## Article template

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September 24, 2018

## **Abstract**

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## 1 Introduction

Einstein (1905) (Figure 1) showed mass-energy equivalence

$$E = mc^2, (1)$$

for speed of light  $c = 2.99792458 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}.$ 

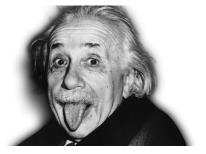


Figure 1: Albert Einstein

## References

Albert Einstein. Zur Elektrodynamik bewegter Körper. (German) [On the electrodynamics of moving bodies]. *Annalen der Physik*, 322(10):891–921, 1905. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/andp.19053221004.

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