.

Since:2.2.9

Used by: Parameter

TemporalDescription

CadenceMin <u>Duration</u>

The smallest time interval between the start of successive measurements.

Since: 2.2.9

Used by: Parameter

TemporalDescription

CaK <u>Item</u>

A spectrum with a wavelength of range centered near 393.5 nm. VSO nickname: Ca-K image with range of 391.9 nm to 395.2 nm.

Since: 1.2.1

Calibrated <u>Item</u>

Data wherein sensor outputs have been convolved with instrument response function, often irreversibly, to yield data in physical units. Similar to NASA Level 2.

Since: 1.0.0

Callisto

A second largest moon of Jupiter and the third largest moon in the solar system.

Since: 2.2.5

Carrington Item

A coordinate system which is centered at the Sun and is fixed with respect to the synodic rotation rate. The mean synodic value is about 27.2753 days. The Astronomical Almanac gives a value for Carrington longitude of 349.03 deg at 0000 UT on 1 January 1995.

Since: 1.2.1

Cartesian Item

A representation in which a position vector or a measured vector (e.g., field or flow) is specified by its components along the base axes of the coordinate system.

Since: 1.0.0

Catalog Container

A tabular listing of events or observational notes, especially those that have utility in aiding a user in locating data. Catalogs include lists of events, files in a product, and data availability. A Catalog resource is a type of "data product" which is a set of data that is uniformly processed and formatted, from one or more instruments, typically spanning the full duration of the

observations of the relevant instrument(s). A data product may consist of a collection of granules of successive time spans, but may be a single high-level entity.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessInformation

ProviderName

ProviderResourceName

ProviderVersion

<u>InstrumentID</u>

PhenomenonType

TimeSpan

Caveats

Keyword

<u>InputResourceID</u>

<u>Parameter</u>

Extension

Used by: Spase

Caveats <u>Text</u>

Information which may be important in the avoidance of the misuse of the resource, for instance instrument maladies, corruption or contamination.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Catalog

DisplayData

DisplayOutput

ElementBoundary

InputField

<u>InputParameter</u>

InputPopulation

InputProcess

InputProperty

Instrument

ModelVersion

NumericalData

NumericalOutput

<u>OutputProperty</u>

<u>Parameter</u>

<u>Property</u>

RegionParameter

ModelDomain

ModelRun

ModelTime

CDF <u>Item</u>

Common Data Format (CDF). A binary storage format developed at Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC).

Since: 1.0.0

CEF <u>Item</u>

Cluster Exchange Format (CEF) is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. There are two versions of CEF which are not totally compatible.

Since: 1.0.0

CEF1 <u>Item</u>

Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 1, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data. The metadata contains information compatible with the ISTP recommendations for CDF.

Since: 1.0.0

CEF2 <u>Item</u>

Cluster Exchange Format (CEF), version 2, is a self-documenting ASCII format designed for the exchange of data and introduced for Cluster Active Archive. Compared to version 1, the metadata description of vectors and tensors is different.

Since: 1.0.0

CenterElevation <u>Tex</u>

The elevation in the center of a region above a surface (such as sea level or land) of a planet or natural satellite.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

CenterLatitude <u>Text</u>

The latitude in the center of a region in a geographic coordinate system.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

CenterLongitude <u>Text</u>

The longitude in the center of a region in a geographic coordinate system.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

Central <u>Item</u>

Central Symmetry.

Since:2.5.0

CGM <u>Item</u>

Corrected Geomagnetic - A coordinate system from a spatial point with GEO radial distance and geomagnetic latitude and longitude, follow the epoch-appropriate IGRF/DGRF model field vector through to the point where the field line crosses the geomagnetic dipole equatorial

plane. Then trace the dipole magnetic field vector Earthward from that point on the equatorial plane, in the same hemisphere as the original point, until the initial radial distance is reached. Designate the dipole latitude and longitude at that point as the CGM latitude and longitude of the original point, see http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/cgm/cgmm_des.html.

Since: 1.0.0

Channeltron <u>Item</u>

An instrument that detects electrons, ions, and ultraviolet radiation, according to the principle of a secondary emission multiplier. It is typically used in electron spectroscopy and mass spectrometry.

Since: 1.0.0

Characteristic <u>Item</u>

A quantity which can be easily identified and measured in a given environment.

Since: 1.2.1

Charge Exchange <u>Item</u>

Chemical process involving a charge transfer from an ion (which becomes neutral) to a neutral (which becomes ionized).

Since:2.5.0

ChargeFlux Item

The number of ionized particles passing through a unit area per unit time, for instance as measured by a Faraday cup.

Since:2.3.2

ChargeState Item

Charge of a fully or partially stripped ion, in units of the charge of a proton. Charge state of a bare proton is equal to one.

Since:2.0.2

Checksum <u>Containe</u>

A computed value that is dependent upon the contents of a digital data object. Primarily used to check whether errors or alterations have occurred during the transmission or storage of a data object.

Since: 1.2.0

Sub-elements HashValue

HashFunction

Used by: Source

ChemicalFormula <u>Text</u>

Chemical formula representing a population of particle.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: <u>InputPopulation</u>
Particle

ChildEventOf <u>Item</u>

A descendant or caused by another resource.

Since: 1.3.6

Chromosphere <u>Item</u>

The region of the solar (or stellar) atmosphere above the temperature minimum and below the Transition Region. The solar chromosphere is approximately 400 km to 2100 km above the photosphere, and characterized by temperatures that range from 4500 K to 28000 K.

Since: 1.0.0

Circular <u>Item</u>

Relative to polarization, right-handed circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating clockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. Left-handed circularly polarized light is defined such that the electric field is rotating counterclockwise as seen by an observer towards whom the wave is moving. The polarization of magnetohydrodynamic waves is specified with respect to the ambient mean magnetic field. Right-handed polarized waves have a transverse electric field component which turns in a right-handed sense (that of the gyrating electrons) around the magnetic field.

Since: 1.0.0

ClassificationMethod

Enumeration

The technique used to determine the characteristics of an object.

Since: 1.3.6

Allowed Values Automatic

Inferred Inspection

Used by: **Annotation**

CLI <u>Item</u>

A command-line interface (CLI) is a form of interface where input to an application is provided as lines of text typically within a shell.

Since:2.4.0

CodeLanguage <u>Text</u>

A formal language, which comprises a set of instructions that produce various kinds of output.

Since: 2.4.0

Used by: Model
Software

Coherence

The coherence between two signals x(t) and y(t), C < sub > xy < / sub >, is a real-valued function. The square of the coherence is defined by using: $Cxy^2 = |Gxy(f)|^2/Gxx(f)Gyy(f)$ where Gxy(f)

is equal to the cross-spectral density between two time series denoted as x and y, respectively, and Gxx(f) and Gyy(f) are equal to the auto-spectral densities of the same two time series. Values of Cxy^2 always lie in the range between zero and one, 0<=Cxy^2<=1, in accordance with the Cauchy-Schwarz inequality.

Since:2.3.2

Colnvestigator <u>Item</u>

An individual who is a scientific peer and major participant in an investigation.

Since: 1.0.0

Collection Container

An aggregation of resources, which may encompass collections of one resource type as well as those of mixed types. A collection is described as a group. Its parts may also be separately described. An example is an experiment which uses the data from multiple instruments (or sensors). Another example is a research effort that uses a set of display images of the Sun and Energetic particle data from the corresponding times for the images, and FITS files of AIA images, etc. All the resources that are part of the research effort can be described as a Collection. Yet another example is a coordinated set of time series used for determining an index.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

<u>AccessInformation</u>

<u>Member</u>

Extension

Used by: Spase

ColorBar <u>Item</u>

A spectrum or set of colors used to represent data values.

Since:2.2.0

Column

A 2-D measure of a quantity. The column is the area over which the quantity is measured.

Since: 1.3.4

Comet

A relatively small extraterrestrial body consisting of a frozen mass that travels around the Sun in a highly elliptical orbit.

Since:1.2.0

Component <u>Enumeration</u>

Projection of a vector along one of the base axes of a coordinate system.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values |

Confidence

An expression of how certain that a quantity is valid or accurate.

Since: 2.2.9

ConfidenceRating

Enumeration

A classification of the certainty of an assertion.

Since: 1.3.4

Allowed Values Probable

Strong Unlikely Weak

Used by: Annotation

Contact <u>Container</u>

The person or organization who may be able to provide special assistance or serve as a channel for communication for additional information about a resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements PersonID

Role

StartDate

StopDate

Note

Used by: ResourceHeader

Contributor

An entity responsible for making contributions to the content of the resource.

Since: 1.3.0

Convention <u>Item</u>

A set of agreed, stipulated, or generally accepted approaches or methods of adopting a standard or implementing an approach.

Since: 2.4.0

CoordinateRepresentation

Enumeration

The method or form for specifying a given point or vector in a given coordinate system.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Cartesian

Cylindrical

Spherical

Used by: CoordinateSystem

CoordinatesLabel <u>Text</u>

A string list of the labels of each dimension of the spatial domain.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: <u>ModelDomain</u> <u>SpatialDescription</u>

CoordinateSystem

Container

The specification of the orientation of a set of (typically) orthogonal base axes.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements CoordinateRepresentation

CoordinateSystemName

Used by: InputField

<u>Parameter</u>

ModelDomain

SpatialCoverage

SpatialDescription

CoordinateSystemName

Enumeration

Identifies the coordinate system in which the position, direction or observation has been expressed.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Carrington

CGM

CSO

DM

ECD

ECEF

ENP

GEI

GEO

GPHIO

GSE

GSEQ

GSM

HAE

HCC

HCI

HCR

HEE

HEEQ

HERTN

HG

HGI

HGRTN

HPC HPR HSM J2000 **JSM JSO KSM KSO LocalGeographic LocalGeomagnetic LGM** MAG **MFA MSO** RTN SC <u>SensorCoordinates</u> SE <u>SM</u> **SpacecraftOrbitPlane** SR SR2 **SSE** SSE L StonyhurstHeliographic **TIIS** VSO **WGS84**

Used by: <u>CoordinateSystem</u> <u>Location</u>

CoPI <u>Item</u>

An individual who is peer of a principal investigator and is an administrative and scientific lead for an investigation.

Since:2.3.1

Core <u>Item</u>

The central or main part of an object or calculated distribution. For example, the part of a distribution of particles at low energies that is a thermal (Maxwellian) population.

Since:2.2.1

Cores <u>Numeric</u>

An application processor that is part of a CPU.

Since: 2.4.0

Used by: ExecutionEnvironment

Corona <u>Item</u>

The outermost atmospheric region of the Sun or a star, characterized by ionization temperatures above 10⁵ K. The solar corona starts at about 2100 km above the photosphere. There is no generally defined upper limit.

Since: 1.0.0

CoronalHole <u>Item</u>

An extended region of the corona, exceptionally low in density and associated with unipolar photospheric regions. A coronal hole can be an open magnetic field in the corona and (perhaps) inner heliosphere which has a faster than average solar wind outflow velocity. A region of lower than quiet coronal ion densities and electron densities in the corona or a coronal region with lower peak electron temperature than that found under quiet coronal conditions.

Since: 1.3.0

CoronalMassEjection

Item

A solar event (CME) that involves a burst of plasma ejected into the interplanetary medium. CMEs may be observed remotely relatively near the Sun or in situ in the interplanetary medium. Note that CMEs are often referred to as Interplanetary CMEs (ICMEs).

Since: 1.0.0

Coronograph <u>Item</u>

An instrument which can image things very close to the Sun by using a disk to block the bright surface of the sun or a star that reveals the faint corona of the Sun or other celestial objects.

Since: 1.2.1

CountRate

The number of events per unit time.

Since: 1.3.1

Counts

The number of detection events occurring in a detector over the detector accumulation time. Since:1.0.0

CrossSection <u>Item</u>

Cross section of the reaction, when the reaction implies the collision of two particles.

Since: 2.5.0

CrossSpectrum Item

The Fourier transform of the cross correlation of two physical or empirical observations.

CSO Item

Corrected Solar Orbital - A coordinate system related to Earth where x-axis is anti-sunward and the y-axis points in the orbital velocity direction.

Since:2.2.5

CSV <u>Item</u>

Comma Separated Value - A data exchange format defined by RFC 4180.

Since: 2.2.7

CubesDescription

Text

A description of the configuration of the set of 3-D arrays that contain the values of physical parameters, i.e., magnetic field vectors, particle densities, temperatures, etc., at grid points in a model volume.

Since: 2.6.0

Used by: SpatialDescription

Current <u>Item</u>

It is the scalar quantity giving the net charge (summed over charged particle species) per unit time flowing across a given surface.

Since: 1.2.1

CurrentDensity <u>Item</u>

It is the vector quantity giving the net charge (summed over charged particle species) per unit cross-sectional area per unit time flowing through a given point. Measurements of current density are often provided in terms of the magnetic perturbations (superposed upon a background magnetic field, if present) associated with the current density.

Since: 2.6.0

CutsDescription <u>Text</u>

A description of the configuration of the set of 2-D array points that contain the values of physical parameters, i.e., magnetic field vectors, particle densities, temperatures, etc., at the grid points located in a planar slice of a model volume.

Since: 2.6.0

Used by: <u>SpatialDescription</u>

Cylindrical Item

A coordinate representation of a position vector or measured vector (field or flow) by its k-component, the magnitude of its projection into the i-j plane, and the azimuthal angle of the i-j plane projection.

Since: 1.0.0

Data <u>Item</u>

A collection of organized information, usually the results of experience, observation or experiment, or a set of premises. This may consist of numbers, words, or images, particularly

as measurements or observations of a set of variables.

Since: 1.3.1

DataExtent <u>Container</u>

The area of storage in a file system required to store the contents of a resource. By default, the data extent is expressed in bytes.

Since: 1.2.0

Sub-elements Quantity

<u>Units</u>

<u>Per</u>

Used by: <u>AccessInformation</u>

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

Source

DataProducer <u>Item</u>

An individual who generated the resource and is familiar with its provenance.

Since: 1.0.0

DataQuality <u>Item</u>

An ancillary parameter that denotes the standard or degree of accuracy, trustworthiness, or usefulness of another parameter.

Since:2.3.1

Deimos <u>Item</u>

The smaller and outermost of the two natural satellites of Mars.

Since: 2.2.5

DensityProfile <u>Text</u>

Density profile of the particles in a population.

Since: 2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

DeputyPI <u>Item</u>

An individual who is an administrative or scientific leader for an investigation operating under the supervision of a Principal Investigator.

Since: 1.2.0

DerivedFrom <u>Item</u>

A transformed or altered version of a resource instance.

Since: 1.3.3

<u>Text</u>

A narrative explanation with detail appropriate for the item it describes. For example, a description of data resource should include discussions of the main quantities in the resource, possible uses and search terms. A description should also include whether any corrections (i.e., geometry, inertial) have been applied to the resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: AccessURL

InformationURL

InputField

InputParameter

InputPopulation

InputProcess

<u>InputProperty</u>

<u>Member</u>

ModelVersion

OutputProperty

<u>Parameter</u>

<u>Property</u>

<u>RegionParameter</u>

ResourceHeader

ModelDomain

ModelTime

SpatialCoverage

Structure

<u>ltem</u>

The developer of a system to imitate a situation or process.

Since:2.3.1

Deviation <u>Item</u>

The difference between an observed value and the expected value of a quantity.

Since: 1.0.0

DiagnosisTimeStep

Container

Time at which a diagnosis is performed and quantity saved.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements TimeStart

Duration

SavedQuantity

Used by: ModelTime

Differential <u>Item</u>

A measurement within a narrow range of energy and/or solid angle.

<u>Count</u>

The number of items along one axis.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: SpatialDescription

Dione <u>Item</u>

The fourth largest moon of Saturn.

Since:2.2.5

<u>ltem</u>

The spatial relation between an object and another object, the orientation of the object or the course along which the object points or moves.

Since: 1.3.5

<u>Item</u>

A measurement within a narrow range of solid angle.

Since: 2.2.0

DirectionAngle <u>Enumeration</u>

An enumeration list of angular measures for specifying the direction of an n-dimensional vector within the n-dimensional coordinate system in use or the angular deviation of an n-dimensional vector from an (n-1)-dimensional plane, depending on the application. [Note: DirectionAngle must be used with a sub enumeration term: DirectionAngle.AzimuthAngle; DirectionAngle.ElevationAngle; DirectionAngle.PolarAngle].

Since:2.3.1

Allowed Values <u>AzimuthAngle</u>
<u>ElevationAngle</u>
<u>PolarAngle</u>

DirectionCosine <u>Enumeration</u>

The cosine of the angle between two vectors usually between a vector and one of the basis axes defining a Cartesian coordinate system. Three angles and thus three direction cosines are required to define a vector direction in a 3-D Euclidean space.

Since: 1.3.5

Allowed Values I

<u>J</u>

<u>K</u>

DisplayCadence <u>Duration</u>

The time interval between the successive display elements.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: <u>DisplayData</u> <u>DisplayOutput</u> DisplayData <u>Container</u>

A graphical representation of data wherein the underlying numeric values are not (readily) accessible for analysis. Examples are line plots and spectrograms. A Display Data resource is a type of "data product" which is a set of data that is uniformly processed and formatted, from one or more instruments, typically spanning the full duration of the observations of the relevant instrument(s). A data product may consist of a collection of granules of successive time spans, but may be a single high-level entity.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessInformation

ProcessingLevel

ProviderName

ProviderResourceName

<u>ProviderProcessingLevel</u>

ProviderVersion

<u>InstrumentID</u>

<u>MeasurementType</u>

TemporalDescription

SpectralRange

DisplayCadence

ObservedRegion

SpatialCoverage

Caveats

Keyword

InputResourceID

Parameter

Extension

Used by: Spase

DisplayOutput <u>Container</u>

A graphical representation of data wherein the underlying numeric values are not (readily) accessible for analysis. Examples are line plots and spectrograms. A Display Data resource is a type of "data product" which is a set of data that is uniformly processed and formatted, from one or more instruments, typically spanning the full duration of the observations of the relevant instrument(s). A data product may consist of a collection of granules of successive time spans, but may be a single high-level entity.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

<u>AccessInformation</u>

ProcessingLevel

ProviderResourceName

ProviderProcessingLevel

ProviderVersion

ModeledInstrumentID

<u>MeasurementType</u>

TemporalDescription

SpatialDescription

SpectralRange

DisplayCadence

ModeledRegion

Caveats

Keyword

InputResourceID

Parameter

ModelProduct

Property

Extension

Used by: Spase

DisplayType <u>Enumeration</u>

The general styling or type of plot that is suitable for the variable.

Since: 1.3.1

Allowed Values Image

<u>Plasmagram</u>

Spectrogram

StackPlot

TimeSeries

WaveForm

Used by: RenderingHints

DissociativeRecombination

<u>Item</u>

Chemical process by which an ion is neutralized by capturing an electron, and splits in two new neutral species.

Since:2.5.0

<u>Text</u>

Velocity distribution of the particles in a population.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

DM <u>Item</u>

Dipole Meridian - A coordinate system centered at the observation point. The z-axis is parallel to the dipole axis of the Earth, positive northward. x-axis is in the plane defined by the z-axis and the line linking the observation point with the center of the Earth. The y-axis is positive eastward, see http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf.

Since: 1.0.0

Document <u>Container</u>

A set of information designed and presented as an individual entity. A document may contain plain or formatted text, in-line graphics, sound, other multimedia data, or hypermedia references. A Document resource is intended for use on digital objects that have no other identifier (e.g., DOI or ISBN).

Since: 1.3.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessInformation

Keyword

DocumentType

MIMEType

InputResourceID

Used by: Spase

DocumentType <u>Enumeration</u>

A characterization of the content, purpose, or style of the document.

Since: 1.3.0

Allowed Values Convention

Other

Policy

Poster

Presentation

Report

Specification

TechnicalNote

WhitePaper

Used by: **Document**

DOI Text

A digital object identifier (DOI) is a unique alphanumeric string assigned by a registration agency (the International DOI Foundation) to identify content and provide a persistent link to its location on the Internet.

Since:2.3.0

Used by: ResourceHeader

DopplerFrequency

Iten

Change in the frequency of a propagating wave due to motion of the source, the observer, the reflector, or the propagation medium.

Since: 1.3.5

Dopplergram <u>Item</u>

A map or image depicting the spatial distribution of line-of-sight velocities of the observed object.

DoubleSphere <u>Item</u>

A dipole antenna of which the active (sensor) elements are small spheres located at the ends of two wires deployed in the equatorial plane, on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft.

Since: 1.0.0

DRegion <u>Item</u>

The layer of the ionosphere that exists approximately 50 km to 95 km above the surface of the Earth. One of several layers in the ionosphere.

Since: 1.2.0

DriftMotion <u>Item</u>

The third invariant for charged particle motion in a dipolar magnetic field is associated with drift of its guiding center in the equatorial plane. The conserved quantity, J₂, is equal to qφ where q is the particle charge and φ is the magnetic flux enclosed within the particle drift path.

Since:2.3.1

<u>Duration</u> <u>Duration</u>

Duration of the model run.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: DiagnosisTimeStep

ModelTime

Dust <u>Item</u>

Free microscopic particles of solid material.

Since: 1.0.0

<u>Item</u>

An instrument which determines the mass and speed of ambient dust particles.

Since: 1.3.1

DynamicPressure <u>Item</u>

Dynamic pressure is a measure of the kinetic energy per unit volume of a fluid. For instance, the solar wind dynamic pressure or ram pressure for a purely proton plasma is equal to m_p n V² where m_p is the proton mass, n is the proton number density, and V is the solar wind speed.

Since:2.3.2

<u>Enumeration</u>

The third planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since: 1.1.0

Allowed Values <u>Magnetosheath</u> <u>Magnetosphere</u> Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main

Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Magnetosphere.Polar

Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Moon

NearSurface

NearSurface.Atmosphere

NearSurface.AuroralRegion

NearSurface.EquatorialRegion

NearSurface.lonosphere

NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion

NearSurface.lonosphere.ERegion

NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion

NearSurface.Ionosphere.Topside

NearSurface.Mesosphere

NearSurface.MidLatitudeRegion

NearSurface.Plasmasphere

NearSurface.PolarCap

NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion

NearSurface.Stratosphere

NearSurface.SubAuroralRegion

NearSurface.Thermosphere

NearSurface.Troposphere

Surface

EasternmostLongitude

Text

The longitude furthest to the east in a geographic coordinate system.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

ECD

Item

Eccentric Dipole (ECD) coordinate system that aligns with a dipole whose origin and orientation may be different from the physical center and spin axis of the containing body. The IGRF-12 coefficients for 2015 are used to determine the origin for the Earth. The 2015 positions are North dip pole: latitude: 86.29, longitude -160.06. South dip pole latitude: -64.28, longitude: 136.59, North geometric pole latitude: 80.37, longitude: -72.63, South geomagnetic pole latitude: -80.37, longitude: 107.37. ECD is defined in doi:10.1186/s40623-015-0228-9.

Since:2.3.1

ECEF

Item

The Earth-Centered, Earth-Fixed (ECEF) coordinate system has point (0,0,0) defined as the center of mass of the Earth. Its axes are aligned with the International Reference Pole (IRP) and International Reference Meridian (IRM). The x-axis intersects the sphere of the Earth at 0

deg latitude (Equator) and 0 deg longitude (Greenwich). The z-axis points north. The y-axis completes the right-handed coordinate system.

Since: 2.2.3

<u>Item</u>

A wave in the corona of the Sun that generates shock waves in the solar chromosphere (Moreton Waves). EIT Waves are produced by large solar flare and expand outward at about 1,000 km/s. It usually appears as a slowly moving diffuse arc of brightening in H-alpha, and may travel for several hundred thousand km.

Since: 1.3.0

Electric <u>Item</u>

The physical attribute that exerts an electrical force.

Since: 1.0.0

ElectricField <u>Item</u>

A region of space around a charged particle, or between two voltages within which a force is exerted on charged objects in its vicinity. An electric field is the electric force per unit charge.

Since: 1.0.0

Electromagnetic <u>Item</u>

Electric and magnetic field variations in time and space that propagate through a medium or a vacuum. The wave propagation direction, electric field vector, and magnetic field vector form an orthogonal triad. Waves in this category are detected by having their field quantities measured.

Since: 1.3.5

<u>Item</u>

An elementary particle that has a negative charge equal to about 1.60218*10^-19 C and a rest mass equal to about 9.10938*10^-31 kg.

Since: 1.0.0

ElectronDriftInstrument

Item

An active experiment to measure the electron drift velocity based on sensing the displacement of a weak beam of electrons after one gyration in the ambient magnetic field.

Since: 1.0.0

ElectronImpact <u>Item</u>

Chemical process by which a neutral is ionized thanks to the energy from the impact of an electron.

Since:2.5.0

Electrostatic <u>Item</u>

Collective longitudinal electric-field and plasma oscillations trapped within a body of plasma.

Since: 1.3.5

Electrohydrodynamic

Item

The study of the motions of ionized particles or molecules and their interactions with electric fields and the surrounding fluid [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electrohydrodynamics].

Since: 2.6.1

ElectrostaticAnalyser

Item

An instrument which uses charged plates to analyze the mass, charge and kinetic energies of charged particles which enter the instrument.

Since: 1.0.0

Element <u>Container</u>

A component or individual unit of a multiple value quantity such as an array or vector.

Since: 1.2.0

Sub-elements Name

Qualifier

Index

ParameterKey

Units

UnitsConversion

ValidMin

ValidMax

FillValue

RenderingHints

Used by: Structure

ElementBoundary

Container

Parameters associated to the model boundaries.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements Caveats

FrontWall

BackWall

SideWall

Obstacle

Elevation <u>Numeric</u>

The distance in meters above (positive) or below (negative) the zero-elevation defined by the World Geodetic System reference frame (WGS84).

Since:1.2.0

Used by: Location

ElevationAngle <u>Item</u>

The angle between the position or measured vector and the I-J plane of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as arctan(K/sqrt(I^2+J^2)).

Since: 1.2.0

Email Text

The electronic address at which the individual may be contacted expressed in the form "local-part@domain".

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Person

<u>Item</u>

The energy emitted spontaneously per unit bandwidth (typically frequency) per unit time per unit mass of source. Emissivity is usually integrated over all directions/solid angles.

Since: 1.0.0

<u>Item</u>

Information obtained through observation, experiment, or experience.

Since: 1.0.0

Enceladus <u>Item</u>

The sixth largest moon of Saturn. It is currently endogenously active. The smallest known body in the Solar System that is geologically active today.

Since: 2.2.5

EncodedParameter <u>Item</u>

A variable that uses successive bits to encode, this is bitwise encode, a set of conditions by using a composited multi-bit numeric value. A common example is a bitwise encoded flag that denotes whether various possible errors that may affect a particular measurement. For example, a bit value equal to zero may indicate the absence of a particular error condition while a value equal to one would indicate the possibility that the associated datum should be ignored or used with caution due to the same error categorization.

Since:2.3.2

Encoding Enumeration

File encoding format.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values ASCII

Base64

BZIP2

DZIFZ

GZIP

None

S3 BUCKET

TAR

Unicode ZIP

Used by: AccessInformation

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

EnergeticParticleInstrument

<u>Item</u>

An instrument that measures fluxes of charged particles as a function of time, direction of motion, mass, charge and/or species.

Since: 1.0.0

EnergeticParticles

Item

Pieces of matter that are moving very fast. Energetic particles include protons, electrons, neutrons, neutrinos, the nuclei of atoms, and other sub-atomic particles.

Since: 1.0.0

EnergeticSolarParticleEvent

Item

An enhancement of interplanetary fluxes of energetic ions accelerated by interplanetary shocks and/or solar flares.

Since: 1.0.0

Energy

Item

The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy).

Since: 1.0.0

EnergyDensity

<u>Item</u>

The amount of energy per unit volume.

Since: 1.2.1

EnergyFlux

<u>Item</u>

The amount of energy passing through a unit area in a unit time.

Since: 1.2.1

EnergyPerCharge

<u>Item</u>

The kinetic energy, E, per unit net charge, q, that is E/q, for an electron or an ionized atom, molecule, or dust particle.

Since:2.3.2

EnergyRange

Container

The minimum and maximum energy values of the particles represented by a given physical parameter description.

Sub-elements Low

<u>High</u>

Units Bin

Used by: Particle
Wave

ENP <u>Item</u>

ENP (also called PEN) - The P-axis points northward, perpendicular to orbital plane. For an orbit with zero inclination, the P-axis is parallel to spin axis of the Earth. The E-axis is perpendicular to the P and N directions and points earthward. The N-axis is perpendicular to P and E and is positive eastward.

Since:2.2.3

Entropy <u>Item</u>

A function of thermodynamic quantity, such as temperature, pressure, or composition, that is a measure of the energy that is not available for work during a thermodynamic process. It is often interpreted as the degree of disorder or randomness in the system.

Since:2.2.9

Ephemeris <u>Item</u>

The spatial coordinates of a body as a function of time. When used as an Instrument Type it represents the process or methods used to generate spatial coordinates.

Since: 1.2.0

EPNTAP Item

Europlanet (EPN) Table Access Protocol (TAP) is a framework, which is using TAP with the EPNcore metadata dictionary. The EPNcore metadata dictionary defines the core components that are necessary to perform data discovery in the Solar System related science fields, see https://github.com/ivoa-std/EPNTAP.

Since: 2.4.1

Equatorial Region <u>Item</u>

A region centered on the equator and limited in latitude by approximately 23 deg north and south of the equator.

Since: 1.2.0

EquivalentWidth <u>Item</u>

The spectral width of a total absorption line having the amount of absorbed radiant energy being equivalent to that in an observed absorption line.

Since: 1.0.0

ERegion <u>Item</u>

A layer of ionized gas occurring at 90 km to 150 km above the ground. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also called the Kennelly-Heaviside layer.

Since: 1.2.0

<u>Item</u>

The sixth closest round moon of Jupiter.

Since: 2.2.5

Event Item

An action or observation which occurs at a point in time.

Since: 1.3.4

<u>Item</u>

A Microsoft spreadsheet format used to hold a variety of data in tables which can include calculations.

Since: 2.2.0

ExecutionEnvironment

Container

An execution platform for software which includes an operating system and necessary hardware.

Since:2.4.0

Sub-elements Operating System

Installer

Cores

Storage

Memory

Used by: Software

Experiment <u>Item</u>

A collection of components which are designed to make coordinated observations of a phenomenon or object. Projects and missions may refer to an "experiment" by other names such as a "suite".

Since:2.3.2

ExpirationDate <u>DateTime</u>

The date and time when a resource is no longer available. If the Expiration Date is specified then it indicates that resource should not be made available after that time. However, this is only advisory and in practice a resource description should be unpublished to eliminate access to a resource.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Granule

ResourceHeader

Exposure <u>Duration</u>

The time interval over which an individual measurement is taken.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: <u>TemporalDescription</u>

ExposureMax Duration

The largest interval over which an individual measurement is taken.

Since: 2.2.9

Used by: TemporalDescription

<u>Duration</u>

The smallest time interval over which an individual measurement is taken.

Since:2.2.9

Used by: <u>TemporalDescription</u>

Extension <u>Text</u>

A container of other metadata which is not part of the SPASE data model. The contents of this element are defined by individual usage. The organization and content are constrained by the implementation. For example, in an XML representation of the SPASE metadata the content must conform to the XML specifications.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Annotation

Catalog

Collection

DisplayData

DisplayOutput

Instrument

NumericalData

NumericalOutput

Observatory

Person

Registry

Repository

Service

ModelRun

ExtremeUltraviolet <u>Item</u>

A spectrum with a wavelength range of 10 nm to 125 nm. VSO nickname: EUV image with a range of 10 nm to 125 nm.

Since:1.2.1

FaradayCup <u>Item</u>

An instrument consisting of an electrode from which electrical current is measured while a charged particle beam (electrons or ions) impinges on it. Used to determine energy spectrum and sometimes ion composition of the impinging particles.

FarUltraviolet <u>Item</u>

A spectrum with a wavelength range of 122 nm to 200 nm. VSO nickname: FUV image with a range of 122 nm to 200 nm.

Since: 1.3.5

FaxNumber Text

The symbols and numerals required to send a facsimile (FAX) to an individual by telephone. The string may contain punctuation marks such as dash "-" or dot "." to separate fields within the string.

Since: 1.2.1

Used by: Person

Feature <u>Item</u>

A prominent or distinctive characteristic that occurs at a location or persists over a period of time.

Since: 1.3.4

Field <u>Container</u>

The space around a radiating body within which its electromagnetic attributes can exert force on another similar body that is not in direct contact.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements Qualifier

FieldQuantity FrequencyRange

Used by: Parameter

FieldAligned

The component of a quantity which is oriented in the same direction of a field.

Since: 1.3.6

FieldBoundary <u>Text</u>

Parameters associated with the field boundaries of the model.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: **BoundaryConditions**

FieldDimension Count

Number of field dimensions in the model domain.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelDomain

FieldModel <u>Text</u>

Field model imposed in the model run.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputField

FieldQuantity <u>Enumeration</u>

The physical attribute of the field.

Since: 1.1.0

Allowed Values Current

CurrentDensity

Electric

Electromagnetic

<u>Gyrofrequency</u>

Magnetic

PlasmaFrequency

Potential

PoyntingFlux

Used by: Field

InputField

FieldValue <u>Text</u>

A string list of the values of the input parameter.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputField

File <u>Item</u>

Access to a file containing the data.

Since:2.3.0

FillValue <u>Text</u>

A value that indicates that a quantity is undefined.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: <u>Element</u>
Parameter

Film <u>Item</u>

An image recording medium on which usually a negative analog image is registered. A positive analog image can be recovered or reproduced from film, which is usually made of flexible materials for ease of storage and transportation.

Since:2.2.0

Fit <u>Item</u>

Values that make a model agree with the data.

Since: 1.0.0

FITS <u>Item</u>

Flexible Image Transport System (FITS) is a digital format primarily designed to store scientific data sets consisting of multi-dimensional arrays (1-D spectra, 2-D images or 3-D data cubes) and 2-D tables containing rows and columns of data.

FlowSpeed

The magnitude of the flow velocity.

Since: 1.2.1

FlowVelocity <u>Item</u>

The mean velocity of all particles in the flow, also referred to as bulk velocity or average flow velocity.

Since: 1.3.1

Fluence <u>Item</u>

The time integral of a flux. A fluence is a not a measurement of flux per unit time.

Since: 2.2.0

FluxFeedback <u>Item</u>

A search coil whose bandwidth and signal/noise ratio are increased by the application of negative feedback at the sensor (flux) level by driving a collocated coil with a signal from the preamplifier.

Since: 1.0.0

ForbushDecrease <u>Item</u>

A rapid decrease in the observed galactic cosmic ray intensity following the passage of an outwardly convecting interplanetary magnetic field disturbance, such as those associated with large CMEs, that sweep some galactic cosmic rays away from Earth.

Since: 1.0.0

Format Enumeration

The file format specification. The value is selected from a list of accepted names for known, well documented formats.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values AVI

Binary

CDF

CEF

CEF1

CEF2

<u>CSV</u>

<u>Excel</u>

FITS

GIF

<u>Hardcopy</u>

Hardcopy.Film

Hardcopy.Microfiche

Hardcopy.Microfilm
Hardcopy.Photograph
Hardcopy.PhotographicPlate
Hardcopy.Print
HDF
HDF4
HDF5
HTML
IDFS
IDL
JPEG
JSON

MATLAB 4

MATLAB 6

MATLAB 7

MPEG

NCAR

NetCDF

PDF

PDS4

PDS3

PNG

Postscript

QuickTime

RINEX2

RINEX3

Text

Text.ASCII

Text.Unicode

TFCat

<u>TIFF</u>

UDF

VOTable

XML

Used by: <u>AccessInformation</u>

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

FormerPI <u>Item</u>

An individual who had served as the administrative and scientific lead for an investigation, but no longer assumes that role.

Since:2.0.3

FourierTransformSpectrograph

<u>Item</u>

An instrument that determines the spectra of a radiative source, using time domain measurements and a Fourier transform.

Since: 1.0.0

FRegion <u>Item</u>

A layer that contains ionized gases at a height of around 150-800 km above sea level, placing it in the thermosphere. the F region has the highest concentration of free electrons and ions anywhere in the atmosphere. It may be thought of as comprising two layers, the F1 layer and F2 layer. One of several layers in the ionosphere. Also known as the Appleton layer.

Since: 1.2.0

Frequency <u>Item</u>

The number of occurrences of a repeating event per unit time.

Since: 1.3.5

FrequencyRange <u>Container</u>

The range of possible values for the observed frequency.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements SpectralRange

Low

<u>High</u>

Units

Bin

Used by: Field Wave

FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio

<u>Item</u>

The ratio of the characteristic frequency of a medium to gyrofrequency of a particle.

Since: 1.3.6

FrontWall Text

Front wall of the model domain by which the plasma flow may be injected.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ElementBoundary

Funding Container

The source of financial support (funding) for the resource.

Since:2.3.0

Sub-elements Agency

Project

AwardNumber

Used by: ResourceHeader

GammaRays <u>Item</u>

Photons with a wavelength range: 0.00001 nm to 0.001 nm.

Ganymede <u>Item</u>

The biggest moon of Jupiter and in the solar system.

Since: 2.2.5

GCM <u>Item</u>

A Global Circulation Model (GCM) is a type of climate model, which employs mathematical equations to simulate the motion of a planetary atmosphere or ocean.

Since: 2.6.1

GEI <u>Item</u>

GEI Geocentric Equatorial Inertial - A coordinate system where the z-axis is along spin axis of the Earth, positive northward. The x-axis points towards the first point of Aries (from the Earth towards the Sun at the vernal equinox), see Russell, 1971. When the x-axis is the direction of the mean vernal equinox of J2000, the coordinate system is also called GCI. Then the z-axis is also defined as being normal to the mean Earth equator of J2000.

Since: 1.0.0

GeigerMuellerTube

Item

An instrument which measures density of ionizing radiation based on interactions with a gas.

Since: 1.2.1

GeneralContact <u>Item</u>

An individual who can provide information on a range of subjects or who can direct you to a domain expert.

Since: 1.0.0

GEO Item

Geographic - geocentric corotating - A coordinate system where the z-axis is along spin axis of the Earth, positive northward. The x-axis lies in Greenwich meridian, positive towards Greenwich, see Russell, 1971.

Since: 1.0.0

GeomagneticStorm

<u>Item</u>

A magnetospheric disturbance typically defined by variations in the horizontal component of the surface magnetic field on the Earth. The variation typically starts with a field enhancement associated with a solar wind pressure pulse and continues with a field depression associated with an enhancement of the diamagnetic magnetospheric ring current.

Since: 1.0.0

Geometric Factor <u>Item</u>

A measure of the gathering power of a particle detector. The geometric factor can be used to correct particle measurements by accounting for the fact that only a fraction of the source

particles is able to gain entry through the aperture of a detector. For an isotopic source distribution, the geometric factor corresponds to the solid angle subtended by the aperture. In practice, determination of the geometric factor requires numerical modeling and depends on detector design and the characteristics of the source.

Since:2.3.1

GIF <u>Item</u>

Graphic Interchange Format (GIF) first introduced in 1987 by CompuServe. GIF uses LZW compression and images are limited to 256 colors.

Since: 1.0.0

Git <u>Item</u>

Git is a version control system for tracking changes in any set of files. It is known for its speed, data integrity, and support for distributed, non-linear workflows.

Since:2.4.1

GPHIO <u>Item</u>

Kronian Solar Orbital - A coordinate system related to Saturn where the x-axis is anti-sunward and the y-axis points in the orbital velocity direction.

Since: 2.2.5

Granule <u>Container</u>

An accessible portion of another resource. A Granule may be composed of one or more physical pieces (files) which are considered inseparable. For example, a data storage format that maintains metadata and binary data in separate, but tightly coupled files. Granules should not be used to group files that have simple relationships or which are associated through a parent resource. For example, each file containing a time interval data for a Numerical Data resource would each be considered a Granule. The ParentID of a Granule resource must be a NumericalData resource. The attributes of a Granule supersede the corresponding attributes in the NumericalData resource.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ReleaseDate

ExpirationDate

ParentID

PriorID

StartDate

StopDate

<u>SpatialCoverage</u>

Source

<u>RegionBegin</u>

RegionEnd

Used by: Spase

GridCellSize Text

A string list of the cell sizes in each dimension.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelDomain

GridStructure <u>Text</u>

Structure of the model grid.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelDomain

Group <u>Item</u>

An assemblage of values that a certain relation or common characteristic.

Since: 1.3.6

GSE <u>Item</u>

Geocentric Solar Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the x-axis is from Earth to Sun. The z-axis is normal to the ecliptic, positive northward, see Russell, 1971.

Since: 1.0.0

GSEQ <u>Item</u>

Geocentric Solar Equatorial - A coordinate system where the x-axis is from Earth to Sun. The y-axis is parallel to solar equatorial plane. The z-axis is positive northward, see Russell, 1971.

Since: 1.0.0

GSM <u>Item</u>

Geocentric Solar Magnetospheric - A coordinate system where the x-axis is from Earth to Sun, z-axis is northward in a plane containing the x-axis and the geomagnetic dipole axis, see Russell, 1971.

Since: 1.0.0

GUI <u>Item</u>

A graphical user interface (GUI) is a form of user interface that allows users to interact with an application through graphical icons, forms and other elements with both a keyboard and a pointing device.

Since:2.4.0

Gyrofrequency <u>Item</u>

The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.

Since: 1.2.1

GZIP <u>Item</u>

An open standard algorithm distributed by GHU based on LZ77 and Huffman coding, see http://www.gnu.org/software/gzip/gzip.html or http://www.gzip.org/.

HAE Item

Heliocentric Aries Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the z-axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. The x-axis is positive towards the first point of Aries (from Earth to Sun at vernal equinox). Same as SE below, see Hapgood, 1992.

Since: 1.0.0

Halo <u>Item</u>

The part of an object or distribution surrounding some central body or distribution. For example, the particles above the core energies that show enhancements above the thermal population. Typically, a "power law tail" shows a break from the core Maxwellian at a particular energy.

Since:2.2.1

Halpha <u>Item</u>

A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 656.3 nm. VSO nickname: H-alpha image with a spectrum range of 655.8 nm to 656.8 nm.

Since: 1.2.1

HAPI Item

A Heliophysics Application Programmer Interface (HAPI) specification compliant access point. Since:2.3.0

Hardcopy <u>Enumeration</u>

A permanent reproduction, or copy in the form of a physical object, of any media suitable for direct use by a person.

Since:2.2.0

Allowed Values Film

Microfilm

Photograph

PhotographicPlate

Print

HardXRays <u>Item</u>

Photons with a wavelength range: 0.001 nm to 0.1 nm and an energy range of 12 keV to 120 keV.

Since: 1.0.0

HashFunction Enumeration

A function or algorithm that converts a digital data object into a hash value. Typically, the hash value is small and concise when compared to the digital data object.

Allowed Values MD5

SHA1 SHA256

Used by: Checksum

HashValue <u>Text</u>

The value calculated by a hash function, e.g., the message digest of a digital data object.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Checksum

HCC <u>Item</u>

Heliocentric Cartesian - A 3-D orthonormal coordinate system that is primarily intended to specify with two dimensions a point on the solar disk. The z-axis points toward the observer. The y-axis lies in the plane defined by the solar spin vector and the z-axis is positive northward. The x-axis is perpendicular to the y-axis and z-axis, positive toward solar west. Standard representation for this system is based on (x,y) position of the point of interest expressed either as physical distances or as fractions of the solar disk radius.

Since: 2.2.0

HCI <u>Item</u>

Heliographic Carrington Inertial.

Since: 1.2.1

HCR <u>Item</u>

Heliocentric Radial - A 3-D orthonormal coordinate system that is primarily intended to specify with two dimensions a point on the solar disk. The z-axis points toward the observer. The y-axis lies in the plane defined by the solar spin vector and the z-axis, positive northward. The x-axis is perpendicular to the y-axis and z-axis, positive toward solar west. Standard representation for this system is based on distance rho from the z-axis (sqrt(x**2+y**2)) and the phase angle psi measured counterclockwise from the positive y-axis (arctan(-y/x)) of the point of interest.

Since: 2.2.0

HDF Item

Hierarchical Data Format.

Since: 1.0.0

HDF4 <u>Item</u>

Hierarchical Data Format, Version 4.

Since: 1.0.0

HDF5 Item

Hierarchical Data Format, Version 5.

He10830 Item

A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 1082.9 nm. VSO nickname: an He 10830 image with a range of 1082.5 nm to 1083.3 nm.

Since: 1.2.1

He304 <u>Item</u>

A spectrum centered around the resonance line of ionized helium at 304 Angstrom (30.4 nm).

Since: 1.3.5

HeatFlux <u>Item</u>

Flow of thermal energy through a gas or plasma typically computed as third moment of a distribution function.

Since: 1.0.0

HEE Item

Heliocentric Earth Ecliptic - A coordinate system where the z-axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. The x-axis points from Sun to Earth, see Hapgood, 1992.

Since: 1.0.0

HEEQ <u>Item</u>

Heliocentric Earth Equatorial - A coordinate system where the z-axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. The x-axis is generally Earthward in the plane defined by the z-axis and the Sun-Earth direction, see Hapgood, 1992.

Since: 1.0.0

Heliosheath Item

The region extending radially outward from the heliospheric termination shock and in which the decelerated solar wind plasma is still significant.

Since:2.2.0

Heliosphere <u>Enumeration</u>

The solar atmosphere extending roughly from the outer corona to the edge of the solar plasma at the heliopause separating primarily solar plasma from interstellar plasma.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Heliosheath

<u>Inner</u>

NearEarth

Outer

Remote1AU

HERTN Item

Helio-Ecliptic Radial Tangential Normal coordinate system. Typically centered at a spacecraft. The x-axis (radial) is set as the primary-axis, and is defined as the axis pointing from the spacecraft to the Sun. The z-axis (tangential) is set as the secondary-axis, and is defined as that portion of the ecliptic rotational axis which is perpendicular to the primary-axis. The y-axis (Normal) is defined as Z cross X.

Since:2.2.9

HG <u>Item</u>

Heliographic - A heliocentric rotating coordinate system where the z-axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. The x-axis and y-axis rotate with a period of 25.38 days. The zero longitude (x-axis) is defined as the longitude that passed through the ascending node of the solar equator on the ecliptic plane on 1 January, 1854 at 12 UT, see http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html.

Since: 1.0.0

HGI <u>Item</u>

Heliographic Inertial - A heliocentric coordinate system where the z-axis is normal to the solar equatorial plane, positive northward. The x-axis is along the intersection line between solar equatorial and ecliptic planes. The x-axis was positive at SE longitude of 74.367 deg on January 1, 1900. (See SE below.) See http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.html.

Since: 1.0.0

HGRTN <u>Item</u>

Heliocentric Radial Tangential Normal coordinate system (also known as RTN). Typically centered at a spacecraft. Used for IMF and plasma V vectors. The x-axis (radial) is set as the primary-axis, and is defined as the axis pointing from the spacecraft to the Sun. The z-axis (tangential) is set as the secondary-axis, and is defined as that portion of the solar North rotational axis which is perpendicular to the primary-axis. The y-axis (normal) is defined as Z cross X.

Since: 2.2.9

High Numeric

The largest value within a range of possible values.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: <u>AzimuthalAngleRange</u>

Bin

EnergyRange

<u>FrequencyRange</u>

MassRange

<u>PitchAngleRange</u>

<u>PolarAngleRange</u>

WavelengthRange

Horizontal Item

Parallel to or in the plane of the horizon or a base line.

HostContact <u>Item</u>

An individual who can provide specific information with regard the hosting of a resource or supporting software.

Since:2.3.1

Housekeeping <u>Item</u>

Parameters that indicate the status or health state of instruments or monitoring devices as measured in physical units such as that for current, voltage, or temperature. Housekeeping data can be analyzed to determine whether instruments are working correctly and the knowledge of their values may be used to avoid errors or even device failures.

Since:2.3.2

HPC <u>Item</u>

Helioprojective Cartesian=A 3-D orthonormal (left-handed) coordinate system that is primarily intended to specify with two dimensions a point on the solar disk. The z-axis points from the observer to the center of the solar disk. The y-axis lies in the plane defined by the solar spin vector and the z-axis, positive northward. The x-axis is perpendicular to the y-axis and z-axis, positive toward solar west. Given as the distance between the observer and the center of the solar disk, the standard representation of an (x,y) point on the solar disk is latitude (arctan(y/d)) and longitude (arctan(x/d)) of the point of interest.

Since: 2.2.0

HPR <u>Item</u>

Helioprojective Radial - A 3-D orthonormal (left-handed) coordinate system that is primarily intended to specify with two dimensions a point on the solar disk. The z-axis points from the observer to the center of the solar disk. The y-axis lies in the plane defined by the solar spin vector and the z-axis, positive northward. The x-axis is perpendicular to the y-axis and z-axis, positive toward solar west. Given as the distance between the observer and the center of the solar disk, the standard representation for this system of an (x,y) point on the solar disk is latitude angle theta $(\arctan(\sqrt{x^*2}+y^*2)/d))$ or equivalent declination parameter delta (theta-90 deg) and the phase angle psi as measured counterclockwise from the positive y-axis $(psi=\arctan(-y/x))$ of the point of interest.

Since: 2.2.0

HSM <u>Item</u>

Heliospheric Solar Magnetospheric - A coordinate system where the x-axis is from Earth to Sun, z-axis is northward in a plane containing the x-axis and the geomagnetic dipole axis.

Since:2.2.5

HTML <u>Item</u>

A text file containing structured information represented in the Hypertext Mark-up Language (HTML), see http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/.

Hybrid Item

A numerical scheme modeling ions as particles and electrons as a fluid.

Since:2.5.0

Hydrodynamic <u>Item</u>

Periodic or quasi-periodic oscillations of fluid quantities.

Since: 1.3.5

<u>Item</u>

Projection of a vector along the first named axis of a coordinate system. Typically, the x-axis, but could be the R-axis for an RTN coordinate system.

Since: 1.3.4

lapetus <u>Item</u>

The third largest moon of Saturn and the eleventh largest in the Solar System.

Since: 2.2.5

InterplanetaryCoronalMassEjection

<u>Item</u>

An Interplanetary Coronal Mass Ejection (ICME) is a Coronal Mass Ejection (CME) observed in the solar wind far away from the Sun.

Since: 2.6.1

IDFS <u>Item</u>

Instrument Data File Set (IDFS) is a set of files written in a prescribed format which contain data, timing data, and metadata. IDFS was developed at Southwest Research Institute (SwRI).

Since: 1.0.0

IDL Item

Interactive Data Language (IDL) save set. IDL is a proprietary format.

Since: 1.0.0

IJ Item

A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the I-J (typically X-Y) plane of the coordinate system.

Since: 1.3.4

IK Item

A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the I-K (typically X-Z) plane of the coordinate system.

Image Item

A 2-D representation of data with values at each element of the array related to an intensity or a color.

Since: 1.3.1

ImageIntensity <u>Item</u>

Measurements of the 2-D distribution of the intensity of photons from some region or object such as the Sun or the polar auroral regions, can be in any wavelength band, and polarized, etc.

Since: 1.0.0

Imager <u>Item</u>

An instrument which samples the radiation from an area at one or more spectral ranges emitted or reflected by an object.

Since: 1.0.0

ImageURL <u>URL</u>

A URL to graphic, image or movie.

Since: 1.3.5

Used by: Annotation

ImaginaryPart <u>Item</u>

Any number z can in general be represented by its complex form with z=a+ib where i, which is defined as the square root of -1, signifies the imaginary component of the number z. The coefficient b is called the imaginary part of the complex number z.

Since:2.3.2

ImagingSpectrometer

<u>Iten</u>

An instrument which is a multispectral scanner with a very large number of channels (typically from 64 channels up to 256 channels) with very narrow bandwidths.

Since: 1.2.1

IMFClockAngle <u>Item</u>

The clockwise angle of the direction of interplanetary magnetic field (IMF) measured in the plane of the body pole perpendicular to the line between the body and the Sun.

Since: 2.2.4

Incident <u>Item</u>

Direction-dependent property.

Since:2.5.0

Index Sequence

The location of an item in an array or vector. An index can be multivalued to represent the location in a multi-dimensional object. The index of the first item is "1". A value of "0" is a wild card for all elements at the location in an array. A value of "-1" is a reference to the dimension at the location in the array. A "-1" is used when describing the attributes of the dimension, whereas "0" or a positive integer is used to describe attributes of individual elements.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: **Element**

RenderingHints

Inferred <u>Item</u>

Determined by the analysis of other information or resources.

Since: 1.3.6

InformationURL <u>Container</u>

Attributes of the method of acquiring additional information.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements Name

URL

Description

<u>Language</u>

Used by: ResourceHeader

Infrared <u>Item</u>

Photons with a wavelength range: 760 nm to 10⁶ nm.

Since: 1.0.0

Inner <u>Item</u>

The region of the heliosphere extending radially outward from the solar coronal base to just inside 1 AU.

Since: 1.0.0

InputField Container

Parameters associated to a field imposed in the model.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements Name

Set

<u>ParameterKey</u>

Description

Caveats

ModeledRegion

CoordinateSystem

Qualifier

FieldQuantity

Units

UnitsConversion

<u>InputLabel</u>

FieldValue

InputTableURL

<u>ValidMin</u>

ValidMax

FieldModel

ModelURL

Used by: ModelRun

InputLabel <u>Text</u>

A string list of the labels of each dimension of the input parameter.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputField

InputParameter <u>Container</u>

A container of information regarding an input parameter of the model run.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements Name

Description

Caveats

ModeledRegion

Qualifier

InputTableURL

ParameterQuantity

Property

Used by: ModelRun

InputPopulation

Container

A container element that specifies the characteristics of a particle population used as input to a model.

Since:2.6.0

Sub-elements Name

Set

ParameterKey

Description

Caveats

ModeledRegion

Qualifier

ParticleType

ChemicalFormula

AtomicNumber

PopulationMassNumber

PopulationChargeState

PopulationDensity

ProductionRate **TotalProductionRate InputTableURL DensityProfile ModelURL** Used by: ModelRun **InputProcess** Container Parameters associated to a chemical process happening in the model. Since:2.5.0 Sub-elements Name Set **ParameterKey** Description Caveats **ModeledRegion** <u>ProcessType</u> **Units UnitsConversion ProcessCoefficient** ProcessCoeffType **ProcessModel ModelURL** Used by: ModelRun **InputProperties Container** Properties. Since:2.5.0 Sub-elements Property Used by: Model InputProperty **Container** A container of attributes regarding an input property of an application. Since:2.4.0 Sub-elements Name **Description Caveats Units** ValidMin ValidMax Used by: Software

<u>PopulationTemperature</u> <u>PopulationFlowSpeed</u>

Distribution

InputResourceID

The resource identifier for a resource which was used to generate this resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Catalog

<u>DisplayData</u> <u>DisplayOutput</u> <u>Document</u>

NumericalData
NumericalOutput

ModelRun

InputTableURL URL

A URL to a table containing input parameters.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputField

InputParameter
InputPopulation
RegionParameter

Inspection <u>Item</u>

Determined by the analysis or assessment performed by a person.

Since: 1.3.6

<u>Installer</u> <u>Container</u>

A piece of software that installs a program or package on a system.

Since:2.4.0

Sub-elements **Availability**

<u>AccessRights</u>

Acknowledgement

URL

Used by: ExecutionEnvironment

Instrument <u>Container</u>

A device that makes measurements used to characterize a physical phenomenon, or a family of like devices.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

<u>InstrumentType</u>

InstrumentGroupID

InvestigationName

OperatingSpan

ObservatoryID

Caveats

Extension

Used by: Spase

InstrumentGroupID

ID

The identifier of an Instrument resource which the referring resource is a member of.

Since:2.3.2

Used by: Instrument

InstrumentID

ID

The identifier of an Instrument resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Catalog

<u>DisplayData</u> <u>NumericalData</u>

InstrumentLead

<u>Item</u>

An individual who is the designated leader of an instrument or instrument package.

Since:2.3.2

InstrumentMode

<u>Item</u>

An indication of a state (mode) in which the instrument is operating. How a mode influences the interpretation and representation of data is described in instrument related documentation.

Since:2.0.2

InstrumentScientist

Item

A scientist associated with a science instrument team with special familiarity and expertise on specific aspects of the design and operations of the instrument and the responsibility of ensuring the measurement capabilities of the instrument.

Since:2.4.1

InstrumentStatus

<u>Item</u>

A quantity directly related to the operation or function of an instrument.

Since: 1.2.0

InstrumentType

Enumeration

A characterization of an integrated collection of software and hardware containing one or more sensors and associated controls used to produce data on an environment.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Antenna

Channeltron

Coronograph

DoubleSphere

DustDetector

ElectronDriftInstrument

ElectrostaticAnalyser

EnergeticParticleInstrument

Experiment

<u>FaradayCup</u>

FluxFeedback

<u>FourierTransformSpectrograph</u>

<u>GeigerMuellerTube</u>

<u>Imager</u>

ImagingSpectrometer

Interferometer

IonChamber

IonDrift

IonGauge

LangmuirProbe

Lidar

LongWire

Magnetograph

Magnetometer

<u>MassSpectrometer</u>

MicrochannelPlate

<u>MultispectralImager</u>

NeutralAtomImager

NeutralParticleDetector

ParticleCorrelator

ParticleDetector

Photometer

PhotomultiplierTube

Photopolarimeter

Platform

ProportionalCounter

QuadrisphericalAnalyser

Radar

Radiometer

ResonanceSounder

RetardingPotentialAnalyser

Riometer

ScintillationDetector

SearchCoil

SolidStateDetector

Sounder

SpacecraftPotentialControl

SpectralPowerReceiver

Spectrometer

TimeOfFlight

Unspecified

WaveformReceiver

Used by: Instrument

Integral Enumeration

A flux measurement in a broad range of energy and solid angle.

Since: 1.1.0

Allowed Values Area

Bandwidth SolidAngle

Intensity <u>Item</u>

The measurement of radiant or wave energy per unit detector area per unit bandwidth per unit solid angle per unit time.

Since: 1.0.0

Interferometer

An instrument to study the properties of two or more waves from the pattern of interference created by their superposition.

Since: 1.2.1

Interior <u>Item</u>

The region inside the body which is not visible from outside the body.

Since: 1.0.0

InterplanetaryShock

<u>Item</u>

A shock propagating generally anti-sunward through the slower solar wind, often seen in front of CME-associated plasma clouds.

Since: 1.0.0

Interstellar <u>Item</u>

The region between stars outside of any stellar heliopause.

Since: 1.3.2

InvestigationName

Tex

The name given to the contract or engagement which enabled the data to be produced. Each investigation is associated with a Principal Investigator or Guest Investigator who was responsible for the original proposal. For single principal investigator missions each major subsystem having its own identified Team Leader may also be classed as an Investigation for the purposes of data archiving.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Instrument

lo Item

The innermost of the four round moons of the planet Jupiter.

Since: 2.2.5

lon <u>Item</u>

An atom that has acquired a net electric charge by gaining or losing one or more electrons (Note: Z>2).

Since: 1.0.0

IonChamber <u>Item</u>

A device in which the collected electrical charge from ionization in a gas-filled cavity is taken to be the proportion to some parameter (e.g., dose or exposure) of radiation field.

Since: 1.3.4

IonComposition <u>Item</u>

In situ measurements of the relative flux or density of electrically charged particles in the space environment. May give simple fluxes, but full distribution functions are sometimes measured.

Since: 1.0.0

IonDrift <u>Item</u>

A device which measures the current produced by the displacement of ambient ions on a grid, thereby allowing the determination of the ion trajectory and velocity.

Since: 1.3.1

IonGauge <u>Item</u>

A device which measures low-pressure or vacuum neutral gas with pressures ranging from 10^-3 Torr to 10^-10 Torr. An ion gauge is an electronic amplifying vacuum tube consisting of three electrodes inside an evacuated glass envelope, with the filament being the cathode.

Since:2.3.1

<u>Ionosphere</u> <u>Enumeration</u>

The charged or ionized gases surrounding a body that are nominally bound to the body by virtue of the gravitational attraction.

Since: 1.1.0

Allowed Values **DRegion**

ERegion

FRegion

Topside

Irradiance <u>Item</u>

A radiometric term for the power of electromagnetic radiation at a surface, per unit area. Irradiance is used when the electromagnetic radiation is incident on the surface. Irradiance data may be reported in any units (i.e., counts/s) due to, for example, being at a particular wavelength, or to being a not fully calibrated relative measurement.

Since: 1.0.0

<u>Item</u>

Projection of a vector along the second named axis of a coordinate system. Typically, the y-axis, but could be the T-axis for an RTN coordinate system.

Since: 1.3.4

J2000 <u>Item</u>

An astronomical coordinate system which uses the mean equator and equinox of Julian date 2451545.0 TT (Terrestrial Time), or January 1, 2000, noon TT to define a celestial reference frame.

Since: 1.1.0

JK <u>Item</u>

A measure of the length of a position or measured vector projected into the J-K (typically Y-Z) plane of the coordinate system.

Since: 1.3.4

JPEG <u>Item</u>

A binary format for still images defined by the Joint Photographic Experts Group.

Since: 1.0.0

JSM <u>Item</u>

Jovian Solar Magnetospheric - A coordinate system related to Jupiter where the x-axis is from Jupiter to Sun, z-axis is northward in a plane containing the x-axis and the Jovian dipole axis.

Since: 2.2.4

JSO <u>Item</u>

Jovian Solar Orbital - A coordinate system related to Jupiter where x-axis is anti-sunward and the y-axis points in the orbital velocity direction.

Since: 2.2.4

JSON <u>Item</u>

JavaScript Object Notation - A lightweight data-interchange format.

Since:2.2.7

Jupiter Enumeration

The fifth planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since:1.2.0

Allowed Values Callisto

<u>Europa</u>

Ganymede

<u>lo</u>

Magnetosphere

Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main
Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere
Magnetosphere.Polar
Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt
Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

K <u>Item</u>

Projection of a vector along the third named axis of a coordinate system. Typically, the z-axis, but could be the N-axis for an RTN coordinate system.

Since: 1.3.4

K7699 <u>Item</u>

A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 769.9 nm. VSO nickname: K-7699 dopplergram with a range of 769.8 nm to 770.0 nm.

Since: 1.2.1

Keyword <u>Text</u>

A word or phrase that is relevant to the resource but does not exist in other documentary information.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Catalog

DisplayData
DisplayOutput
Document
NumericalData
NumericalOutput

ModelRun

KSM <u>Item</u>

Kronian Solar Magnetospheric - A coordinate system related to Saturn where the x-axis is antisunward, z-axis is northward in a plane containing the x-axis and the Kronian dipole axis.

Since: 2.2.4

KSO Item

Kronian Solar Orbital - A coordinate system related to Saturn where x-axis is anti-sunward and the y-axis points in the orbital velocity direction.

Since: 2.2.4

LandingPageURL <u>URL</u>

A Uniform Resource Locator (URL) to a page that provides a way to access the resource. A landing page should contain a full bibliographic citation so that a human can tell they have arrived at the correct resource, and additional information about the resource that might not be easily retrievable from the resource itself.

Since: 2.4.2

Used by: PublicationInfo

LangmuirProbe <u>Item</u>

A monopole antenna associated with an instrument. The instrument applies a potential to the antenna which is swept to determine the voltage/current characteristic. This provides information about the plasma surrounding the probe and spacecraft.

Since: 1.0.0

Language <u>Text</u>

The two-character indicator of language selected from the ISO 639-1 codes for the representation of names of languages.

Since: 1.3.0

Used by: <u>AccessURL</u> InformationURL

Latitude <u>Numeric</u>

The angular distance north (positive) or south (negative) from the equator, measured along the meridian passing through the point.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Location

Layout <u>Item</u>

The structured arrangement of items in a collection.

Since: 1.3.1

LBHBand <u>Item</u>

Lyman-Birge-Hopfield band in the far ultraviolet range with wavelength range of 140 nm to 170 nm.

Since: 1.3.5

LGM Item

Local Geomagnetic - A coordinate system used mainly for Earth surface or near-Earth surface magnetic field data. The x-axis northward from observation point in a geographic meridian. The z-axis downward towards center of the Earth. In this system, the total horizontal component, H, is equal to sqrt(Bx^2+By^2) and declination angle, D is equal to arctan(By/Bx).

Since: 1.0.0

<u>Lidar</u> <u>Item</u>

Lidar (Light Detection and Ranging) is a class of instruments that uses laser light to study atmospheric properties from the ground up to the top of the atmosphere. Such instruments have been used to study atmospheric gases, aerosols, clouds, and temperature.

Since: 2.6.1

LikelihoodRating <u>Enumeration</u>

The probability that something is true or possible.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values Probable

Strong Unlikely Weak

Used by: ModelRun

<u>Linear</u> <u>Item</u>

Polarization where the E-field vector is confined to a given plane.

Since: 1.0.0

LinearScale Item

Intervals which are equally spaced.

Since: 1.3.4

LineDepth <u>Item</u>

The measure of the amount of absorption below the continuum (depth) in a particular wavelength or frequency in an absorption spectrum.

Since: 1.0.0

LineOfSight <u>Item</u>

The line of sight is the line that connects the observer with the observed object. This expression is often used with measurements of Doppler velocity and magnetic field in magnetograms, where only the component of the vector field directed along the line of sight is measured.

Since: 1.0.0

Lines Item

A set of 1-D arrays that contain the values of physical parameters, i.e., magnetic field vectors, particle densities, temperatures, etc., at the grid points along a line though a model volume. For instance, the points of the line may correspond to the trajectory of a spacecraft through model space.

Since:2.6.0

<u>Listing</u> <u>Item</u>

A listing of files either through FTP or HTTP.

Since:2.3.0

LocalGeographic <u>Item</u>

A coordinate system used mainly for Earth surface or near-Earth surface magnetic field or other vector measurements. The X-axis points northward from observation point in a geographic meridian in the horizontal plane. The Y-axis points eastward from observation point in a geographic latitude in the horizontal plane. The Z-axis points downward towards center of the Earth.

LocalGeomagnetic <u>Item</u>

A coordinate system used mainly for Earth surface or near-Earth surface magnetic field data. The H-axis points northward toward the north magnetic pole from observation point in a geomagnetic meridian in the horizontal plane. The D-axis points eastward from observation point in a geomagnetic latitude in the horizontal plane. The Z-axis points downward towards center of the Earth.

Since: 2.6.1

<u>Location</u> <u>Container</u>

A position in space definable by a regional referencing system and geographic coordinates.

Since: 1.2.0

Sub-elements Observatory Region

CoordinateSystemName

<u>Latitude</u>

<u>Longitude</u>

Elevation

Used by: Observatory

LogScale <u>Item</u>

Intervals which are spaced proportionally to the logarithms of the values being represented.

Since: 1.3.4

Longitude Numeric

The angular distance measured west (negative) or east (positive) from a north-south line called the Prime Meridian.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Location

LongWire <u>Item</u>

A dipole antenna constructed by two active sensing elements that are wires deployed in the equatorial plane on opposite sides of a spinning spacecraft. The, wire length is usually several times the spacecraft diameter.

Since: 1.0.0

Low Numeric

The smallest value within a range of possible values.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: <u>AzimuthalAngleRange</u>

Bin

EnergyRange

FrequencyRange

<u>MassRange</u>

<u>PitchAngleRange</u> <u>PolarAngleRange</u> WavelengthRange

LowerHybridFrequency

<u>Item</u>

Lower hybrid oscillations involve longitudinal motions of electrons and ions in a magnetized plasma. The propagation of lower hybrid waves must be close to perpendicular to the background magnetic field in so that electrons cannot move along field lines thus preventing wave growth. The lower hybrid frequency, φ_{LH}, can be calculated by using φ_{LH}=[(ω_{ce}ω_{ci}) ⁻¹+φ_{pi}⁻²]^{-1/2} where ω_{ce} and ω_{ci} are the electron and ion cyclotron frequencies, respectively, and \$phi;_{LH} is the ion plasma frequency.

Since: 2.3.1

LShell <u>Item</u>

The L-shell is the magnetic equatorial radius (in units of planetary radii) of a dipole magnetic field line. For instance, if the L-shell value equals 6 say at Earth, the magnetic field lines cross the magnetic equator at six Earth radii. The L-shell concept can be applied generally to any magnetized planet or satellite with a dominant dipolar magnetic field moment.

Since:2.3.2

MAG <u>Item</u>

Geomagnetic - geocentric. The z-axis is parallel to the geomagnetic dipole axis, positive north. The x-axis is in the plane defined by the z-axis and the rotation axis of the Earth. If N is a unit vector from the center of the Earth to the north geographic pole, the signs of the y-axis and x-axis are given by the vector cross products N cross z and y cross z, respectively, see Russell, 1971 and http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf.

Since: 1.0.0

Magnetic <u>Item</u>

The physical attribute attributed to a magnet or its equivalent.

Since: 1.0.0

MagneticCloud <u>Item</u>

A transient event observed in the solar wind characterized as a region of enhanced magnetic field strength, smooth and large-scale rotation of the magnetic field vector, low proton temperature, and low plasma beta.

Since: 1.3.0

MagneticField <u>Item</u>

A region of space near a magnetized body where magnetic forces can be detected (as measured by methods such as Zeeman splitting, etc.).

Since: 1.0.0

Magnetic Moment <u>Item</u>

A constant of motion related to the gyromotion of a particle in a magnetic field that is either static or slowly varying with respect to the gyroperiod. The magnetic moment is usually denoted by using the lower-case Greek letter for mu and can be calculated by using mu equal to m(u^2/2B) where m is the particle mass, u is the velocity of the particle perpendicular to the constant or average magnetic field direction, and B is the magnitude of the magnetic field strength.

Since:2.3.1

Magnetogram <u>Item</u>

Measurements of the vector or line-of-sight magnetic field determined from remote sensing measurements of the detailed structure of spectral lines, including their splitting and polarization.

Since: 1.0.0

Magnetograph <u>Item</u>

A special type of magnetometer that records a time plot of the local magnetic field near the instrument or a telescope capable of determining the magnetic field strength and/or direction on a distant object such as the Sun, using the Zeeman splitting or other spectral signatures of magnetization.

Since: 2.2.3

Magnetometer <u>Item</u>

An instrument which measures the ambient magnetic field.

Since: 1.0.0

MagnetopauseCrossing

<u>Item</u>

A crossing of the interface between the shocked solar wind in the magnetosheath and the magnetic field and plasma in the magnetosphere.

Since: 1.0.0

Magnetosheath <u>Item</u>

The region between the bow shock and the magnetopause, characterized by very turbulent plasma.

Since: 1.0.0

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Item

The ratio of the velocity of fast mode waves to the Alfven velocity.

Since: 1.3.5

Magnetosphere <u>Enumeration</u>

The region of space above the atmosphere or surface of the planet and bounded by the magnetopause that is under the direct influence of the magnetic field of a planetary body.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Magnetotail

Main

<u>Plasmasphere</u>

Polar

RadiationBelt RingCurrent

Magnetotail <u>Item</u>

The region of space within the magnetosphere of a magnetized planetary body where the nightside magnetic field is stretched out in the anti-stellar direction by stellar wind interaction into a windsock-like shape. For Earth, solar wind-magnetosphere interaction produces a magnetotail that extends tailward from a distance of about 10 R_E on the nightside to downstream distances beyond 1000 R_E.

Since: 1.0.0

Magnitude <u>Item</u>

A measure of the strength of a vector quantity or length of its representational vector.

Since: 1.0.0

Main <u>Item</u>

The region of the magnetosphere where the magnetic field lines are closed, but does not include the gaseous region gravitationally bound to the body.

Since: 1.0.0

Mars Enumeration

The fourth planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since: 1.2.0

Allowed Values Deimos

Magnetosphere

Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main

Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Magnetosphere.Polar

Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Phobos

Mass Item

The measure of inertia (mass) of individual objects (e.g., aerosols).

Since: 1.0.0

Mass Density <u>Item</u>

The mass of particles per unit volume.

Since: 1.0.0

MassNumber <u>Item</u>

The total number of protons and neutrons (together known as nucleons) in an atomic nucleus. Since:2.0.2

MassPerCharge

<u>Item</u>

The mass, m, per unit net charge, q, that is m/q, for an electron or an ionized atom, molecule, or dust particle.

Since:2.3.2

MassRange

Container

The range of possible mass for a group of particle observations.

Since: 2.2.9

Sub-elements **Low**

<u>High</u>

<u>Units</u>

Bin

Used by: Particle

MassSpectrometer

Item

An instrument which distinguishes chemical species in terms of their different isotopic masses.

Since: 1.0.0

MATLAB_4

Item

MATLAB Workspace save set, version 4. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.

Since: 1.1.0

MATLAB 6

Item

MATLAB Workspace save set, version 6. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.

Since: 1.1.0

MATLAB_7

<u>Item</u>

MATLAB Workspace save set, version 7. MAT-files are double-precision, binary, MATLAB format files. Version 7 includes data compression and Unicode encoding. MATLAB is a proprietary product of The MathWorks.

Since: 1.1.0

Maximum <u>Item</u>

The largest value of a batch or sample or the upper bound of a probability distribution.

Since: 2.2.0

MaximumElevation <u>Text</u>

The highest vertical elevation of region above a surface (such as sea level or land) of a planet or natural satellite.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

MD5 <u>Item</u>

Message Digest 5 (MD5) is a 128-bit message digest algorithm created in 1991 by Professor Ronald Rivest.

Since: 1.2.0

MeasurementType

Enumeration

The enumeration of the specific measurement target (e.g., EnergeticParticles or IonComposition), method of measurement (e.g., Interferometry), or the particular compilation of measurements (e.g., a composite dataset consisting of measurements from multiple instruments or platforms, such as Dopplergram, Keogram, and ElectronColumnDensity (TEC)) that reflect a richer context (e.g., structure or dynamics) of the observational target.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values ActivityIndex

Dopplergram

Dust

ElectricField

EnergeticParticles

Ephemeris

ImageIntensity

InstrumentStatus

IonComposition

<u>Irradiance</u>

MagneticField

Magnetogram

NeutralAtomImages

NeutralGas

Profile

Radiance

Spectrum

SPICE

ThermalPlasma

Waves

Waves.Active

Waves.Passive

Used by: <u>DisplayData</u>
<u>DisplayOutput</u>
<u>NumericalData</u>

NumericalOutput

Median <u>Item</u>

The measure of central tendency of a set of n values computed by ordering the values and taking the value at position (n+1)/2 when n is odd or the arithmetic mean of the values at positions n/2 and (n/2)+1 when n is even.

Since:2.2.0

Member <u>Container</u>

A constituent part of a collection. A Member is of a one of the supported resource types and in referenced by an identifier. Details about the member are part of its respective resource description.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ResourceName

Description

<u>MemberID</u>

<u>StartDate</u>

StopDate

SpatialCoverage

Used by: Collection

MemberID <u>ID</u>

The identifier of a resource.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: Member

Memory Text

The component of your computer that allows you to store and access data on a short-term basis, typically the amount of RAM. Indicate units with standard byte scales such as KB, MB, GB, TB and PB.

Since:2.4.0

Used by: ExecutionEnvironment

Mercury <u>Enumeration</u>

The first planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since:1.2.0

Allowed Values Magnetosphere

Magnetosphere. Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main

Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Magnetosphere.Polar

Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Mesosphere Item

The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Stratosphere to a range of 80 km to 85 km, temperature decreasing with height.

Since: 1.2.0

MetadataContact <u>Item</u>

An individual who can affect a change in the metadata describing a resource.

Since: 1.2.0

MFA <u>Item</u>

Magnetic Field Aligned - A coordinate system spacecraft-centered system with the z-axis in the direction of the ambient magnetic field vector. The x-axis is in the plane defined by the z-axis and the spacecraft-Sun line, positive sunward, see http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf.

Since: 1.0.0

MHD <u>Item</u>

Hydrodynamic waves in a magnetized plasma in which the background magnetic field plays a key role in controlling the wave propagation characteristics.

Since: 1.3.5

MicrochannelPlate <u>Item</u>

An instrument used for the detection of elementary particles, ions, ultraviolet rays and soft X-rays constructed from very thin conductive glass capillaries.

Since: 1.0.0

Microfiche <u>Item</u>

A sheet of microfilm on which many pages of material have been photographed. A magnification system is used to read the material.

Since:2.2.0

Microfilm <u>Item</u>

Film rolls on which materials are photographed at greatly reduced size. A magnification system is used to read the material.

Since:2.2.0

Microwave Item

Photons with a wavelength range: 10⁶ nm to 1.5*10⁷ nm.

Since: 1.0.0

MidLatitudeRegion <u>Item</u>

When considering the case of the Earth, the mid-latitude region typically refers to two latitudinal bands, one in the northern hemisphere and the other in the southern hemisphere extending from about 23 deg to 50 deg. The concept of mid-latitude regions does not apply to all bodies in the solar system and different latitudinal ranges would apply for each body case by case. The mid-latitude regions may be defined by using either planetographic or magnetic coordinates if the magnetic dipole is closely aligned with the spin axis of a magnetized body. Ground magnetometers located at mid-latitude on the Earth are well positioned to measure magnetic storm-time ring current variations.

Since:2.3.1

Mimas <u>Item</u>

The smallest and least massive of the round moons of Saturn.

Since:2.2.5

MIMEType <u>Text</u>

Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) type and sub-type which characterizes the format of a file. MIME media types are defined in RFC memorandum number 2046 (RFC 2046). Current MIME types are maintained by Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) at http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/index.html. Commonly used MIME types are: application/vnd.ms-powerpoint (ppt, pptx), application/vnd.ms-excel (xls, xlsx), text/richtext (rtx), application/postscript (eps, ps), application/pdf (pdf), application/xml-dtd (dtd), text/html (htm, html), text/xml (xsl, xml, xsd), application/x-dvi (dvi). If a document is compressed the specified MIME type should be for the uncompressed document.

Since:2.2.2

Used by: Document

Minimum <u>Item</u>

The smallest value of a batch or sample or the lower bound of a probability distribution.

Since: 2.2.0

Minimum Elevation Text

The lowest vertical elevation of region above a surface (such as sea level or land) of a planet or natural satellite.

Since: 2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

Miranda Item

The smallest and innermost round moon of Uranus.

Since:2.2.5

MirrorURL URL

A Uniform Resource Locator (URL) to an alternate location of a resource.

Since: 1.3.1

Used by: Source

MissionManager <u>Item</u>

A Mission Manager is a role name used by the ESA. The Mission Manager corresponds to the Project Manager role used by NASA but the Mission Manager role only begins after the launch of the mission.

Since:2.3.2

MissionPrincipalInvestigator

<u>Item</u>

An individual who is the administrative and scientific lead for a mission.

Since:2.3.2

Mixed **Container**

A parameter derived from more than one type of parameter. For example, plasma beta, the ratio of plasma particle energy density to the energy density of the magnetic field permeating the plasma, is mixed.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements MixedQuantity

<u>ParticleType</u> Qualifier

Used by: Parameter

MixedQuantity

Enumeration

A characterization of the combined attributes of a quantity.

Since: 1.3.5

Allowed Values AkasofuEpsilon

AlfvenMachNumber

AlfvenVelocity

FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio

IMFClockAngle

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Other

<u>PlasmaBeta</u>

SolarUVFlux

TotalPressure

VCrossB

Used by: Mixed

ModeAmplitude

<u>Item</u>

In helioseismology the magnitude of oscillation of waves of a particular geometry.

Since: 1.0.0

Model Attributes of a model. Container

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

<u>AccessInformationOptional</u>

Versions

ModelType

CodeLanguage

TemporalDependence

SpatialDescription

ModeledRegion

InputProperties

OutputParameters

ModelURL

Used by: Spase

ModelDomain <u>Container</u>

Parameters associated to the model spatial domain.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements CoordinateSystem

Description

Caveats

SpatialDimension

VelocityDimension

FieldDimension

Units

UnitsConversion

CoordinatesLabel

ValidMin

ValidMax

GridStructure

GridCellSize

Symmetry

Boundary Conditions

Used by: ModelRun

ModeledInstrumentID

<u>ID</u>

The identifier of a modeled instrument description.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: DisplayOutput

<u>NumericalOutput</u>

ModeledRegion <u>Enumeration</u>

The portion of space modeled by the code at the time of a diagnosis. A region is distinguished by certain natural features or physical characteristics. It is the location of the observatory for in situ data, the location or region sensed by remote sensing observatories and the location-of-relevance for parameters that are derived from observational data.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values Asteroid

Callisto

Comet

Comet.1P-Halley

Comet.26P-Grigg-Skjellerup

Comet.67P-Churyumov-Gerasimenko

Earth

Earth.Magnetosheath

Earth.Magnetosphere

Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Earth.Magnetosphere.Main

Earth.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar

Earth.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Earth.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Earth.Moon

Earth.NearSurface

Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere

Earth.NearSurface.AuroralRegion

Earth.NearSurface.EquatorialRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.ERegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.Topside

Earth.NearSurface.Mesosphere

Earth.NearSurface.MidLatitudeRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Plasmasphere

Earth.NearSurface.PolarCap

Earth.NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Stratosphere

Earth.NearSurface.SubAuroralRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Thermosphere

Earth.NearSurface.Troposphere

Earth.Surface

Enceladus

Europa

Ganymede

Heliosphere

Heliosphere.Heliosheath

Heliosphere.Inner

Heliosphere.NearEarth

Heliosphere.Outer

Heliosphere.Remote1AU

Incident

Interstellar

<u>lo</u>

Jupiter

Jupiter.Callisto

Jupiter.Europa

Jupiter.Ganymede

Jupiter.lo

Jupiter.Magnetosphere

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Main

<u>Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere</u>

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Polar

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

<u>Jupiter.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent</u>

<u>Mars</u>

Mars.Deimos

Mars.Magnetosphere

Mars.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Mars.Magnetosphere.Main

Mars.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Mars.Magnetosphere.Polar

Mars.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Mars.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Mars.Phobos

Mercury

Mercury.Magnetosphere

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Main

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Polar

Mercury.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Mercury.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Neptune

Neptune.Magnetosphere

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Main

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Polar

Neptune.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Neptune.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Neptune.Proteus

Neptune.Triton

Planet

Pluto

Rhea

Saturn

Saturn.Dione

Saturn. Enceladus

Saturn.lapetus

Saturn.Magnetosphere

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Main

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Polar

Saturn.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Saturn.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Saturn.Mimas

Saturn.Rhea

Saturn.Tethys

Saturn.Titan

Sun

Sun.Chromosphere

Sun.Corona

Sun.Interior

Sun.Photosphere

Sun.TransitionRegion

Titan

Title

Uranus

Uranus.Ariel

Uranus.Magnetosphere

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Main</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Polar</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent</u>

Uranus.Miranda

<u>Uranus.Oberon</u>

Uranus.Puck

Uranus.Titania

Uranus.Umbriel

Venus

Venus.Magnetosphere

Venus.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Venus.Magnetosphere.Main

Venus.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Venus.Magnetosphere.Polar

Venus.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Venus.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Used by: <u>DisplayOutput</u>

InputField

<u>InputParameter</u>

InputPopulation

InputProcess

NumericalOutput

RegionParameter

Model

ModelRun

ModelID <u>ID</u>

A string defining the ID of the model.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelSpecification

ModelProduct <u>Enumeration</u>

The type of product produced from the model.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values 2DCuts

3DCubes

Lines

SpatialSeries

Spectra

TimeSeries

Used by: DisplayOutput

NumericalOutput

ModelRun <u>Container</u>

Description of a model run, including the code ID, the run spatial and temporal description, and all the relevant inputs.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

<u>AccessInformation</u>

<u>ProviderResourceName</u>

ProviderProcessingLevel

ProviderVersion

ModelSpecification

TemporalDependence

ModeledRegion

LikelihoodRating

<u>Caveats</u>

Keyword

<u>InputResourceID</u>

ModelTime

ModelDomain

RegionParameter

InputParameter

InputPopulation InputField InputProcess Extension Used by: Spase **ModelSpecification Container** Descriptor of model specifications: type of numerical scheme, versions, etc. Since:2.5.0 Sub-elements ModelID **VersionTag** Used by: ModelRun ModelTime Container Parameters associated to the model time. Since:2.5.0 **Sub-elements** Description Caveats **Duration TimeStart TimeStop TimeStep DiagnosisTimeStep** Used by: ModelRun ModelType Enumeration A characterization of the numerical scheme used in the model. Since:2.5.0 Allowed Values AOGCM **Electrohydrodynamic Empirical GCM** <u>Hybrid</u> MHD **NonHydrostatic** PIC **Paraboloid TestParticle** Used by: Model ModelURL **URL** URL pointing toward the description of a model used in the definition of a property or an input. Since:2.5.0 Used by: InputField

InputPopulation

InputProcess
Property
Model

ModelVersion <u>Container</u>

The version number of the model.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements Version Tag

ReleaseDate
Description

Caveats

Used by: Versions

Molecule <u>Item</u>

A group of atoms so united and combined by chemical affinity that they form a complete, integrated whole, being the smallest portion of any particular compound that can exist in a free state.

Since: 1.0.0

Moment <u>Item</u>

Parameters determined by integration over a distribution function convolved with a power of velocity.

Since: 1.0.0

Moon Item

The only natural satellite of the Earth.

Since: 2.2.3

MPEG <u>Item</u>

A digital format for movies defined by the Motion Picture Experts Group.

Since: 1.0.0

MSO Item

Mars/Mercury Solar Orbital A coordinate system related to Mars or Mercury. A coordinate system where, depending on the body (Mars or Mercury), the x-axis is anti-sunward and the y-axis points in the orbital velocity direction.

Since: 2.2.4

Multispectrallmager

An instrument which captures images at multiple spectral ranges.

Since: 1.2.1

Muon <u>Item</u>

Item

An elementary particle similar to the electron, with an electric charge equal to b 1 elementary charge, -e, and spin -1/2 h-bar, D', with a much mass ~206.7682827(46) times that of the electron rest mass, m sub e.

Since: 2.6.1

NaD <u>Item</u>

A spectrum with a wavelength range of centered at 589.3 nm. VSO nickname: Na-D image with a range of 588.8 nm to 589.8 nm.

Since: 1.2.1

Name <u>Text</u>

A language unit by which a person or thing is known.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: AccessURL

<u>Element</u>

InformationURL

InputField

<u>InputParameter</u>

InputPopulation

InputProcess

InputProperty

OutputProperty

Parameter

<u>Property</u>

NCAR <u>Item</u>

The National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) format. A complete description of that standard is given in appendix C of the "Report on Establishment & Operation of the Incoherent-Scatter Data Base", dated 1984-08-23, obtainable from NCAR, P.O. Box 3000 Boulder, Colorado 80307-3000.

Since: 1.1.0

Near Earth Item

The heliospheric region near the Earth which extends to and includes the area near the L1 and L2 Lagrange point.

Since: 1.1.0

NearSurface Enumeration

The gaseous and possibly ionized environment of a body extending from the surface to some specified altitude. For the Earth, this altitude is 2000 km.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Atmosphere

AuroralRegion

EquatorialRegion

<u>Ionosphere</u>

Ionosphere.DRegion

Ionosphere. ERegion

Ionosphere.FRegion

Ionosphere.Topside

Mesosphere

MidLatitudeRegion

<u>Plasmasphere</u>

PolarCap

SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion

Stratosphere

SubAuroralRegion

Thermosphere

Troposphere

Neptune Enumeration

The seventh planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since: 1.2.0

Allowed Values Magnetosphere

Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main

Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Magnetosphere.Polar

Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Proteus

Triton

NetCDF <u>Item</u>

The Network Common Data Form (NetCDF) supported and maintained by the Unidata Program Center. A self-describing portable data format for array-oriented data access, see http://my.unidata.ucar.edu/content/software/netcdf.

Since: 1.0.0

NeutralAtomImager

Iten

An instrument which measures the quantity and properties of neutral particles over a range of angles. Measured properties can include mass and energy.

Since: 1.2.1

NeutralAtomImages

Item

Measurements of neutral atom fluxes as a function of look direction often related to remote energetic charged particles that lose their charge through charge-exchange and then reach the detector on a line-of-sight trajectory.

Since: 1.0.0

NeutralGas Item

Measurements of neutral atomic and molecular components of a gas.

Since: 1.0.0

NeutralParticleDetector

<u>Item</u>

An instrument which measures the quantity and properties of neutral particles. Measured properties can include mass and plasma bulk densities.

Since: 1.2.1

Neutron <u>Item</u>

An elementary particle with neutral charge that is a constituent of atomic nuclei. Neutrons have a rest mass slightly large than that of a proton equal to about 1.67493*10^-24 kg.

Since: 1.3.6

Ni6768 <u>Item</u>

A spectrum with a wavelength range centered at 676.8 nm. VSO nickname: Ni-6768 dopplergram with a range of 676.7 nm to 676.9 nm.

Since: 1.2.1

No <u>Item</u>

The negative response to a yes or no question.

Since:2.6.0

None <u>Item</u>

A lack or absence of anything.

Since: 1.0.0

NonHydrostatic <u>Item</u>

An atmospheric in which the vertical momentum equation must be solved because the hydrostatic approximation is not satisfied.

Since: 2.6.1

NorthernmostLatitude <u>Text</u>

The latitude furthest to the north in a geographic coordinate system.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

Note Text

Information which is useful or important for the understanding of a value or parameter.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Association

Contact

ObservationExtent

OperatingSpan

Person

RevisionEvent

TimeSpan

NumberDensity

Item

The number of particles per unit volume.

Since: 1.0.0

NumberFlux <u>Item</u>

The number of particles passing a unit area in unit time, possibly also per unit energy (or equivalent) and/or per unit look direction.

Since: 1.2.1

Numerical Data <u>Container</u>

Data stored as numerical values in one or more specified formats. A Numerical Data resource is a type of "data product" which is a set of data that is uniformly processed and formatted, from one or more instruments, typically spanning the full duration of the observations of the relevant instrument(s). A data product may consist of Parameters stored in a collection of granules of successive time spans or a single data granule.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

<u>AccessInformation</u>

<u>ProcessingLevel</u>

ProviderName

<u>ProviderResourceName</u>

ProviderProcessingLevel

ProviderVersion

<u>InstrumentID</u>

<u>MeasurementType</u>

TemporalDescription

SpectralRange

<u>ObservedRegion</u>

<u>SpatialCoverage</u>

Caveats

Keyword

InputResourceID

Parameter

Extension

Used by: Spase

NumericalOutput <u>Container</u>

Data stored as numerical values in a specified format. A Numerical Data resource is a type of "data product" which is a set of data that is uniformly processed and formatted, from one or more instruments, typically spanning the full duration of the observations of the relevant instrument(s). A data product may consist of a collection of granules of successive time spans, but may be a single high-level entity.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessInformation

ProcessingLevel

ProviderResourceName

ProviderProcessingLevel

ProviderVersion

ModeledInstrumentID

<u>MeasurementType</u>

<u>TemporalDescription</u>

SpatialDescription

SpectralRange

ModeledRegion

Caveats

Keyword

<u>InputResourceID</u>

Parameter

ModelProduct

Property

Extension

Used by: Spase

Oberon Item

The second largest and second most massive moon of Uranus, and the ninth most massive moon in the Solar System.

Since:2.2.5

ObjectMass <u>Text</u>

Mass of an object referenced as a modeled region.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: RegionParameter

ObservationExtent <u>Container</u>

The spatial area encompassed by an observation.

Since: 1.3.6

Sub-elements ObservedRegion

StartLocation

StopLocation

Note

Used by: Annotation

Observatory <u>Container</u>

The host (spacecraft, network, facility) for instruments making observations, or a family of closely related hosts.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

ObservatoryGroupID

Location

OperatingSpan

Extension

Used by: Spase

ObservatoryGroupID

<u>ID</u>

The identifier of an Observatory resource which the referring resource is a member of.

Since: 2.2.0

Used by: Observatory

ObservatoryID

<u>ID</u>

The identifier of an Observatory resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Instrument

ObservatoryRegion

Enumeration

A spatial location distinguished by certain natural features or physical characteristics where an observatory is located.

Since: 1.2.0

Allowed Values Asteroid

Comet

Comet.1P-Halley

Comet.26P-Grigg-Skjellerup

Comet.67P-Churyumov-Gerasimenko

Earth

Earth.Magnetosheath

Earth.Magnetosphere

Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Earth.Magnetosphere.Main

Earth.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar

Earth.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Earth.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Earth.Moon

Earth.NearSurface

Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere

Earth.NearSurface.AuroralRegion

Earth.NearSurface.EquatorialRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.ERegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.Topside

Earth.NearSurface.Mesosphere

Earth.NearSurface.MidLatitudeRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Plasmasphere

Earth.NearSurface.PolarCap

Earth.NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Stratosphere

Earth.NearSurface.SubAuroralRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Thermosphere

Earth.NearSurface.Troposphere

Earth.Surface

Heliosphere

Heliosphere. Heliosheath

Heliosphere.Inner

Heliosphere.NearEarth

Heliosphere.Outer

Heliosphere.Remote1AU

<u>Interstellar</u>

Jupiter

Jupiter.Callisto

Jupiter.Europa

Jupiter.Ganymede

Jupiter.lo

Jupiter.Magnetosphere

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Main

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Polar

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Mars

Mars.Deimos

Mars.Magnetosphere

Mars.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Mars.Magnetosphere.Main

Mars.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Mars.Magnetosphere.Polar

Mars.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Mars.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Mars.Phobos

Mercury

Mercury.Magnetosphere

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Main

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Polar

Mercury.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Mercury.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Neptune

Neptune.Magnetosphere

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Main

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Polar

Neptune.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Neptune.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Neptune.Proteus

Neptune.Triton

Pluto

Saturn

Saturn.Dione

Saturn. Enceladus

Saturn.lapetus

Saturn.Magnetosphere

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Main

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Polar

Saturn.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Saturn.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Saturn.Mimas

Saturn.Rhea

Saturn. Tethys

Saturn.Titan

Sun

Sun.Chromosphere

Sun.Corona

Sun.Interior

Sun.Photosphere

Sun.TransitionRegion

<u>Uranus</u>

Uranus.Ariel

Uranus.Magnetosphere

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Main</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Polar</u>

Uranus.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent</u>

Uranus.Miranda

Uranus.Oberon

Uranus.Puck

Uranus.Titania

Uranus.Umbriel

Venus

Venus.Magnetosphere

Venus.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Venus.Magnetosphere.Main

Venus.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Venus.Magnetosphere.Polar

Venus.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Venus.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Used by: Location

ObservedBy <u>Item</u>

Detected or originating from another resource.

Since: 1.3.6

ObservedRegion

Enumeration

The portion of space measured by the instrument at the time of an observation. A region is distinguished by certain natural features or physical characteristics. It is the location of the observatory for in situ data, the location or region sensed by remote sensing observatories and the location-of-relevance for parameters that are derived from observational data.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Asteroid

Comet

Comet.1P-Halley

Comet.26P-Grigg-Skjellerup

Comet.67P-Churyumov-Gerasimenko

Earth

Earth.Magnetosheath

Earth.Magnetosphere

Earth.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Earth.Magnetosphere.Main

Earth.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Earth.Magnetosphere.Polar

Earth.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Earth.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Earth.Moon

Earth.NearSurface

Earth.NearSurface.Atmosphere

Earth.NearSurface.AuroralRegion

Earth.NearSurface.EquatorialRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.DRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.ERegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.FRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Ionosphere.Topside

Earth.NearSurface.Mesosphere

Earth.NearSurface.MidLatitudeRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Plasmasphere

Earth.NearSurface.PolarCap

Earth.NearSurface.SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Stratosphere

Earth.NearSurface.SubAuroralRegion

Earth.NearSurface.Thermosphere

Earth.NearSurface.Troposphere

Earth.Surface

Heliosphere

Heliosphere. Heliosheath

Heliosphere.Inner

Heliosphere.NearEarth

Heliosphere.Outer

Heliosphere.Remote1AU

Interstellar

Jupiter

Jupiter.Callisto

Jupiter.Europa

Jupiter. Ganymede

Jupiter.lo

Jupiter.Magnetosphere

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Main

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.Polar

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Jupiter.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Mars

Mars.Deimos

Mars.Magnetosphere

Mars.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Mars.Magnetosphere.Main

Mars.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Mars.Magnetosphere.Polar

Mars.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Mars.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Mars.Phobos

Mercury

Mercury.Magnetosphere

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Main

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Mercury.Magnetosphere.Polar

Mercury.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Mercury.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Neptune

Neptune.Magnetosphere

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Main

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Neptune.Magnetosphere.Polar

Neptune.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Neptune.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Neptune.Proteus

Neptune.Triton

Pluto

Saturn

Saturn.Dione

Saturn. Enceladus

Saturn.lapetus

Saturn.Magnetosphere

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Main

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Saturn.Magnetosphere.Polar

Saturn.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Saturn.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Saturn.Mimas

Saturn.Rhea

Saturn. Tethys

Saturn.Titan

Sun

Sun.Chromosphere

Sun.Corona

Sun.Interior

Sun.Photosphere

Sun.TransitionRegion

Uranus

Uranus.Ariel

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Main</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere</u>

Uranus.Magnetosphere.Polar

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt</u>

<u>Uranus.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent</u>

Uranus.Miranda

Uranus.Oberon

Uranus.Puck

Uranus.Titania

Uranus.Umbriel

Venus

Venus.Magnetosphere

Venus.Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Venus.Magnetosphere.Main

Venus.Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Venus.Magnetosphere.Polar

Venus.Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Venus.Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Used by: DisplayData

NumericalData

ObservationExtent

Obstacle <u>Text</u>

Obstacle in the model domain.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ElementBoundary

Offline <u>Item</u>

Not directly accessible electronically. This includes resources which may to be moved to an online status in response to a given request.

Since: 1.0.0

Online Item

Directly accessible electronically.

Since: 1.0.0

Open <u>Item</u>

Access is granted to everyone.

Since: 1.0.0

OperatingSpan <u>Container</u>

The interval in time from the first point at which an instrument or spacecraft was producing and sending data until the last such time, ignoring possible gaps.

Since:2.2.0

Sub-elements StartDate

StopDate Note

Instrument

Used by: <u>Instrument</u> <u>Observatory</u>

OperatingSystem

<u>Text</u>

The software that supports the basic functions of a computer, such as scheduling tasks, executing applications, and controlling peripherals.

Since:2.4.0

Used by: ExecutionEnvironment

Optical <u>Item</u>

Photons with a wavelength range: 380 nm to 760 nm.

Since: 1.0.0

ORCIdentifier <u>Text</u>

An Open Researcher Contributor (ORC) identifier which is a unique alphanumeric string assigned by a registration agency (https://orcid.org/) to identify an individual. It has the format XXXX-XXXX-XXXX.

Since:2.3.0

Used by: Person

OrganizationName

Text

A unit within a company or other entity (e.g., government agency or branch of service) within which many projects are managed as a whole.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Person

Orientation <u>Item</u>

The specification of the directional alignment of an object or measurement in a reference coordinate system. The orientation such as a spacecraft spin axis attitude is usually expressed as one or more angles relative to the basis axes of some specified physical space usually together with the date/time of the observation.

Since:2.3.1

Other <u>Item</u>

Not classified with more specific terms. The context of its usage may be described in related text.

Since: 1.0.0

Outer <u>Item</u>

The region of the heliosphere extending radially outward from just outside 1 AU to the heliospheric termination shock.

Since: 1.0.0

OutputParameters Container

A container of information regarding the output parameters of the model run.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements Parameter

Used by: Model

OutputProperty <u>Container</u>

A container of attributes regarding an output property of an application.

Since:2.4.0

Sub-elements Name

Description

Caveats

Units

ValidMin

ValidMax

Used by: Software

Overview <u>Item</u>

A web page that provides and overview of available data and links.

Since:2.3.0

Paraboloid <u>Item</u>

A shape generated by the rotation of a parabola around its axis of symmetry.

Since: 2.5.0

Parallel Item

Having the same direction as a given direction.

Since: 1.0.0

Parameter <u>Container</u>

A container of information regarding a parameter whose values are part of the product. Every product contains or can be related to one or more parameters.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements Name

Set

ParameterKey

Description

UCD

Caveats

Cadence

<u>CadenceMin</u>

CadenceMax

Units

UnitsConversion

CoordinateSystem

RenderingHints

Structure

ValidMin

ValidMax

FillValue

Field

Particle

Wave

Mixed

Support

SpatialCoverage

Used by: Catalog

DisplayData

DisplayOutput

NumericalData

NumericalOutput

OutputParameters

ParameterKey

Text

The name or identifier which can be used to access the parameter in the resource. The associated value is dependent on the service used to access the resource. For columnar ASCII data, use "Column_X" for a single-element parameter and "Column_X-Column_Y" for a multi-element parameter, where X and Y are the relevant column indices. The first column index is 1.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: Element

InputField

InputPopulation

InputProcess

Parameter

ParameterQuantity

Enumeration

The value associated with a parameter.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values 2DCuts

3DCubes

ACElectricField

ACMagneticField

Absorption

<u>ActivityIndex</u>

AdiabaticInvariant

AdiabaticInvariant.MagneticMoment

AdiabaticInvariant.BounceMotion

AdiabaticInvariant.DriftMotion

<u>Aerosol</u>

AkasofuEpsilon

<u>Albedo</u>

<u>AlfvenMachNumber</u>

AlfvenVelocity

AlphaParticle

Antenna

ArrivalDirection

Atom

AtomicNumberDetected

<u>AverageChargeState</u>

AzimuthAngle

CaK

Channeltron

ChargeExchange

ChargeFlux

ChargeState

Coronograph

CountRate

Counts

CrossSection

Current

CurrentDensity

DataQuality

DissociativeRecombination

DopplerFrequency

Dopplergram

DoubleSphere

Dust

DustDetector

DynamicPressure

Electric

ElectricField

Electromagnetic

Electron

ElectronDriftInstrument

ElectronImpact

Electrostatic

ElectrostaticAnalyser

ElevationAngle

Emissivity

EnergeticParticleInstrument

EnergeticParticles

Energy

EnergyDensity

EnergyFlux

EnergyPerCharge

Entropy

Ephemeris

EquivalentWidth

Experiment

ExtremeUltraviolet

FarUltraviolet

<u>FaradayCup</u>

FlowSpeed

FlowVelocity

Fluence

FluxFeedback

<u>FourierTransformSpectrograph</u>

Frequency

<u>FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio</u>

GammaRays

<u>GeigerMuellerTube</u>

GeometricFactor

Gyrofrequency

Halpha

HardXRays

He10830

He304

HeatFlux

Housekeeping

Hydrodynamic

IMFClockAngle

ImageIntensity

<u>Imager</u>

<u>ImagingSpectrometer</u>

Infrared

<u>InstrumentMode</u>

InstrumentStatus

Intensity

Interferometer

<u>lon</u>

IonChamber

IonComposition

IonDrift

IonGauge

<u>Irradiance</u>

K7699

LBHBand

LShell

LangmuirProbe

Lidar

LineDepth

Lines

LongWire

<u>LowerHybridFrequency</u>

MHD

Magnetic

MagneticField

Magnetogram

Magnetograph

Magnetometer

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Mass

MassDensity

MassNumber

<u>MassPerCharge</u>

MassSpectrometer

MicrochannelPlate

Microwave

ModeAmplitude

Molecule

Multispectrallmager

<u>Muon</u>

<u>NaD</u>

NeutralAtomImager

NeutralAtomImages

NeutralGas

NeutralParticleDetector

Neutron

Ni6768

NumberDensity

NumberFlux

Optical

Orientation

Other

ParticleCorrelator

ParticleDetector

ParticleRadius

Particle Rigidity

PhaseSpaceDensity

Photolonization

Photometer

PhotomultiplierTube

Photon

Photopolarimeter

PlasmaBeta

<u>PlasmaFrequency</u>

PlasmaWaves

Platform

PolarAngle

Polarization

Positional

Positron

Potential

PoyntingFlux

Pressure

Profile

PropagationTime

ProportionalCounter

Proton

<u>QuadrisphericalAnalyser</u>

Radar

Radiance

RadioFrequency

Radiometer

Rate

Remark

ResonanceSounder

RetardingPotentialAnalyser

Riometer

RotationMatrix

SPICE

ScintillationDetector

<u>SearchCoil</u>

SoftXRays

SolarUVFlux

SolidStateDetector

SonicMachNumber

SoundSpeed

Sounder

SpacecraftPotentialControl

SpatialSeries

Spectra

SpectralPowerReceiver

Spectrometer

Spectrum

SpinPeriod

SpinPhase

SpinRate

StokesParameters

Telemetry

Temperature

Temporal

ThermalPlasma

ThermalSpeed

TimeOfFlight

TimeSeries

TotalPressure

Ultraviolet

Unspecified

<u>UpperHybridFrequency</u>

VCrossB

Velocity

VolumeEmissionRate

WaveformReceiver

<u>Wavelength</u>

Waves

Waves.Active

Waves.Passive

WebResource

WebService

WhiteLight

XRays

Used by: InputParameter

ParentID <u>ID</u>

The resource identifier for a resource that a resource is a part of. The resource inherits the attributes of the referenced resource. Attributes defined in the resource override attributes of the parent in the manner prescribed by the containing resource.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: Granule

PartiallyRestricted

Item

Some portions of the resource have restricted access, the rest is open access. Typically, this is for accumulating data collections where some data is under review before being publicly released.

Since:2.2.9

Particle <u>Container</u>

A description of the types of particles observed in the measurement. This includes both direct observations and inferred observations.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ParticleType

Qualifier

ParticleQuantity

AtomicNumber

EnergyRange

AzimuthalAngleRange

PolarAngleRange

MassRange

PitchAngleRange

ChemicalFormula

Population

PopulationMassNumber

PopulationChargeState

SourceRegion

SourceRegionExtent

Used by: Parameter

ParticleBoundary

Text

Parameters associated with the particles at the boundaries of the model.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: BoundaryConditions

ParticleCorrelator

Item

An instrument which correlates particle flux to help identify wave/particle interactions.

Since: 1.0.0

ParticleDetector

Item

An instrument which detects particle flux!!!.

Since: 1.0.0

ParticleQuantity

Enumeration

A characterization of the physical properties of the particle.

Since: 1.1.0

Allowed Values Adiabatic Invariant

AdiabaticInvariant.MagneticMoment

AdiabaticInvariant.BounceMotion

AdiabaticInvariant.DriftMotion

ArrivalDirection

AtomicNumberDetected

<u>AverageChargeState</u>

ChargeFlux

ChargeState

CountRate

Counts

Current

CurrentDensity

DynamicPressure

Energy

Entropy

EnergyDensity

EnergyFlux

EnergyPerCharge

FlowSpeed

FlowVelocity

Fluence

GeometricFactor

Gyrofrequency

HeatFlux

LShell

Mass

MassDensity

MassNumber

MassPerCharge

NumberDensity

NumberFlux

ParticleRadius

Particle Rigidity

PhaseSpaceDensity

PlasmaFrequency

Pressure

SonicMachNumber

SoundSpeed

Temperature

ThermalSpeed

Velocity

Used by: Particle

ParticleRadius <u>Item</u>

The mean radius for a Gaussian distribution of particles with an axial ratio of 2 and a distribution width that varies as 0.5 radius. A value of zero means no cloud was detected.

Since:2.2.2

Particle Rigidity Item

The particle momentum per unit charge. The particle Rigidity, R, is equal to pc/Ze.

Since:2.3.2

ParticleType <u>Enumeration</u>

A characterization of the kind of particle observed by the measurement.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Aerosol

AlphaParticle

Atom

Dust

Electron

lon

Molecule

Muon

Neutron

Proton

Positron

Used by: InputPopulation

Mixed Particle

PartOf <u>Item</u>

A portion of a larger resource.

Since: 1.3.3

Passive <u>Item</u>

Movement or effect produced by outside influence. A passive measurement is one which does not produce a transmission or excitation as a part of the measurement cycle.

Since: 1.3.4

PDF <u>Item</u>

A document expressed in the Portable Document Format (PDF) as defined by Adobe.

Since: 1.0.0

PDS3 <u>Item</u>

The. Planetary Data System, version 3 (PDS3) standard provides guidelines on how a data producer should construct a data set suitable for long-term archiving. The standard contains a number of requirements in terms of dataset structure and documentation that should allow for any PDS compliant data set to be used and understood in the long term. Each PDS3 data product must be labeled in ASCII with full details on the structure and content of the product. The label can be attached to the data file itself or detached in a separate "label" file with the suffix LBL. The PDS3 standard is described at:

https://pds.jpl.nasa.gov/datastandards/pds3/standards/. Since 2011, PDS3 has superseded by the PDS4 archiving standard. However, many data files still exist that are stored by using the PDS3 standard.

Since:2.3.2

PDS4 <u>Item</u>

The Planetary Data System, version 4 (PDS4) standard provides guidelines on how a data producer should construct a data set suitable for long-term archiving. The standard contains a number of requirements in terms of dataset structure and documentation that should allow for any PDS compliant data set to be used and understood in the long term. Each PDS4 bundle

consists of two files, one containing the data and the other an eXtensible Markup Language (XML) file containing the label. PDS4 recognises four base data structures, array, table, parseable byte stream and encoded byte stream with arrays and tables most commonly in use. The PDS4 standard is described at: https://pds.jpl.nasa.gov/datastandards/documents/current-version.shtml. The PDS4 archiving standard has been required for data archives from NASA-funded planetary missions and for small data archives since 2011.

Since:2.3.2

Peak Item

The maximum value for the quantity in question, over a period of time which is usually equal to the cadence.

Since: 1.0.0

Per <u>Duration</u>

The time interval over which a characterization applies. For example, the number of bytes generated each day.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: DataExtent

Period <u>Text</u>

A length or era of time.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: RegionParameter

Perpendicular <u>Item</u>

At right angles to a given direction.

Since: 1.0.0

Person Container

An individual human being.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ReleaseDate

PersonName

OrganizationName

Address

Email

PhoneNumber

FaxNumber

ORCIdentifier

Note

Extension

Used by: Spase

PersonID <u>ID</u>

The identifier assigned to a Person description.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Contact

PersonName <u>Text</u>

The words used to address an individual.

Since:1.0.0

Used by: Person

Perturbation <u>Item</u>

Variations in the state of a system.

Since:1.3.6

Phase <u>Item</u>

A point or portion in a recurring series of changes.

Since: 1.3.6

PhaseAngle <u>Item</u>

Phase difference between two or more waves, normally expressed in degrees.

Since: 1.2.1

PhaseSpaceDensity

Item

The number of particles per unit volume in the six-dimensional space of position and velocity.

Since: 1.0.0

PhenomenonType

Enumeration

The characteristics or categorization of an event type.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Active Region

Aurora

BowShockCrossing

CoronalHole

CoronalMassEjection

EITWave

EnergeticSolarParticleEvent

ForbushDecrease

GeomagneticStorm

<u>InterplanetaryCoronalMassEjection</u>

InterplanetaryShock

MagneticCloud

MagnetopauseCrossing

RadioBurst

SectorBoundaryCrossing

SolarFlare

SolarWindExtreme

<u>StreamInteractionRegion</u>

Substorm

Used by: <u>Annotation</u> <u>Catalog</u>

Phobos <u>Item</u>

The larger and inner most moon of Mars.

Since: 2.2.5

PhoneNumber <u>Text</u>

The symbols and numerals required to contact an individual by telephone. The string may contain punctuation marks such as dash "-" or dot "." to separate fields within the string.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Person

Photograph <u>Item</u>

An image (positive or negative) registered on a piece of photo-sensitive paper.

Since:2.2.0

PhotographicPlate <u>Item</u>

A rigid (typically glass) medium that functions like film. Its rigidity is for guarding against image distortion due to medium deformation (caused by heat and humidity). Photographic plates are often used for astronomical photography.

Since:2.2.0

Photolonization <u>Item</u>

Chemical process by which a neutral is ionized thanks to the energy from a photon.

Since:2.5.0

Photometer Item

An instrument which measures the strength of electromagnetic radiation within a spectral band which can range from ultraviolet to infrared and includes the visible spectrum.

Since: 1.2.1

PhotomultiplierTube

Item

A vacuum phototube that is an extremely sensitive detector of light in the ultraviolet, visible, and near-infrared ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum.

Since: 2.2.3

Photon <u>Item</u>

Electromagnetic waves detected by techniques that utilize their corpuscular character (e.g., CCD, CMOS, or Photomultiplier).

Since: 1.0.0

Photopolarimeter Item

An instrument which measures the intensity and polarization or radiant energy. A photopolarimeter is a combination of a photometer and a polarimeter.

Since: 1.2.1

Photosphere <u>Item</u>

The atmospheric layer of the Sun or a star from which continuum radiation, especially optical, is emitted to space. For the Sun, the photosphere is about 500 km thick.

Since: 1.0.0

PIC <u>Item</u>

A numerical scheme modeling ions and electrons as macroparticles.

Since:2.5.0

PitchAngleRange <u>Container</u>

The range of possible pitch angles for a group of particle observations.

Since: 2.2.9

Sub-elements Low

<u>High</u>

Units

Bin

Used by: Particle

Plane <u>Item</u>

Symmetry across a plane.

Since: 2.5.0

PlaneNormalVector <u>Text</u>

A list of the component in each dimension of the vector normal to a plane.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: SpatialDescription

PlanePoint <u>Text</u>

A list of the component in each dimension of a point in plane.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: SpatialDescription

Planet Item

A planet is a large, rounded astronomical body that is neither a star nor a stellar remnant. In August 2006 the International Astronomical Union (IAU) defined that in the Solar System a planet is a celestial body that satisfies the following criteria (1) is in orbit around the Sun, (2) has sufficient mass to assume hydrostatic equilibrium (a nearly round shape), and (3) has

"cleared the neighborhood" around its orbit. This definition is still controversial to this day. Many members of the community believe that Pluto, which was demoted to the status dwarf planet, should maintain its planet status.

Since: 2.6.0

PlasmaBeta <u>Item</u>

The ratio of the plasma pressure (nkT) to the magnetic pressure (B^2/2μ₀) in a single component plasma or the ratio of the plasma pressure sum over i of (n_ikT_i) for all species i to the magnetic pressure (B^2/2μ₀) in a multi components plasma.

Since: 1.3.5

PlasmaFrequency

<u>Item</u>

A number density dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.

Since: 1.2.1

Plasmagram <u>Item</u>

The characterization of signal strengths in active sounding measurements as a function of virtual range or signal delay time and sounding frequency. A Plasmagram is also referred to as an lonogram.

Since: 1.3.5

Plasmasphere <u>Item</u>

A region of the magnetosphere consisting of low energy (cool) plasma. It is located above the ionosphere. The outer boundary of the plasmasphere is known as the plasmapause, which is defined by an order of magnitude drop in plasma density.

Since: 1.2.0

PlasmaWaves Item

Self-consistent collective oscillations of particles and fields (electric and magnetic) in a plasma.

Since:1.3.5

Platform <u>Item</u>

A collection of components which can be positioned and oriented as a single unit. A platform may contain other platforms. For example, a spacecraft is a platform which may have components that can be articulated and are also considered platforms.

Since: 1.3.1

Pluto <u>Item</u>

The ninth planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since: 1.2.0

PNG <u>Item</u>

A digital format for still images. Portable Network Graphics (PNG).

Since: 1.0.0

Polar <u>Item</u>

The region near the pole of a body. For a magnetosphere the polar region is the area where magnetic field lines are open and includes the auroral zone.

Since: 1.1.0

PolarAngle <u>Item</u>

The angle between the position or measured vector and the k-axis of the coordinate system. Mathematically defined as arctan([sqrt(i^2+j^2)]/k). This term could be also applied to angles between the vector and other components, for example the IMF cone angle defined as arccos(B_x|B_t|.

Since: 1.3.4

PolarAngleRange

Container

The range of possible polar angles for a group of energy observations. Defaults units are degrees.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements Low

High Units

Bin

Used by: Particle

PolarCap <u>Item</u>

The areas of the globe surrounding the poles and consisting of the region north of 60 deg north latitude and the region south of 60 deg south latitude.

Since: 1.2.0

Polarization <u>Item</u>

Direction of the electric vector of an electromagnetic wave. The wave can be linearly polarized in any direction perpendicular to the direction of travel, circularly polarized (clockwise or counterclockwise), unpolarized, or mixtures of the above.

Since: 1.0.0

Policy <u>Item</u>

A deliberate system of principles to guide decisions and achieve rational outcomes. A policy is a statement of intent, and is implemented as a procedure or protocol.

Since:2.4.0

Population <u>Text</u>

A concise description of a particle population, for references.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: Particle

PopulationChargeState

Numeric

Charge of a particle in a population, in units of the charge of a proton. Charge state of a bare proton is equal to one.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

Particle

PopulationDensity

<u>Text</u>

The number of particles per unit volume.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

PopulationFlowSpeed

Text

The rate at which particles or energy is passing through a unit area in a unit time.

Since: 2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

PopulationMassNumber |

<u>Text</u>

The total number of protons and neutrons (together known as nucleons) in an atomic nucleus.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

Particle

PopulationTemperature

Text

A measure of the kinetic energy of random motion with respect to the average. Temperature is properly defined only for an equilibrium particle distribution (Maxwellian distribution).

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

Positional <u>Item</u>

The specification of the location of an object or measurement within a reference coordinate system. The position is usually expressed as a set of values corresponding to the location along a set of orthogonal axes together with the date/time of the observation.

Since: 1.0.0

Positron <u>Item</u>

An elementary particle that has a positive charge equal to about 1.60218*10^-19 C and a rest mass equal to about 9.10938*10^-31 kg.

Since:2.3.1

Poster Item

A set of information arranged on a single page or sheet, typically in a large format.

Since: 2.2.2

Postscript Item

A page description programming language created by Adobe Systems Inc. that is a device-independent industry standard for representing text and graphics.

Since: 1.2.0

Potential <u>Item</u>

The work required per unit charge to move a charge from a reference point to a point at infinity (electric potential is defined to be zero). The electric potential of a spacecraft is often referred to as the spacecraft potential. The spacecraft potential is the electric potential of the spacecraft relative to the potential of the nearby plasma. The spacecraft potential is non-zero because the spacecraft charges to the level that the emitted photoelectron flux going to infinity is balanced by the plasma electron flux to the spacecraft.

Since: 1.0.0

PowerSpectralDensity

<u>Item</u>

The Power Spectral Density, PSD, is the measure of signal power content versus frequency, energy, wave number, etc. A PSD is typically used to characterize broadband random signals. The amplitude of the PSD is normalized by the spectral resolution employed to digitize the signal.

Since:2.3.2

PoyntingFlux <u>Item</u>

Electromagnetic energy flux transported by a wave characterized as the rate of energy transport per unit area per steradian.

Since: 1.0.0

Prerequisites <u>Text</u>

A thing that is required to be installed on your computer in order to run or compile the software.

Since:2.4.0
Used by: Software

Presentation Item

A set of information that is used when communicating to an audience.

Since: 2.2.2

Pressure <u>Item</u>

The force per unit area exerted by a particle distribution or field.

Since: 1.1.0

PrincipalInvestigator

Item

An individual who is the administrative and scientific lead for an investigation.

Since: 1.0.0

Print Item

A sheet of any written or printed material which may include notes or graphics. Multiple printed pages may be bound into a manuscript or book.

Since:2.2.0

PriorID <u>ID</u>

The resource identifier for a resource that is superseded or replaced by a resource.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Granule

ResourceHeader

Probable <u>Item</u>

Likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 4 to 7 on a scale of 0 to 10.

Since: 1.3.4

ProcessCoefficient <u>Text</u>

Coefficient associated to a chemical process.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputProcess

ProcessCoeffType <u>Enumeration</u>

Whether the model results are obtained from a stationary solution or are dynamically computed.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values CrossSection

Frequency

Other

Rate

Used by: InputProcess

ProcessingLevel <u>Enumeration</u>

The standard classification of the processing performed on the product.

Since: 1.2.0

Allowed Values Calibrated

Raw

<u>Uncalibrated</u> ValueAdded

Used by: <u>DisplayData</u>

<u>DisplayOutput</u> <u>NumericalData</u> NumericalOutput

ProcessModel Text

Model used to describe a chemical process.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputProcess

ProcessType <u>Enumeration</u>

Type of chemical process.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values ChargeExchange

DissociativeRecombination

ElectronImpact PhotoIonization

Used by: <u>InputProcess</u>

ProductionRate <u>Text</u>

The number of items that can be produced during a given period of time.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

ProductKey <u>Text</u>

A string of characters used to uniquely identify a particular product within a Repository. The style or format of the identifier is determined by the Repository. The kinds of resources which can be accessed include, but are not limited to, numerical data, display data, documents and event lists. The method to access the product is determined by the attributes of an access service.

Since:2.2.2

Used by: AccessURL

Profile Item

Measurements of a quantity as a function of height above an object such as the limb of a body. Since:1.0.0

ProgramManager <u>Item</u>

An individual whose major task entails direction of program team members such that the full organization achieves the objectives and goals of a program. The Program Manager is expected to provide clear guidance and resolve conflicts and issues while maintaining focus on achieving program success.

Since:2.3.2

ProgramScientist <u>Item</u>

A program scientist is someone who performs a range of scientific program planning duties, takes responsibility for the science content of flight mission programs or projects. A program scientist develops, reviews, and provides recommendations for proposed program requirements, expected results, budgetary estimates and also establishes methods and procedures to reduce program costs, provides expert advice to management on strategic planning and program development, develops and manages research program, and presents issues and proposes solutions to senior management.

Since:2.3.2

Project <u>Text</u>

The name of an organized activity with a stated goal or objective.

Since:2.3.0

Used by: Funding

ProjectEngineer <u>Item</u>

An engineer tasked with the full suite of responsibilities as a project undergoes the transition from the requirements derivation and preliminary design phases to controlled hardware development, assembly and environmental testing. The Project Engineer manages a team while developing the cadence of hardware manufacturing and assembly until instrument deployment and through the end of the mission.

Since:2.3.1

Projection <u>Enumeration</u>

A measure of the length of a position or measured vector as projected into a plane of the coordinate system.

Since: 1.3.4

Allowed Values IJ

IK

<u>JK</u>

ProjectManager <u>Item</u>

An individual whose major task entails direction of project team members such that the full organization achieves the objectives and goals of the mission. The Project Manager is expected to provide clear guidance and resolve conflicts and issues while maintaining focus on achieving mission success.

Since: 2.3.1

ProjectScientist <u>Item</u>

An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics explored by the project. A project scientist may also have a managerial role within the project.

Since: 1.1.0

PropagationTime <u>Item</u>

Time difference between transmission and reception of a wave in an active wave experiment.

Since: 1.3.5

Property <u>Container</u>

A container of attributes regarding the property of an application.

Since: 2.4.0

Sub-elements Name

Description

Caveats

PropertyQuantity

Qualifier

Units

UnitsConversion

PropertyLabel

PropertyValue

PropertyTableURL

ValidMin

ValidMax

PropertyModel

ModelURL

Used by: DisplayOutput

InputParameter

InputProperties

NumericalOutput

RegionParameter

PropertyLabel <u>Text</u>

A string list of the labels of each dimension of the property.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: Property

PropertyModel

Model used to define a property.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: Property

PropertyQuantity <u>Enumeration</u>

The value associated with a property.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values 2DCuts

3DCubes

ACElectricField

ACMagneticField

Absorption

ActivityIndex

AdiabaticInvariant

AdiabaticInvariant.MagneticMoment

AdiabaticInvariant.BounceMotion

AdiabaticInvariant.DriftMotion

<u>Aerosol</u>

AkasofuEpsilon

Albedo

<u>AlfvenMachNumber</u>

AlfvenVelocity

<u>Text</u>

<u>AlphaParticle</u>

Antenna

ArrivalDirection

<u>Atom</u>

AtomicNumberDetected

<u>AverageChargeState</u>

AzimuthAngle

CaK

Channeltron

ChargeExchange

ChargeFlux

ChargeState

Coronograph

CountRate

Counts

CrossSection

Current

CurrentDensity

DataQuality

DissociativeRecombination

DopplerFrequency

Dopplergram

DoubleSphere

<u>Dust</u>

DustDetector

DynamicPressure

Electric

ElectricField

Electromagnetic

Electron

ElectronDriftInstrument

ElectronImpact

Electrostatic

ElectrostaticAnalyser

ElevationAngle

Emissivity

EnergeticParticleInstrument

EnergeticParticles

Energy

EnergyDensity

EnergyFlux

EnergyPerCharge

Entropy

Ephemeris

EquivalentWidth

Experiment

ExtremeUltraviolet

FarUltraviolet

FaradayCup

FlowSpeed

FlowVelocity

Fluence

FluxFeedback

<u>FourierTransformSpectrograph</u>

Frequency

<u>FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio</u>

GammaRays

<u>GeigerMuellerTube</u>

GeometricFactor

Gyrofrequency

Halpha

HardXRays

He10830

He304

HeatFlux

Housekeeping

Hydrodynamic

IMFClockAngle

ImageIntensity

<u>Imager</u>

<u>ImagingSpectrometer</u>

Infrared

<u>InstrumentMode</u>

InstrumentStatus

Intensity

<u>Interferometer</u>

lon

IonChamber

IonComposition

IonDrift

IonGauge

Irradiance

K7699

LBHBand

LShell

<u>LangmuirProbe</u>

Lidar

LineDepth

Lines

LongWire

<u>LowerHybridFrequency</u>

MHD

Magnetic

MagneticField

Magnetogram

<u>Magnetograph</u>

Magnetometer

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Mass

MassDensity

MassNumber

MassPerCharge

<u>MassSpectrometer</u>

MicrochannelPlate

Microwave

ModeAmplitude

Molecule

MultispectralImager

Muon

NaD

NeutralAtomImager

NeutralAtomImages

NeutralGas

NeutralParticleDetector

Neutron

Ni6768

NumberDensity

NumberFlux

Optical

Orientation

Other

ParticleCorrelator

ParticleDetector

ParticleRadius

ParticleRigidity

PhaseSpaceDensity

Photolonization

Photometer

PhotomultiplierTube

Photon

Photopolarimeter

PlasmaBeta

PlasmaFrequency

PlasmaWaves

<u>Platform</u>

PolarAngle

Polarization

Positional

Positron

Potential

PoyntingFlux

Pressure

Profile

PropagationTime

ProportionalCounter

Proton

QuadrisphericalAnalyser

Radar

Radiance

RadioFrequency

Radiometer

Rate

Remark

ResonanceSounder

RetardingPotentialAnalyser

Riometer

RotationMatrix

SPICE

ScintillationDetector

SearchCoil

SoftXRays

SolarUVFlux

SolidStateDetector

SonicMachNumber

SoundSpeed

Sounder

SpacecraftPotentialControl

SpatialSeries

Spectra

SpectralPowerReceiver

Spectrometer

Spectrum

SpinPeriod

SpinPhase

SpinRate

StokesParameters

Telemetry

Temperature

Temporal

ThermalPlasma

TimeSeries TotalPressure Ultraviolet Unspecified <u>UpperHybridFrequency</u> **VCrossB** Velocity VolumeEmissionRate WaveformReceiver **Wavelength** Waves Waves.Active Waves.Passive WebResource **WebService WhiteLight** <u>XRays</u> Used by: Property PropertyTableURL **URL** A URL to a table containing property values. Since:2.5.0 Used by: Property **PropertyValue** Text A string list of the values of the property. Since:2.5.0 Used by: Property ProportionalCounter An instrument which measures energy of ionization radiation based on interactions with a gas. Since: 1.2.1 **Proteus** Item The second largest moon of Neptune. Since:2.2.5 Proton <u>Item</u> An elementary particle that is a constituent of all atomic nuclei. Protons have a positive charge equal to about 1.60218*10^-19 C and a rest mass equal to about 1.67262*10^-27 kg. Since: 1.0.0

ThermalSpeed
TimeOfFlight

ProviderName

Text

The source, or original provider, of the data (for example, PDS PPI).

Since:2.2.9

Used by: Catalog

<u>DisplayData</u> <u>NumericalData</u>

ProviderProcessingLevel

Text

The provider specific information on the processing performed on the product. This should include the provider processing level designation and information about the intended use of the product. For example, if it is to be used for machine learning or other high-level applications.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: <u>DisplayData</u>

<u>DisplayOutput</u> <u>NumericalData</u> <u>NumericalOutput</u>

ModelRun

ProviderResourceName

Text

A short textual description of a resource used by the provider which may be used to identify a resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Catalog

DisplayData
DisplayOutput
NumericalData
NumericalOutput
ModelRun

Provider Version Tex

Describes the release or edition of the product used by the provider. The formation rule may vary between providers. It is intended to aid in queries to the provider regarding the product.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Catalog

<u>DisplayData</u>
<u>DisplayOutput</u>
<u>NumericalData</u>
<u>NumericalOutput</u>

ModelRun

Pseudo Item

Similar to or having the appearance of something else. Can be used to indicate an estimation or approximation of a particular quantity.

Since: 1.3.4

PublicationDate <u>DateTime</u>

The date that the work (document, data, images, DOI or other types of resources) was first issued.

Since:2.3.0

Used by: PublicationInfo

PublicationInfo <u>Container</u>

Information required to mint a DOI for the resource being described in SPASE.

Since:2.3.0

Sub-elements Title

Authors

PublicationDate

PublishedBy

LandingPageURL

Used by: ResourceHeader

PublishedBy <u>Text</u>

The name or the company, organization or individual that issues the work (document, data, images or other types of resources).

Since:2.3.0

Used by: PublicationInfo

Publisher Item

An individual, organization, institution or government department responsible for the production and dissemination of a document.

Since: 1.3.0

Puck Item

The largest inner spherical moon of Uranus.

Since:2.2.5

QuadrisphericalAnalyser

Item

An instrument used for the 3-D detection of plasma, energetic electrons and ions, and for positive ion composition measurements.

Since: 1.0.0

Qualifier Enumeration

Characterizes the refinement to apply to a type or attribute of a quantity.

Since: 1.3.1

Allowed Values Incident

Anisotropy

Array

AutoSpectrum

<u>Average</u>

Characteristic

Circular

Coherence

Column

Component

Component.I

Component.J

Component.K

Confidence

Core

CrossSpectrum

Deviation

Differential

Direction

Directional

DirectionAngle

<u>DirectionAngle.AzimuthAngle</u>

<u>DirectionAngle.ElevationAngle</u>

DirectionAngle.PolarAngle

DirectionCosine

DirectionCosine.I

DirectionCosine.J

DirectionCosine.K

EncodedParameter

FieldAligned

<u>Fit</u>

<u>Group</u>

<u>Halo</u>

ImaginaryPart

Integral

Integral.Area

Integral.Bandwidth

Integral.SolidAngle

Linear

LineOfSight

Magnitude

Maximum

Median

Minimum

Moment

<u>Parallel</u>

Peak

Perpendicular

Perturbation

Phase

PhaseAngle

Projection Projection.IJ Projection.IK Projection.JK Pseudo Ratio RealPart Scalar **Spectral StandardDeviation StokesParameters** Strahl Superhalo **Symmetric** <u>Tensor</u> **Total Trace** <u>Uncertainty</u> **Variance Vector** Used by: Element Field InputField **InputParameter InputPopulation Mixed Particle Property** Support **Wave** Quantity **Numeric** A value that describes a characteristic of a system. Since: 1.3.0 Used by: DataExtent QuickTime Item A format for digital movies, as defined by Apple Computer, see http://developer.apple.com/quicktime/. Since: 1.0.0

<u>PowerSpectralDensity</u>

Radar <u>Item</u>

An instrument that uses directional properties of returned power to infer spatial and/or other characteristics of a remote object.

Since: 1.0.0

Radiance <u>Item</u>

A radiometric measurement that describes the amount of electromagnetic radiation that passes through or is emitted from a particular area, and falls within a given solid angle in a specified direction. They are used to characterize both emission from diffuse sources and reflection from diffuse surfaces.

Since: 1.0.0

RadiationBelt <u>Item</u>

The region within a magnetosphere where high-energy particles could potentially be trapped in a magnetic field.

Since: 1.1.0

RadioBurst <u>Item</u>

Emissions of the Sun in radio wavelengths from centimeters to dekameters, under both quiet and disturbed conditions. Radio Bursts can be Type I consisting of many short, narrow-band bursts in the metric range (80 MHz to 200 MHz). Type II consisting of narrow-band emission that begins in the meter range (150 MHz) and sweeps slowly (tens of minutes) toward dekameter wavelengths (20 MHz). Type III consisting of narrow-band bursts that sweep rapidly (seconds) from decimeter to dekameter wavelengths (500 MHz to 20 MHz) and Type IV consisting of a smooth continuum of broadband bursts primarily in the meter range (10 MHz to 200 MHz).

Since: 1.3.0

RadioFrequency

Photons with a wavelength range: 10⁵ nm to 10¹¹ nm.

Since: 1.0.0

Radiometer Item

An instrument for detecting or measuring radiant energy. Radiometers are commonly limited to infrared radiation.

Since: 1.2.1

Radius <u>Text</u>

The length of a line segment from a center point to the perimeter.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: RegionParameter

Rate <u>Item</u>

Reaction rate: reaction production per unit of time.

Since:2.5.0

Ratio Item

The relative magnitudes of two quantities.

Since: 1.1.0

Raw <u>Item</u>

Data in its original state with no processing to account for calibration. Similar to NASA Level 0.

Since:1.0.0

RealPart <u>Item</u>

Any number z can in general be represented by its complex form with z= a+ib where i, which is defined as the square root of -1, signifies the imaginary component of the number z. The coefficient a is called the real part of the complex number z.

Since:2.3.2

RegionBegin <u>Text</u>

The values that define the start point of a region.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: Granule

SpatialDescription

RegionEnd <u>Text</u>

The values that define the ending point of a region.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: Granule

SpatialDescription

RegionParameter Container

Radius of the Region in the model.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ModeledRegion

Description

Caveats

Radius

SubLongitude

Period

ObjectMass

InputTableURL

Property

Used by: ModelRun

Registry <u>Container</u>

A location or facility where resources are cataloged.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessURL Extension

Used by: Spase

RelativeStopDate <u>Duration</u>

An indication of the nominal end date relative to the present.

Since:1.1.0

Used by: TimeSpan

ReleaseDate <u>DateTime</u>

The date and time when a SPASE resource is made available. The availability of a resource coincides with the release of a resource description. If the Release Date is specified as a future date, then it indicates that resource should not be made available until that time. However, this is only advisory and in practice the Release Date should be the actual date the resource description was published.

Since: 1.1.0

Used by: Granule

ModelVersion

<u>Person</u>

ResourceHeader RevisionEvent

Remark <u>Item</u>

A notice, comment, or observation.

Since:2.4.1

Remote1AU Item

A roughly toroidal region that includes the orbit of the Earth, but exclusive of the region near the Earth.

Since: 1.1.0

RenderingAxis <u>Enumeration</u>

A reference component of a plot or rendering of data. A plot typically is a 2-D rendering with a horizontal axis and vertical axis. A third dimension can be introduced with a color coding of the rendered data.

Since: 2.2.0

Allowed Values ColorBar

Horizontal Vertical

Used by: RenderingHints

RenderingHints Container

Attributes to aid in the rendering of parameter.

Since: 1.3.1

Sub-elements <u>DisplayType</u>

AxisLabel

RenderingAxis

Index

ValueFormat

ScaleMin

ScaleMax

ScaleType

Used by: Element
Parameter

Report <u>Item</u>

A document which describes the findings of some individual or group.

Since:2.2.2

Repository <u>Container</u>

A location or facility where resources are stored.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessURL

Extension

Used by: Spase

RepositoryID <u>ID</u>

The identifier of a Repository resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: AccessInformation

AccessInformationOptional

ResonanceSounder <u>Item</u>

A combination of a radio receiver and a pulsed transmitter used to study the plasma surrounding a spacecraft by identifying resonances or cut-offs (of the wave dispersion relation), whose frequencies are related to the ambient plasma density and magnetic field. When the transmitter is off it is essentially a high-frequency resolution spectral power receiver.

Since: 1.0.0

ResourceHeader <u>Container</u>

Attributes of a resource which pertain to the provider of the resource and descriptive information about the resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements ResourceName

<u>AlternateName</u>

DOI

ReleaseDate

RevisionHistory

ExpirationDate

Description

Acknowledgement

PublicationInfo

Funding

Contact

InformationURL

Association

PriorID

Used by: **Annotation**

<u>Catalog</u>

Collection

DisplayData

DisplayOutput

Document

Instrument

NumericalData

NumericalOutput

<u>Observatory</u>

Registry

Repository

Service

Model

ModelRun

Software

ResourceID

IΓ

A ResourceID is a URI that has the form "scheme://authority/path" where "scheme" is "spase" for those resources administered through the SPASE framework, "authority" is the unique identifier for the resource provider registered within the SPASE framework and "path" is the unique identifier of the resource within the context of the "authority". All ResourceIDs must be unique within the SPASE framework.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Annotation

Catalog

Collection

DisplayData

DisplayOutput

Document

<u>Granule</u>

<u>Instrument</u>

NumericalData

NumericalOutput

Observatory

Person

Registry

Repository

Service Model ModelRun Software

ResourceName <u>Text</u>

A short textual resource description that is sufficient for identifying the resource. It should have a one-to-one correspondence to the ResourceID of the resource.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Member

ResourceHeader

Restricted <u>Item</u>

Access to the product is regulated and requires some form of identification.

Since: 1.0.0

RetardingPotentialAnalyser

<u>Item</u>

An instrument which measures ion temperatures and ion concentrations using a planar ion trap.

Since: 1.2.1

RevisionEvent <u>Container</u>

A specific change that improves or upgrades.

Since:2.3.1

Sub-elements ReleaseDate

Note

Used by: RevisionHistory

RevisionHistory <u>Container</u>

A history of changes that improve or upgrade.

Since:2.3.1

Sub-elements RevisionEvent

Used by: ResourceHeader

RevisionOf <u>Item</u>

A modified version of a resource instance.

Since: 1.3.3

Rhea <u>Item</u>

The second largest moon of Saturn and the ninth largest moon in the Solar System.

Since:2.2.5

RINEX2 <u>Item</u>

Receiver Independent Exchange Format (RINEX) - version 2.*, is a data interchange format for raw satellite navigation system data. https://files.igs.org/pub/data/format/rinex211.txt.

RINEX3 <u>Item</u>

Receiver Independent Exchange Format (RINEX) - version 3.*, is a data interchange format for raw satellite navigation system data. https://files.igs.org/pub/data/format/rinex300.pdf.

Since: 2.4.1

RingCurrent <u>Item</u>

One of the major current systems confined within planetary magnetospheres. The ring current circles in the magnetic equatorial plane of magnetospheres. It is generated by the longitudinal drift of energetic charged particles trapped on inner, dipole-like magnetospheric field lines. At the Earth, the ring current is carried by 10 keV to 200 keV charged particles typically located at L-shells between 3 and 6. The ring current is also the primary driver of the Sym H and Dst Indices of magnetic storm activity at the Earth.

Since:2.3.1

Riometer <u>Item</u>

An instrument which measures the signal strength in various directions of the galactic radio signals. Variations in these signals are influenced by solar flare activity and geomagnetic storm and substorm processes.

Since: 1.2.1

Role <u>Enumeration</u>

The assigned or assumed function or position of an individual.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Author

ArchiveSpecialist

Colnvestigator

CoPI

Contributor

DataProducer

DeputyPI

Developer

FormerPI

GeneralContact

HostContact

InstrumentLead

InstrumentScientist

MetadataContact

MissionManager

<u>MissionPrincipalInvestigator</u>

PrincipalInvestigator

ProgramManager

ProgramScientist

ProjectEngineer

<u>ProjectManager</u>

ProjectScientist

Publisher

Scientist

TeamLeader

TeamMember

TechnicalContact

User

Used by: Contact

RORIdentifier <u>Text</u>

The assigned Research Organization Registry (ROR) identifier, see https://ror.org/.

Since: 2.3.3

RotationMatrix <u>Item</u>

A tensor that is used to perform vector data transformation from one coordinate system to another.

Since:2.3.2

RTN <u>Item</u>

Radial Tangential Normal. Typically centered at a spacecraft. Used for IMF and plasma V vectors. The x-axis (radial) is set as the primary-axis, and is defined as the axis pointing from the spacecraft to the Sun. The z-axis (tangential) is set as the secondary-axis, and is defined as that portion of the solar North rotational axis which is perpendicular to the primary-axis. The y-axis (normal) is defined as Z cross X.

Since: 1.0.0

S3 BUCKET Item

A container of objects that comply with the Amazon Simple Storage Service (S3) specifications. A bucket has a unique, user-assigned key (name). A bucket can contain any number of objects with an aggregate size of 5 gigabytes. A bucket may be accompanied by up to 2 kilobytes of metadata.

Since:2.2.0

Saturn <u>Enumeration</u>

The sixth planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since: 1.2.0

Allowed Values Dione

Enceladus

<u>lapetus</u>

Magnetosphere

Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main

Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Magnetosphere.Polar

Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

<u>Mimas</u>

Rhea

<u>Tethys</u>

<u>Titan</u>

SavedQuantity <u>Enumeration</u>

Quantities that are saved during a given diagnosis.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values 2DCuts

3DCubes

ACElectricField

ACMagneticField

Absorption

AdiabaticInvariant

AdiabaticInvariant.MagneticMoment

AdiabaticInvariant.BounceMotion

AdiabaticInvariant.DriftMotion

<u>AkasofuEpsilon</u>

<u>Albedo</u>

<u>AlfvenMachNumber</u>

AlfvenVelocity

ArrivalDirection

<u>AtomicNumberDetected</u>

<u>AverageChargeState</u>

ChargeFlux

ChargeState

CountRate

Counts

Current

CurrentDensity

<u>DopplerFrequency</u>

DynamicPressure

Electric

Electromagnetic

Emissivity

Energy

EnergyDensity

EnergyFlux

EnergyPerCharge

Entropy

EquivalentWidth

FlowSpeed

FlowVelocity

Fluence

<u>Frequency</u>

<u>FrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio</u>

GeometricFactor

Gyrofrequency

HeatFlux

IMFClockAngle

<u>Intensity</u>

LShell

LineDepth

Lines

LowerHybridFrequency

Magnetic

MagneticField

MagnetosonicMachNumber

Mass

MassDensity

MassNumber

MassPerCharge

ModeAmplitude

NumberDensity

NumberFlux

Other

ParticleRadius

ParticleRigidity

PhaseSpaceDensity

PlasmaBeta

PlasmaFrequency

Polarization

Potential

PoyntingFlux

Pressure

PropagationTime

SolarUVFlux

SonicMachNumber

SoundSpeed

SpatialSeries

<u>Spectra</u>

StokesParameters

Temperature

ThermalSpeed

TimeSeries

TotalPressure

<u>UpperHybridFrequency</u>

VCrossB

Velocity

VolumeEmissionRate

Wavelength

Used by: DiagnosisTimeStep

SC <u>Item</u>

Spacecraft - A coordinate system defined by the spacecraft geometry and/or spin. Often has z-axis parallel to spacecraft spin vector. The x-axis and y-axis may or may not corotate with the spacecraft, see SR and SR2 below.

Since: 1.0.0

Scalar <u>Item</u>

A quantity that is completely specified by its magnitude and has no direction.

Since: 1.2.0

ScaleMax <u>Numeric</u>

The maximum value that the variable is expected to attain. Used, for example, by automated plotting software.

Since: 1.3.1

Used by: RenderingHints

ScaleMin Numeric

The minimum value that the variable is expected to attain. Used, for example, by automated plotting software.

Since: 1.3.1

Used by: RenderingHints

ScaleType <u>Enumeration</u>

The scaling to apply to an axis. If this attribute is not present, linear scale should be assumed.

Since: 1.3.1

Allowed Values LinearScale

LogScale

Used by: RenderingHints

Scientist <u>Item</u>

An individual who is an expert in the phenomenon and related physics represented by the resource.

Since: 1.0.0

ScintillationDetector

An instrument which detects fluorescence of a material which is excited by high-energy (ionizing) electromagnetic or charged particle radiation.

SE <u>Item</u>

Solar Ecliptic - A heliocentric coordinate system where the z-axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. The x-axis is positive towards the first point of Aries (from Earth to Sun at vernal equinox). Same as HAE above, see

http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space/helios/coor_des.htmlr.

Since: 1.0.0

Search <u>Item</u>

A web search interface that requires additional input.

Since:2.3.0

SearchCoil <u>Item</u>

An instrument which measures the time variation of the magnetic flux threading a loop by measurement of the electric potential difference induced between the ends of the wire.

Since: 1.0.0

SectorBoundaryCrossing

Item

A sector boundary crossing is a transit by a spacecraft across the heliospheric current sheet separating the dominantly outward (away from the Sun) interplanetary magnetic field of one hemisphere of the heliosphere from the dominantly inward (towards the Sun) polarity of the other hemisphere. Such crossings have multi-day intervals of opposite IMF dominant polarities on either side.

Since:2.2.2

SensorCoordinates <u>Item</u>

A coordinate system defined by the instrument or measuring geometry.

Since: 2.6.1

Service <u>Container</u>

A location or facility that can perform a well-defined task.

Since: 1.1.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessURL

Extension

Used by: Spase

Set <u>Text</u>

A collection of items for a particular purpose.

Since: 1.3.0

Used by: InputField

InputPopulation InputProcess Parameter

SHA1 <u>Item</u>

Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 160-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.

Since: 1.2.0

SHA256 <u>Item</u>

Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), a 256-bit message digest algorithm developed by the NSA and described in Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) publication 180-1.

Since: 1.2.0

SideWall <u>Text</u>

Side walls of the model domain.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: <u>ElementBoundary</u>

Size <u>Sequence</u>

The number of elements in each dimension of a multi-dimensional array. A scalar has a size of 1. A multi-dimensional vector will have a size for each dimension. Note that the number of elements in the size of an N-dimensional array conveys array dimensionality while the product of those numbers conveys the total number of elements in the array. When size is used to describe a tensor, it is the number of elements in the tensor. As such it has a limited set of values. A tensor of rank 1 has a size of 3, rank 2 a size of 9, rank 3 a size of 27 and rank n a size of 3ⁿn.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Structure

SM <u>Item</u>

Solar Magnetic - A geocentric coordinate system where the z-axis is northward along dipole axis of the Earth, x-axis is in plane of z-axis and Earth-Sun line, positive sunward, see Russell, 1971.

Since: 1.0.0

Software <u>Container</u>

An application which can be installed, built or readily used.

Since:2.4.0

Sub-elements ResourceID

ResourceHeader

AccessInformation

SoftwareVersion

ApplicationInterface

CodeLanguage

Prerequisites

ExecutionEnvironment
InputProperty
OutputProperty

Used by: Spase

Software Version <u>Text</u>

Describes the edition of the software release. The formation rule for the version may vary between software packages. It is intended to aid in queries to the software provider regarding the software.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Software

SoftXRays <u>Item</u>

X-Rays with an energy range of 0.12 keV to 12 keV.

Since: 1.3.5

SolarFlare <u>Item</u>

An explosive event in the solar atmosphere which produces electromagnetic radiation across the electromagnetic spectrum at multiple wavelengths from long-wave radio to the shortest wavelength gamma rays.

Since: 1.0.0

SolarUVFlux <u>Item</u>

The amount of ultraviolet energy originating from the Sun passing through a unit area in a unit time.

Since: 2.2.4

SolarWindExtreme Item

Intervals of unusually large or small values of solar wind attributes such as flow speed and ion density.

Since: 1.0.0

SolidAngle Item

Integration over the angle in 3-D space that an object subtends at a point.

Since: 1.3.6

SolidStateDetector

A detector of the charge carriers (electrons and holes) generated in semiconductors by energy deposited by gamma ray photons. Also known as a semiconductor detector".

Since: 2.2.3

SonicMachNumber <u>Item</u>

The ratio of the bulk flow speed to the speed of sound in the medium.

Sounder Item

An instrument which measures the radiances from an object. A sounder may measure radiances at multiple spectral ranges.

Since: 1.2.1

SoundSpeed <u>Item</u>

The speed at which sound travels through a medium.

Since:2.0.1

Source <u>Container</u>

The location and attributes of an object.

Since: 1.3.1

Sub-elements SourceType

URL

MirrorURL

Checksum

DataExtent

Used by: Granule

SourceRegion <u>Text</u>

The apparent region of space from which a particular type of observed electromagnetic or particle radiation appears to have originated.

Since: 2.6.1

Used by: Particle
Wave

SourceRegionExtent

<u>Text</u>

The observational size of a remote source of radiation (electromagnetic waves or particles). It is typically expressed in angular width (full or half width), or in solid angle, subtended at the observing point. SourceRegionExtent should be accompanied by the description of source direction (see Direction under Qualifier).

Since: 2.6.1

Used by: Particle
Wave

SourceType Enumeration

A characterization of the function or purpose of the source.

Since: 1.3.1

Allowed Values Ancillary

Browse

Data

Layout

Thumbnail

Used by: Source

SouthAtlanticAnomalyRegion

Item

The region where the inner Van Allen radiation belt makes its closest approach to the surface of the Earth. The result is that, for a given altitude, the radiation intensity is higher over this region than elsewhere.

Since: 1.2.0

SouthernmostLatitude

Text

The latitude furthest to the south in a geographic coordinate system.

Since: 2.4.2

Used by: SpatialCoverage

SpacecraftOrbitPlane

<u>Item</u>

A coordinate system where x-axis lies in the plane normal to and in the direction of motion of the spacecraft, the z-axis is normal to this plane and the y-axis completes the triad to form a right-handed coordinate system.

Since: 1.2.1

SpacecraftPotentialControl

Item

An instrument to control the electric potential of a spacecraft with respect to the ambient plasma by emitting a variable current of positive ions.

Since: 1.0.0

Spase

Container

Space Physics Archive Search and Extract (SPASE). The outermost container or envelope for SPASE metadata. This indicates the start of the SPASE metadata.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements Version

Catalog

DisplayData

NumericalData

Granule

Instrument

Observatory

Person

Registry

Repository

Service

Annotation

Document

Software

Collection

Model

ModelRun

SpatialCoverage <u>Container</u>

A region of space defined by the latitude, longitude and altitude in a geographic coordinate system.

Since:2.4.2

Sub-elements CoordinateSystem

CenterLatitude

NorthernmostLatitude

SouthernmostLatitude

CenterLongitude

EasternmostLongitude

WesternmostLongitude

CenterElevation

MinimumElevation

MaximumElevation

Acknowledgement

Description

Used by: <u>DisplayData</u>

Granule

Member

NumericalData

Parameter

SpatialDescription

Container

A characterization of the spatial extent over which the measurement was taken.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements Dimension

CoordinateSystem

Units

UnitsConversion

CoordinatesLabel

CutsDescription

CubesDescription

PlaneNormalVector

PlanePoint

<u>RegionBegin</u>

RegionEnd

<u>Step</u>

Used by: <u>DisplayOutput</u>

NumericalOutput

Model

SpatialDimension <u>Count</u>

Number of spatial dimensions in the model domain.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelDomain

SpatialSeries <u>Item</u>

A set of 3-D arrays that contain the values of physical parameters, i.e., magnetic field vectors, particle densities, temperatures, etc., at grid points in a spacial volume.

Since:2.6.0

Specification Item

A detailed description of the requirements and other aspects of an object or component that may be used to develop an implementation.

Since:2.2.2

SpecificModeledRegion

Enumeration

Identifiers for areas of the physical world which may be occupied or observed.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values Callisto

Enceladus

Europa

Ganymede

lo

Planet

Rhea

Titan

Incident

<u>Title</u>

Spectra <u>Item</u>

A term that applies to any signal that can be measured or decomposed along a continuous variable such as the electromagnetic radiation which can be decomposed as a function of wavelength or frequency.

Since: 2.6.0

Spectral <u>Item</u>

Characterized as a range or continuum of frequencies.

Since: 1.3.6

SpectralPowerReceiver

Item

A radio receiver which determines the power spectral density of the electric or magnetic field, or both, at one or more frequencies.

SpectralRange <u>Enumeration</u>

The general term used to describe wavelengths or frequencies within a given span of values for those quantities.

Since: 1.1.0

Allowed Values CaK

ExtremeUltraviolet

FarUltraviolet

GammaRays

Halpha

HardXRays

He10830

He304

Infrared

K7699

LBHBand

Microwave

NaD

Ni6768

Optical

RadioFrequency

SoftXRays

Ultraviolet

WhiteLight

<u>XRays</u>

Used by: DisplayData

DisplayOutput

<u>FrequencyRange</u>

NumericalData

NumericalOutput

WavelengthRange

Spectrogram <u>Item</u>

The characterization of signal strengths as a function of frequency (or energy) and time.

Since: 1.3.5

Spectrometer <u>Item</u>

An instrument that measures the component wavelengths of light (or other electromagnetic radiation) by splitting the light up into its component wavelengths.

Since: 1.0.0

Spectrum <u>Item</u>

The distribution of a characteristic of a physical system or phenomenon, such as the energy emitted by a radiant source, arranged in the order of wavelengths.

Spherical Item

A coordinate representation of a position vector or of a measured vector by its magnitude and two direction angles. The angles are relative to the base axes of the coordinate system used. Typically, the angles are phi [azimuth angle, =arctan (j/i)] and theta, where theta may be a polar angle, arctan {[sqrt(i^2+j^2)]/k}, or an elevation angle, arctan [k/sqrt(i^2+j^2)].

Since: 1.0.0

SPICE <u>Item</u>

SPICE is an ancillary information system that provides scientists and engineers the capability to include space geometry and event data into mission design, science observation planning, and science data analysis software. The staff of the NASA Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility, NAIF, which is located at JPL provides SPICE support for planetary, heliophysics, and Earth science missions, see https://naif.jpl.nasa.gov/naif/index.html. This SPICE has been adapted from text on NAF hosted web pages.

Since:2.3.2

SpinPeriod <u>Item</u>

The time required for an object such as a spacecraft or planet to perform one full rotation in a given frame of reference.

Since:2.3.1

SpinPhase <u>Item</u>

An angular based or normalized parameter that specifies the spin state of an object such as a spacecraft or planet in a specific coordinate system usually together with the date/time of the observation.

Since:2.3.1

SpinRate <u>Item</u>

The angular rate of change of the spin angle of an object such as a spacecraft or planet.

Since:2.3.1

SR <u>Item</u>

Spin Reference - A special case of a Spacecraft (SC) coordinate system for a spinning spacecraft. The z-axis is parallel to the spacecraft spin vector. The x-axis and y-axis rotate with the spacecraft, see http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf.

Since: 1.0.0

SR2 <u>Item</u>

Spin Reference 2 - A special case of a Spacecraft (SC) coordinate system for a spinning spacecraft. The z-axis is parallel to the spacecraft spin vector while the x-axis is in the plane defined by the z-axis and the spacecraft-Sun line, positive sunward, see http://cdpp.cnes.fr/00428.pdf.

SSE Item

Spacecraft Solar Ecliptic - A coordinate system used for deep space spacecraft, i.e., consider the Helios spacecraft with the x-axis from spacecraft to Sun, the z-axis normal to ecliptic plane positive northward. Note that the angle between the normal to ecliptic plane and the normal to the Helios orbital plane is ~0.25 deg.

Since: 1.0.0

SSE_L <u>Item</u>

Selenocentric Solar Ecliptic - The x-axis points from the center of the Moon to the Sun, the z-axis is normal to the ecliptic plane, positive northward. And the y-axis completes the right-handed set of axes.

Since: 2.2.0

StackPlot <u>Item</u>

A representation of data showing multiple sets of observations on a single plot, possibly offsetting each plot by some uniform amount.

Since: 1.3.1

StandardDeviation

The square root of the average of the squares of deviations about the mean of a set of data. Standard deviation is a statistical measure of spread or variability.

Since: 1.2.0

StartDate <u>DateTime</u>

The specification of a starting point in time.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Contact

Granule Member

OperatingSpan

<u>TimeSpan</u>

StartLocation <u>Text</u>

The initial position in space.

Since: 1.3.6

Used by: ObservationExtent

Step <u>Text</u>

Spatial step between two elements of the diagnosis.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: <u>SpatialDescription</u>

StokesParameters Item

A set of four parameters (usually called I,Q, U and V) which describe the polarization state of an electromagnetic wave propagating through space.

Since: 1.0.0

StonyhurstHeliographic

Item

The origin of the Stonyhurst heliographic coordinate system is at the intersection of the solar equator and the central meridian as seen from Earth. Thus, the coordinate system remains fixed with respect to Earth, while the Sun rotates (synodically) underneath it. The latitude and longitude angles, theta and phi, respectively, are given in degrees, with theta increasing towards solar North, and phi increasing towards the solar West limb. The distance r is either a physical distance in meters, or is relative to the solar photospheric radius R approximately equal to $6.96 \times 10^{8} \, \text{m}$. This coordinate system is demonstrated in An alternative to the r coordinate is the height r = r - r relative to the solar surface, where r is positive above the surface and negative below the surface.

Since: 2.6.1

StopDate <u>DateTime</u>

The specification of a stopping point in time.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Contact

Granule Member

OperatingSpan TimeSpan

StopLocation <u>Text</u>

The final position in space.

Since: 1.3.6

Used by: ObservationExtent

Storage <u>Text</u>

The component of your computer that allows you to store and access data on a long-term basis. Indicate units with standard byte scales such as KB, MB, GB, TB and PB.

Since:2.4.0

Used by: ExecutionEnvironment

Strahl Item

A distribution of particles concentrated in a narrow energy band. The band may be may be aligned with a secondary feature. For example, it may occur in a narrow cone aligned with the mean magnetic field direction.

Since: 2.2.1

Stratosphere Item

The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the troposphere to about 30 km, temperature increases with height. The stratosphere contains the ozone layer.

StreamInteractionRegion

Item

The region where two solar wind streams, typically having differing characteristics and solar sources, abut up against (and possibly partially interpenetrate) each other. The abbreviation SIR is commonly used in place of Stream Interaction Region.

Since:2.0.2

Strong <u>Item</u>

Highly likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 7 to 10 on a scale of 0 to 10.

Since: 1.3.4

Structure <u>Container</u>

The organization and relationship of individual values within a quantity.

Since: 1.2.0

Sub-elements Size

Description Element

Used by: Parameter

Style <u>Enumeration</u>

The manner or protocol with which resources can be accessed.

Since:2.3.0

Allowed Values **EPNTAP**

<u>File</u>

Git

HAPI

Listing

Search

TAP

Template

Overview

WebService

Used by: AccessURL

SubAuroralRegion

Item

When considering the case of the Earth, the sub-auroral region typically refers to two latitudinal bands, one in the northern hemisphere and the other in the southern hemisphere extending from about 50 deg to low 60 deg latitude. The concept sub-auroral regions does not apply to all bodies in the solar system and different latitudinal ranges would apply for each body case by case. The sub-auroral regions may be defined by using either planetographic or magnetic coordinates if the magnetic dipole is closely aligned with the spin axis of a magnetized body. Ground magnetometers located at sub-auroral latitudes on the Earth measure a mixture of activity driven by auroral zone currents and the ring current.

Since:2.3.1

SubLongitude Text

The longitude on the surface of an object which is directly below another object.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: RegionParameter

Substorm <u>Item</u>

A process by which plasma in the magnetotail becomes energized at a fast rate.

Since: 1.2.0

Sun Enumeration

The star upon which our solar system is centered.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values Chromosphere

Corona Interior

Photosphere

TransitionRegion

Superhalo <u>Item</u>

The part of an object or distribution surrounding some central body or distribution evident in a second break in the distribution function (e.g., a different power law). It consists of a population with energies higher than that of coexisting halo population.

Since:2.2.1

Support <u>Container</u>

Information useful in understanding the context of an observation, typically observed or measured coincidentally with a physical observation.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements Qualifier

SupportQuantity

Used by: Parameter

SupportQuantity <u>Enumeration</u>

A characterization of the support information.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values **DataQuality**

<u>Housekeeping</u>

<u>InstrumentMode</u>

Orientation

Other

Positional

Remark

RotationMatrix

SpinPeriod

SpinPhase

SpinRate

Telemetry

Temporal

Velocity

WebResource

WebService

Used by: Support

Surface <u>Item</u>

The outermost area of a solid object.

Since: 1.0.0

Symmetric <u>Item</u>

Equal distribution about one or more axes.

Since: 1.3.1

Symmetry <u>Enumeration</u>

Symmetry of the model domain.

Since:2.5.0

Allowed Values Axial

Central

None

Plane

Used by: ModelDomain

TAP Item

The table access protocol (TAP) defines a service protocol for accessing general table data, including astronomical catalogs as well as general database tables. Access is provided for both database and table metadata as well as for actual table data. https://wiki.ivoa.net/twiki/bin/view/IVOA/TableAccess.

Since:2.4.1

TAR <u>Item</u>

A file format used to collate collections of files into one larger file, for distribution or archiving, while preserving file system information such as user and group permissions, dates, and directory structures. The format was standardized by POSIX.1-1988 and later POSIX.1-2001.

Since: 1.3.0

TeamLeader <u>Item</u>

An individual who is the designated leader of an investigation.

TeamMember Item

An individual who is a major participant in an investigation.

Since: 1.0.0

TechnicalContact <u>Item</u>

An individual who can provide specific information with regard to the resource or supporting software.

Since: 1.0.0

TechnicalNote <u>Item</u>

A document summarizing the performance and other technical characteristics of a product, machine, component, subsystem or software in sufficient detail to be used by an engineer or researcher.

Since: 2.2.2

Telemetry <u>Item</u>

Parameters that include full packets of data from monitoring devices or the memory addresses of datum within telemetry packets. The data comprising telemetry packets are typically expressed by using non-physical engineering units and may be used to express a variety of device operating conditions such as command acceptance/execution, housekeeping, event characterization, memory dumps, and science data. Telemetry packets may be raw or unpacked.

Since:2.3.2

Temperature Item

A measure of the kinetic energy of random motion with respect to the average. Temperature is properly defined only for an equilibrium particle distribution (Maxwellian distribution).

Since: 1.0.0

Template Item

A URI template that contains special fields as defined in URI Template specification http://tsds.org/uri_templates.

Since: 2.3.0

Temporal <u>Item</u>

Pertaining to time.

Since: 1.0.0

TemporalDependence

Enumeration

Whether the model results are obtained from a stationary solution or are dynamically computed.

Since: 2.5.0

Allowed Values No

<u>Yes</u>

Used by: Model

ModelRun

TemporalDescription

Container

A characterization of the time over which the measurement was taken.

Since: 1.0.0

Sub-elements <u>TimeSpan</u>

Cadence

CadenceMin

CadenceMax

Exposure

ExposureMin

ExposureMax

Used by: <u>DisplayData</u>

DisplayOutput

<u>NumericalData</u>

NumericalOutput

Tensor <u>Item</u>

A generalized linear quantity or geometrical entity that can be expressed as a multidimensional array relative to a choice of basis of the particular space on which it is defined.

Since: 1.2.0

TestParticle <u>Item</u>

A numerical scheme modeling the motion of charged particles in a prescribed field.

Since: 2.6.0

Tethys <u>Item</u>

The fifth largest moon of Saturn and the sixteenth largest moon in the Solar System. The orbit Tethys is the third closest to Saturn of the major Cronian moons.

Since:2.2.5

Text Enumeration

A sequence of characters which may have an imposed structure or organization.

Since: 1.0.0

Allowed Values **ASCII**

Unicode

TFCat <u>Item</u>

Time-Frequency Catalogue (TFCat) is a catalogue model & transfer format for spectro-temporal features. https://gitlab.obspm.fr/maser/catalogues/catalogue-format.

ThermalPlasma Item

Measurements of the plasma in the energy regime where the most of the plasma occurs. May be the basic fluxes in the form of distribution functions or the derived bulk parameters (density, flow velocity, etc.).

Since: 1.0.0

ThermalSpeed <u>Item</u>

A characteristic fluctuation speed of a distribution of particles about the bulk flow speed of the distribution. The value of the thermal speed depends on the dimensions and temperature of the distribution. Specific quantitative definition of thermal speed must be provided by the provider of a resource to be described in SPASE. [Note: Its quantitative definition depends on the nature of the particle distribution and how the random speed is characterized or calculated and must be specified in the description of the quantity used in the product described by the SPASE document].

Since: 1.0.0

Thermosphere <u>Item</u>

The layer of the atmosphere that extends from the Mesosphere to 640+ km, temperature increasing with height.

Since: 1.2.0

Thumbnail Item

A small representation of an image which is suitable to infer what the full-sized imaged is like.

Since: 1.3.1

TIFF <u>Item</u>

A binary format for still pictures. Tagged Image Format File (TIFF). Originally developed by Aldus and now controlled by Adobe.

Since: 1.0.0

TIIS <u>Item</u>

Kronian Solar Orbital - A coordinate system related to Saturn where the x-axis is anti-sunward and the y-axis points in the orbital velocity direction.

Since: 2.2.5

TimeOfFlight Item

An instrument which measures the time it takes for a particle to travel between two detectors.

Since: 1.2.1

TimeSeries <u>Item</u>

A representation of data showing a set of observations taken at different points in time and charted as a time series.

Since: 1.3.1

TimeSpan Container

The duration of an interval in time.

Since:1.1.0

Sub-elements StartDate

StopDate

<u>RelativeStopDate</u>

Note

Used by: Annotation

Catalog

TemporalDescription

TimeStart DateTime

Time at which the coverage by the element begins.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: DiagnosisTimeStep

ModelTime

TimeStep <u>Duration</u>

Time Step.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelTime

TimeStop <u>DateTime</u>

Time at which the coverage by the element ends.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelTime

Titan <u>Item</u>

The largest moon of Saturn and the second largest moon in the Solar System.

Since: 2.2.5

Titania <u>Item</u>

The largest moon of Uranus and the eighth largest moon in the Solar System.

Since: 2.2.5

Title Text

The name of a published composition, set or data, images or other work.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: PublicationInfo

Topside Item

The region at the upper most areas of the ionosphere.

Since: 1.2.0

Total <u>Item</u>

The summation of quantities over all possible species.

Since: 1.3.6

TotalPressure <u>Item</u>

In an MHD fluid it is the number density (N) times Boltzmann constant times the temperature in Kelvin.

Since: 1.3.5

TotalProductionRate

Text

The total number of items that can be produced during a given period of time.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: InputPopulation

Trace <u>Item</u>

The sum of the elements on the main diagonal (the diagonal from the upper left to the lower right) of a square matrix.

Since: 1.3.1

TransitionRegion

Item

A very narrow (<100 km) layer between the chromosphere and the corona where the temperature rises abruptly from about 8000 to about 500,000 K.

Since: 1.0.0

Triton <u>Item</u>

The largest moon of Neptune.

Since:2.2.5

Troposphere <u>Item</u>

The lowest layer of the atmosphere which begins at the surface and extends to between 7 km (4.4 mi) at the poles and 17 km (10.6 mi) at the equator, with some variation due to weather factors.

Since: 1.2.0

UCD <u>Text</u>

The nature of a physical parameter expressed using the IVOA UCD1+ controlled vocabulary.

Since:2.2.9

Used by: Parameter

UDF Item

Universal Data Format (UDF). The Optical Technology Storage Association Universal Disk Format, based on ISO 13346, see http://www.osta.org/specs/index.htm.

Since: 1.0.0

<u>Ultraviolet</u> <u>Item</u>

Photons with a wavelength range: 10 nm to 400 nm.

Since: 1.0.0

Umbriel Item

The third largest and fourth most massive moon of Uranus.

Since:2.2.5

Uncalibrated

Duplicate data are removed from the data stream and data are time ordered. Values are not adjusted for any potential biases or external factors. Similar to NASA Level 1.

Since: 1.0.0

Uncertainty <u>Item</u>

A statistically defined discrepancy between a measured quantity and the true value of that quantity that cannot be corrected by calculation or calibration.

Since: 1.2.0

Unicode <u>Item</u>

Text in multi-byte Unicode format.

Since: 1.0.0

Units Text

A description of the standardized measurement increments in which a value is specified. The description is represented as a mathematical phrase. Units should be represented by widely accepted representation. For example, units should conform to the International System of Units (SI) which is maintained by BIPM (Bureau International des Poids et Mesures (see links listed in the Bibliography) when appropriate or use tokens like R_E to represent units of the Radius of the Earth. Within a phrase the circumflex (^) is used to indicate a power, a star (*) is used to indicate multiplication and a slash (/) division. When symbols are not separated by a mathematical operator, multiplication is assumed.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: AzimuthalAngleRange

<u>DataExtent</u>

Element

EnergyRange

<u>FrequencyRange</u>

InputField

InputProcess

<u>InputProperty</u>

MassRange

<u>OutputProperty</u>

<u>Parameter</u>

<u>PitchAngleRange</u>

<u>PolarAngleRange</u>

Property

ModelDomain

SpatialDescription

WavelengthRange

UnitsConversion <u>Text</u>

The multiplicative factor for converting a unit into International System of Units (SI) units. The factor is expressed in the form "number>x", where "number" is a numerical value and "x" is the appropriate SI units. The basic SI units are Enumerated: m (meter), N (newton), kg (kilogram), Pa (pascal), s (second), Hz (hertz), A (ampere), V (volt), K (kelvin), W (watt), rad (radian), J (joule), sr (steradian), C (coulomb), T (tesla), ohm (ohm), mho (mho or seimens), H (henry), and F (farad). Two useful units which are not SI units are: degree (angle), and unitless (no units). An example is: "1e-9>T" which converts the units of magnetic field data expressed in nT to Tesla. Another example is: "1e+3>m/s" which converts a velocity expressed in kilometers per second to meters per second.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: **Element**

InputField

InputProcess

<u>Parameter</u>

Property

ModelDomain

SpatialDescription

Unlikely

Not likely given the available evidence. Considered equal to 0 on a scale of 0 to 10.

Since: 1.3.6

Unspecified <u>Item</u>

A value which is not provided.

Since: 1.2.1

UpperHybridFrequency

<u>Item</u>

Upper hybrid oscillations involve longitudinal motions of electrons perpendicular to the magnetic field. The upper hybrid frequency, φ_{UH}, is governed by the relationship φ_{UH}^2=φ_{pe}^2+θ_{ce}^2 where φ_{pe} is electron plasma frequency and θ_{ce} is the electron cyclotron frequency.

Since:2.3.1

<u>Uranus</u> <u>Enumeration</u>

The eighth planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since: 1.2.0

Allowed Values Ariel

<u>Magnetosphere</u>

Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main

Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Magnetosphere.Polar

Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt

Magnetosphere.RingCurrent

Miranda

Oberon

Puck

Titania

Umbriel

URL Text

Uniform Resource Locator (URL) is the global address of documents and other resources on the World Wide Web. The first part of the address indicates what protocol to use, and the second part specifies the IP address or the domain name where the resource is located followed by the pathname of the resource. A URL is specified in the form protocol://server.domain.name:port/pathname. Example protocols are HTTP or FTP, server domain name is the Internet name.

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: AccessURL

InformationURL

Installer Source

User Item

An individual who utilizes a resource or service.

Since:2.3.1

ValidMax <u>Text</u>

The largest legitimate value.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: Element

InputField

<u>InputProperty</u>

<u>OutputProperty</u>

<u>Parameter</u>

Property

ModelDomain

ValidMin <u>Text</u>

The smallest legitimate value.

Since: 1.2.0

Used by: **Element**

InputField

InputProperty

OutputProperty

Parameter

Property

ModelDomain

ValueAdded <u>Item</u>

Calibrated data that has been mapped on uniform space-time grid scales with gaps, flags and out-of-range values replaced with appropriate values. Similar to NASA Level 3.

Since:2.4.0

ValueFormat <u>Text</u>

A string defining the output format used when extracting data values out to a file or screen. The magnitude and the number of significant figures needed should be carefully considered. The output format string can be in either Fortran or C syntax.

Since: 1.3.1

Used by: RenderingHints

Variance <u>Item</u>

A measure of dispersion of a set of data points around their mean value. The expectation value of the squared deviations from the mean.

Since: 1.0.0

VCrossB <u>Item</u>

The cross product of the charge velocity (V) and the magnetic field (B). It is the electric field exerted on a point charge by a magnetic field.

Since: 1.3.5

Vector <u>Item</u>

A set of parameter values each along some independent variable (e.g., components of a field in three orthogonal spatial directions, atmospheric temperature values at several altitudes, or at a given latitude and longitude).

Since: 1.0.0

Velocity <u>Item</u>

Rate of change of position. Also used for the average velocity of a collection of particles, also referred to as bulk velocity.

VelocityDimension

Count

Number of velocity dimensions in the model domain.

Since:2.5.0

Used by: ModelDomain

Venus <u>Enumeration</u>

The second planet from the Sun in our solar system.

Since: 1.2.0

Allowed Values Magnetosphere

Magnetosphere.Magnetotail

Magnetosphere.Main

Magnetosphere.Plasmasphere

Magnetosphere.Polar

<u>Magnetosphere.RadiationBelt</u> <u>Magnetosphere.RingCurrent</u>

Version <u>Text</u>

Indicates the release identifier. When used to indicate the release of the SPASE data model, it is a in the form "Major.Minor.Fix" where Major: A significant change in the architecture of the model or rewrite of the implementation. This includes major changes in design or implementation language. This number starts at 0 (zero). Minor: An addition of terms or features that require changes in documentation/external API. This number starts at 0 (zero). Fix: Any change that does not require documentation/external API changes. This number starts at 0 (zero).

Since: 1.0.0

Used by: Spase

Versions <u>Container</u>

A container of one or more sets of version information.

Since:2.5.0

Sub-elements ModelVersion

Used by: Model

VersionTag Text

The text string for a version indicator.

Since: 2.5.0

Used by: ModelSpecification

ModelVersion

Vertical <u>Item</u>

Perpendicular to the plane of the horizon or a base line.

Since:2.2.0

VolumeEmissionRate

<u>Item</u>

The volume emission rate, e(r,t,l), is the number of photons emitted per unit source volume per second (photons/m^3/s), as measured along the line of sight between the source point and the

observer. The Volume Emission Rate is in general a function of the line-of-sight distance, r, time, t, and wavelength, I. The Volume Emission Rate is actually not a directly measurable quantity. However, the term has been commonly used in both data product descriptions and research publications.

Since:2.3.2

VOTable <u>Item</u>

A proposed IVOA standard designed as a flexible storage and exchange format for tabular data.

Since: 1.1.0

VSO <u>Item</u>

Venus Solar Orbital - A coordinate system related to Venus where the x-axis is anti-sunward and the y-axis point along the orbital velocity direction.

Since: 2.2.4

Wave <u>Container</u>

Periodic or quasi-periodic (AC) variations of physical quantities in time and space, capable of propagating or being trapped within particular regimes.

Since: 1.3.5

Sub-elements WaveType

Qualifier

WaveQuantity

EnergyRange

FrequencyRange

WavelengthRange

SourceRegion

SourceRegionExtent

Used by: Parameter

WaveForm Item

Spatial or temporal variations of wave amplitude over wave period time scales.

Since: 1.3.5

WaveformReceiver <u>Item</u>

A radio receiver which outputs the value of one or more components of the electric and/or magnetic field as a function of time.

Since: 1.0.0

Wavelength

The peak-to-peak distance over one wave period.

WavelengthRange <u>Container</u>

The range of possible values for the observed wavelength.

Since: 1.3.0

Sub-elements SpectralRange

Low High Units Bin

Used by: Wave

WaveQuantity <u>Enumeration</u>

A characterization of the physical properties of a wave.

Since: 1.3.5

Allowed Values Absorption

<u>ACElectricField</u>

ACMagneticField

<u>Albedo</u>

DopplerFrequency

Emissivity

EnergyFlux

EquivalentWidth

Frequency

Gyrofrequency

Intensity

LineDepth

<u>LowerHybridFrequency</u>

MagneticField

ModeAmplitude

PlasmaFrequency

Polarization

PoyntingFlux

PropagationTime

StokesParameters

UpperHybridFrequency

Velocity

VolumeEmissionRate

Wavelength

Used by: Wave

Waves <u>Enumeration</u>

Data resulting from observations of wave experiments and natural wave phenomena. Wave experiments are typically active and natural wave phenomena are passive. Examples of wave experiments include coherent/incoherent scatter radars, radio soundings, VLF propagation studies, ionospheric scintillation of beacon satellite signals, etc. Examples of natural wave phenomena include micropulsations, mesospheric gravity waves, auroral/plasmaspheric hiss, Langmuir waves, AKR, Jovian decametric radiation, solar radio bursts, etc.

Since: 1.3.4

Allowed Values Active

Passive

WaveType <u>Enumeration</u>

A characterization of the carrier or phenomenon of wave information observed by the measurement.

Since: 1.3.5

Allowed Values Electromagnetic

Electrostatic

<u>Hydrodynamic</u>

MHD

Photon

PlasmaWaves

Used by: Wave

Weak <u>Item</u>

Slightly likely given the available evidence. Considered in the range of 1 to 4 on a scale of 0 to 10.

Since: 1.3.6

WebResource <u>Item</u>

A Web page or file-based resource accessible by a URL.

Since:2.4.1

WebService <u>Item</u>

A Web-based service that uses SOAP, WSDL or UDDI open standards.

Since:2.3.0

WesternmostLongitude

Text

The longitude furthest to the west in a geographic coordinate system.

Since:2.4.2

Used by: <u>SpatialCoverage</u>

WGS84 <u>Item</u>

The World Geodetic System (WGS) defines a reference frame for the Earth, for use in geodesy and navigation. The WGS84 uses the zero meridian as defined by the Bureau International de l'Heure.

Since: 1.2.0

WhiteLight <u>Item</u>

Photons with a wavelength in the visible range for humans.

WhitePaper <u>Item</u>

An authoritative report giving information or proposals on an issue.

Since:2.2.2

XML Item

eXtensible Mark-up Language (XML). A structured format for representing information, see http://www.w3.org/XML/.

Since: 1.0.0

XRays <u>Item</u>

Photons with a wavelength range: 0.001 nm to 10 nm.

Since: 1.0.0

Yes <u>Item</u>

The affirmative response to a yes or no question.

Since:2.6.0

ZIP <u>Item</u>

An open standard for compression which is a variation of the LZW method and was originally used in the PKZIP utility.

Since: 1.0.0

10. History

2.6.1

2024-09-05 Corrected the deletion error of PopulationChargeState in the Particle container. Added SPASE Dictionary definition for Muon added it to the ParticleType enumeration list.

2024-06-24 Updated SPASE Dictionary definitions for Acknowledgement, AssociationType. Author, Authors, DirectionAngle, Encoding, FlowSpeed, FlowVelocity, Format, MagneticCloud, PublicationDate, ReleaseDate, ResourceName, Style, and ThermalSpeed. Added SPASE Dictionary definitions for LocalGeographic, LocalGeomagnetic, and SensorCoordinates and added these terms to the CoordinateSystemName enumeration list. Added SPASE Dictionary definition for StonyhurstHeliographic and added this term to the CoordinateSystemName enumeration list per request of Masahito Nose-san. Added SPASE Dictionary definitions for AOGCM, GCM, and NonHydrostatic and added these terms to the ModelType enumeration list. Updated SPASE Dictionary definition for Electrohydrodynamics and revised the name of the term by deleting the last character, the terminal s, to maintain consistancy with other terms in ModelType enumeration list. Added SPASE Dictionary definition for InterplanetaryCoronalMassEjection and added this term to the PhenomenonType enumeration list. Corrected SPASE Ontology listing of the Cardinality for RepositoryID under AccessInformationOptional to replace the letter r with the number 1 (required). Updated the SPASE Ontology listing of the Cardinality for SpatialCoverage under DisplayData and Granule from + (1 or more) to * (0 or more). Updated the SPASE Ontology listing of the Cardinality for SpatialCoverage under Member and Parameter from 0 (optional) to * (0 or more). Updated the SPASE Ontology listing of the Cardinality for OperatingSpan under Observatory from + (1 or more) to * (0 or more). Updated the SPASE Ontology listing of the Cardinality for OperatingSpan under Instrument from 0 (optional) to * (0 or more). Updated the SPASE Ontology listing of the Cardinality for ModelType under Model from 1 (required) to + (1 or more). Added SPASE Dictionary definitions for SourceRegion and SourceRegionExtent and added these to text fields to the end of the Particle and the Wave containers each with * cardinality (0 or more). Added SPASE Dictionary definition for Lidar and added this term to the InstrumentType enumeration list.

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2023-08-03	SPASE Version 2.6.0 Released.
2023-08-02	Changed SimulationModel to Model, SimulationRun to ModelRun, and other terms by replacing "Simulation" with "Model" and "Simulated" with "Modeled", The dictionary.tab file definitions wre similarly updated to a generic "model" form, Added Empirical under the ModelType enumeration list.
2023-07-16	Added AccessInformationOptional to the schema and under SimulationModel as simulation model code is not always accessible.
2023-07-09	Added AccessFilenameTemplate and AccessDirectoryTemplate to AccessInformation.
2023-06-15	Added AccessInformtion to the Software SPASE resource type.
2023-06-15	Added the Comet Enumeration List including three members.

2023-06-15	under ParticleQuantity; Added Current under FieldQuantity and Added Current under ParticleQuantity; Added CurrentDensiity under both FieldQuantity and ParticleQuantity.
2023-06-15	Merged the Simulation 1.0.0 SPASE Model Extensions with the SPASE 2.5.0 Base Model; Four simulation related SPASE resource types added: SimulationModel, SimulationRun, DisplayOutput, and NumericalOutput; Merged
	Base and Simulation definitions.
2.5.0	
2022-08-29	SPASE version 2.5.0 Released.
2022-08-29	Added AccessInformation to Collection.
2022-07-21	Added Collection, Member, and MemberID to the dictionary; Added Collection resource to model.
2.4.2	
2022-07-21	SPASE version 2.4.2 Released.
2022-07-07	Revised the "SpatialCoverage" container.
2022-05-19	Added Title and LandingPageURL to the dictionary; Added Title and LandingPageURL to PublicationInfo.
2022-01-21	Added "SpatialCoverage", "NorthernmostLatitude", "SouthernmostLatitude", "EasternmostLongitude", "WesternmostLongitude", "CenterLatitude",
	"CenterLongitude", "MinimumAltitude", "MaximumAltitude" to the dictionary;
	Created "SpatialContainer" container; Added "SpatialCoverage" to
	"DisplayData", "Granule" and "NumericalData"; Decided during the telecon on
	2022-01-20, but moved from 2.4.1 to 2.5.0.
2.4.1	
2022-05-19	SPASE version 2.4.1 Released.
2022-05-05	Updated definitions of MeasurementType, PublicationDate, PublicationInfo and PublishedBy.
2022-04-28	Added Remark and WebResource to the dictionary; Added Remark, WebResource, WebService to SupportQuantity enumeration.
2022-04-20	Added InstrumentScientist to the dictionary and to Role enumeration; Fix definition of Longitude.
2022-02-24	Make Annotation.PhenomenomType zero or more occurrences (*); Make Observatory.Location one or more occurrences (+).
2021-10-14	Added Git, TAP, EPNTAP to the dictionary and to Style enumeration; Added
	TFCat, RINEX2 and RINEX3 to the dictionary and Format enumeration; Added
	Author to the dictionary and to Role enumeration.
2.4.0	
2021-06-10	SPASE version 2.4.0 Released.
2021-04-29	Added ValueAdded to the dictionary; Added ValueAdded to ProcessingLevel.
2021-04-29	Changed Format in AccessInformation to have one or more occurrence.
2021-04-29	Added Policy and Convention to the dictionary and to DocumentType
2024 02 04	enumeration. Changed "Version" to "Software Version" under "Software": Added elements to
2021-02-04	Changed "Version" to "SoftwareVersion" under "Software"; Added elements to "InputProperty" and "OutputProperty".
2020-11-12	Added Software resource and related elements to the information model.
2.3.2	Added Collware resource and related elements to the information model.
	SPASE version 2.3.2 Released.
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2020-10-08 2020-09-30 2020-09-10	Added InstrumentGroupID and Experiment to the dictionary; Added InstrumentGroupID to Instrument and Experiment to InstrumentType. Added "Housekeeping", "Telemetry", "RotationMatrix", "EncodedParameter", "AutoSpectrum", "Coherence", "ImaginaryPart", "RealPart", "PowerSpectralDensity", "ChargeFlux", "DynamicPressure", "EnergyPerCharge", "ParticleRigidity", "MassPerCharge", "LShell", "MissionPrincipalInvestigator", "ProgramManager", "ProgramScientist", "VolumeEmissionRate", "SPICE", "MissionManager "to the dictionary and to appropriate "enumerations as suggested by L.F. Bargatze; Added "PDS4" and "PDS3" to "the "dictionary and to the "Format" enumeration as suggest by A. Masson.
2019-11-14 2019-10-31	SPASE version 2.3.1 Released. Added CoPI, MidLatitudeRegion, SubAuroralRegion, ProjectEngineer, and ProjectManager to the dictionary; Added CoPI, ProjectEngineer, ProjectManager to Role enumeration; Added Plasmasphere, RingCurrent, and MidLatitudeRegion to Magnetosphere enumeration.; Added MidLatitudeRegion, and ProjectManager to NearSurface enumeration.; Fix typo with Role values with dashes.
2019-09-27	Added DirectionCosine, GeometricFactor, AdiabaticInvariant, MagneticMoment, BounceMotion, DriftMotion, DataQuality, Orientation, SpinPeriod, SpinPhase, SpinRate, LowerHybridFrequency and UpperHybridFrequency to the dictionary.; Create DirectionCosine enumeration with I,J,K as members; Create AdiabaticInvariant enumeration with MagneticMoment, BounceMotion and DriftMotion as members.; Added DirectionCosine to Qualifier list.; Added GeometricFactor, AdiabaticInvariant to ParticleQuantity; Added DataQuality, Orientation, SpinPeriod, SpinPhase and SpinRate to SupportQuantity.; Added LowerHybridFrequency and UpperHybridFrequency to WaveQuantity.
2019-06-13	Added RevisionHistory, RevisionEvent to the dictionary and Added RevisionHistory to ResourceHeader; Added IonGauge to the dictionary and to InstrumentType.
2019-06-13	Added StartDate, StopDate and Note to Contact.
2019-02-25	Added Developer, HostContact and User to the dictionary and Role list.
2018-11-01	Added Positron to the dictionary and ParticleType list.
2018-06-18 2.3.0	Added Eccentric Dipole (ECD) to the dictionary and CoordinateSystem list.
2018-05-31	SPASE version 2.3.0 Released.
2018-05-08	Added File, HAPI, Listing, Search, Template, Overview, WebService to the dictionary and as values for Style enumeration.; Added Style to the dictionary and AccessURL.
2018-05-04	Added PublicationInfo, PublicationDate, Authors, Funding, Agency, Project, Award, ORCIdentifier to the dictionary and to the model.
2018-02-08	Added DOI to the dictionary and to ResourceHeader.
2.2.9	
2017-11-14	SPASE version 2.2.9 Released.
2017-09-07	Added HGRTN, HERTN to the dictionary and to CoordinateSystemName Added Entropy to the dictionary and ParticleQuantity.

2017-02-09	Added CadenceMin, CadenceMax, ExposureMin, ExposureMax, PartiallyRestricted, Confidence, ProviderName, MassRange, PitchAngleRange; Changed occurrence of Observatory/OperatingSpan from 1 to +.
2.2.8	
2016-07-21	SPASE version 2.2.8 Released.
2.2.7	
2016-07-21	Added JSON and CSV to the dictionary and to Format enumeration.
2016-07-21	Changed occurrence of "ParticleType" under "Particle" from + to * and "WaveType" under "Wave" from 1 to 0.
2.2.6	
2015-09-09	SPASE version 2.2.6 Released.
2.2.5	
2015-06-12	Added coordinate systems to enumeration.
2015-06-12	Added moons and magnetosphere to planets; Only the larger moons which are typically encountered or simulated were added.
2.2.4	
2015-05-31	SPASE version 2.2.4 Released.
2015-05-28	Added coordinate systems MSO, VSO, KSO, KSM, JSO, JSM to the dictionary and CoordinateSystemName, Added SolarUVFlux and IMFClockAngle to the dictionary and MixedQuantity.
2.2.3	
2014-05-22	SPASE version 2.2.3 Released.
2012-05-24	Added definition of "Moon" and Added to "Earth" enumeration as suggested by T. Narock.
2012-05-10	Modified definitions of "GEI", "AzimuthAngle", "ElevationAngle" and "PolarAngle" as suggested by J. Merka; Added definition for "ENP and Added to "CoordinateSystem ame" enumeration as suggested by J. Merka; Added definitions of "PhotomultiplierTube" and "SolidStateDetector" to the dictionary and "IntrumentType" as suggested by B. Weigel.
2012-03-15	Modified definition of "NumericalData" as suggested by R. Weigel and D.A. Roberts; Modified definition of "Potential" as suggested by F. Mozer, D.A. Roberts and S. Fung; Added "Magnetograph" to the dictionary and "Instrument Type" as suggested by J. King.
2.2.2	
2012-02-27	SPASE version 2.2.2 Released.
2012-02-27	Added "Albedo" to the dictionary and to "WaveQuantity" list.; Added "ParticleRadius" to the dictionary and to the "ParticleQuantity" list.
2012-02-02	Added "Sector Boundary Crossing" to the dictionary and the "Phenomenon Type" list.; Added "Product Key" to the dictionary and under "Access Information".
2011-10-27	Updated definition of "Document"; Added "MIME Type" to the dictionary and "Document" structure; Added "Presentation", "Poster", "White Paper", "Technical Note", "Specification" and "Report" to the dictionary and to "Document Type" enumeration; Removed "Paper" from dictionary.
2011-09-26	Added "RenderingHints" under "Element"; Set occurrence for "CoordinateRepresentation" and "CoordinateSystemName" under

"CoordinateSystem" to required (1); Set "Size" under "Structure" to required (1); Set "AssociationID" and "AssociationType" under "Association" to required (1).

	Set Association in Association type under Association to required (1).
2.2.1	
2011-08-18	SPASE version 2.2.1 Released.
2011-06-16	Added "Core", "Halo", "Strahl" and "Superhalo" to the dictionary and to "Qualifier".
2011-05-12	Strike "product" from the definition of "Numerical Data".
2.2.0	
2011-01-06	SPASE version 2.2.0 Released.
2011-01-06	Updated definition for "Irradiance".
2010-09-17	Added "SSE_L" to the dictionary and to "Coordinate System Name" list.
2010-09-15	Added "Excel" to the dictionary and to the "Format" list; Added "RenderingAxis", and "Index" to the dictionary and under "Rendering Hints"; Added "Vertical", "Horizontal", and "ColorBar" to the dictionary and to the "Rendering Hints" enumeration; Changed cardinality of "InvestigationName" from 1 to +; Added "Median, " Maximum" and "Minimum" to the dictionary and to "Qualifier" list.
2010-08-20	Updated definitions of "Outer", "Inner", "Heliosheath" and "Remote1AU".
2010-08-17	Added "S3_BUCKET" to the dictionary and "Encoding"; Added "Directional" to the dictionary and to "Qualifier"; updated the definitions for "EnergyFlux" and "Differential".
2010-06-25	Added "Fluence" to the dictionary and "ParticleQuantity"; Updated definitions for "NumberFlux", "CoordinateSystem" and "Counts"; Added "HCC" (Heliocentric Cartesian), "HCR" (Heliocentric Radial), HPC (Helioprojective Cartesian) and "HPR" (Helioprojective Radial) to the dictionary and under "CoordinateSystemName".
2010-05-21	Added "Heliosheath" to the dictionary and to "Heliosphere" enumeration.
2010-04-15	Added "Hardcopy" as an enumeration to the dictionary and to "Format"; Added "Film", "Photographic Plate", "Photograph", "Microfiche", "Microfilm", "Print" to the dictionary and to "Hardcopy" enumeration; Changed "Observatory Group" to "Observatory Group ID"; Updated definition of "Observatory" to make it more suitable for creation of conceptual Observatories.; Added "Operating Span" to the dictionary with elements "Start Date", "Stop Date" and "Note"; Added "Operating Span" to "Instrument" and "Observatory".
2.1.0	
2010-03-19	SPASE version 2.1.0 Released.
2.0.3	
2010-03-19	Updated definitions for "Number Flux", "Energy Flux", "Differential", and "Integral"; Added "Dust" to "Measurement Type" enumeration.
2010-02-04	Added "Former-PI" to the dictionary and to "Role" enumeration; Added "Note" to "Person".
2.0.2	
2009-11-18	Modified definitions for "Observatory" and "Instrument".
2009-11-05	Added "StreamInteractionRegion" to the dictionary and to "PhenomenonType" enumeration; Updated the definition of "Coronal Mass Ejection".
2009-10-08	Added "ArrivalDirection" to the dictionary and to "ParticleQuantity" enumeration; Added "InstrumentMode" to the dictionary and to "SupportQuantity"; Updated definitions of "ChargeState" and "AtomicNumberDetected".

2009-09-24	Added "Atomic Number Detected", "MassNumber" and "ChargeState" to the dictionary and to the "ParticleQuantity" enumeration; Also added "DirectionAngle" to "ParticleQuantity".
2.0.1	
2009-07-12	Updates to the definition "Access URL", "Data Extent", "Polar" and "Sonic Mach Number".
2009-07-12	Added "Sound Speed" to the dictionary and to "Particle Quantity".
2009-07-12	Updated the description of "Index" data type to explain wild cards.
2009-07-12	Under "Element" replaced "Component" with "Qualifier" and allow multiple occurrences.
2009-07-12	Changed "Rendering Hints" to 0-to-many occurrence.
2.0.0	
2009-04-15	SPASE version 2.0.0 Released.
1.3.6	OF AGE Version 2.0.0 Neleaded.
2009-04-09	Added "Area", "Bandwidth" and "Solid Angle" to "Integral", added "Field-Aligned", "Group", "Perturbation", "Phase" and "Spectral" to "Qualifier".
2009-04-09	Added "Child Event Of" and "Observed By" to "Association Type".
2009-04-09	Added "ObservationExtent" to "Annotation" with attributes of "Observed Region", "Start Location", "Stop Location" and "Note".
2009-04-09	Added "Classification Method" as a enumeration with allowed values of "Automatic", "Inspection", and "Inferred"; Added "ClassificationMethod" to "Annotation".
2009-04-09	Added "Unlikely" and "Weak" to the dictionary and modified "Confidence Rating" to have values "Unlikely", "Weak", "Probable", and "Strong".
2009-04-09	Added "Particle Type" to "Mixed".
2009-04-09	Added "Array" and "Total" to "Qualifier".
2009-04-09	Added "Atom" and "Neutron" to "Particle Type".
1.3.5	
2009-04-06	Removed "Spectral Range" from under "Energy Range".
2009-03-26	Added "Far Ultraviolet", "HE-304", "LBH Band" and "Soft X-Rays" to the dictionary and "Spectral Range".
2009-03-26	Added "Absorption", "ACElectricField", "ACMagneticField", "DopplerFrequency", "Frequency", "PropagationTime", and "Wavelength" to the dictionary and "WaveQuantity"; Added "WaveType" with values of "Electromagnetic", "Electrostatic", "Photon", "PlasmaWaves", "Hydrodynamic", and "MHD".
2009-03-26	Updated definitions of "Emissivity", "EquivalentWidth", "Gyrofrequency", "Intensity", "LineDepth", "PlasmaFrequency", "PoyntingFlux"; Added "WaveType" with values of "Electromagnetic", "Electrostatic", "Photon", "PlasmaWaves", "Hydrodynamic", and "MHD".
2009-03-26	Changed the name of "Photon" to "Waves" and "PhotonQuantity" to "WaveQuantity"; Added "WaveType" with values of "Electromagnetic", "Electrostatic", "Photon", "PlasmaWaves", "Hydrodynamic", and "MHD".
2009-03-26	Added "Plasmagram", "Spectrogram" and "Wave Form" to the dictionary and to the "Display Type" list.
2009-03-26	Various editorial updates to definitions, spelling and typos.
2009-03-26	Added "ImageURL" to "Annotation" and dictionary.
2009-03-26	Added "Access URL" to "Repository" and "Registry".

2009-03-26	Changed "Mixed" to a container with "Qualifier" and "MixedQuantity" as attributes; Added "MixedQuantity" enumeration with allowed values of "AlfvenMachNumber", "Other", "PlasmaBeta", "ThermalPressure", "AlfvenVelocity", "MagnetosonicMachNumber", "PlasmaBeta", and "PlasmaFrequencyToGyrofrequencyRatio".
2009-03-25	Updated definitions for "Numeric" and "Text" data types.
1.3.4	
2009-02-27	Changed "Wave" to "Waves".
2009-02-26	Added "Annotation" resource and "AnnotationType" and "ConfidenceRating" enumerations The terms "Anomaly", "Event", "Feature", "Probable", "Good", "High" were added to support the new enumerations.
2009-02-05	Added "Psuedo" and "Column" to the dictionary and to "Qualifier" list.
2009-02-05	Changed "Line-of-sight" to "Line Of Sight".
2009-02-05	Added (restored) "Intensity" to the dictionary and "Photon Quantity" list.
2009-01-23	Added "Ion Chamber" to the dictionary and "Instrument Type" list.
2009-01-22	Changed occurrence of "Particle" to one or more.
2009-01-22	Modified definition of "Mixed".
2009-01-14	Modified "Component" to consist of "I", "J", "K"; Added "DirectionAngle", and "Projection" to "Qualifier"; Removed "R", "Theta", "Phi", "X", "Y", and "Z"; Added "Direction Angle" as an enumeration with values of "AzimuthAngle", "PolarAngle" and "Elevation Angle"; Added "Projection" as an enumeration with value of "IJ", "IK", and "JK".
2009-01-14	Changed the definition of "Text" and converted "Text" to an enumeration with possible encoding types.
2009-01-14	Added "Language" under "Information URL".
2009-01-14	Added "Linear Scale" and "Log Scale" to the dictionary; Removed "Log" from the dictionary; Modified the definition of "Linear"; Removed reference scaled related usage; Updated the "Scale" enumeration with the name changes.
2009-01-14	Added "Wave", "Passive" and "Active" to the dictionary; Added "Wave" as an enumeration; Removed "Radio and Plasma Waves" and "Radio Soundings" from the "Measurement Type" enumeration; Added "Wave" to the enumeration.
1.3.3	
2008-10-16	Added the "Association" container and "Association Type" enumeration to the dictionary; Modified the ontology to replace "Association Type" with the new "Association" container.
	Changed "Format" under "Dendering Hinte" to "\/alue Format" to eliminate name
2008-10-15	Changed "Format" under "Rendering Hints" to "Value Format" to eliminate name conflict with "Format".
2008-10-07	Added "Interstellar" to the dictionary and Region.
2008-10-07 1.3.1	Removed "Charged Particle Flux" from Measurement Type and the dictionary.
2008-09-04	Added "Count Rate" to the dictionary and to "Particle Quantity".
2008-09-04	Added "Velocity" to "Support Quantity".
2008-09-04	Removed "Measured" and shifted containers under "Measured" up one level.
2008-09-04	Changed "Physical Parameter" to "Parameter".
2008-09-04	Added "Symmetric" to the dictionary and to Qualifier.

2008-09-04	Added "Rendering Hints" with elements Format, AxisLabel, DisplayType, ScaleMin, ScaleMax, ScaleType and related enumerated values.
2008-07-31	Added "Platform" to the dictionary and to the "Instrument Type" list, Removed
2000 07 01	"Ephemeris" from the "Instrument Type" list.
2008-07-31	Added "Ion Drift" and "Dust Detector" to the dictionary and to the "Instrument
	Type" list.
2008-07-31	Added "Trace" to the dictionary and to the "Qualifier" list.
2008-07-31	Added "Qualifier" as a unified list of all qualifiers; Removed "FieldQualifier", "PhotonQualifier" and "ParticleQualifier" from the dictionary; Replaced each with "Qualifier" in the ontology; Added "Qualifier" to "Support".
2008-07-31	Added "Source Type" as a list with possible values of Data, Layout, Ancillary, Browse and Thumbnail.
2008-07-31	Added "Source" to the dictionary and to "Granule", Removed "URL",
	"Checksum" and "DataExtent" from "Granule" and added them under "Source".
2008-07-31	Added "Set" to "PhysicalParameter".
2008-07-21	Updated description of duration type.
1.3.0	
2008-11-22	SPASE version 1.3.0 Released.
2008-05-22	Removed "Array" from the Field, Photon and Particle qualifier lists.
2008-05-22	Fixed spelling of "Plasma Frequency" in the "Photon Qualifier" list.
2008-05-22	Added "EIT Waves" to the dictionary and "Phenomenon Type".
2008-05-22	Added "Radio Burst" to the dictionary and "Phenomenon Type".
2008-05-22	Added "Coronal Hole" to the dictionary and "Phenomenon Type".
2008-05-22	Added "Active Region" to the dictionary and "Phenomenon Type".
2008-05-22	Changed "End Date" to "Stop Date" and "Relative End Date" to "Relative Stop Date".
2008-05-22	Made "Encoding Type" multiple occurrence (*) in "Access Information".
2008-05-22	Added "TAR" to the dictionary and to "Encoding Type".
2008-04-24	Restored "Observatory Group" and made it multiple occurrence.
2008-05-20	Changed cardinality of "Phenomenon Type" to + in Catalog.
2008-05-20	Added "MagneticCloud" to the dictionary and "PhenomenonType".
2008-04-25	Removed "Provider Release Date" from dictionary.
2008-04-24	Removed "Observatory Group" from dictionary and Observatory.
2008-04-24	Removed "Structure Type" from dictionary and Structure.
2008-??-??	Added PhysicalParameter to Catalog and DisplayData.
2008-??-??	Added Electromagnetic to FieldQuantity.
2008-??-??	Moved CrossSpectrum from FieldQuantity to FieldQualifier.
2008-??-??	Added Number Flux to Particle Quantity.
2008-??-??	Added Document Type enumeration and Paper as an item.
2008-??-??	Introduced Document resource.
2007-??-??	Added Language to the dictionary.
2007-??-??	Added Contributor and Publisher to the dictionary and Role.
2007-??-??	Added Fax Number to Person.
2007-??-??	Added Units, UnitsConversion, ValidMin, ValidMax, FillValue to Element.
2007-??-??	Added SpectralRange to EnergyRange, FrequencyRange and WavelengthRange.

2007-??-??	Moved Extension into each resource class.
2007-??-??	Added SupportQuantity to Support.
2007-??-??	Added WavelengthRange to the dictionary; Added BandName to Bin.
1.2.2	
2008-08-14	SPASE version 1.2.2 Released.
2008-07-31	Added Repository ID and Stop Date.
2008-07-31	AzimuthalAngle, Dayside, ElectricFieldInstrument, Frequency, HighLatitude, LowLatitude, Nightside, PolarAngle, ProviderID, ProviderReleaseDate, RTF, SGI, SoftXRays, SpatialRange, TeX, Wavelength, Wavenumber, XDR.
2008-07-31	Added "Ionosphere" as a list.
2008-07-31	Removed "Near Earth" as a list.
2008-07-31	Removed "Field Component" from lists.
2008-07-31	Removed "Offline" from "Medium".
2008-07-31	Changed "Observatory Group" to "Observatory Name".
2008-07-31	Changed "Time-of-flight" to "TimeOfFlight".
2008-07-31	Changed "RetardingPotentialAnalyser" to "RetardingPotentialAnalyzer".
2008-07-31	Changed "Plasmafrequency" to "PlasmaFrequency".
1.2.1	
2008-03-20	SPASE version 1.2.1 Released.
2008-03-20	Removed Flux and Intensity.
2008-03-20	Updated definitions of Vector and Size.
2008-03-20	Added Carrington and HCI to Coordinate System.
2008-03-20	Added Anisotropy to Particle Qualifier.
2008-03-20	Added Energy Flux to Particle Quantity and Photon Quantity.
2008-03-20	Added Flow Speed, Number Flux to Particle Quantity.
2008-03-20	Added Archive Specialist to Role.
2008-03-20	Added TimeOfFlight, Interferometer, Photometer, Radiometer, Coronograph, ProportionalCounter, ScintillationDetector, Photopolarimeter, GeigerMuellerTube, NeutralParticleDetector, Sounder, NeutralAtomImager, RetardingPotentialAnalyser, MultispectralImager, ImagingSpectrometer, Riometer, Unspecified to Instrument Type.
2008-03-20	Added White-light, H-alpha, He-10830, Ca-K, Na-D, Extreme Ultraviolet, Ni-6768, K-7699 to the dictionary and to SpectralRange.
2008-03-20	Added EnergyRange and WavelengthRange to PhotonQuantity.
2008-03-20	Added Characteristic to ParticleQualifier.
2008-03-20	Added Current, Gyrofrequency, Energy, PlasmaFrequency to the appropriate ParticleQuantity, FieldQuantity, or PhotonQuantity.
2008-03-20	Added Parallel and PhaseAngle to FieldQualifier.
2008-03-20	Added SpacecraftOrbitPlane to CoordinateSystemName.
1.2.0	
2007-05-22	SPASE version 1.2.0 Released.
2007-05-22	Added WGS84 as a Coordinate System Name.
2007-05-22	Removed Instrument Region from NumericalData.
2007-05-22	Added ITM regions under Near Surface.
2007-05-22	Added Location container under Observatory and added the elements Latitude, Longitude, Elevation, ObservatoryGroup.

2007-05-22	Added "Theta" and "Phi" to "Component".
2007-05-22	Removed D, H, T, N, Latitude, Longitude from the dictionary.
2007-05-22	Added "Spectrum" to "Measurement Type".
2007-05-22	Removed "Dynamic Spectra" from "Measurement Type".
2007-05-22	Under "Physical Parameter" made "Parameter Key" optional and "Name" required.
2007-05-22	Changed name of "Date" data type to "DateTime" and "Time" data type to "Duration" to be consistent with conventional terminology.
2007-05-22	Made "URL" in "Granule" multi-valued.
2007-05-22	Added "Extension" as a container.
2007-05-22	Added Postscript as a Format.
2007-05-22	Added ProcessingLevel, Removed Theta and Phi.
2007-05-22	Converted Support to an enumeration with Other, Positional and Temporal as members.
2007-05-22	Added InstrumentStatus to MeasurementType.
2007-05-22	Made Component and enumeration with the values from Orientation.
2007-05-22	Removed Orientation.
2007-05-22	Added Element under Dimension.
2007-05-22	Added Element with members of Name, Index, ParameterKey and Component.
2007-05-22	Added Deputy-PI to Roles; Changed cardinality of Caveats under Instrument to optional.
2007-05-22	Cardinality of Access Information changed from 1 to + (1 or more).
2007-05-22	Modified definitions of H, Flux, Integral and Differential.
2007-05-22	Added Metadata Contact to Role.
2007-05-22	Changed InstrumentID in DisplayData and NumericalData to one or more occurrences.
2007-05-22	Defined PriorID and added PriorID to ResourceHeader and Granule.
2007-05-22	Added Sequence as a element type and changes Size to a Sequence.
2007-05-22	Added Ephemeris as an Instrument Type.
2007-05-22	Updated Phi and Theta definitions.
2007-05-22	Added Longitude and Latitude to Orientation.
2007-05-22	Added Expiration Date to Resource Header and Granule.
2007-05-22	Added Uncertainty and Standard Deviation to qualifiers.
2007-05-22	Added the ValidMin, ValidMax and FillValue to Physical Parameter.
2007-05-22	Added Data Extent to Access URL and Granule.
2007-05-22	Added Data Extent, Bytes and Per to describe the size of a resource.
2007-05-22	Added all planets, Comet and Asteroid as regions.
2007-05-22	Added Note as a term and added Note under Timespan.
2007-05-22	Added Checksum, Hash Value, Hash Function, MD5 and SHA1, SHA256.
2007-05-22	Added Aurora and Substorm under Phenomenon Type.
1.1.1	
????-??-??	Changed AccessURL to type container.
????-??-??	Modified definition of Units.
????-??-??	Removed enumeration of Component.
????-??-??	Changed InstrumentID and Bin to multiple occurrence.

2006-08-31	SPASE version 1.1.0 Released.
2006-08-31	Added Statistics to Phenomenon Type.
2006-08-31	Added Field Component container.
2006-08-31	Added ChargeState to Particle Quantity.
2006-08-31	Removed "Instrument Name" and "Observatory Name".
2006-08-31	Changed "alias" to "alternate name".
2006-08-31	Added Release Date to Resource Header, Person, and Granule.
2006-08-31	Added Parameter Key under Physical Parameter.
2006-08-31	Added Granule.
2006-08-31	Changed Repository Name to Repository ID under Access Information.
2006-08-31	Removed Access Right from Display Data.
2006-08-31	Changed definition of Investigation Name.
2006-08-31	Removed Observatory ID from Numerical Data and Display Data.
2006-08-31	Added ObservatoryID under Instrument.
2006-08-31	Updated Pressure definition.
2006-08-31	Removed Coordinate System from Particle Physical Parameter.
2006-08-31	Added Parent ID, Energy Range, Frequency Range, Azimuthal Angle Range, Polar Angle Range, Atomic Number Range, Integral, Differential, Low and High.
2006-08-31	Added Base64 as an Encoding.
2006-08-31	Added J2000 as a coordinate system.
2006-08-31	Added MAT_4, MAT_6, MAT_7 and VOTable as a Format.
2006-08-31	Updated description of "Resource ID".
2006-08-31	Added "Service" resource class.
2006-08-31	Made data type of "Mixed" text.
2006-08-31	Changed "Instrument type" to allow multiple occurrences.
2006-08-31	Modified definition of "Near Earth".
2006-08-31	Removed "Orbital".
1.0.3	
2006-04-27	SPASE version 1.0.3 Released.
2006-04-27	Correct links to "Stokes Parameters".
2006-04-27	Changed "Spectral Range Name" to "Spectral Range" for consistency.
2006-04-27	Added "Near Earth" under "Heliosphere" and added "Outside Bowshock" and "Orbital" under "Near Earth".
2006-04-27	Moved Mass and Size under "Particle Physical Quantity" and changed to type item.
2006-04-27	Dropped N, Z, Q from dictionary.
2006-04-27	Added "NCAR" as a "Format".
2006-04-27	Changed "HF Radar" to "Radar".
2006-04-27	Made "Acknowledgement" options.
2006-04-27	Move "Access Rights" under "Access Information".
2006-04-27	Changed definition of "Item" to indicate it is a value of an enumeration.
2006-04-27	Changed "Observed Region" and "Instrument Region" to enumerations.
2006-04-27	Added "Earth" as a enumeration with "Magnetosphere" as a member.
1.0.2	
1.0.2	SPASE version 1.0.2 Released.

2006-03-07 Added the "Repository" resource class. 2006-03-07 Added "Caveats" under "Instrument". 2006-03-07 Added "ProjectScientist" to the dictionary and under "Role". 1.0.1 2006-01-03 SPASE version 1.0.1 Released. 2006-01-03 Added "Pressure" under "ParticleQuantity". 2006-01-03 Changes in value type for elements: "Exposure", "InputResourceID", "RepositoryName", and "Size". 1.0.0 2005-11-22 SPASE version 1.0.0 Released. 2005-11-22 Added "PhenomenonType" list and defined terms in the list. 1ncorporate comments from consortium members on the "final" draft before the release of version 1.0. 1.0.99.9 2005-11-18 SPASE version 0.99.9 Released. 2005-11-18 Incorporate comments from consortium members on the "final" draft before the release of version 1.0. 1.0.99.8 2005-11-03 SPASE version 0.99.8 Released. 2005-11-03 SPASE version 0.99.8 Released. 2005-09-08 SPASE version 0.99.7 Released. 2005-09-08 SPASE version 0.99.7 Released. 2005-09-08 SPASE version 0.99.7 Released. 2005-09-08 Updated definition of "Magnetotail", etc. to be generic; Added "Earth" examples. 2005-09-08 Added all planets and the Moon under "Body". 2005-09-08 Added "Near1AU" under Heliosphere; Added "Body" under "Atmosphere-	2006-03-07	Added the "Registry" resource class.						
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·		·						
ionosphoro, imagnotosphoro and Orbana.	2005-09-08	lonosphere", "Magnetosphere" and "Ground".						
2005-09-08 Added "WaveForm", "Spectra", etc. under "AnalysisMethod".	2005-09-08	Added "WaveForm", "Spectra", etc. under "AnalysisMethod".						
2005-09-08 Added "AnalysisMethod" under "Field" "Electric" and "Magnetic".	2005-09-08	Added "AnalysisMethod" under "Field" "Electric" and "Magnetic".						
2005-09-08 Move Polar Angle under Particle "IndependentVariable".	2005-09-08	Move Polar Angle under Particle "IndependentVariable".						
2005-09-08 Drop Speed from Particle "IndependentVariable".	2005-09-08	Drop Speed from Particle "IndependentVariable".						
2005-09-08 Move Wavelength and Wave Number under Photon "IndependentVariable".	2005-09-08	Move Wavelength and Wave Number under Photon "IndependentVariable".						
2005-09-08 Changed "PhotonContext" and "ParticleContext" to "IndependentVariable".	2005-09-08	Changed "PhotonContext" and "ParticleContext" to "IndependentVariable".						
2005-09-08 Added "Description" and "TensorOrder" under "Parameter".	2005-09-08	Added "Description" and "TensorOrder" under "Parameter".						
0.99.6	0.99.6							
2005-09-07 Removed "Provider" and "Manufacture" resources and replaced with ID pointers.	2005-09-07	·						
2005-09-07 Introduced "PhotonContext" and "ParticleContext" as replacements for "IndependentVariable".	2005-09-07	•						
2005-09-07 Changed "UpperLatitude" to "HighLatitude" and "Lower" to "Low".	2005-09-07	·						
2005-09-07 Removed "Ratio" (Numerator and Denominator).	2005-09-07							
2005-09-07 Added "Spherical" and "Cartesian" under "Position".	2005-09-07	Added "Spherical" and "Cartesian" under "Position".						
2005-09-07 Removed "Body" and references to it.	2005-09-07	Removed "Body" and references to it.						

2005-09-07	Changed "Surface" to "Ground".						
2005-09-07	Corrected the inclusion of "Atmosphere-Ionosphere" regions into the "Magnetosphere".						
0.99.5							
2005-08-26	SPASE version 0.99.5 Released.						
2005-08-26	Added "parameter" loosely based on a model proposed by D.A. Roberts.						
2005-08-26	Included region descriptions from J. King with additions suggested by K. Reardon.						
2005-08-26	Added "Catalog", "DisplayData" to the top list.						
2005-08-26	Added document elements to product resources.						
2005-08-26	Changed data types of "Integer" to "Count" and "Double" to "Numeric".						
2005-08-26	Clarified some definitions and corrected typographical errors.						
0.99.4							
2005-08-08	SPASE version 0.99.4 Released.						
2005-08-08	Added definitions for new elements introduced in the new taxonomy.						
2005-08-08	Restructured the taxonomy of elements to match the one suggested by D.A. Roberts.						
0.99.3							
2005-08-03	Added definitions supplied by J. Thieman, C. Harvey and T. King; Significant revision of document as suggested by J. Hourcle.						
0.99.2							
2005-07-07	SPASE version 0.99.2 Released.						
2005-07-07	Corrected "NumericalData" entry under "Product".						
0.99.1							
2005-06-23	SPASE version 0.99.1 Released.						
2005-06-23	Added "ParticleCorrelator" and "SpacecraftPotentialControl" under "InstrumentType".						
2005-06-23	Added C. Harvey definition for "Electron Drift".						
2005-06-23	Removed duplicate entries.						

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12. Appendix A - Comparison of Spectral Domains

Electromagnetic Spectrum Domains

(all wavelengths given in nanometers)

Band	Wavelength [ISO 21348]		Wavelength [EGSO]		Wavelength [VSO]	
	min	max	min	max	min	max
Gamma	0.00001	0.001	-	0.025		
X	0.001	10	0.025	10	0.02	15
HXR	0.001	0.1	0.025	0.25	0.02	1
SXR ₁	0.1	10	0.25	10	1	10
EUV	10	121	10	90	10	100
UV	100	400	90	320	90	380
Visible	380	760	320	700	350	1000
IR	760	10 ⁶	700	10 ⁶	700	3.5*10 ⁵
Near IR	760	1400	700	25*10 ²	700	
Mid IR	1400	3000	25·10 ²	5·10 ⁴		
Far IR	3000	10 ⁶	5·10 ⁴	10 ⁶	3.5*10 ⁵	
Microwaves	10 ⁶	1.5*10 ⁷	10 ⁶	10 ⁹		
Radio	10 ⁵	10 ¹¹	10 ⁹	-	10 ⁷	10 ⁹

¹ Also called "XUV" in ISO 21348