

# Programming Assignment 4

## CPU Scheduling

### Objective

This project involves implementing several different process scheduling algorithms. The scheduler will be assigned a predefined set of tasks and will schedule the tasks based on the selected scheduling algorithm. Each task is assigned a priority and CPU burst. The following scheduling algorithms will be implemented:

- First-come, first-served (FCFS), which schedules tasks in the order in which they request the CPU.
- Shortest-job-first (SJF), which schedules tasks in order of the length of the tasks' next CPU burst
- Priority scheduling, which schedules tasks based on priority.
- Round-robin (RR) scheduling, where each task is run for a time quantum (or for the remainder of its CPU burst).

Priorities range from 1 to 10, where a higher numeric value indicates a higher relative priority. For round-robin scheduling, the length of a time quantum is 10 milliseconds.

### Assignment: CPU Scheduler

The implementation of this project may be completed in C/C++, and program files are provided in the source code download for the text. These supporting files read in the schedule of tasks, insert the tasks into a list, and invoke the scheduler. The schedule of tasks has the form *[task name] [priority] [CPU burst]*, with the following example format:

```
T1, 4, 20
T2, 2, 25
T3, 3, 25
T4, 3, 15
T5, 10, 10
```

Thus, task T1 has priority 4 and a CPU burst of 20 milliseconds, and so forth. It is assumed that all tasks arrive at the same time, so your scheduler algorithms do not have to support higher-priority processes preempting processes with lower priorities. In addition, tasks do not have to be placed into a queue or list in any particular order. There are a few different strategies for organizing the list of tasks, as first presented in Section 5.1.2. One approach is to place all tasks in a single unordered list, where the strategy for task selection depends on the scheduling algorithm.

The file *driver.c* reads in the schedule of tasks, inserts each task into a linked list, and invokes the process scheduler by calling the *schedule()* function. The *schedule()* function executes each task according to the specified scheduling algorithm. Tasks selected for execution on the CPU are determined by the pick *NextTask()* function and are executed by invoking the *run()* function defined in the file. A *Makefile* is used to determine the specific scheduling algorithm that will be invoked by driver. For example, to build the FCFS scheduler, we would enter `make rr` and would execute the scheduler (using the schedule of tasks `schedule.txt`) as follows: `./fcfs schedule.txt`. Refer to the README file in the source code download for further details. Before proceeding, be sure to familiarize yourself with the source code provided as well as the *Makefile*.

## Grading

The program will be graded on the basic functionality, error handling and how well the implementation description was followed. Be sure to name your programming project `schedulers.zip`. Note that documentation and style are worth 10% of the assignment's grade!