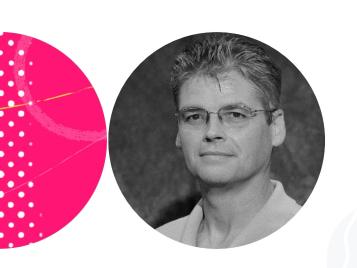
Looping and Arrays

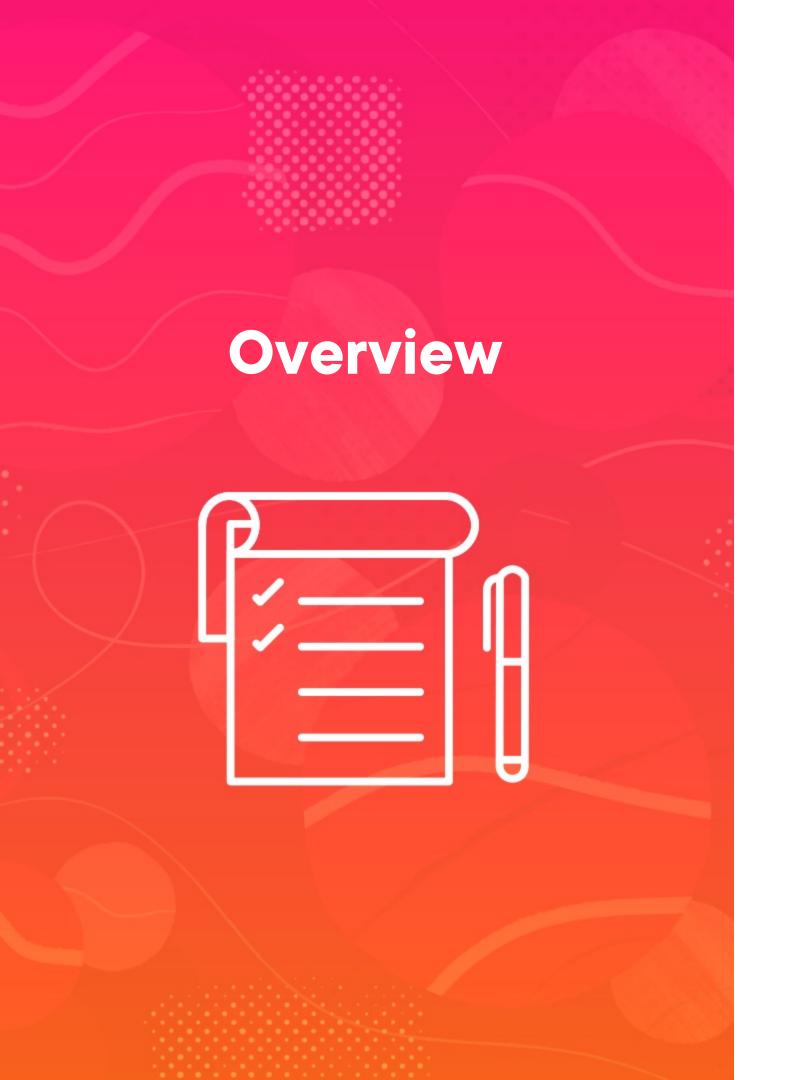


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While loop

Do-while loop

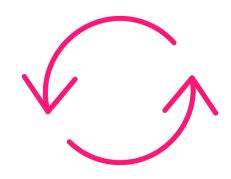
For loop

Arrays

For-each loop

Loops

Repeatedly execute a statement as long the provided condition is true



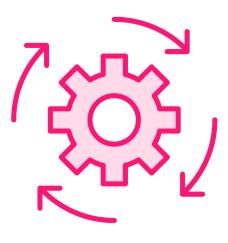
While loop

Basic looping



Do-while loop

Looping with deferred condition check



For loop

Looping with simplified notation for common use case

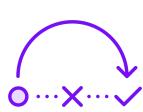


While Loop



Condition checked at loop start

```
while (
    statement;
```



Loop body may never run

While Loop

```
int someValue = 4;
int factorial = 1;
while(someValue > 1)
    factorial *= someValue;
    someValue--;
}
System.out.println(factorial);
```



4

factorial

2412



Do-while Loop



Condition checked at loop end

```
do
   statement ;
while (
```



Loop body always runs at least once

Do-while Loop

Main.java

```
int iVal = 5;
do

System.out.print(iVal);
System.out.print(" * 2 = ");
iVal *= 2;
System.out.println(iVal);
while(iVal < 25);</pre>
```

5 10 20

Do-while Loop

Main.java

```
int iVal = 80;
do {
    System.out.print(iVal);
    System.out.print(" * 2 = ");
    iVal *= 2;
    System.out.println(iVal);
} while(iVal < 25);</pre>
```

80

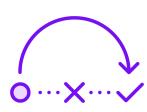


For Loop



Condition checked at loop start

```
for (
statement;
```



Loop body may never run



Simplified notation for loop control values



For Loop

WhileLoop.java

```
int i = 1;
while(     ) {
    System.out.println(i);
    i *= 2;
}
```

ForLoop.java

```
for(
    System.out.println(i);
```



```
float[] theVals
theVals[0] = 10.0f;
theVals[1] = 20.0f;
theVals[2] = 15.0f;
```

```
theVals 10.0f 20.0f 15.0f 0 1 2
```

Provide an ordered collection of elements

- Each element accessed via an index
- Index range from 0 to number-of-elements minus 1
- Number of elements can be accessed via array's length value



```
float[] theVals = new float[3];
theVals[0] = 10.0f;
theVals[1] = 20.0f;
theVals[2] = 15.0f;
float sum = 0.0f;
for(
    sum += theVals[index];
System.out.println(sum);
```





```
float[] theVals = new float[3];
theVals[0] = 10.0f;
theVals[1] = 20.0f;
theVals[2] = 15.0f;
float sum = 0.0f;
for(int index = 0; index < theVals.length; index++)
    sum += theVals[index];
System.out.println(sum); // displays 45</pre>
```



```
float[] theVals =

float sum = 0.0f;
for(int index = 0; index < theVals.length; index++)
    sum += theVals[index];
System.out.println(sum); // displays 45</pre>
```



For-each Loop

Executes a statement once for each array member Handles getting collection length Handles accessing each value

```
for (
  statement ;
```



Summary



While loop

- Checks loop control condition at start
- Loop body may never run

Do-while loop

- Checks loop control condition at end
- Loop body always runs at least once

For loop

- Similar to a while loop
- Simplified notation for loop initialization and control



Summary



Arrays

- Ordered collection of elements
- Elements accessed via index
- Index is zero-based

For-each loop

- Simplifies working with array members
- Handles details of running the loop body once for each array member