

1 . “Left-most” derivation:

atom : NAME LPAREN args RPAREN

: NAME (args)

: P (args) (Using NAME \rightarrow P):

: P (args, arg) (Using args \rightarrow args COMMA arg)

: P (args, arg, arg) (Using args \rightarrow args COMMA arg)

: P (args, arg, arg, arg) (Using args \rightarrow args COMMA arg)

: P (args, arg, arg, arg, arg) (Using args \rightarrow args COMMA arg)

: P (arg , arg, arg, arg, arg) (Using args \rightarrow arg)

: P (NAME, arg, arg, arg, arg) (Using args \rightarrow NAME)

: P(x, arg, arg, arg, arg) (Using NAME \rightarrow x)

: P (x, NUMBER, arg, arg, arg) (Using arg \rightarrow NUMBER)

: P (x, 20, arg, arg, arg) (Using NUMBER \rightarrow 20)

: P (x,20, NAME, arg, arg) (Using arg \rightarrow NAME)

: P (x, 20 , x, arg, arg) (Using NAME \rightarrow x)

: P (x,20, NAME, arg) (Using arg \rightarrow NAME)

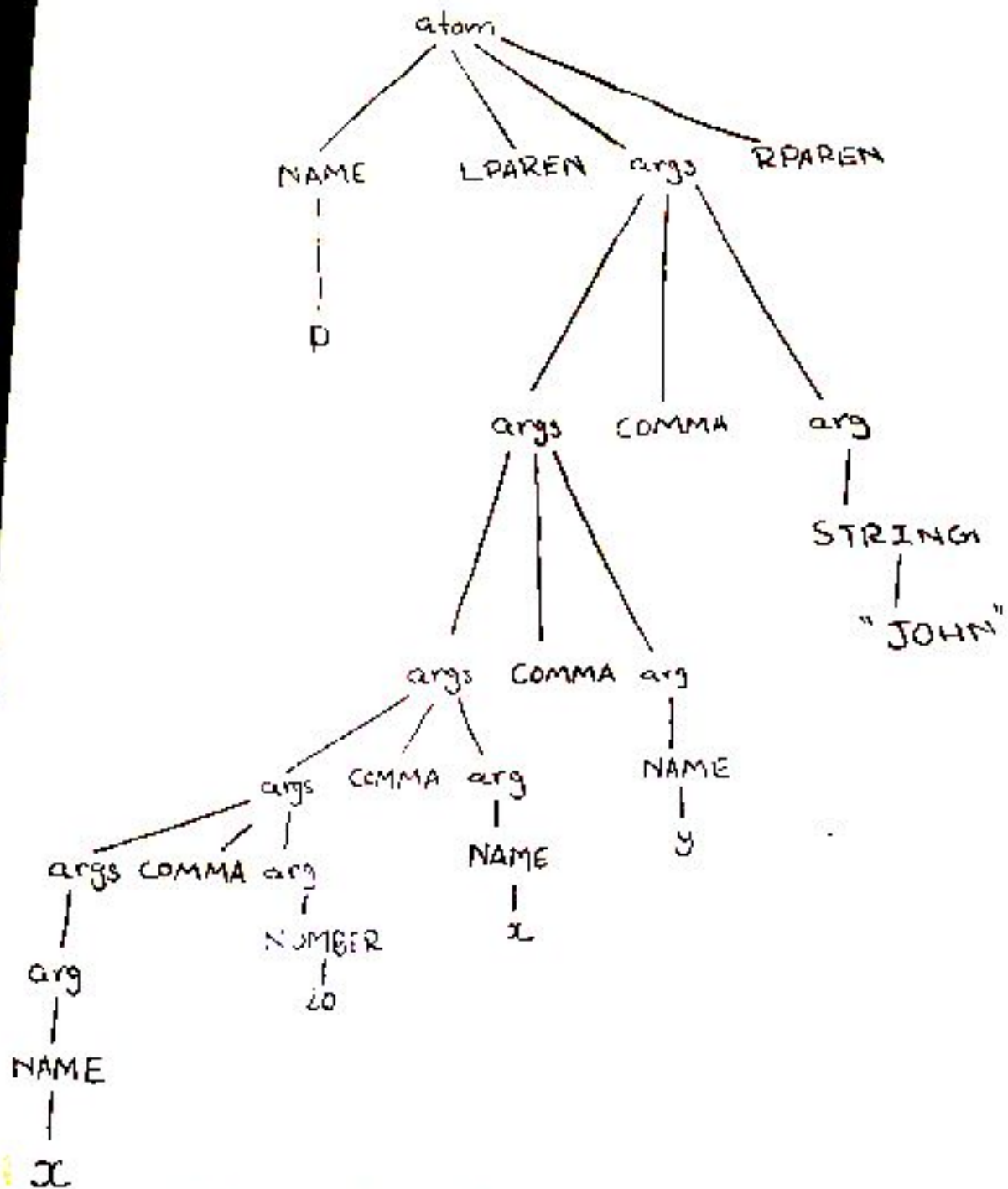
: P (x, 20, x,y, arg) (Using NAME \rightarrow y)

: P (x,20,x,y,STRING) (Using arg \rightarrow STRING)

: P (x, 20,x,y,“john”) (Using STRING \rightarrow “john”)

Parse tree :

1. parse tree



3a.

alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE

P[0] = { 'id': p[2], 'value': p[3] }

alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE alist

If p[2] == p[5] ['id']:

P[0] = False

Else P[0] = [{ 'id' : p[2], 'value': p[3] }, P[5]]

def p_alist_1(p): 'alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE

p[0] = { 'id': p[2], 'num': p[3] }

def p_alist_2(p): 'alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE alist' if p[5]['id'] == p[2]:

p[0] = False

Else P[0] = [{ 'id' : p[2], 'num' : p[3] }, p[5]]

3b.

alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE

P[0] = { 'id': p[2], 'value': p[3] }

alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE alist

def p_alist_1(p): 'alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE

p[0] = { 'id': p[2], 'num': p[3] }

def p_alist_2(p): 'alist : LBRACE ID wae RBRACE alist' if p[4]['id'] == p[2]:

p[0] = False

Else P[0] = [{ 'id' : p[2], 'num' : p[3] }, p[4]]

4.

$M_C(\text{if-then-else}, s)$ = a denotational function that defines the meaning of if-then-else, that maps either from bool (maps to true, false or error) to stmt - list (stmt) or stmt list (stmt SEMI stmt-list)

$M_C(\text{stmt-list}, s)$ = a denotational function that defines the meaning of stmt-list, stmt C maps to new states resulting from the execution of the stmt-SEMI stmt-list.