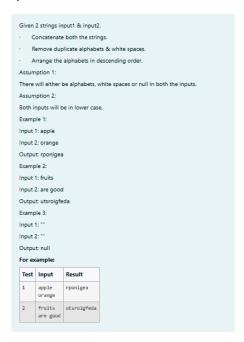
## Object Oriented Programming Using Java

## Week 6

1)



```
import java.util.*;
public class s {
  public static String solve(String a, String b) {
    if ((a == null || a.trim().isEmpty()) && (b == null || b.trim().isEmpty())) return "null";
    String combined = a + b;
    Set<Character> uniqueChars = new HashSet<>();
    for (char c : combined.toCharArray()) {
        if (Character.isAlphabetic(c)) {
            uniqueChars.add(c);
        }
    }
    char[] charArray = new char[uniqueChars.size()];
    int i = 0;
    for (char c : uniqueChars) {
```

```
charArray[i++] = c;
}
Arrays.sort(charArray);
return new StringBuilder(new String(charArray)).reverse().toString();
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    String input1 = sc.nextLine();
    String input2 = sc.nextLine();
    System.out.println(solve(input1, input2));
}
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
/	1	apple orange	rponlgea	rponlgea	~
~	2	fruits are good	utsroigfeda	utsroigfeda	~
<b>~</b>	3		nul1	nul1	~

2)

```
You are provided a string of words and a 2-digit number. The two digits of the number represent the two words that are to be processed.
   If the string is "Today is a Nice Day" and the 2-digit number is 41, then you are expected to process the 4th word ("Nice") and the 1st word ("Today").
   The processing of each word is to be done as follows:
  Extract the Middle-to-Begin part: Starting from the middle of the word, extract the characters till the beginning of the word.
  Extract the Middle-to-End part: Starting from the middle of the word, extract the characters till the end of the word.
  If the word to be processed is "Nice":
  Its Middle-to-Begin part will be "iN".
  Its Middle-to-End part will be "ce".
  So, merged together these two parts would form "iNce".
  Similarly, if the word to be processed is "Today":
  Its Middle-to-Begin part will be "doT".
  Its Middle-to-End part will be "day".
  So, merged together these two parts would form "doTday".
  Note: Note that the middle letter 'd' is part of both the extracted parts. So, for words whose length is odd, the middle letter should be included in both the extracted parts.
  Expected output:
  The expected output is a string containing both the processed words separated by a space "iNce doTday"
  input1 = "Today is a Nice Day"
  input2 = 41
  output = "iNce doTday"
  Example 2:
  input1 = "Fruits like Mango and Apple are common but Grapes are rare"
  input2 = 39
   output = "naMngo arGpes"
   Note: The input string input1 will contain only alphabets and a single space character separating each word in the string.
   Note: The input string input1 will NOT contain any other special characters.
   Note: The input number input 2 will always be a 2-digit number (>=11 and <=99). One of its digits will never be 0. Both the digits of the number will always point to a valid word in the input 1 string.
   For example:
    Input
                                                                    Result
    Fruits like Mango and Apple are common but Grapes are rare naMngo arGpes 39
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.lang.String;

class prog {

   public static void main(String[] args) {

       Scanner o=new Scanner(System.in);

       String s=o.nextLine();
       int n=o.nextInt();

       String result = processWords(s,n);

       System.out.println(result);
   }

   public static String processWords(String input1, int input2) {

       String[] words = input1.split(" ");
   }
}
```

```
int firstIndex = (input2 / 10) - 1;
  int secondIndex = (input2 % 10) - 1;
  String firstWordProcessed = processWord(words[firstIndex]);
  String secondWordProcessed = processWord(words[secondIndex]);
  return firstWordProcessed + " " + secondWordProcessed;
public static String processWord(String word) {
  int length = word.length();
  int mid = length / 2;
  String I, f;
  if (length % 2 == 0) {
    f=word.substring(0,mid);
    f= new StringBuilder(f).reverse().toString();
    l= word.substring(mid);
    return f+l;
  } else {
    f = word.substring(0, mid + 1);
    f= new StringBuilder(f).reverse().toString();
    l= word.substring(mid);
  }
  return f+l;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
/	Today is a Nice Day 41	iNce doTday	iNce doTday	~
/	Fruits like Mango and Apple are common but Grapes are rare 30	naMngo arGpes	naMngo arGpes	~

}

```
Given a String input1, which contains many number of words separated by : and each word contains exactly two lower case alphabets, generate an output based upon the below 2 cases.
   1. All the characters in input 1 are lowercase alphabets.
   2. input 1 will always contain more than one word separated by:

    Output should be returned in uppercase.

   Case 1:
   Check whether the two alphabets are same.
   If yes, then take one alphabet from it and add it to the output.
   Example 1:
   input1 = wwiicpp:moo
   output = WIPRO
   Explanation:
   word1 is ww, both are same hence take w
   word2 is ii. both are same hence take i
   word3 is pp, both are same hence take p
    word4 is rr, both are same hence take r
   word5 is oo, both are same hence take o
   Hence the output is WIPRO
   If the two alphabets are not same, then find the position value of them and find maximum value - minimum value.
   Take the alphabet which comes at this (maximum value - minimum value) position in the alphabet series.
   Example 2"
   input1 = zxza:ee
   output = BYE
   word1 is zx, both are not same alphabets
   position value of z is 26
   position value of x is 24
   max - min will be 26 - 24 = 2
   Alphabet which comes in 2<sup>nd</sup> position is b
   Word2 is za, both are not same alphabets
   position value of z is 26
   max - min will be 26 - 1 = 25
   Alphabet which comes in 25th position is y
   word3 is ee, both are same hence take e
  Hence the output is BYE
import java.util.Scanner;
public class prog{
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
       String input = sc.nextLine();
       String[] words = input.split(":");
       StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
       for (String word : words) {
           char c1 = word.charAt(0);
           char c2 = word.charAt(1);
           if (c1 == c2) {
              result.append(Character.toUpperCase(c1));
           } else {
```

```
int pos1 = c1 - 'a' + 1;
int pos2 = c2 - 'a' + 1;

int diff = Math.abs(pos1 - pos2);
    char newChar = (char) ('a' + diff - 1);
    result.append(Character.toUpperCase(newChar));
    }
}
System.out.println(result.toString());
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	ww:ii:pp:rr:oo	WIPRO	WIPRO	~
~	zx:za:ee	BYE	BYE	~
asse	d all tests! 🗸			