Regular Languages and Finite State Machines

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1. Read the Wikipedia article on regular grammars. Summarize the saliet points.

2. What is a Deterministic Finite Accepter (DFA)?

A Deterministic Finite Accepter is a machine that can process an input string from left to right. A Finite Accepter is deterministic when there is only one thing that it can do for an input symbol. The DFA will either accept or reject the string. Once a String is accepted once, it will always be accepted.

A DFA can only read left to right, just as traditional in the English language. The DFA can only see one specific element of a string at a time, it cannot go backwards, nor skip ahead. A DFA also has a specific number of internal states, each different based on its current situation, such as when beginning a string.

The example from the book is a great example of a Deterministic Finite Accepter,

$$M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$$

where

Q is a finite set of **internal states**,

 Σ is a finite set of symbols called the **input alphabet**,

 $\delta:\ Q\times\Sigma\to\ Q$ is a total function called the **transition function**,

 $q_0 \in Q$ is the **initial state**,

 $F \subseteq Q$ is a set of **final states**.

3. What is a Non-Deterministic Finite Accepter (NFA)?

4. Explain why the languages accepted by DFAs and NFAs are the equivalent.

Any language accepted by a DFA can also be accepted by an NFA, and vice versa. We can prove this through the use of the "subset construction algorithm." The core principle of this algorithm is the DFA simulates the NFA by keeping track of the every possible state. Each state of the DFA corresponds to a subset of the sets of the NFA.

As long as the languages are equivalent then both a DFA and an NFA can be used when using the language. Although a DFA can only consist of a fixed number of processes, those processes are a subset of the NFA processes, therefore languages accepted by both the DFA and the NFA are equivalent.

- 5. Give a recursive definition of regular expression over an alaphabet Σ .
- 6. Confirm you know how to use operating system commands to find regular expressions in a file.

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