



Moritz Stiefel & Ngoc Thang Vu

Enriching ASR Lattices with POS Tags for Dependency Parsing

Motivation

Parsing speech

- POS tags (or other labels) are helpful to downstream tasks
- Lattice-level tags allow for further task integration



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First step POS-enriched ASR word lattices



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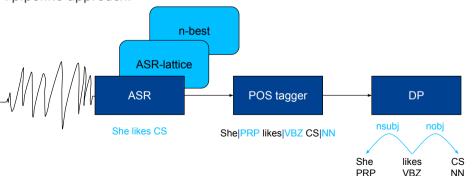
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POS-enriched ASR word lattices

A pipeline approach:





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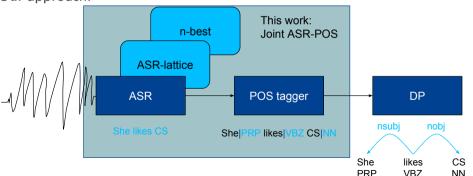
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First step

POS-enriched ASR word lattices

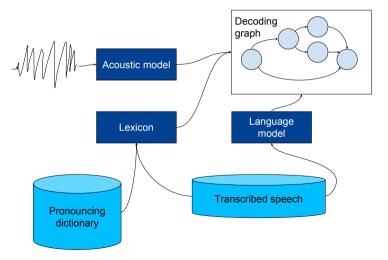
Our approach:





Method

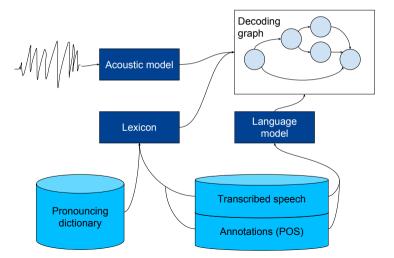
Using the Kaldi ASR toolkit (Povey et al., 2011)





Method

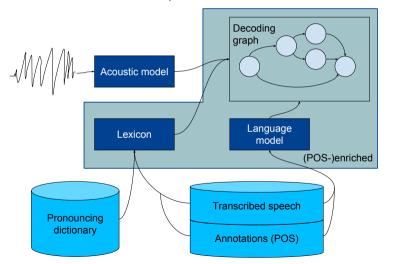
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Method

Using the Kaldi ASR toolkit (Povey et al., 2011)



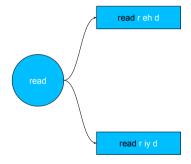


A word-POS paired lexicon



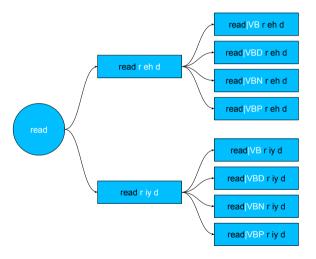


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A word-POS paired lexicon





Data: Switchboard splits

- North-American English
- Treebank-3 transcription (not MS-State transcription!)

Set	Conversations	Utterances	Tokens	Avg. tok./utt.	Vocabulary
train	2xxx-3xxx	90823	677160	7.46	14759
dev	4519-4936	5697	50148	8.80	3761
eval	4004-4153	5822	48320	8.30	3695
Imdev	4154-4483	5949	50017	8.41	3742

Table: Summary of SWBD data splits



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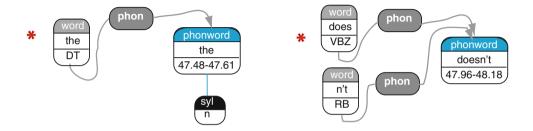
Table: Summary of SWBD data splits

LM	Baseline 2-gram	Baseline 3-gram	Joint 2-gram	Joint 3-gram
PPL	89.4	76.3	96.4	84.2

Table: Language model (LM) perplexities (PPL) on Imdev.

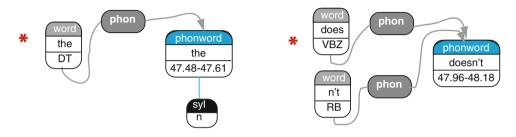


Data: Switchboard POS-enriched transcription





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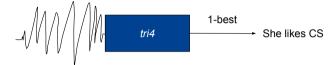


- Orthography/tokenization and POS tags from the Treebank data (word)
- Timestamps from linked MS-State transcriptions (phonword)



Intermediate results: ASR

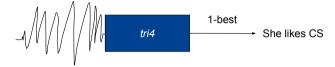
tri4



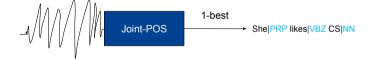


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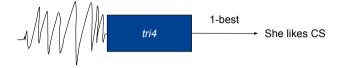
Joint-POS





Intermediate results: ASR

tri4



Joint-POS



Set	tri4	Joint-POS
dev	28.75 (65.83)	28.93 (65.28)
test	29.41 (64.41)	29.26 (64.15)



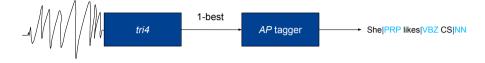
Table: ASR results: numbers are WER (SER)

Intermediate results: POS

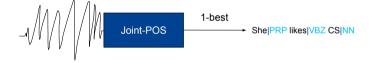




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Joint-POS

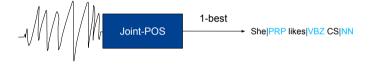




Intermediate results: POS



Joint-POS



Set	tri4+ME.pre	tri4+AP.pre	tri4+spaCy.pre	tri4+ME.70k	tri4+AP	Joint-POS
dev	43.29 (94.23)	45.46 (95.84)	39.17 (82.38)	33.24 (68.18)	32.30 (67.67)	32.05 (67.32)
test	44.49 (94.19)	46.18 (95.74)	40.42 (81.86)	36.23 (67.26)	33.10 (66.85)	32.52 (66.52)

Table: POS tagging results: numbers are WER (SER)



DP results

- 1-best hypotheses of standard Kaldi tri4 setup plus AP tagger vs our Joint-POS
- Xiang Yu's parser after (Weiss et al., 2015): greedy neural transition-based parser, uses word and POS features



DP results

- 1-best hypotheses of standard Kaldi *tri4* setup plus AP tagger vs our Joint-POS
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			tri4+AP		Joint-	POS
Set	#utts	#tokens	UAS	LAS	UAS	LAS
dev	900	4881	94.30	92.71	95.41	93.63
test	882	4827	94.68	93.06	94.92	93.52

Table: Parsing results for subsets of correct tokenizations. Labeled attachment scores (LAS) and unlabeled attachment scores (UAS) given as percentages.



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High scores, but only on utterances with correct tokenizations



Number of correctly tokenized utterances ≠ number of utterances



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 - How can we evaluate incorrectly recognized utterances?

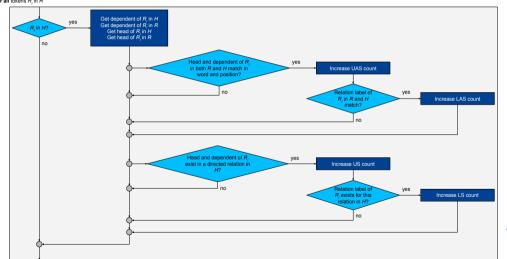


- Number of correctly tokenized utterances ≠ number of utterances
 - How can we evaluate incorrectly recognized utterances?
 - Our answer: fuzzy relation-based measure that ignores word position altogether



DP results extended: fuzzy relation-based measure for US and LS

Initialize UAS, LAS, US and LS with zero count For all reference utterances R that have a hypothesis H For all tokens R. in R





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Model	Set	UAS	LAS	US	LS
tri4+AP				52.02 50.72	
Joint-POS	dev test	32.41 31.56	31.43 30.73	52.21 51.21	49.71 48.99

Table: Parsing results on full *dev* and *test* sets. LAS and UAS given as percentages. LS (labeled score) and US (unlabeled score) are a fuzzy evaluation metric devised to be able to evaluate tokenization mismatches between the ASR hypotheses and the corresponding treebank data. LS and US are also given as percentages. The *dev* set has 3994 utterances with 44760 tokens and the *test* set has 3912 utterances with 43277 tokens. Best scores per set are bold-faced.



DP-based error analysis 1/3

tri4 token incorrect, subsequent POS tag, too

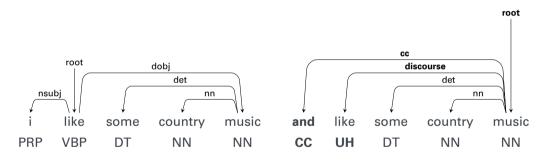


Figure: Correct Joint-POS tree on the left, incorrect *tri4* tree on the right.



DP-based error analysis 2/3

tri4 ASR deletion error

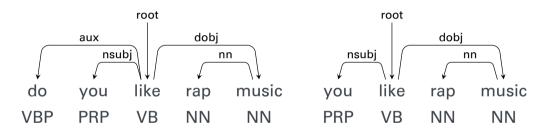


Figure: Correct Joint-POS tree on the left, incorrect tri4 tree on the right.



DP-based error analysis 3/3

Joint-POS token sequence incorrect resulting in erroneous parse

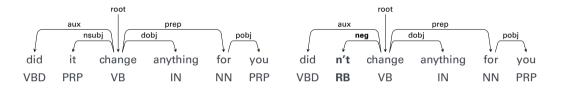


Figure: Correct tri4 tree on the left, incorrect Joint-POS tree on the right.



Conclusions

- Successful joint ASR and POS tagging
 - Increased search space in the decoding graph
 - No performance loss compared to pipeline approach

⇒ POS tags in an ASR lattice structure

- Possible avenues of exploration:
 - Systematic error analysis
 - Use transcriptions tagged with a POS-tagger and compare results
 - Comparison against the approach of Velikovich (2016), who tag lattices







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DP-based error analysis extra 1/2

tri4 token incorrect, subsequent POS tag, too

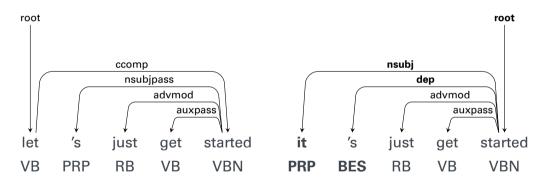


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DP-based error analysis extra 2/2

tri4 with correct tokenization, but POS tagging error

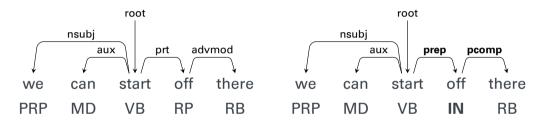


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