



$$\lim_{p \leftarrow x} \int_{\mathcal{F}} \mathcal{L}_s(x) \delta(x)$$

Let  $s$  be a student of age 23 years living a distance  $d$  from his family, a set  $\mathcal{F}$  with  $N$  members,  $f_i$ . Let  $\mathcal{L}_s(x)$  be a function of the magnitude of love,  $l$ , the student  $s$  has for his family that takes a distance argument,  $x$ . Compute the limit of the student's love as a function using the distance measure  $\delta(x)$ , that is

### Question 1: Indefinite Limits

#### Solution 1: Indefinite Limits

First, we write down the integral of the function with correct limits and notice that we can split the integral into components where

$$\int_{\mathcal{F}} \mathcal{L}_s(x) \delta(x) = \sum_{i=1}^N \int_{f_i} \mathcal{L}_s(x) \delta(x)$$

such that each integral can be evaluated for each of the  $N$  family members. By thinking of the nature of the function  $\mathcal{L}$  we realize there exists a singularity with respect to  $x$  which results in a rapid divergence at distance  $d$ . That is, for each family member, love goes to infinity at any distance.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow d} \int_{\mathcal{F}} \mathcal{L}_s(x) \delta(x) \rightarrow \infty$$