

Expert system

How to do simple logic. Or not-so-simple.

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Abstract: The goal of this project is to make a propositional calculus expert system.

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Chapter I

Foreword

Here's a little quote from the movie Spaceballs:

Dark Helmet : Careful, you idiot! I said ACROSS her nose, not up it!

Laser Gunner : Sorry sir! I'm doing my best!
Dark Helmet : ... who made that man a gunner?

Officer : I did sir. He's my cousin.

Dark Helmet : Who is he?

Colonel Sandurz : He's an Asshole, sir.

Dark Helmet : I know that! What's his name?

Colonel Sandurz : That is his name sir. Asshole, Major Asshole!

Dark Helmet : And his cousin?

Colonel Sandurz : He's an Asshole too sir, Gunner's mate First

Class Philip Asshole!

Dark Helmet : How many Assholes do we have on this ship, anyway?

[Entire bridge crew stands up and raises a hand]

Entire Bridge Crew : Yo!

Dark Helmet : I knew it. I'm surrounded by Assholes!

[Dark Helmet pulls his face shield down]

Dark Helmet : Keep firing, Assholes!

This project is a lot easier to do if you have watched Spaceballs at least three times.

Chapter II

The project

The goal of this project is to make an expert system for propositional calculus.

II.1 What you have to do

You must implement a backward-chaining inference engine. Rules and facts will be given as a text file, the format of which is described in the appendix. A fact can be any uppercase alphabetical character.

Your program must accept one parameter, which is the input file. It will contain a list of rules, then a list of initial facts, then a list of queries. For each of these queries, the program must, given the facts and rules given, tell if the query is true, false, or undetermined.

By default, all facts are false, and can only be made true by the initial facts statement, or by application of a rule. A fact can only be undetermined if the ruleset is ambiguous, for example if I say "A is true, also if A then B or C", then B and C are undetermined.

If there is an error in the input, for example a contradiction in the facts, or a syntax error, the program must inform the user of the problem.

Here's a list of the features we would like your engine to support. You can only get 100% of the grade by implementing all of them.

- "AND" conditions. For example, "If A and B and [...] then X"
- "OR" conditions. For example, "If C or D then Z"
- "XOR" conditions. For example, "If A xor E then V". Remember that this means "exclusive OR". It is only true if one and only one of the operands is true.
- Negation. For example, "If A and not B then Y"
- Multiple rules can have the same fact as a conclusion

- "AND" in conclusions. For example, "If A then B and C"
- Parentheses in expressions. Interpreted in much the same way as an arithmetic expression.

II.2 Bonuses

- Interactive fact validation: The system allows the user to change facts interactively to check the same query against a different input without changing the source file, or to clarify an undeterminable fact, for example from an OR conclusion without further information.
- Reasoning visualisation: For a given query, provide some feedback to explain the answer to the user, for example "We know that A is true. Since we know A | B => C, then C is true", or any other type of visualization you like. Even better, output everything in formal logic notation, and go show Thor: If he likes it, you'll win a beer.
- "OR" and "XOR" in conclusions. For example, "If A then B or C"
- Biconditional rules. For example, "A and B if-and-only-if D". In case it's unclear, this means not only "If A and B then D" but also "If D then A and B"
- Whatever other interesting bonus you want, as long as it's coherent with the rest of the project.

II.3 Language constraints

You are free to use whatever programming language you want to make the engine, but keep in mind that your choice in language could impact performance, and while there will not be a direct influence on your grade as such, we will probably have a competition between everyone who did the project at some point.

Of course, the language used in the input files to describe the facts and rules is non-negociable.

II.4 Defense sessions

For the defense session, be prepared to:

- Explain your implementation of the inference engine.
- Justify your decisions in terms of algorithms and data structures.

• Run your program on varied examples that demonstrate your successful implementation of the project. You're expected to provide some examples for the defense. Any capability of your program that is not demonstrated by your examples will NOT be counted as present.

Chapter III

Appendix

III.1 Symbols and rules of precedence

The following symbols are defined, in order of decreasing priority:

- ullet (and) which are fairly obvious. Example : A + (B | C) => D
- ! which means NOT. Example : !B
- \bullet + which means AND. Example : A + B
- $\bullet\,$ | which means OR. Example : A | B
- ^ which means XOR. Example : A ^ B
- \bullet => which means "implies". Example : A + B => C
- \bullet <=> which means "if and only if". Example : A + B <=> C

III.2 Input file format

```
zaz@blackjack:~/expert/$ cat -e example_input.txt
   this is a comment$
   all the required rules and symbols, along with the bonus ones, will be
   shown here. spacing is not important
                                    \mbox{\tt\#} \mbox{\tt C} \mbox{\tt implies} \mbox{\tt E} \mbox{\tt\#} \mbox{\tt A} \mbox{\tt and} \mbox{\tt B} \mbox{\tt and} \mbox{\tt C} \mbox{\tt implies} \mbox{\tt D}
A + B + C
                  => D
                  => C
                                    # A or B implies C
                                    # A and not B implies F
# C or not G implies H
# V xor W implies X
A + !B
C | !G
V ^ W
                  => F
                  => H
                                    # A and B implies Y and Z
# C or D implies X or V
# E and F implies not V
A + B
C | D
                  => Y + Z
=> X | V
                                    # A and B if and only if C
# A and B if and only if not C
A + B
                  <=> C
                  <=> !C
 =ABG
                                     \mbox{\tt\#} Initial facts : A, B and G are true. All others are false.
                                     # If no facts are initially true, then a simple "=" followed
                                     # by a newline is used
                                     \mbox{\tt\#} Queries : What are G, V and X ?
zaz@blackjack:~/expert/$
```