Install Nginx, remove default site, create your site

Pre:

Deploy flask app Digital Ocean with Nginx / Gunicorn Ubuntu 16.04.3 LTS is done:

 $\underline{https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-serve-flask-applications-with-gunicorn-and-nginx-on-ubuntu-16-04}$

Install Nginx, remove default site, create your site

Deploying Flask Apps to an Ubuntu Server:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kDRRtPO0YPA

sudo apt-get update

Python 2, sudo apt-get install python-pip python-dev nginx (or just install Nginx)

Python 3, sudo apt-get install python3-pip python3-dev nginx

```
t@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:~# sudo apt-get install python-dev python-pip nginx
ding package lists... Done
lding dependency tree
```

Remove default Nginx (I had one more folder to remove)

```
root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-enabled# rm webprod root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-enabled# rm default root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-enabled# cd root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available/root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# ls rock_default_default_webprod root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# rm default_root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# rm webprod root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# ls root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# ls rock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_cock_default_
```

Create a new file for you flask app

```
coot@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# sudo touch flask_settings
coot@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# ls
ock default flask settings
```

Edit flask settings:

Make symlink

```
oot@ubuntu-512mb-fral-01:/etc/nginx/sites-available# cd
oot@ubuntu-512mb-fral-01:~# sudo ln -s /etc/nginx/sites-available/flask_setting
//etc/nginx/sites-enabled/flask_settings
oot@ubuntu-512mb-fral-01:~# cd /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/
oot@ubuntu-512mb-fral-01:/etc/nginx/sites-enabled# ls
lask_settings
```

Test Nginx configuration before / after etc

```
root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:~/web# sudo nginx -t
nginx: the configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf syntax is ok
nginx: configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf test is successful
root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:~/web#
```

Python 2, sudo pip install virtualenv

Python 3, sudo pip3 install virtualenv

```
root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01:~# sudo pip install virtualenv
Collecting virtualenv
```

Create you Flask app:

I have used blueprints in __init__.py

```
def create_app(config_name):
    app = Flask(__name__, instance_relative_config=True)
    app.config.from_object(app_config[config_name]) #object config
    app.config.from_pyfile("config.conf") # instance config

    Bootstrap(app)
    db.init_app(app)
```

Code omitted

```
from .auth import auth as auth_blueprint
app.register_blueprint(auth_blueprint)

from .home import home as home_blueprint
app.register_blueprint(home_blueprint)

from .note import note as note_blueprint
app.register_blueprint(note_blueprint)

from .tech import tech as tech_blueprint
app.register_blueprint(tech_blueprint)

return app
```

Folder:__init__, views

The app is called from run.py for testing on Linux

Windows is the code that is commented out

```
root@ubuntu-512mb-fra1-01: ~/web
 GNU nano 2.5.3
                               File: run.py
 run.py
import os
from flask import render_template
from app import create_app
dv = "development"
pr = "production"
app = create app(dv)
@app.errorhandler(404)
def page_not_found(error):
    return render_template("/error/400.html")
app.run(host='0.0.0.0')
   # app.run(port=5100)
# debug should come from config
```

The app is called from wsgi.py for production (gunicorn)

```
GNU nano 2.5.3 File: wsgi.py

from app import create_app
from flask import render_template

dv = "development"
pr = "production"

app = create_app(dv)

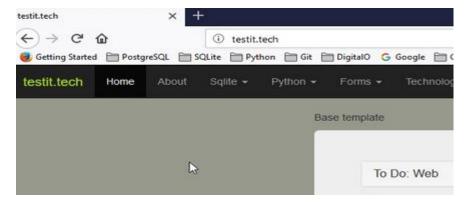
def page_not_found(error):
    return render_template("/error/400.html")

if __name__ =="__main__":
    print("\n Success, system path jekl")
    app.run()
```

When you have tested and are ready to host / run the app:
Restart and test Nginx, load activate you env, start gunicorn
sudo service nginx status / stop / start
Here, gunicorn is started with 2 workers

```
ok ] Restarting nginx (via systemctl): nginx.service.
cot@ubuntu-512mb-fral-01:~/web# source webenv/bin/activate
[webenv) root@ubuntu-512mb-fral-01:~/web# gunicorn --workers=2 wsgi:app
2017-12-17 14:32:56 +0000] [1513] [INFO] Starting gunicorn 19.7.1
2017-12-17 14:32:56 +0000] [1513] [INFO] Using worker: sync
2017-12-17 14:32:56 +0000] [1513] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 1518
2017-12-17 14:32:56 +0000] [1518] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 1518
```

Now visit your IP or domain



Virtual envs

Start in test mode:source webenv/bin/activate

Stop test mode: deactivate

Python

Start in test mode:source webenv/bin/activate

Stop test mode: deactivate

Gunicorn

Create a wsgi.py file with the code

```
from app import app
if __name__ =="__main__":
app.run()
```

The you can perform the following:

Start your env first

(myprojectenv) \$ gunicorn --bind 0.0.0.0:port wsgi:app

(myprojectenv) \$ deactivate

Templates / Static not loading after SFTP, stop gunicorn and start it again

Linux

sudo lsof -i:port / sudo lsof -i:8000

kill pid

Not finding pid?, pkill gunicorn

More on Gunicorn

```
(webenv) root@ubuntu-512mb-fral-01:~/web# gunicorn -w l --threads 10 wsgi:app [2018-07-14 14:40:17 +0000] [3079] [INFO] Starting gunicorn 19.7.1 [2018-07-14 14:40:17 +0000] [3079] [INFO] Listening at: http://127.0.0.1:8000 (3 079) [2018-07-14 14:40:17 +0000] [3079] [INFO] Using worker: threads [2018-07-14 14:40:17 +0000] [3084] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 3084
```

 $\frac{https://stackoverflow.com/questions/35837786/how-to-run-flask-with-gunicorn-in-multithreaded-mode}{}$

Hang in Gunicorn, showing old data from old views?

Some cach issue, reboot server

To reboot immediately you have to specify either of the following commands:

sudo shutdown -r 0

sudo shutdown -r now