Angular Template-driven Forms

Getting Started with Template-driven Forms



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Version Check



This course was created by using:

- Angular 17



Version Check

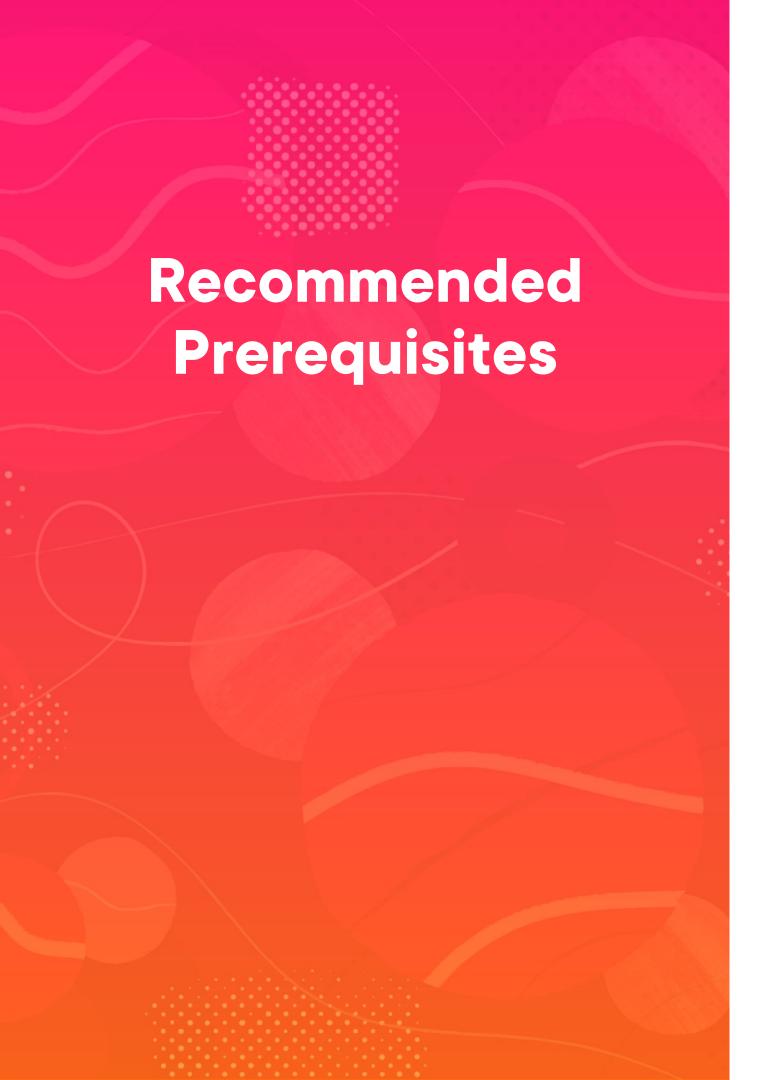


This course is 100% applicable to:

- Angular 14+

Mostly applicable to:

- 8+

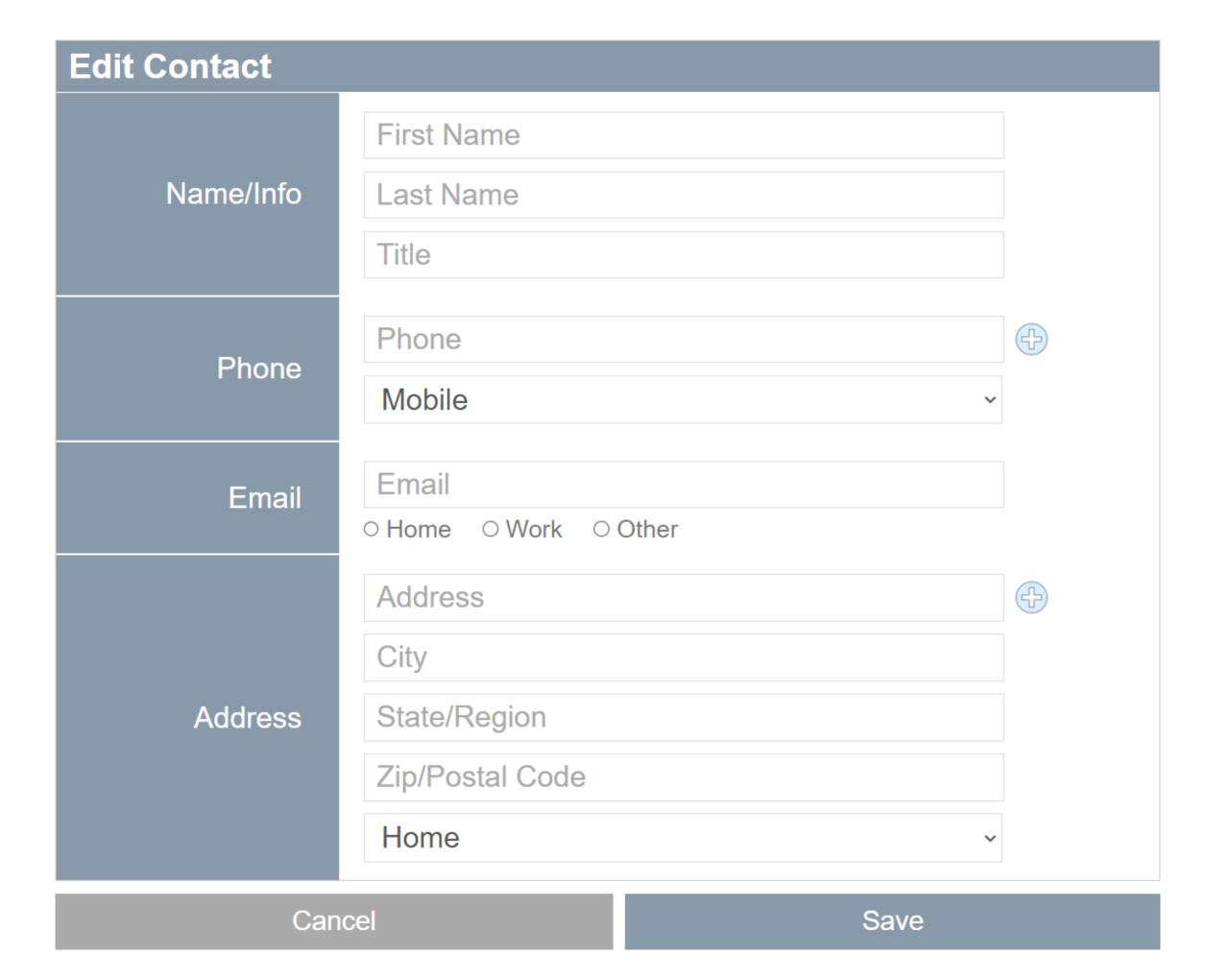


Angular Fundamentals

HTML

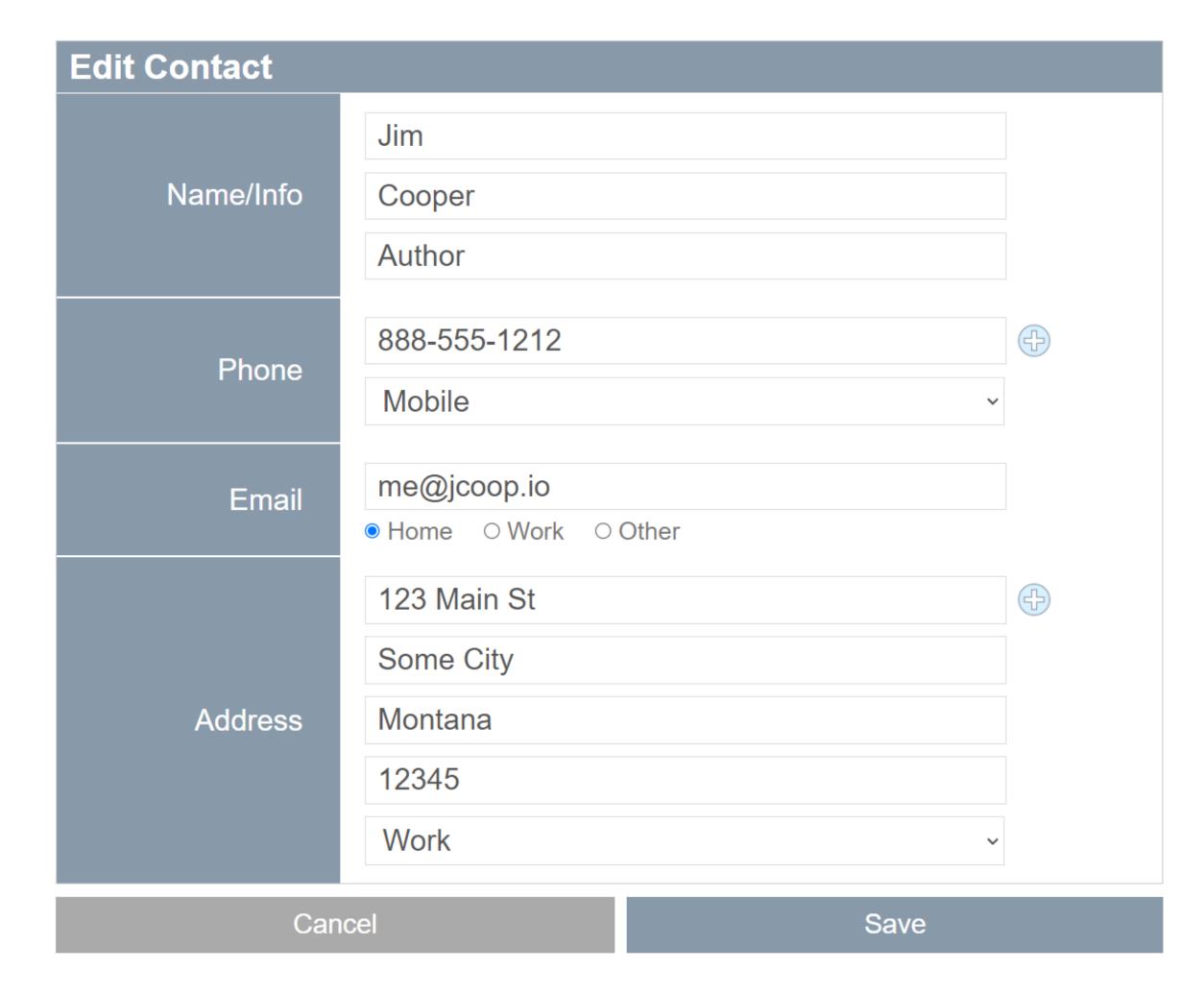
JavaScript



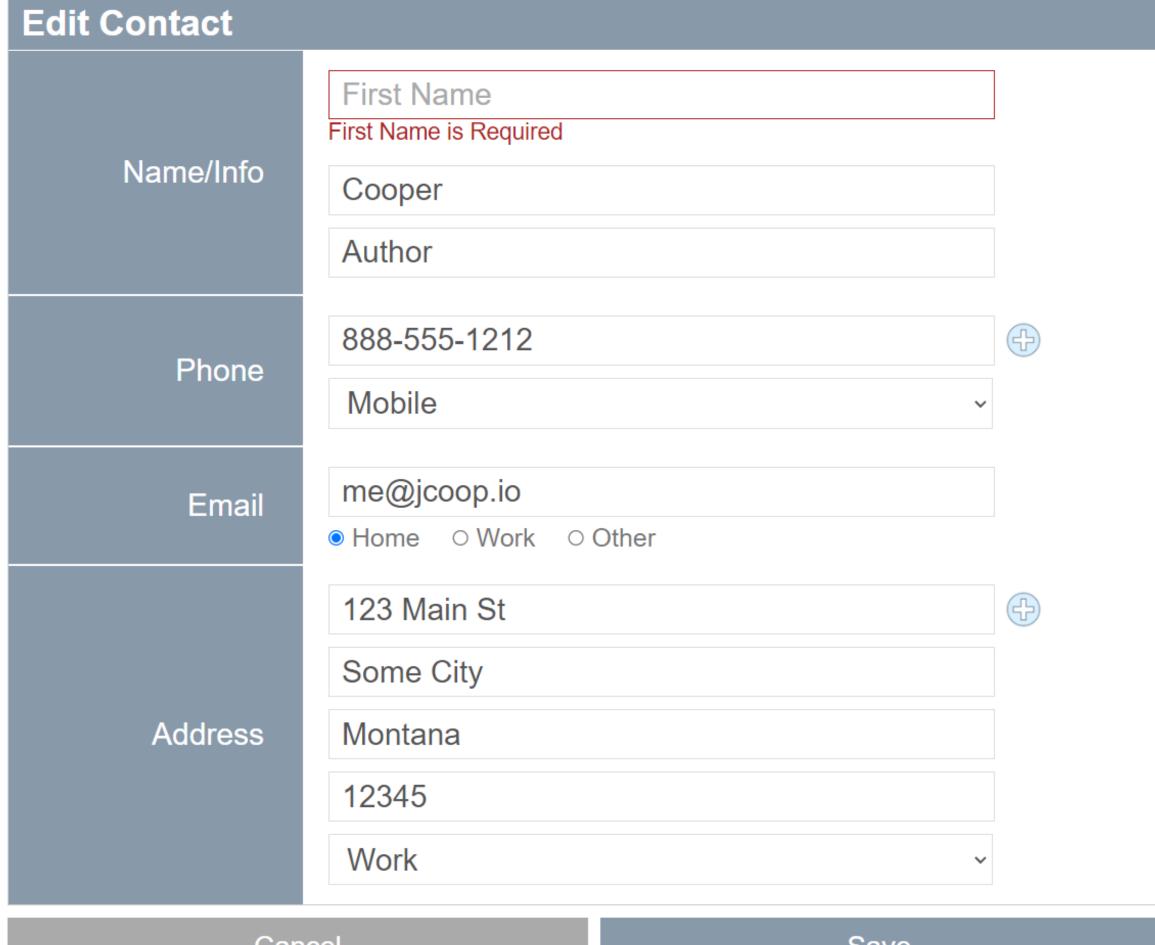


For each field: Input Value

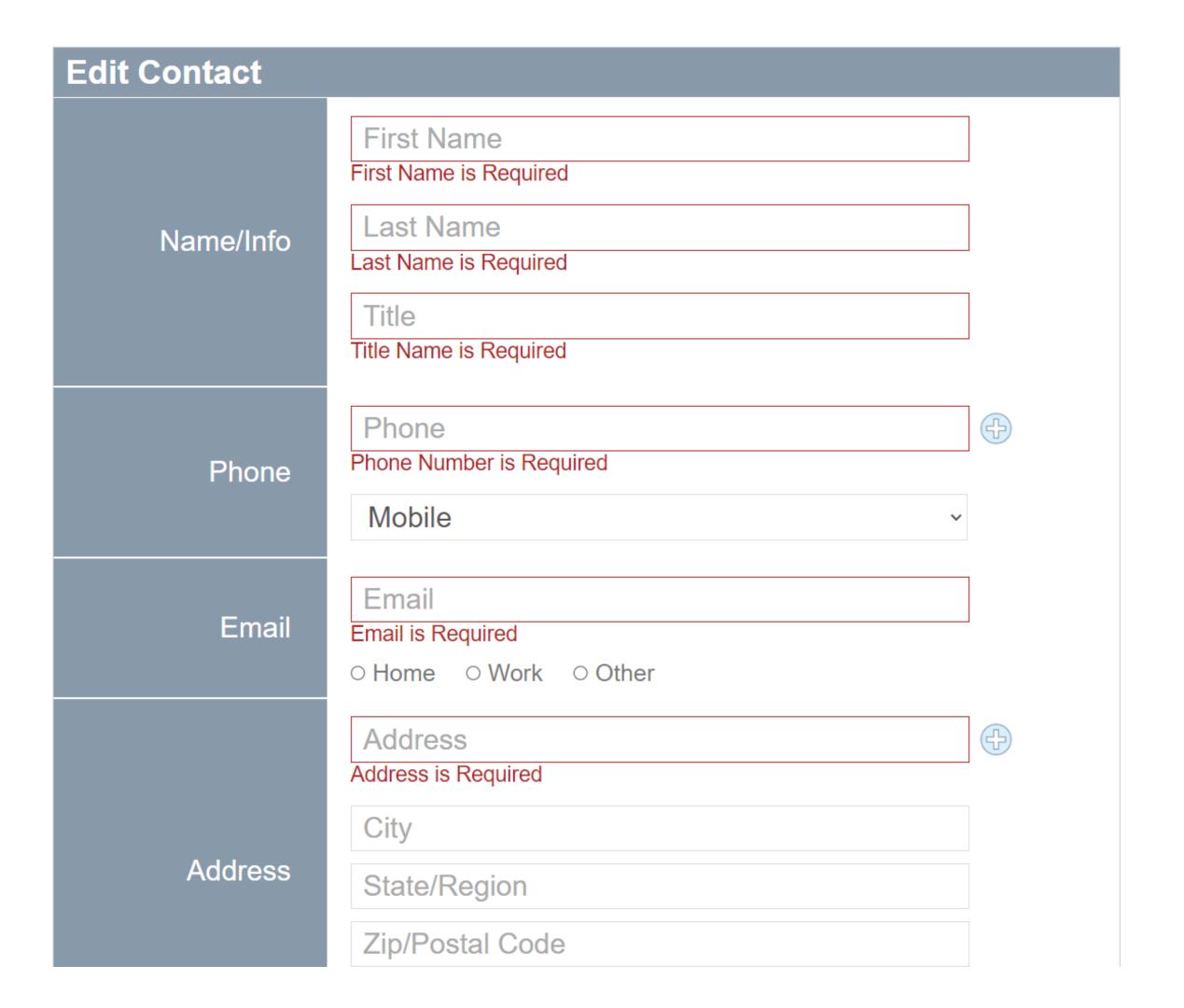




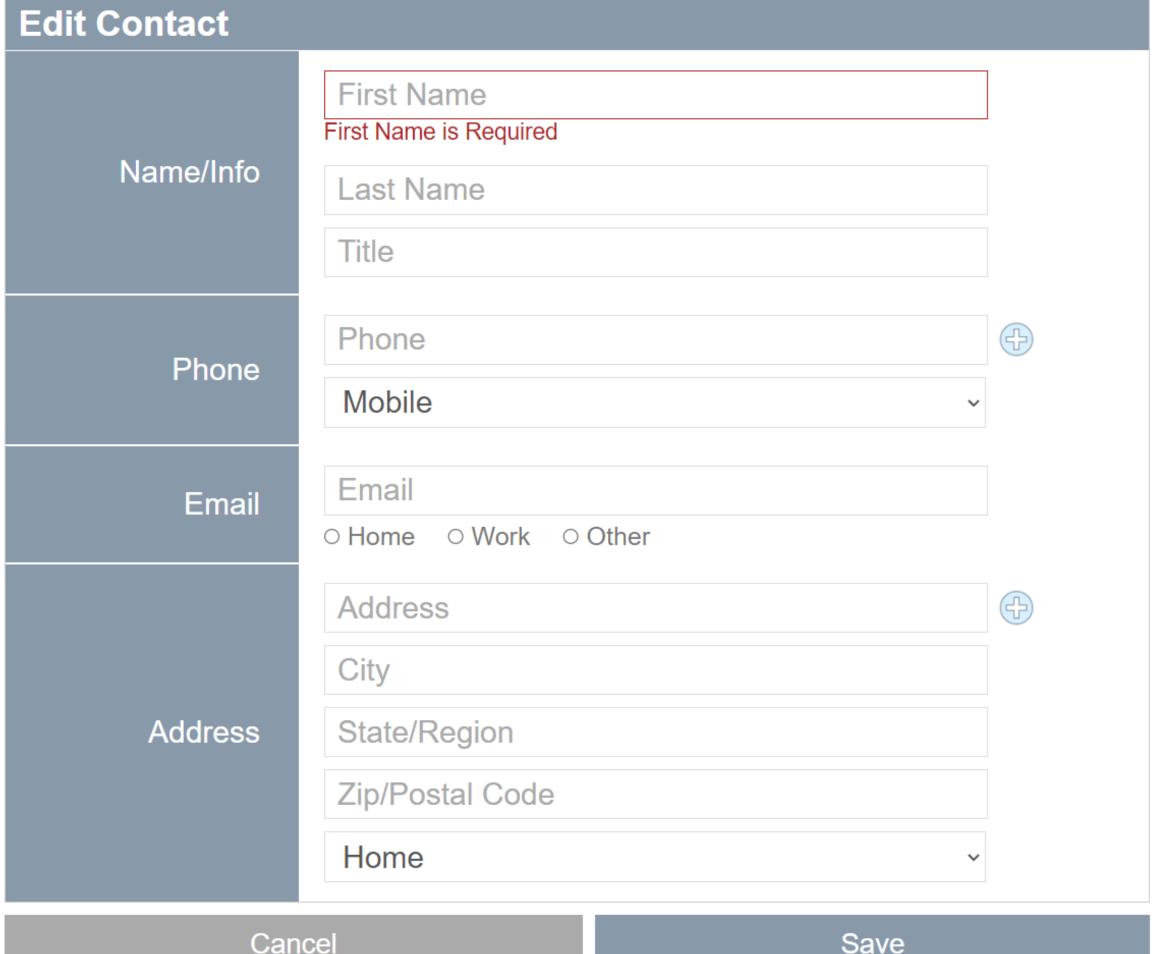
For each field: Input Value Validity



Input Value
Validity
Dirty
Touched



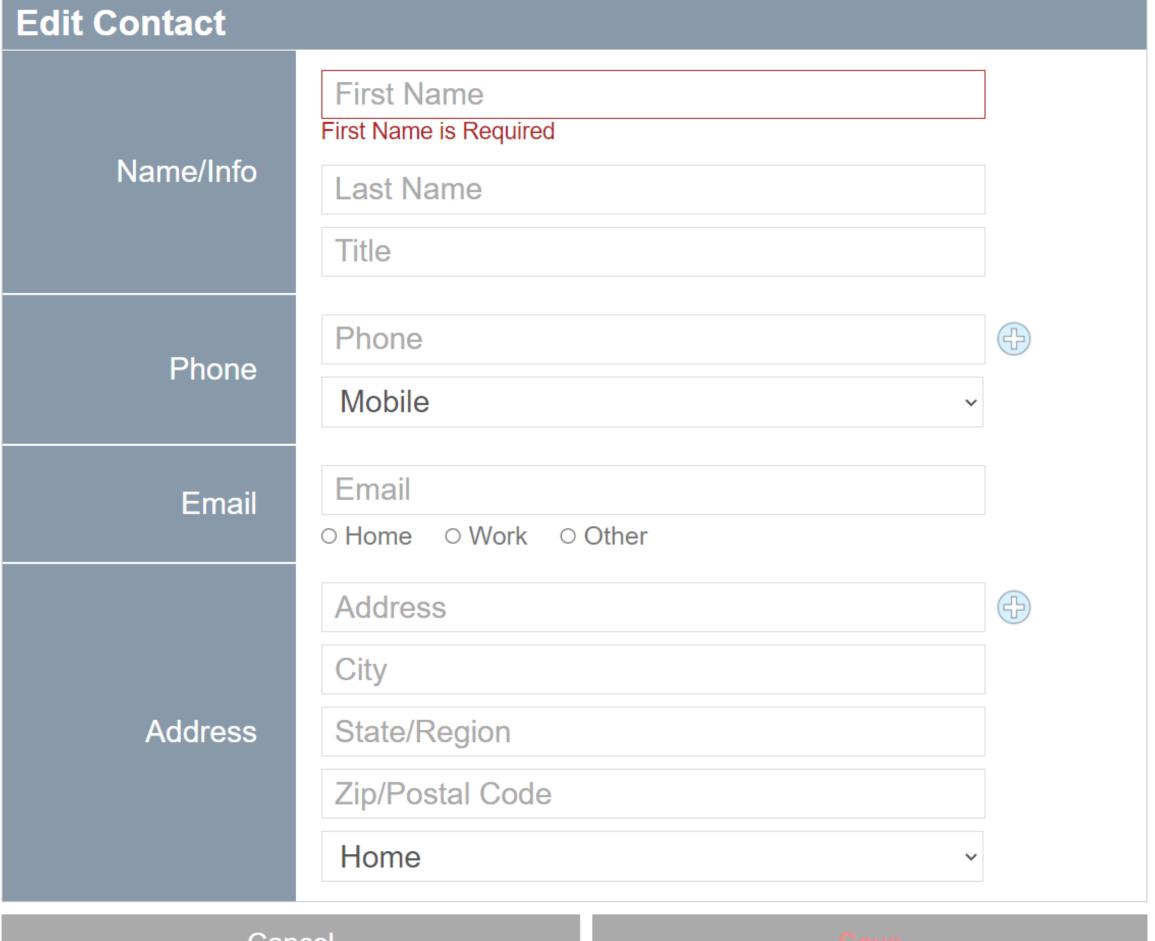
Input Value
Validity
Dirty
Touched



Input Value Validity Dirty Touched

For the entire form:

Input Values Validity Dirty Touched



Input Value
Validity
Dirty
Touched

For the entire form:

Input Values
Validity
Dirty
Touched

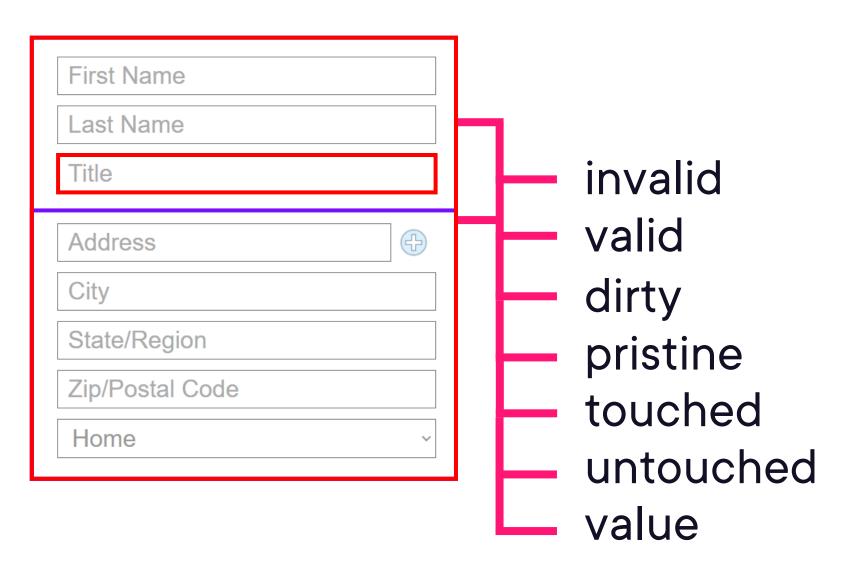
Angular Form Controls

FormControl

```
First Name [(ngModel)]="firstName"

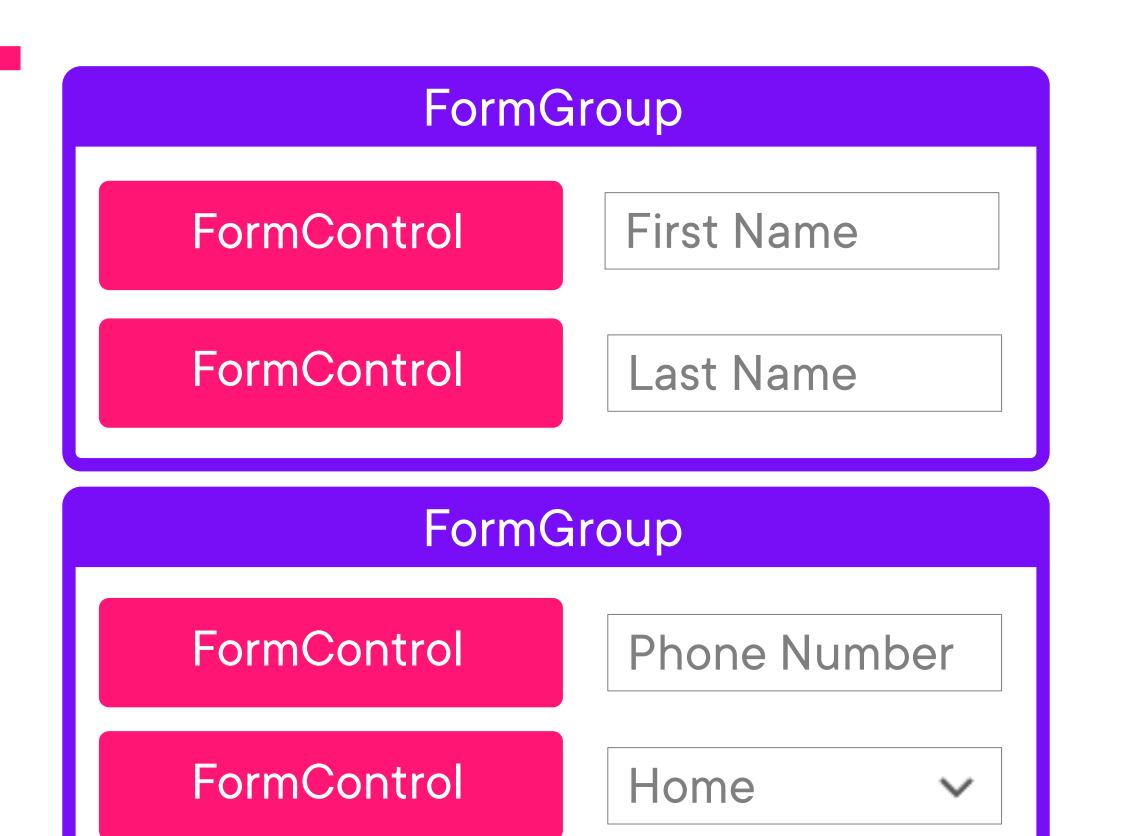
- invalid
- valid
- dirty
- pristine
- touched
- untouched
- value
```

FormGroup





Form Model



Angular Forms Approaches

Template-driven Forms

Reactive Forms

Angular Forms Approaches: Similarities

Template-driven Forms

and

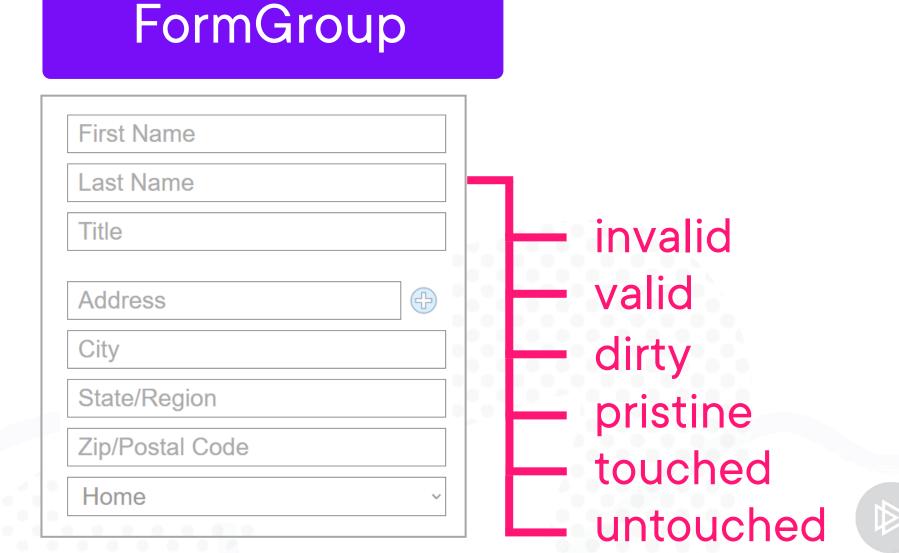
Reactive Forms

First Name - invalid - valid - dirty

pristine

touched

untouched



Template-driven Forms

```
First Name
<input
    type="text"
    [(ngModel)]="contact.firstName"
    #firstName= figModel"
/>

Two-way binding
    class MyComponent {
        contact:Contact = {
            firstName: ''
            lastName: ''
        }
};
```

Reactive Forms

```
First Name
<input
    type="text"
    [formControl]="firstName"
/>
    "input" Event
}

Class MyComponent {
    firstName = new FormControl('');
    input" Event
}
```

Template-driven Forms

VS

Reactive Forms

HTML template-based

Separate data model

Two-way mutable bindings

Synchronous data flow

Validation with directives

TypeScript/Component-based

Data model managed by form controls

One-way immutable bindings

Asynchronous data flow

Validation with functions