

DSL and Source to Source Compilation

Hands-on-approach
with
Clava+LARA

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Outline

- Overview
 - Clava
 - LARA
- Hands-on approach
 - First LARA Strategy (Call Graph)
 - Code Instrumentation (Logging)
 - Clava APIs (Time and Energy Measurement)
 - CMake Plugin (Auto-Parallelization)
 - Third-party Libraries (DSE)
 - ANTAREX component Integration (mARGOt)

Clava Installation

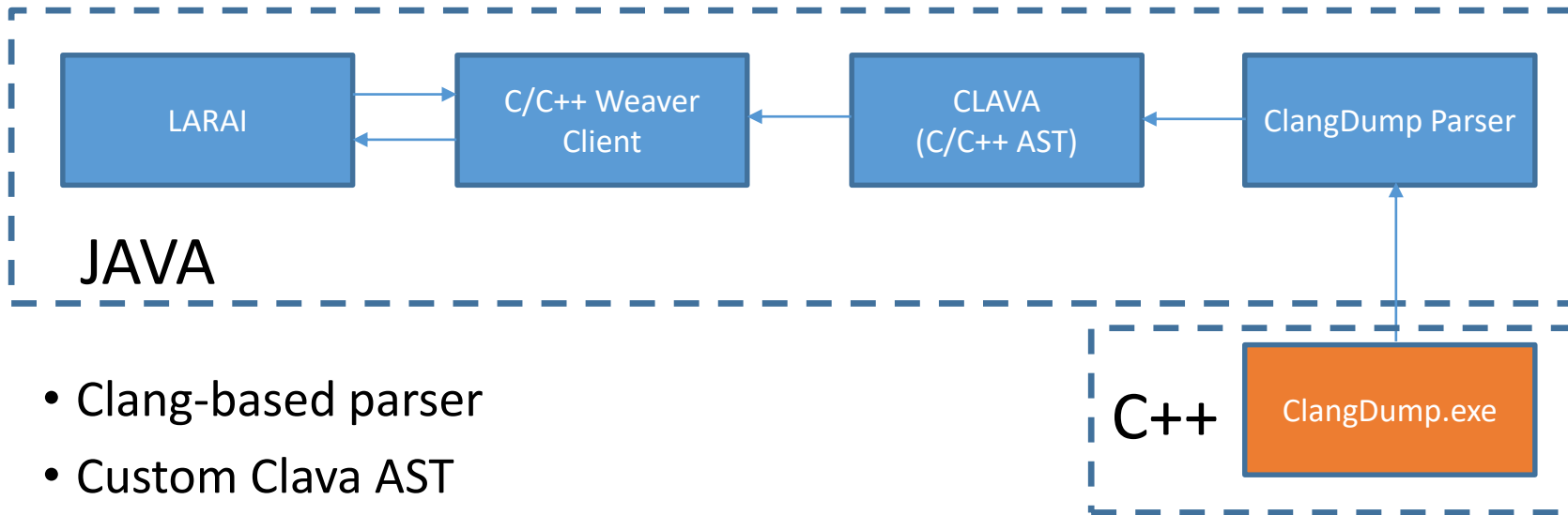
- All platforms: download JAR
 - <http://specs.fe.up.pt/tools/clava.jar>
- Linux: script clava-update
 - <http://specs.fe.up.pt/tools/clava/clava-update>
- CMake Plugin:
 - <https://github.com/specs-feup/clava/tree/master/CMake>

Clava

- Source-to-source C/C++ compiler (weaver)
- User-defined strategies written in LARA
- Several kinds of strategies possible
 - Analysis, Generation, Insertion, Modification
- Open-source
 - github.com/specs-feup/clava



Clava - Toolflow



- Clang-based parser
- Custom Clava AST
 - AST-based transformations
- LARA framework

The LARA Language

- JavaScript-based language
- Strategies written separately from application logic code
- Not tied to a specific target language
 - *Weavers* binds LARA code to a target language
 - Current languages: Java, C, C++ and MATLAB

aspectdef myAspect

input
in0, in1=3;
end
output
out0, out1;
end

select ... end
apply ... end
condition ... end

function h() { }
var z = 2;

end

Main LARA Features

- **Declarative select-apply** clauses
 - **Select** points of interest in the code
 - **Apply** code transformations over them
- Modularity and reuse based on **calling aspects** and **using parameters**
- **Composition of strategies** based on other strategies

```
select method end  
apply  
...  
end
```

```
apply  
  call LoopTiling(64);  
  call Timer("ns");  
end
```

LARA Select

- Access points on the source code
- Uses an hierarchical point chain
 - Defined in the language specification
- Points not present in the chain are inferred
- Filtering based on attributes

select file.function.body.call **end**



select function.call **end**



select function{name===**"draw"**}.call **end**

LARA Apply

- Iterates over the selected points (prefixed with \$)
- Any point in the select statement can be accessed
- Can access point attributes
- Can change the application

insert before | after | replace

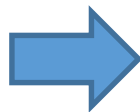
- For injecting code in input application source code

exec

- For executing a compiler action

def

- For defining the value of an attribute

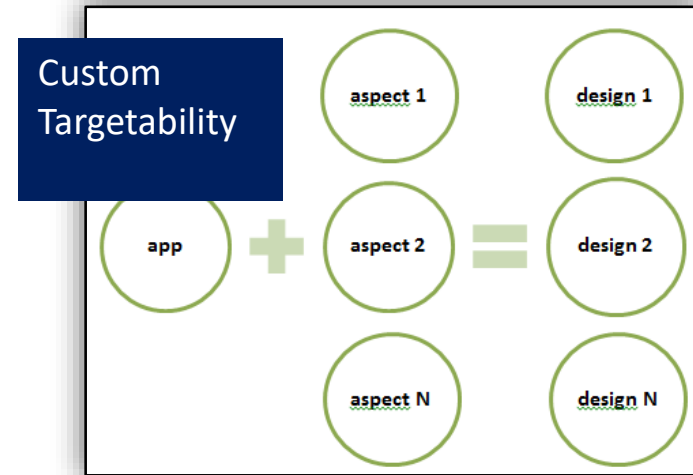
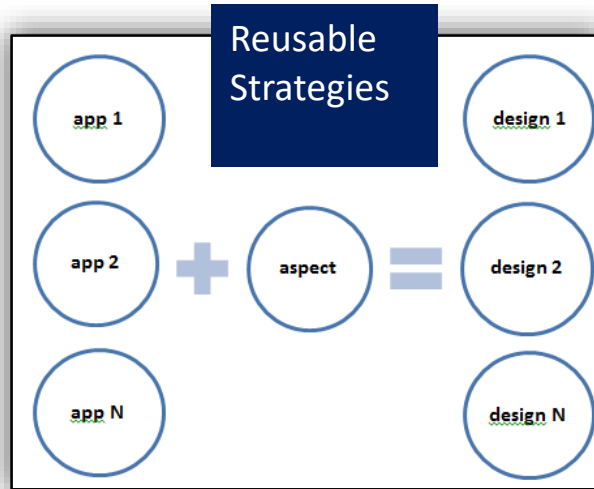


```
select function{name=="draw"}.call end  
apply  
  $call.insert before 'code to inject';  
  insert before 'more code';  
end
```

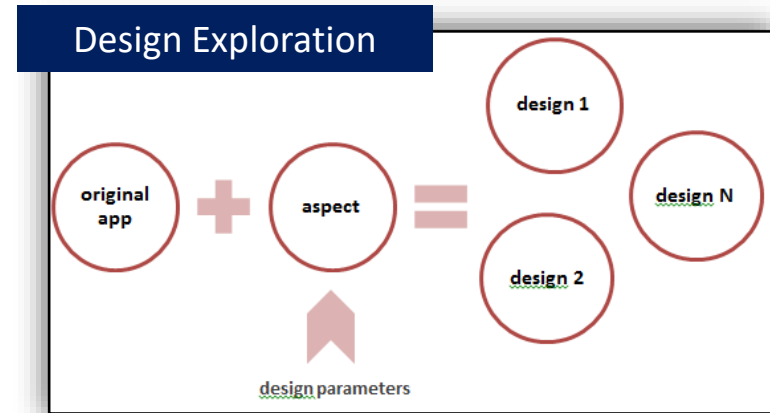
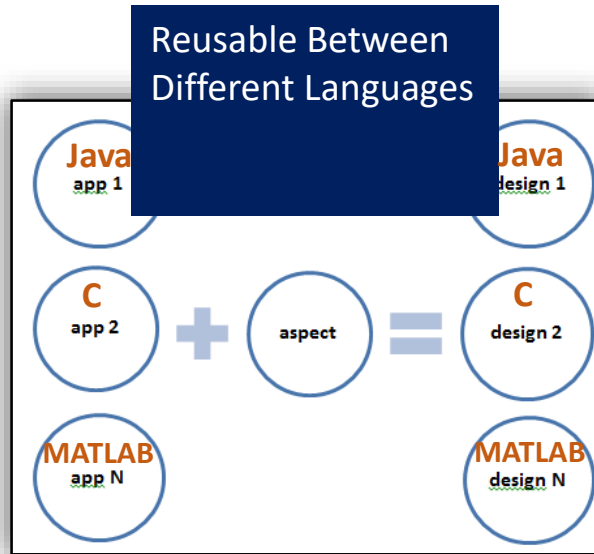
```
$loop.exec interchange($innerLoop);
```

```
$var.def type='float';
```

LARA Reusability and Targetability



LARA Reusability and DSE



Hands-on – Getting Started

- Linux
 - Get script: specs.fe.up.pt/tools/clava/clava-update
 - Put in path and run (may require sudo)
- Windows
 - Get jar: specs.fe.up.pt/tools/clava.jar
 - Get Cmake files: <https://bit.ly/2EVVnF7>
- Tutorial files
 - specs.fe.up.pt/tutorials/PACT2018.zip

Hands-on

- 1. CallGraph
- Objectives
 - Read some LARA code
 - Load and run a LARA strategy

Hands-on

- 2. Logging
- Objectives
 - Write some LARA code (exercise)
 - Introduction to LARA APIs

Hands-on

- 3. Measurements
- Objectives
 - Use LARA APIs (exercise)
 - Introduction to Clava documentation

Hands-on

- 4. AutoPar
- Objectives
 - Auto-parallelize code
 - Introduction to CMake plugin

Hands-on

- 5. Exploration
- Objectives
 - Use the CMake plugin
 - Perform Design-Space Exploration

Hands-on

- 6. mARGOt Integration
- Objectives
 - Use mARGOt Clava API to:
 - Generate configuration
 - Perform exploration
 - Instrument the code
 - Run the enhanced application

Backup Slides

The LARA Language

- Join Point Model
 - Allows the front-end to adapt to other target programming languages
- Attribute Model
 - Allows LARA to access join point values and to associate values to join points
- Action Model
 - Allows LARA to express actions

Join Point Model

```
\var
\declaration
\function
  \prototype
  \body
    \first
    \last
    \var
    \call
    \if
      \condition
      \then
      \else
        \loop
    \init
      \condition
      \counter
      \body
      \control
```

Attribute Model

```
\var
  \name
  \type
  \is_array
  \is_pointer
  \is_write
  \is_read
  \is_in
  \is_out
\function
  \name
  \num_lines
  \return_type
\call
  \name
  \return_type
  \num_argin
  \num_argout
\loop
  \type
  \is_innermost
  \num_iterations
  \increment_value
  \rank
  \nested_level
```

AOP Approach

- Several AOP languages
- No reusability between AOP languages
- Flexibility on the join point capture
- Include the support of code transformations

Concerns related to code transformations and compiler optimizations:

- Performance, Power, Energy
- Parallelism, Concurrency
- Monitoring, Test, Debug
- Safety, Security
- Targeting hardware accelerators, multicore and manycore architectures
- Different tool flows
- Fully explore compiler optimizations

Existence of many crosscutting concerns!

LARA Compilation Flow

