

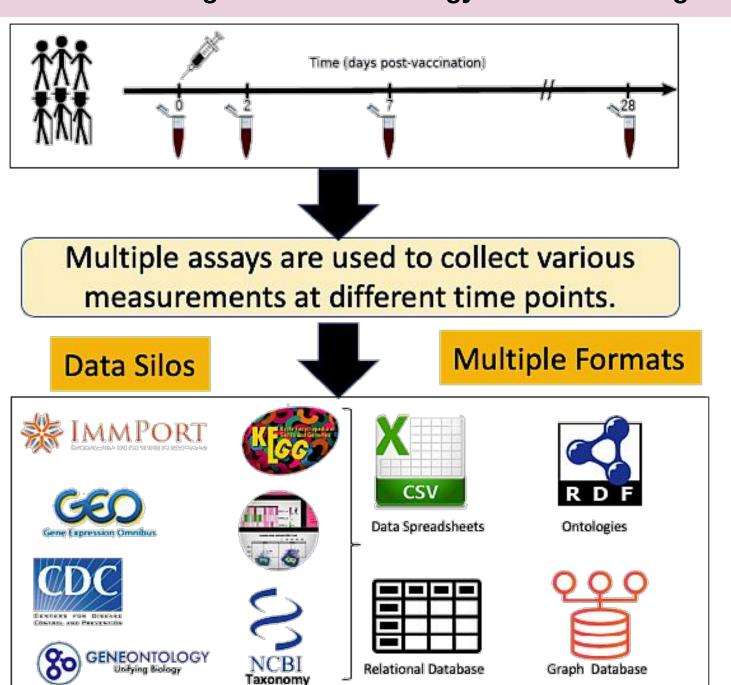
LinkedImm: A Linked Data Approach for System Immunology

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Systems vaccinology studies combine high-throughput experimental profiling techniques to provide an integrated, dynamic view of vaccine-driven immune responses. In this work, we introduce LinkedImm, which integrates heterogeneous data generated from profiling the human response to influenza vaccination data along with other public biological datasets. Integration of heterogeneous data is challenging because of their diverse data formats. To facilitate data integration, we designed a data model which logically arranges the key data points such as genes, pathways, transcriptional profiling data available at various public repositories (e.g., Immport, ImmuneSpace, Reactome and Gene Ontology). These heterogeneous data are then made available in a unified format through a knowledge graph. Our ongoing work on LinkedImm dashboard will enable the scientific community to easily explore theses integrated data.

Use Case: Heterogeneous Immunology Data Need Integration

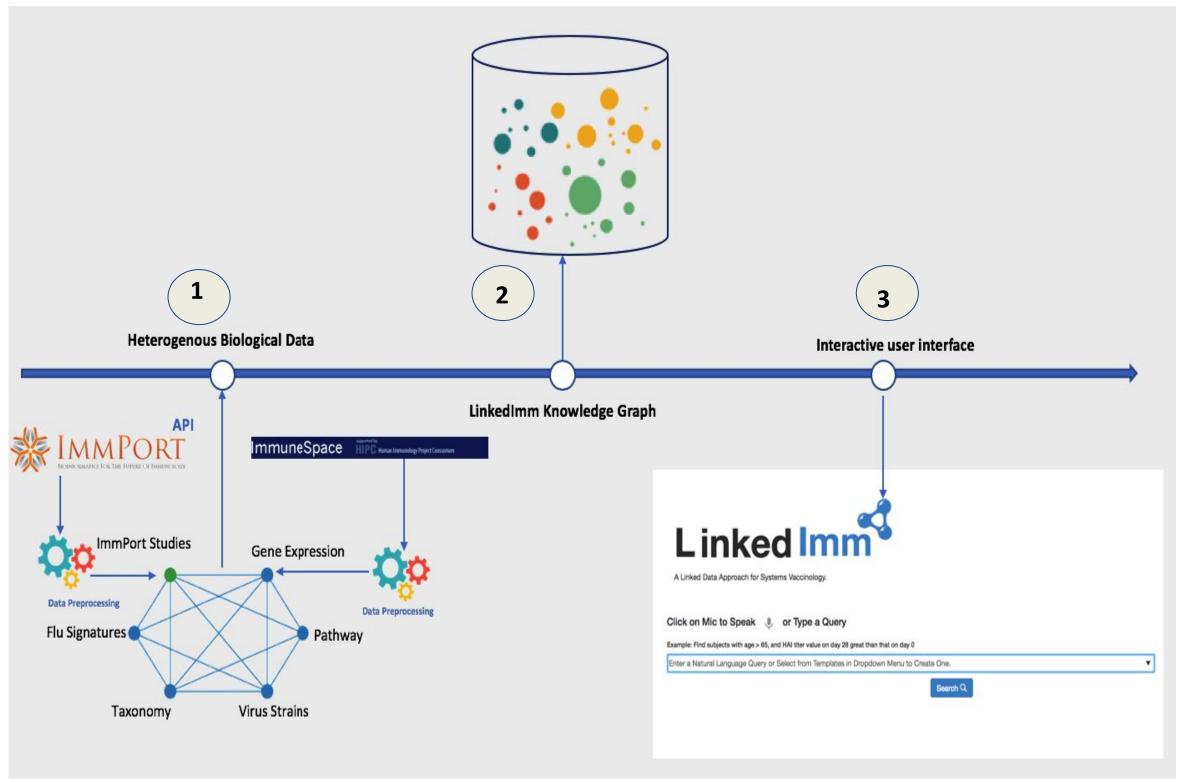


The LinkedImm framework consists of:

Data Model: provides extendable schema to logically integrate heterogeneous data.

Knowledge Graph: NoSQL-based data warehouse, used for secondary analysis.

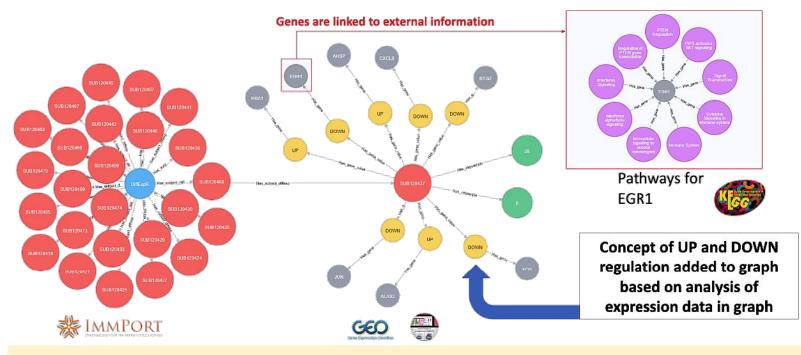
Interface: allow users to explore data through dashboard or natural language.



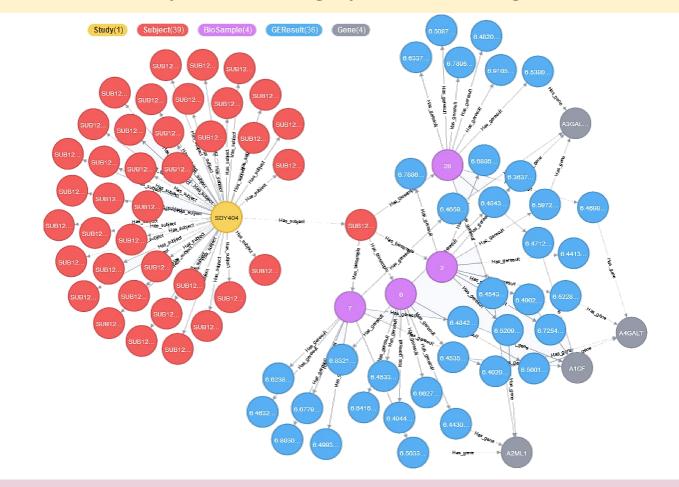
LinkedImm Flow Diagram

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Results: Heterogeneous Data Integration



LinkedImm Gene Expression Sub-graph has > 17.5K genes.



LinkedImm Summary

- ☐ Integrates four different data formats (relational database, ontologies, spreadsheet and graph data).
- ☐ 54 influenza vaccination studies with demographics and HAI results pre- and post-vaccination.
- ☐ 2,256 subjects + 22,525 virus strain measurements.