```
Acse.lex
  V. 1.1.0
                                                             Page 1/1
                                Scanner
 %option novvwrap
#include <string.h>
#include "axe struct.h"
#include "collections.h'
#include "Acse.tab.h"
#include "axe_constants.h'
extern int line num;
extern int num error;
extern int yyerror(const char* errmsq);
 TOKEN DEFINITIONS
DIGIT
        [0-9]
TD
        [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*
/*-----
     TOKENS
 1011110
%option noyywrap
%x comment
ક ક
 " \r\n "
               { ++line num; }
                { ++line_num; }
[ \+\f\v1+
                { /* Ignore whitespace. */ }
"//"[^\n]*
                { ++line_num; /* ignore comment lines */ }
                BEGIN (comment);
<comment>[^*\n]*
<comment>[ "\fi] "
<comment>[ [ "\fi] "\fi
<comment> [ "\fi] "
</comment> [ "\fi] "
                     { ++line_num; }
<comment>"*"+[^*/\n]*\n { ++line_num; <comment>"*"+"/" BEGIN(INITIAL)
                     BEGIN (INTITAL) :
return LBRACE;
                  return RBRACE;
                  return LSQUARE;
                  return RSQUARE;
                  return LPAR;
                  return RPAR:
                  return SEMI;
                  return COLON;
                  return PLUS;
                  return MINUS;
                  return MUL_OP;
                  return DIV OP;
                  return MOD OP;
                  return AND_OP;
                  return OR_OP;
                  return NOT OP;
                  return ASSIGN;
                  return LT;
                  return GT;
                  return SHL OP;
                  return SHR_OP;
                  return EO;
                  return NOTEO
 "<="
                  return LTEQ;
                  return GTEO:
"&&
                  return ANDAND;
                 return OROR; }
                 return COMMA;
" do "
                 return DO;
"else"
"for"
                 return ELSE;
                 return FOR:
 "if"
                 return IF;
 "int"
                 yylval.intval = INTEGER_TYPE; return TYPE; }
" while '
                 return WHILE;
                return RETURN;
 return"
                 return READ;
 read"
 write'
                return WRITE;
                  yylval.svalue=strdup(yytext); return IDENTIFIER; }
DIGIT}+
                  yylval.intval = atoi( yytext );
return(NUMBER); }
                 { yyerror("Error: unexpected token");
                  num error++;
                  return (-1); /* invalid token */
```

```
V. 1.1.0
                           Acse.v
                                                      Page 1/4
 #include "axe struct.h"
#include "axe_engine.h"
#include "symbol table.h"
#include "axe_errors.h"
#include "collections.h"
#include "axe_expressions.h"
#include "axe_gencode.h"
#include "axe_utils.h"
#include "axe_array.h"
#include "axe io manager.h"
int line_num;
int num_error;
                         /* number of errors */
/* number of warnings */
int num warning;
                         /* ALL PROGRAM INFORMATION */
program infos *program;
SEMANTIC RECORDS
 .....*
%union
  int intval;
  char *svalue;
  t_axe_expression expr;
t axe declaration *decl;
  t_list *list;
   t axe label *label;
  t while statement while stmt;
 *-----
                        TOKENS
%start program
%token LBRACE RBRACE LPAR RPAR LSOUARE RSOUARE
%token SEMI COLON PLUS MINUS MUL_OP DIV_OP MOD_OP
%token AND_OP OR_OP NOT_OP
%token ASSIGN LT GT SHL_OP SHR_OP EQ NOTEQ LTEQ GTEQ
%token ANDAND OROR
%token COMMA
%token FOR
%token RETURN
%token READ
%token WRITE
%token <label> DO
%token <while_stmt> WHILE
%token <label> IF
%token <label> ELSE
%token <intval> TYPE
%token <svalue> IDENTIFIER
%token <intval> NUMBER
%type <expr> exp
%type <decl> declaration
%type <list> declaration_list
%type <label> if stmt
/*----
                    OPERATOR PRECEDENCES
%left COMMA
%left ASSIGN
%left OROR
%left ANDAND
%left OR OP
%left AND_OP
%left EQ NOTEQ
%left LT GT LTEO GTEO
%left SHL_OP SHR_OP
%left MINUS PLUS
%left MUL_OP DIV_OP
%right NOT
BISON GRAMMAR
88
       : var_declarations statements
program
         /* Notify the end of program and generates HALT */
         set_end_Program(program);
         YYACCEPT;
```

```
V. 1.1.0
                                     Acse.v
                                                                          Page 2/4
var declarations : var declarations var declaration
                   | /* empty */
var declaration
               : TYPE declaration list SEMI
                      set_new_variables(program, $1, $2); }
               : declaration_list COMMA declaration
     { $$ = addElement($1, $3, -1); }
     declaration
declaration list
                      $$ = addElement(NULL, $1, -1); }
declaration : IDENTIFIER ASSIGN NUMBER
               $$ = alloc_declaration($1, 0, 0, $3);
if ($$ == NULL)
                    notifyError(AXE_OUT_OF_MEMORY);
               IDENTIFIER LSOUARE NUMBER RSOUARE
               $$ = alloc declaration($1, 1, $3, 0);
                if (SS == NULL)
                   notifyError(AXE_OUT OF MEMORY);
               IDENTIFIER
                $$ = alloc_declaration($1, 0, 0, 0);
                if ($$ == NULL)
                    notifyError(AXE_OUT_OF_MEMORY);
code block
              statement
               LBRACE statements RBRACE
            : statements statement
               statement
statement
              assign statement SEMI
               control_statement
               read_write_statement SEMI
                 gen_nop_instruction(program);
control_statement : if_statement
               while statement
               do_while_statement SEMI
               return_statement SEMI
read_write_statement : read_statement
                       | write_statement
assign_statement : IDENTIFIER LSQUARE exp RSQUARE ASSIGN exp
                storeArrayElement(program, $1, $3, $6);
                free($1);
               IDENTIFIER ASSIGN exp
                 int location;
                t axe instruction *instr;
                location = get_symbol_location(program, $1, 0);
                if ($3.expression_type == IMMEDIATE)
  instr = gen_addi_instruction
                       (program, location, REG_0, $3.value);
                else
                    instr = gen_add_instruction
                      (program, location, REG_0, $3.value, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
                free($1);
if statement
             : if stmt
                    assignLabel(program, $1);
                   if stmt ELSE
                    $2 = newLabel(program);
                   gen_bt_instruction (program, $2, 0);
assignLabel(program, $1);
                 code_block
                   assignLabel(program, $2);
```

```
V. 1.1.0
                                    Acse.v
                                                                        Page 3/4
if stmt : IF
                   $1 = newLabel(program);
                LPAR exp RPAR
                      if ($4.expression_type == IMMEDIATE)
    gen load immediate(program, $4.value);
                      else
                      code block { $$ = $1; }
while statement : WHITE
                   { $1 = create_while_statement();
                      $1.label_condition
                             = assignNewLabel(program);
                   LPAR exp RPAR
                      if ($4.expression_type == IMMEDIATE)
    gen load immediate(program, $4.value);
                          gen_andb_instruction(program, $4.value,
$4.value, $4.value, CG_DIRECT_ALL);
                      $1.label_end = newLabel(program);
                      gen_beq_instruction (program, $1.label_end, 0);
                      /* jump to the beginning of the loop */
                      gen_bt_instruction
                             (program, $1.label_condition, 0);
                       /* fix the label 'label_end' */
                      assignLabel(program, $1.label_end);
do_while_statement : DO
                          $1 = newLabel(program)
                          assignLabel(program, $1);
                       code block WHILE LPAR exp RPAR
                             if ($6.expression_type == IMMEDIATE)
                                 gen_load_immediate(program, $6.value);
                             return statement : RETURN
read statement : READ LPAR IDENTIFIER RPAR
                location = get_symbol_location(program, $3, 0); gen read instruction (program, location);
write statement : WRITE LPAR exp RPAR
                if ($3.expression_type == IMMEDIATE)
                   location = gen_load_immediate(program, $3.value);
                else
                   location = $3.value;
                gen_write_instruction (program, location);
exp: NUMBER
                   $$ = create_expression ($1, IMMEDIATE); }
    IDENTIFIER
                      location = get_symbol_location(program, $1, 0);
$$ = create_expression (location, REGISTER);
                      free($1);
     IDENTIFIER LSQUARE exp RSQUARE {
                      int reg;
                       reg = loadArrayElement(program, $1, $3);
                      $$ = create_expression (reg, REGISTER);
                      free($1);
```

```
V 110
                               Acse.v
                                                              Page 4/4
    NOT OP NUMBER { if ($2 == 0)
                         $$ = create_expression (1, IMMEDIATE);
                      else
                        $$ = create expression (0, IMMEDIATE);
    NOT OF IDENTIFIER
                         int identifier location;
                         int output_register;
                         identifier_location =
                        get_symbol_location(program, $2, 0);
output_register =
                            getNewRegister(program);
                        gen_notl_instruction (program, output_register
   , identifier_location);
                         $$ = create_expression (output_register, REGISTER);
                         free($2):
    exp AND_OP exp
       $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, $3, ANDB); }
   exp OR OP exp
       $$ = handle bin numeric op(program, $1, $3, ORB);
    exp PLUS exp
       $$ = handle bin numeric op(program, $1, $3, ADD);
    exp MINUS exp
       $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, $3, SUB);
    exp MUL OP exp
       $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, $3, MUL);
    exp DIV_OP exp
       $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, $3, DIV);
    exp LT exp
       $$ = handle_binary_comparison (program, $1, $3, _LT_); }
   exp GT exp
       $$ = handle_binary_comparison (program, $1, $3, _GT_); }
   exp EQ exp
       $$ = handle_binary_comparison (program, $1, $3, _EQ_); }
    exp NOTEO exp
       $$ = handle_binary_comparison (program, $1, $3, _NOTEQ_);
    exp LTEQ exp
       $$ = handle_binary_comparison (program, $1, $3, _LTEQ_); }
    exp GTEO exp
       $$ = handle_binary_comparison (program, $1, $3, _GTEQ_); }
    exp SHL_OP exp {
   $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, $3, SHL); }
    exp SHR_OP exp
       $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, $3, SHR); }
   exp ANDAND exp
       $$ = handle bin numeric op(program, $1, $3, ANDL);
    exp OROR exp  {
    $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op(program, $1, $3, ORL); }
    LPAR exp RPAR
    MINUS exp
                    if ($2.expression_type == IMMEDIATE)
                         $$ = $2;
                         $$.value = - ($$.value);
                         t_axe_expression exp_r0;
                         exp r0.value = REG 0;
                         exp_r0.expression_type = REGISTER;
                        $$ = handle_bin_numeric_op
(program, exp_r0, $2, SUB);
/*-----
                               MAIN
int main (int argc, char **argv)
     initialize all the compiler data structures and global variables */
  init_compiler(argc, argv);
  vvparse();
  return 0:
YYERROR
int yyerror(const char* errmsq)
  errorcode = AXE_SYNTAX_ERROR
  return 0;
```

```
V. 1.1.0
                        jumpnote.txt
                                                         Page 1/1
                     HOW TO GENERATE JUMPS
***********************************
This is an example:
gen beg instruction( ... label ... )
      Generates a jump-if-equal instruction (i.e., jump if flag zero is set)
      to 'label'.
      That means a jump to 'label' if the preceding expression is FALSE.
```

V. 1.1.0 axe_array.h Page 1/1 /* axe_array.h * CODE GENERATION FOR ARRAY MANAGEMENT (LOAD/STORE) / /* Generates the instructions for loading the content of an * array element ino a register. * ID: array name * index: index of the array cell * Returns the register number extern int loadArrayElement(t_program_infos *program , char *ID, t_axe_expression index); /* Generetas the instructions for loading an array cell * address into a register. * */ /* Generates the instructions for storing data into the array * cell indexed by ID and index*/ extern void storeArrayElement(t program infos *program, char *ID . t axe expression index. t axe expression data);

```
V. 1.1.0
                               axe_engine.h
                                                                          Page 1/1
  * axe engine.h
 * Contains t_program_infos and some functions for LABEL MANAGEMENT
 typedef struct t program infos
   t_list *variables;
  t_list *instructions;
t list *data;
  t_axe_label_manager *lmanager;
   t_symbol_table *sy_table;
  int current_register;
t program infos;
 /* initialize the informations associated with the program. */
 extern t_program_infos * allocProgramInfos();
 /* add a new instruction to the current program. This function is directly
* called by all the functions defined in 'axe_gencode.h' */
extern void addInstruction(t program infos *program, t axe instruction *instr);
 * reserve a new label identifier and return the identifier to the caller */
extern t_axe_label * newLabel(t_program_infos *program);
 /* assign the given label identifier to the next instruction. Returns
* the label assigned; otherwise (an error occurred) LABEL_UNSPECIFIED */
extern t_axe_label * assignLabel(t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label);
   reserve and fix a new label. It returns either the label assigned or the
* value LABEL_UNSPECIFIED if an error occurred */
extern t axe label * assignNewLabel(t program infos *program);
/* get a previously allocated variable */
extern t axe variable * getVariable
       (t program infos *program, char *ID);
/* get the label that marks the starting address of the variable
 * with name "ID" */
* with name 1D -/
extern t_axe_label * getLabelFromVariableID
             (t_program_infos *program, char *ID);
/* get a register still not used. This function returns
* the ID of the register found*/
extern int getNewRegister(t_program_infos *program);
```

```
V. 1.1.0
                       axe_expressions.h
                                                                  Page 1/1
/* This function generates instructions for binary numeric
* operations. It takes as input two expressions and a binary * operation identifier, and it returns a new expression that
* represents the result of the specified binary operation
* applied to 'exp1' and 'exp2'.
* Valid values for 'binop' are:
* ADD
* ANDB
* ORB
* SUB
* MIII.
* DIV */
extern t_axe_expression handle_bin_numeric_op (t_program_infos *program
        , t_axe_expression exp1, t_axe_expression exp2, int binop);
/* This function generates instructions that perform a
* comparison between two values. It takes as input two
* expressions and a binary comparison identifier, and it
* returns a new expression that represents the result of the
* specified binary comparison between 'expl' and 'exp2'.
* Valid values for 'condition' are:
* _LT_
          (used when is needed to test if the value of 'expl' is less than
            the value of 'exp2'l
           (used when is needed to test if the value of 'expl' is greater than
  GT
            the value of 'exp2')
           (used when is needed to test if the value of 'expl' is equal to the value of 'exp2')
* _EQ_
  _NOTEQ_ (used when is needed to test if the value of 'expl' is not equal to
            the value of 'exp2')
  _LTEQ_
            (used when is needed to test if the value of 'expl' is less than
           or equal to the value of 'exp2',
* GTEO
            (used when is needed to test if the value of 'expl' is greater tha
            the value of 'exp2') */
extern t_axe_expression handle_binary_comparison (t_program_infos *program
        , t_axe_expression exp1, t_axe_expression exp2, int condition);
```

V. 1.1.0	axe_	_gencode.	.h	Page 1/3
/* ***********	******	******	******	******
* axe_gencode.h * CODE GENERATION * **********	******	******	******	*******
/** * NC	P & HALT			
extern t_axe_instruction (t_program_infos	n * gen_nor	p_instruction	*/	
extern t_axe_instruction (t_program_infos		lt_instruction		
/*	IARY OPERATI	IONS		
/* A LOAD instruction r * 1. A destination re * 2. A label informat * value will be te * 3. A direct address extern t_axe_instructic (t_program_infos	egister (whe zion (can be aken into co s (if label on * gen_loa	e following para ere will be load e a NULL pointer onsideration) is different fr ad_instruction	meters: ed the request . If so, the ac om NULL) */	ldess
	am_infos *p	program, int r_d	est);	
extern t_axe_instruction (t_progr		lte_instruction program, <i>int</i> r_d	est);	
/* A STORE instruction * specific memory loca * either a label ident * In order to create a * privide a valid regi * instance of 't_axe_i extern t_axe_instructic (t_program_infos	ation. The manifier or a STORE instants ster location about or a control or a contr	memory location address referen truction the cal ion ('r_dest') a numeric address ore_instruction	can be ce. ler must nd an */	
/* A MOVA instruction of * An address can be ei * or a number (numeric extern t_axe_instructio (t_program_infos	copies an ac ther an ins address) ; on * gen_mov	ddress value int stance of 't_axe '/ va_instruction	o a register. _label′	
/* * STATUS REGISTER TEST *	' INSTRUCTIO		*/	
/* rdest = 1 if the las * rdest = 0 otherwise extern t_axe_instruction (t_pr	n * gen_sge	operation is gte e_instruction s *program, int		
/* EQ */ extern t_axe_instruction (t_pr	on * gen_sec	q_instruction s *program, int	r_dest);	
/* GT */ extern t_axe_instruction (t_pr	on * gen_sgt	_instruction s *program, int	r_dest);	
/* LE */ extern t_axe_instruction (t_pr	on * gen_sle	_instruction s *program, int	r_dest);	
/* LT */ extern t_axe_instruction (t_pr	on * gen_slt	_instruction s *program, <i>int</i>	r_dest);	
/* NE */ extern t_axe_instruction (t_pr	on * gen_sne	_instruction s *program, int	r_dest);	
/*BI	NARY OPERAT	PIONS	*/	
/*				
* REGISTER = REGISTER * * Suffix "li" means lo * Suffix "bi" means bi	gical	TE		
* Prefix "e" means exc	lusive		*/	
extern t_axe_instruction (t_program_infos	*program,	int r_dest, int	r_source1, int	immediate);
<pre>extern t_axe_instructio (t_program_infos</pre>			r_sourcel, int	immediate);
extern t_axe_instruction	on * gen_and	dli_instruction		

```
V 110
                              axe gencode.h
                                                                          Page 2/3
       (t_program_infos *program, int r_dest, int r_source1, int immediate);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_orli_instruction
        (t program infos *program, int r dest, int r sourcel, int immediate);
extern t axe instruction * gen eorli instruction
       (t program infos *program. int r dest. int r source). int immediate);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_andbi_instruction
        t_program_infos *program, int r_dest, int r_sourcel, int immediate);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_muli_instruction
         program_infos *program, int r_dest, int r_sourcel, int immediate);
extern t axe instruction * gen orbi instruction
        (t program infos *program, int r dest, int r sourcel, int immediate);
extern t axe instruction * gen eorbi instruction
        [t program infos *program, int r dest, int r sourcel, int immediate);
extern t axe instruction * gen divi instruction
       (t program infos *program, int r dest, int r sourcel, int immediate);
 // SHL = shift left
extern t axe instruction * gen shli instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, int r_dest, int r_source1, int immediate);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_shri_instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, int r_dest, int r_sourcel, int immediate);
extern t axe instruction * gen not1 instruction
       (t program infos *program, int r dest, int r sourcel);
extern t axe instruction * gen notb instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, int r_dest, int r_source1);
                      TERNARY OPERATIONS
                REGISTER = REGISTER OP REGISTER
 * Suffix "l" means logical
 * Suffic "b" means bitwise
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_add_instruction (t_program_infos *program
    , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_sub_instruction (t_program_infos *program
       , int r dest, int r sourcel, int r source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_andl_instruction (t_program_infos *program
    , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_orl_instruction (t_program_infos *program
    , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_eorl_instruction (t_program_infos *program
    , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_andb_instruction (t_program_infos *program
    , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_orb_instruction (t_program_infos *program
    , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_eorb_instruction (t_program_infos *program
        int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_mul_instruction (t_program_infos *program
       , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_div_instruction (t_program_infos *program
        , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_shl_instruction (t_program_infos *program
        int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_shr_instruction (t_program_infos *program
       , int r_dest, int r_sourcel, int r_source2, int flags);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_neg_instruction (t_program_infos *program
       , int r_dest, int r_source, int flags);
extern t axe instruction * gen spcl instruction (t program infos *program
       , int r_dest, int r_source1, int r_source2, int flags);
                       JUMP INSTRUCTIONS
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bt_instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bf_instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
```

```
V. 1.1.0
                             axe gencode.h
                                                                         Page 3/3
      (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bls_instruction
   (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t axe instruction * gen bcc instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bcs_instruction
       t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bne_instruction
       t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t axe instruction * gen beg instruction
       (t program infos *program, t axe label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bvc_instruction
       (t program infos *program, t axe label *label, int addr);
extern t axe instruction * gen bys instruction
      (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t axe instruction * gen bpl instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bmi_instruction
       (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t axe instruction * gen bge instruction
       (t program infos *program, t axe label *label, int addr);
extern t axe instruction * gen blt instruction
      (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bgt_instruction
   (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
extern t_axe_instruction * gen_ble_instruction
    (t_program_infos *program, t_axe_label *label, int addr);
 See also:
   axe_utils.h for gen_load_immediate()
```

extern t_axe_instruction * gen_bhi_instruction

```
V. 1.1.0 axe_labels.h Page 1/1

/* ****
* axe_labels.h.
* AUXILIARY FUNCTIONS FOR LABEL MANAGEMENT

/* get the number of labels inside the list of labels */
extern int get_number_of_labels(t_axe_label_manager *lmanager);

/* return TRUE if the two labels hold the same identifier */
extern int compareLabels(t_axe_label *labelA, t_axe_label *labelB);

/* test if a label will be assigned to the next instruction */
extern int isAssignedLabel(t_axe_label_manager *lmanager);

/*

See also:
    axe_engine.h for the main label-related functions
*/
```

```
V. 1.1.0
                              axe struct.h
                                                                     Page 1/2
  axe struct.h
* FUNDAMENTAL DATA STRUCTURES
typedef struct t axe label
   int labelID;
                     /* label identifier */
  t axe label;
typedef struct t_axe_register
                  /* an identifier of the register */
  int indirect; /* a boolean value: 1 if the register value is a pointer */
 t axe register;
typedef struct t ave address
  /* one of ADDRESS TYPE or LABEL TYPE */
   int type;
t_axe_address;
/* A structure that defines the internal data of a 'Acse variable' */
typedef struct t_axe_variable
  int init_val; /* initial value of the current variable. Actually it is
                   * implemented as a integer value. 'int' is
* the only supported type at the moment,
                   * future developments could consist of a modification of
                   * the supported type system. Thus, maybe init_val will be
                   * modified in future */
  char *ID;
                           /* variable identifier (should never be a NULL
                             * pointer or an empty string "") *.
  t_axe_label *labelID; /* a label that refers to the location
                            * of the variable inside the data segment */
 t axe variable;
/* a simbolic assembly instruction */
typedef struct t_axe_instruction
                                 /* instruction opcode (for example: AXE_ADD )
   t_axe_register *reg_1;
                                  /* destination register */
   t axe register *reg 2;
                                  /* first source register *,
   t_axe_register *reg_3;
                                  /* second source register */
   int immediate;
                                  /* immediate value */
   t_axe_address *address;
                                  /* an address operand */
                                  /* if defined it is set to the source code
  char *user_comment;
                                   * instruction that generated the current
                                   * assembly. This string will be written
                                    into the output code as a comment *.
  t axe label *labelID;
                                 /* a label associated with the current
                                   * instruction */
}t axe instruction;
/* this structure is used in order to define assembler directives.
* Directives are used in many cases such the definition of variables
* inside the data segment. Every instance 't_axe_data' contains
 * all the informations about a single directive.
* An example is the directive .word that is required when the assembler * must reserve a word of data inside the data segment. */
typedef struct t_axe_data
                           /* the type of the current directive
  int directiveType;
                           * (for example: DIR_WORD) */
/* the value associated with the directive */
  int value:
  t axe label *labelID; /* label associated with the current data */
t axe data;
typedef struct t axe expression
                        /* an immediate value or a register identifier */
  int expression_type; /* actually only integer values are supported */
  t axe expression;
typedef struct t axe declaration
   int isArray;
                           /* must be TRUE if the current variable is an array */
  int arraySize;
                          /* the size of the array. This information is useful o
nlv
                           * if the field 'isArray' is TRUE */
  int init val;
                          /* initial value of the current variable. */
/* variable identifier (should never be a NULL pointer
  char *ID;
                            * or an empty string "") */
 t axe declaration;
typedef struct t_while_statement
                                  /* this label points to the expression
* that is used as loop condition */
   t_axe_label *label_condition;
```

```
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                                  axe struct.h
                                                                              Page 2/2
   t ave label *label end;
                                        /* this label points to the instruction * that follows the while construct */
 t while statement;
 /* create a label */
extern t axe label * alloc label(int value);
 /* create an expression */
extern t_axe_expression create_expression (int value, int type);
/* create an instance that will mantain infos about a while statement */
extern t_while_statement create_while_statement();
/* create an instance of 't_axe_register' */
extern t axe register * alloc register(int ID, int indirect);
/* create an instance of 't axe instruction' */
extern t axe instruction * alloc instruction(int opcode);
/* create an instance of 't_axe_address' */
extern t axe address * alloc address(int type, int address, t axe label *label);
/* create an instance of 't_axe_data' */
extern t axe data * alloc data(int directiveType, int value, t axe label *label)
/* create an instance of 't_axe_variable' */
extern t_axe_variable * alloc_variable
       (char *ID, int type, int isArray, int arraySize, int init_val);
 /* finalize an instance of 't axe variable' */
extern void free variable (t axe variable *variable);
  create an instance of 't axe variable' */
extern t_axe_declaration * alloc_declaration
       (char *ID, int isArray, int arraySize, int init_val);
/* finalize an instruction info. */
extern void free Instruction(t axe instruction *inst);
 /* finalize a data info. */
extern void free Data(t axe data *data);
```

axe_utils.h V. 1.1.0 Page 1/1 * axe utils.h * Some important functions to access the list of symbols /* create a variable for each 't_axe_declaration' inside * the list 'variables'. Each new variable will be of type * 'varType'. */ extern void set_new_variables(t_program_infos *program , int varType, t_list *variables); /* Given a variable/symbol identifier (ID) this function * returns a register location where the value is stored * (the value of the variable identified by 'ID'). * If the variable/symbol has never been loaded from memory * to a register, first this function searches * for a free register, then it assign the variable with the given * ID to the register just found. * Once computed, the location (a register identifier) is returned * as output to the caller. * This function generates a LOAD instruction * only if the flag 'genLoad' is set to 1; otherwise it simply reserve * a register location for a new variable in the symbol table * If an error occurs, get symbol location returns a REG INVALID errorcode */ extern int get_symbol_location(t_program_infos *program . char *ID. int genLoad); /* Generate the instruction to load an 'immediate' value into a new register. * It returns the new register identifier or REG INVALID if an error occurs */ extern int gen load immediate(t program infos *program, int immediate); /* Notify the end of the program. This function is directly called * from the parser when the parsing process is ended */ extern void set_end_Program(t_program_infos *program);

```
collections.h
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                                                                    Page 1/1
 * collections.h
 * A double linked list
typedef struct t list
        struct t_list *next;
        struct t_list *prev;
/* add an element 'data' to the list 'list' at position 'pos'.*/
extern t list * addElement(t list *list, void * data, int pos);
/* add sorted */
extern t list * addSorted(t_list *list, void * data
           , int (*compareFunc)(void *a, void *b));
 /* add an element to the end of the list *
extern t_list * addLast(t_list *list, void * data);
 /* add an element at the beginning of the list */
extern t_list * addFirst(t_list *list, void * data);
 * remove an element at the beginning of the list */
extern t_list * removeFirst(t_list *list);
  remove an element from the list */
extern t list * removeElement(t list *list, void * data);
 '* remove a link from the list 'list' */
extern t_list * removeElementLink(t_list *list, t_list *element);
 /* find an element inside the list 'list'. The current implementation calls the
 * CustomfindElement' passing a NULL reference as 'func' *
extern t list * findElement(t list *list, void *data);
 /* find an element inside the list 'list'. '
extern t list * CustomfindElement(t list *list, void *data
            . int (*compareFunc)(void *a, void *b));
/* find the position of an 'element' inside the 'list'. -1 if not found */
extern int getPosition(t list *list, t list *element);
/* find the length of 'list' */
extern int getLength(t_list *list);
/* remove all the elements of a list */
extern void freeList(t_list *list);
 /* get the last element of the list. Returns NULL if the list is empty
 * or list is a NULL pointer */
extern t_list * getLastElement(t_list *list);
 /* retrieve the list element at position 'position' inside the 'list'.
* Returns NULL if: the list is empty, the list is a NULL pointer or 
* the list holds less than 'position' elements. */
extern t list * getElementAt(t list *list, unsigned int position);
/* create a new list with the same elements */
extern t_list * cloneList(t_list *list);
/* add a list of elements to another list */
extern t list * addList(t list *list, t list *elements);
/* add a list of elements to a set */
extern t_list * addListToSet(t_list *list, t_list *elements
        int (*compareFunc)(void *a, void *b), int *modified);
```

```
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                             symbol table.h
                                                                          Page 1/1
 * symbol table.h
* Some important functions to manage the symbol table
 /* a symbol inside the sy table. An element of the symbol table is composed by
 * three fields: <ID>, <type> and <Location>.
* 'ID' is a not-NULL string that is used as key identifier for a symbol
 * inside the table.
* 'type' is an integer value that is used to determine the correct type
* of a symbol. Valid values for 'type' are defined into "sy_table_constants.h"
 * 'reg_location' refers to a register location (i.e. which register contains
 * the value of 'ID'). */
typedef struct
   char *ID:
                          /* symbol identifier */
                         /* type associated with the symbol */
  int type:
   int reg_location; /* a register location *.
}t symbol;
/* put a symbol into the symbol table */
extern int putSym(t symbol table *table, char *ID, int type);
/* set the location of the symbol with ID as identifier */
extern int setLocation(t_symbol_table *table, char *ID, int reg);
  get the location of the symbol with the given ID */
extern int getLocation(t_symbol_table *table, char *ID, int *errorcode);
 * get the type associated with the symbol with ID as identifier */
extern int getTypeFromID(t_symbol_table *table, char *ID, int type);
  given a register identifier (location), it returns the ID of the variable
* stored inside the register 'location'. This function returns NULL
* stored inside the register invalue. This time the location is an invalid location. */
extern char * getIDfromLocation(t_symbol_table *table
, int location, int *errorcode);
 See also:
   axe_utils.h for wrapper functions related to variables
   axe_array.h for wrapper functions related to array variables
```