# BAIS CAPSTONE PROJECT

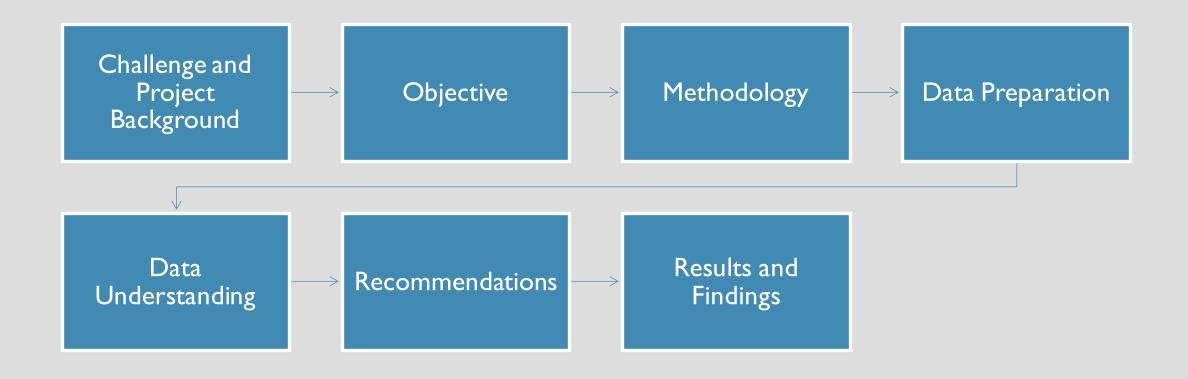
Home Attendance for the Minnesota Twins

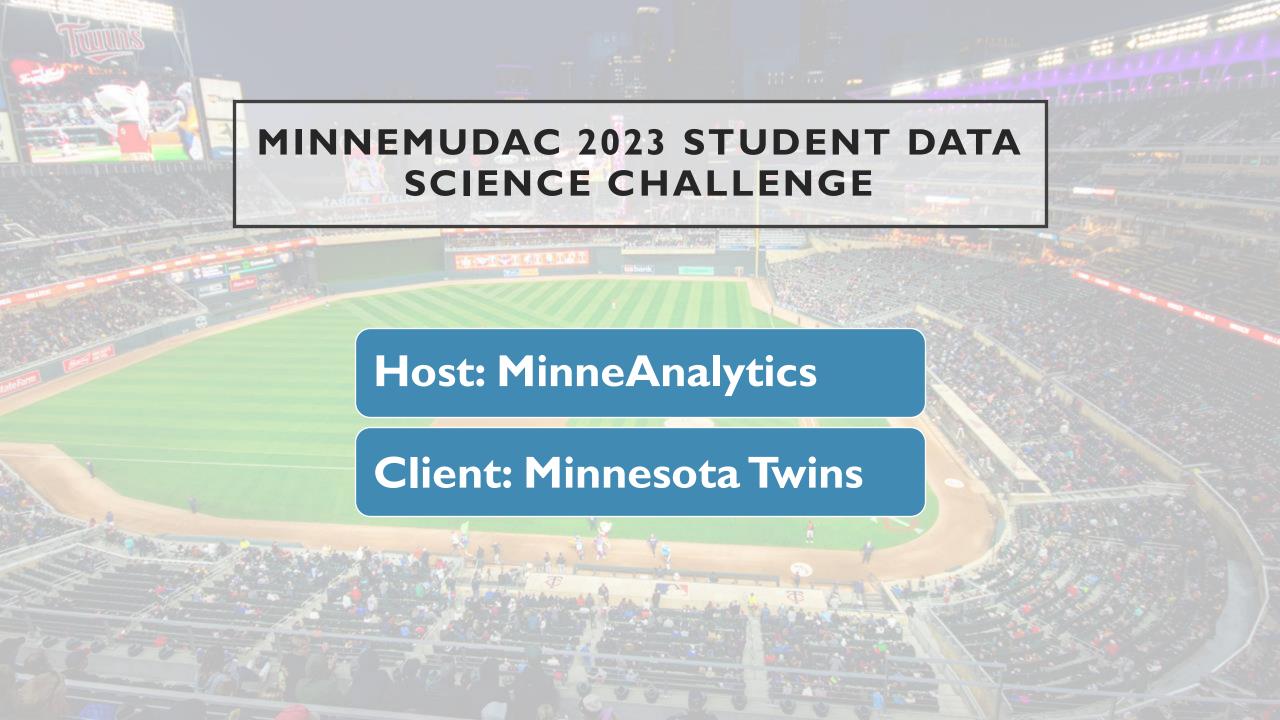
MLB Group

Beth Tiggelaar, Katie Zawoyski, Ryan Yuson, Sarah Phillips

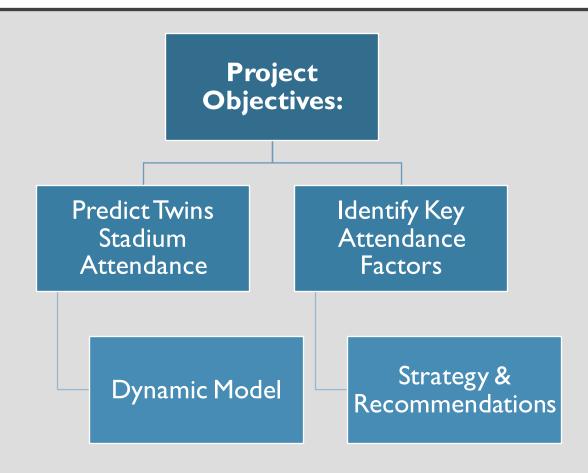


### **AGENDA**





## UNDERSTAND MLB HOME GAME FACTORS TO INFORM ATTENDANCE GROWTH



# PREDICTING ATTENDANCE FOR BUSINESS PROCESS OPTIMIZATION



Staffing Levels

Supply Chain Efficiency

Stadium Turnover

## PREDICTING ATTENDANCE FOR BUSINESS PROCESS OPTIMIZATION



Staffing Levels

Supply Chain Efficiency

Stadium Turnover

### Revenue

Dynamic Pricing

Promotions & Events

Sales Performance Metrics

## PREDICTING ATTENDANCE FOR BUSINESS PROCESS OPTIMIZATION



Staffing Levels

Supply Chain Efficiency

> Stadium Turnover

### Revenue

Dynamic Pricing

Promotions & Events

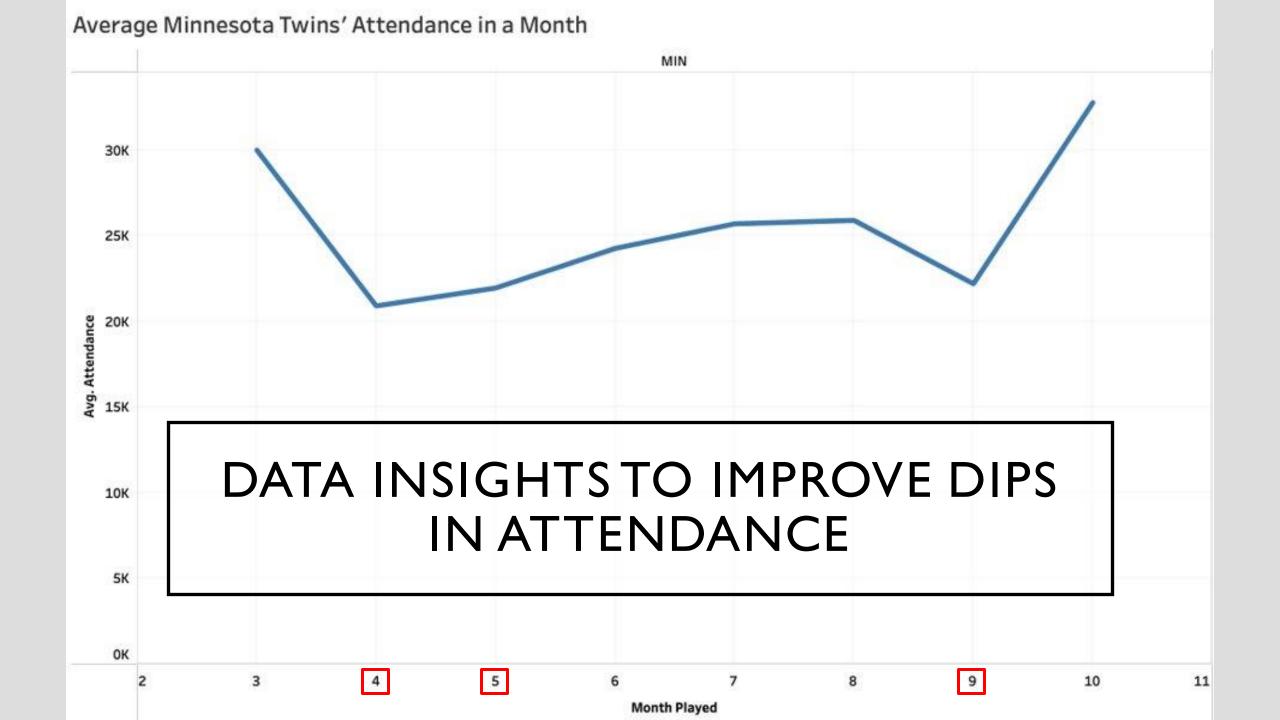
Sales Performance Metrics

### Strategic

Revenue Forecasting

Informed Budgeting

Marketing & Product
Development



## T-test & Variable Importance

T-test & Variable Importance

Initial Regression Model

T-test & Variable Importance

Initial Regression Model

Collect External Data

T-test & Variable Importance

Initial Regression Model

Collect External Data

Integrate into Final Regression

### DATA PREPARATION



Properly format data types

2

Create dummy variables from categoric features

3

Handle column position for consistency

4

Remove instances with invalid attendance

5

Gather and integrate external data

6

Create subsets from GameLogs

### AREAS OF DATA EXPLORATION

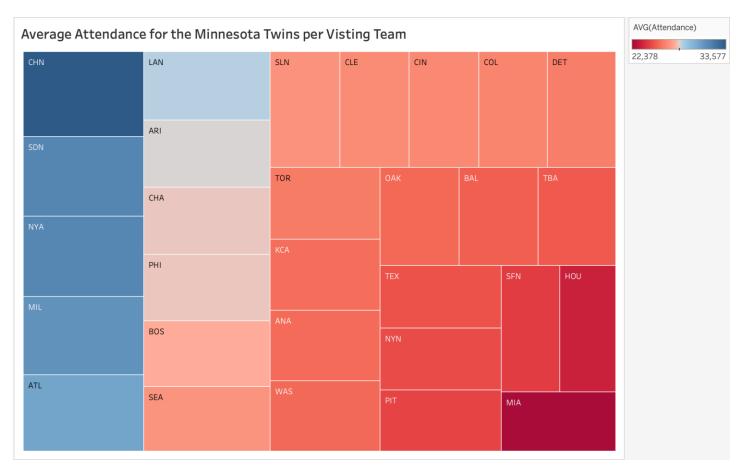
Minnesota Twin's Average Attendance

MLB Attendance Time Comparisons

League Attendance Comparisons

Variable Importance

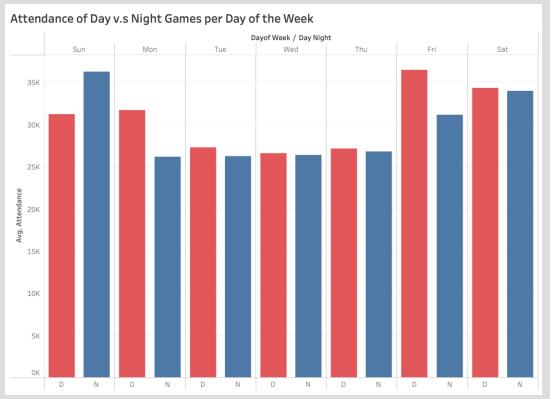
Attendance by Location

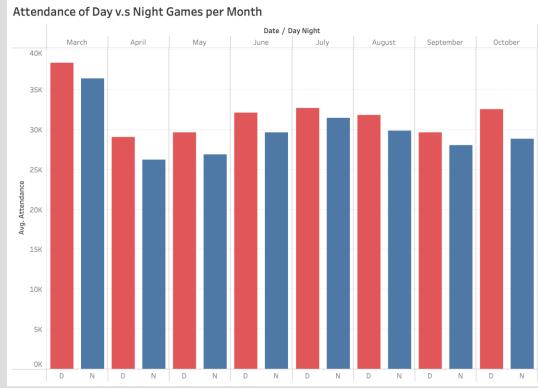


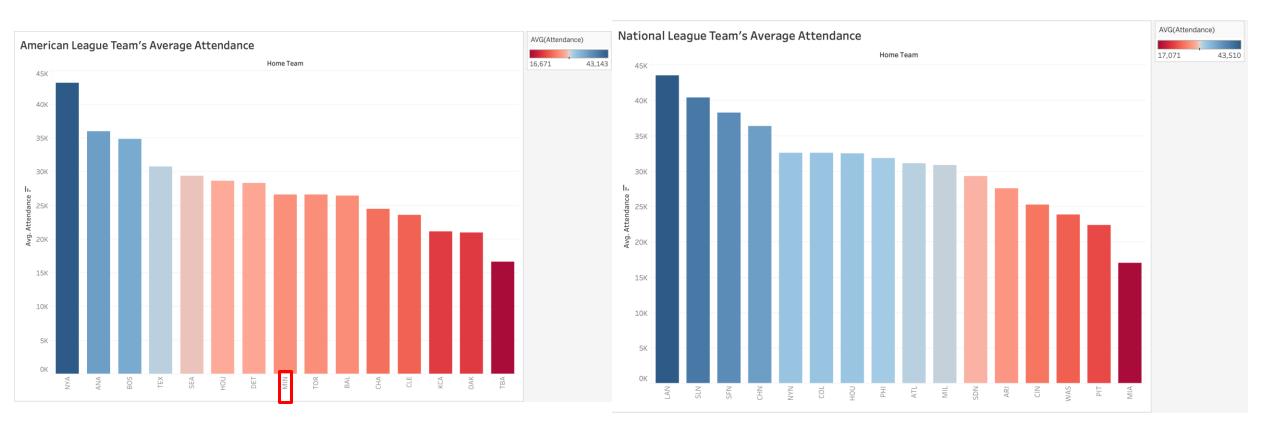
Chicago Cubs have the highest attended games on average Miami Marlins have the lowest attended games on average

# MINNESOTATWINS ATTENDANCE COMPARED TO VISITING TEAM ATTENDANCE

## **DAY GAMES** AVERAGE **HIGHER** ATTENDANCE THROUGHOUT MLB

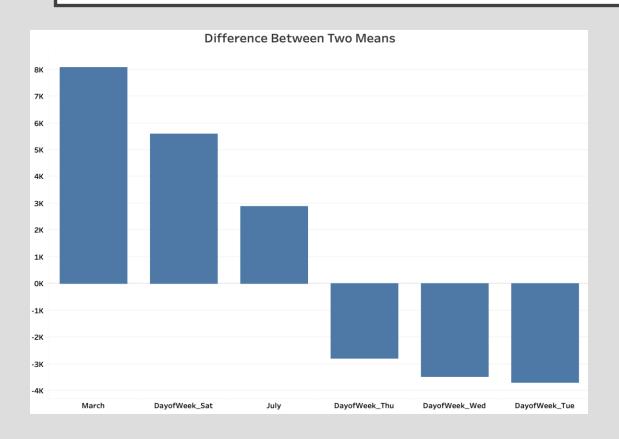


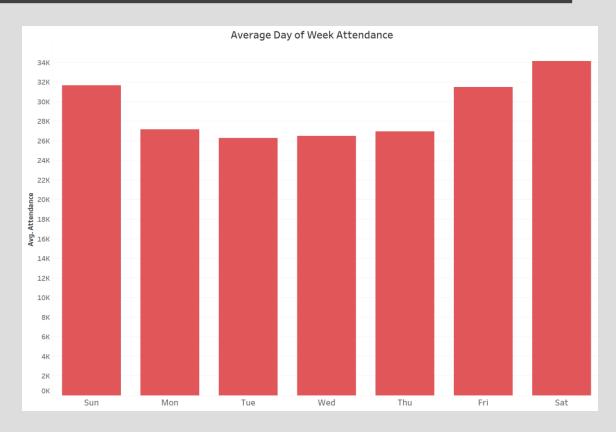




### ATTENDANCE VARIANCE BY LEAGUE

### VARIABLE IMPORTANCE PROVIDES DATA INSIGHTS



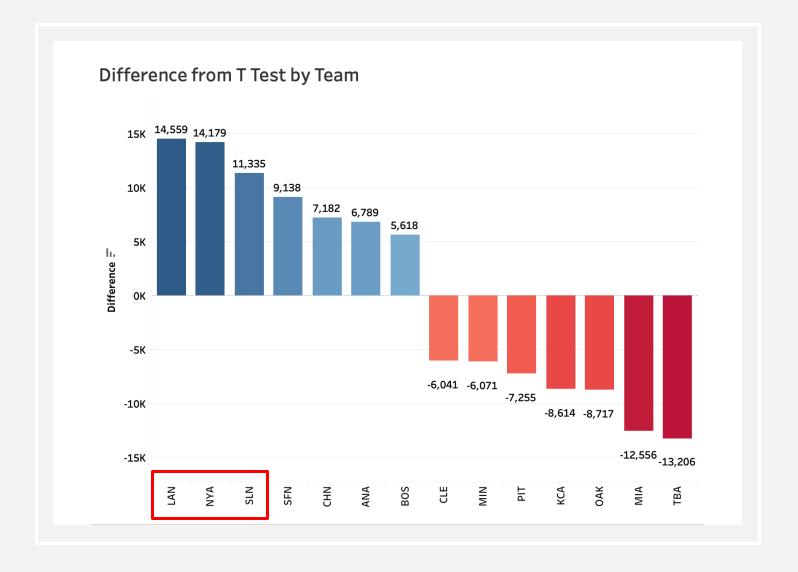


March, July, and Saturday games have a positive impact on attendance

Weekdays average the lowest Attendance

# HIGHLY IMPACTFUL TEAMS HELP INFORM BUSINESS STRATEGY

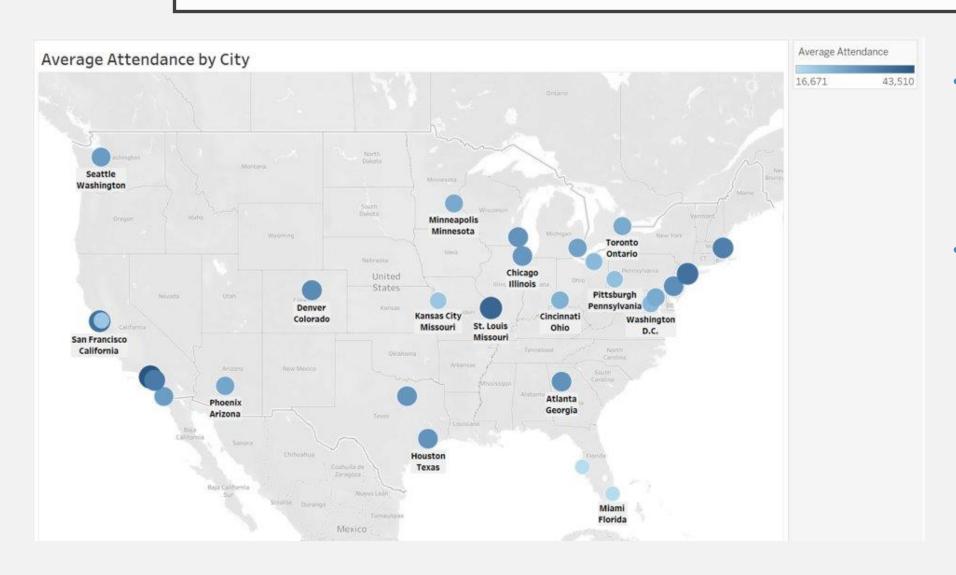
 Los Angeles Dodgers, New York Yankees, and St. Louis Cardinals have largest positive impact on attendance



# EXTERNAL DATA PROVIDES A HOLISTIC APPROACH TO STADIUM INSIGHTS

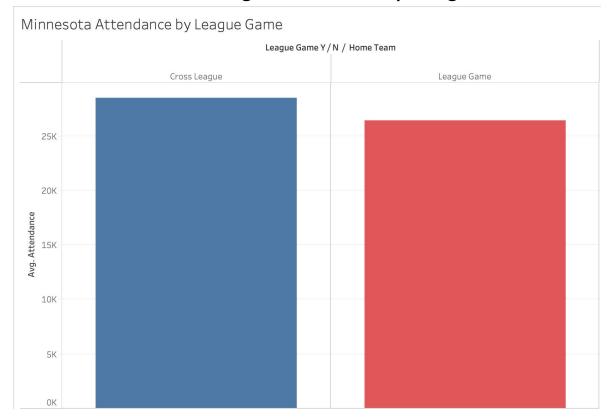
### Modeling

## STADIUM LOCATION AFFECTS AVERAGE ATTENDANCE

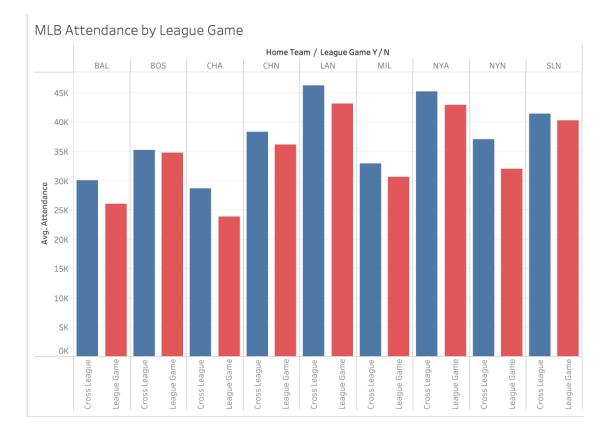


- Los Angeles, CA and St. Louis, MO have the highest average attendance
- St. Petersburg, FL and Miami, FL have the lowest average attendance followed by Oakland, CA

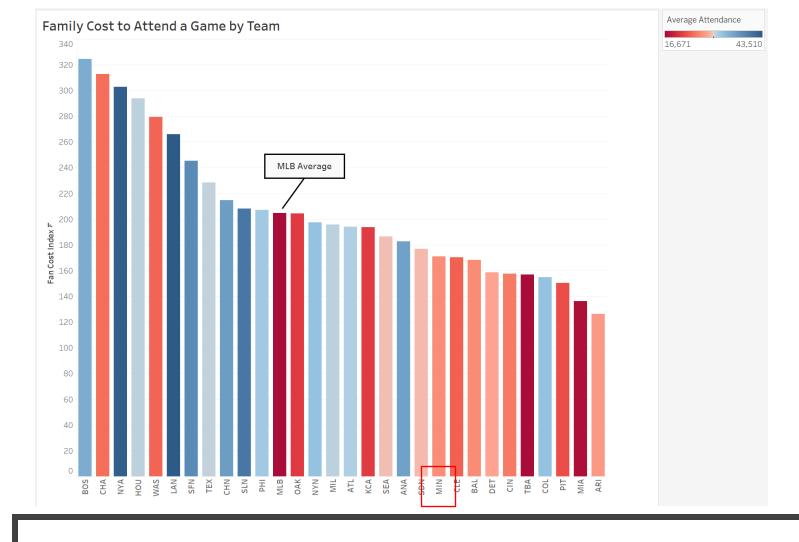
### Minnesota Average Attendance by League



### Other MLB Average Attendance by League



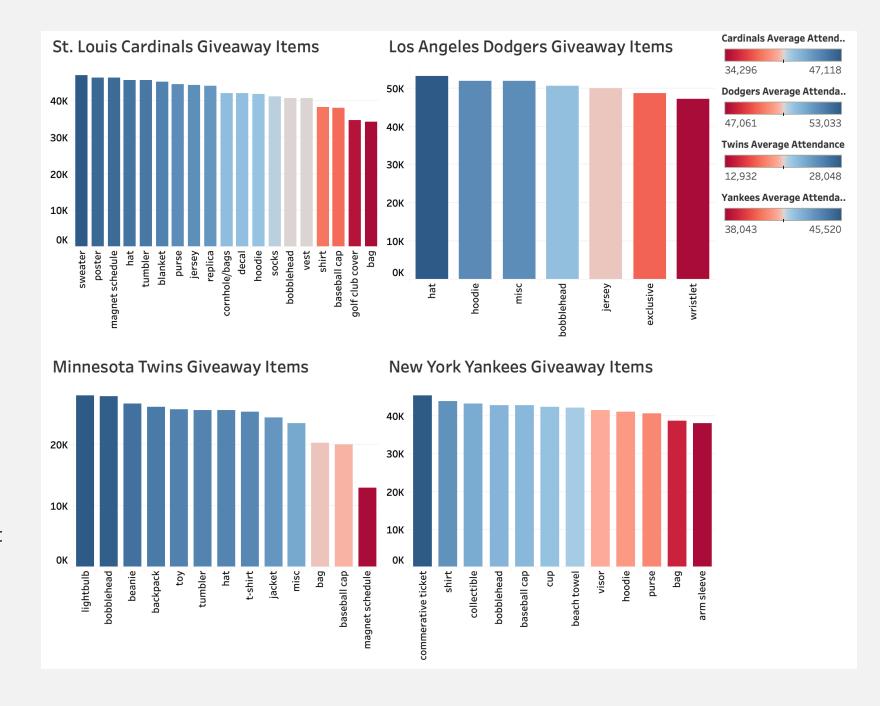
# CROSS LEAGUE GAME AVERAGES HIGHER ATTENDANCE RATES



# COST TO ATTEND A GAME VARIES BY TEAM AND CITY

# LEAGUE WIDE PROMOTIONAL TRENDS

- STL Cardinals Aggressive
  - Widest giveaway opportunities
  - Clothing, bundled, Adult/16+ items average higher attendance
- LA Dodgers Passive
  - Widest event opportunities
  - Bobbleheads highest count & sum of attendance
- NY Yankees Strategic
  - Marketed 'collectible' items reflect game & event experiences
  - Differentiated limited edition items



# TWINS PROMOTIONAL CLIMATE



Heavy saturation in summer months

Increase Spring/early Summer giveaway opportunities



Bobbleheads utilized ineffectively

Increase bobblehead frequency & variety



Higher attendance at child-specific giveaways

Explore & offer more familyoriented promotions



## PROJECT RECOMMENDATIONS



April, May, September

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April, May, September



## Spring Games

## Spring Games



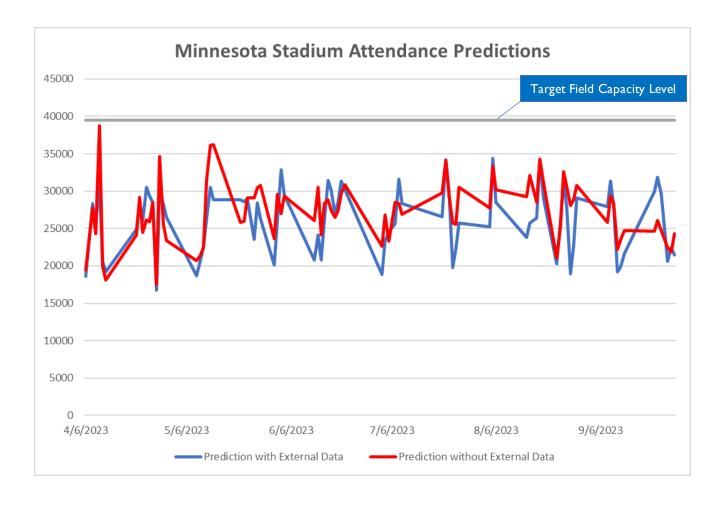
## Spring Games

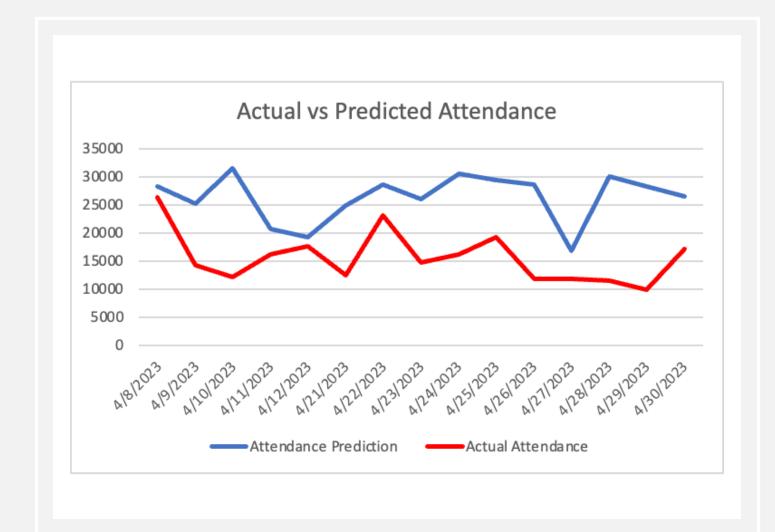
## UTILIZING REGRESSION MODELS TO PREDICT 2023 MLB STADIUM ATTENDANCE

- Eight regression tests ran
- Trained on 20 years of data, tested on the 2022 season
- Evaluated on Mean Absolute Error and Mean Absolute Percentage Error
- Random Forest All predictors without Cross Validation had the strongest results

Data <b>S</b> et	Model Approach	Train MAE	Test MAE	Difference	MAPE
Original Data	RF - All predictors wo CV	1951.817	2041.051	89.234	152.3%
External Data	RF - All predictors wo CV	1871.633	2239.578	367.945	80.3%
External data with subset data (previous 5 years)	RF - All predictors wo CV	1704.678	2034.616	329.938	62.9%
External Data with Previous Attendance		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_00010	0211100	
(Dynamic Model)	RF - All predictors wo CV	1579.74	1384.599	-195.141	21.2%

## STADIUM PREDICTION RESULTS

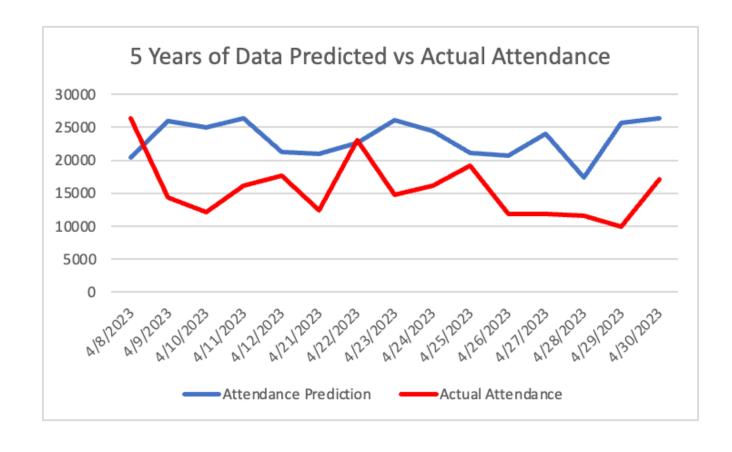




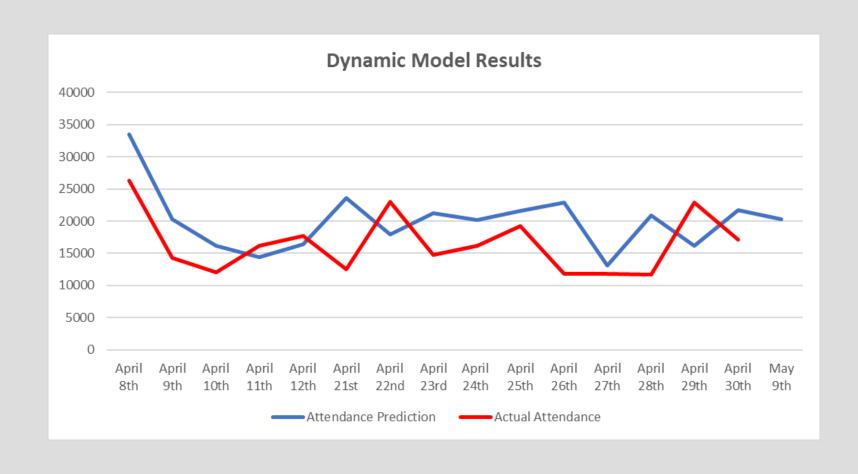
# TWINS ATTENDANCE MODEL RESULTS FROM PLAYED GAMES

- External Data Model Predictions
- \*4/9 was Easter not noted in model

# SMALLER SUBSET OF DATA LEADS TO BETTER PREDICTIONS



## THE **DYNAMIC MODEL** PRODUCES THE MOST ACCURATE RESULTS



## OUTCOMES AND STUDENT TAKEAWAYS



Communication is the key factor to team success

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Being thorough when going through original data is crucial

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Being thorough when going through original data is crucial



Setting a standard meeting time leads to higher quality of work

### **APPENDIX**

- 1. St. Louis Cardinals Promotional Schedule, 2022
- 2. Los Angeles Dodgers Promotional Information, 2022
- 3. Los Angeles Dodgers Promotional, Cont.
- 4. New York Yankees Promotional Schedule, 2022
- 5. Minnesota Twins Promotional Information, 2022
- 6. Minnesota Twins Promotional Information, Cont.
- 7. Minnesota Twins Name History
- 8. Target Field Information



### **Minnesota Twins Attendance Growth Strategy**

MLB 03-1: Sarah Philips, Katie Zawoyski, Beth Tiggelaar, Ryan Yuson

### I.) Objective

The objective of this project was to build a predictive attendance model for MLB home games using historical game log and scheduling data, as well as provide actionable insight into underlying factors that influence home game attendance. Overarchingly, we aim to provide recommendations to positively impact attendance, as well as inform operational, revenue, and financial strategy impacts for the Minnesota Twins.

### 2.) Methodology

We first created a baseline regression model using our cleaned, initial data. From here, we explored Variable Importance through T-testing to helped determine what fields have a significant positive and negative impact on attendance.

Modeling – Regression

- Trained on 20 years of data, tested on the 2022 season
- Ran 8 different models and evaluated them on Mean Absolute Error
- Random Forest Model All predictors without cross validation had the strongest results

### 3.) Data Preparation

When working with the original datasets, our first step was to properly format all datatypes. While exploring the data, we created dummy variables for categoric features. The next step was to remove any instances of with null/negative attendance. Once the data was cleaned, we were able to implement external data and then finally subset the data for testing.

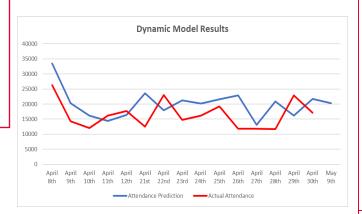
### 4.) Data Description

Our team was provided three csv files containing twenty years of historical game logs and scheduling data, as well as the current 2023 MLB schedule. Our first set of clean data consisted of 263 variables across 54,345 instances. The further use of external data provided 6 additional variables for modeling: stadium capacity, city population, number of professional teams/city, cost to attend a game, and previous game attendance of the current 2023 season. Promotional scheduling from the 2022 season provided information regarding free/exclusive giveaway items, supply limits, game themes, and pre/post game events. It is important to note that this data was used strictly for exploration as it is not fully comprehensive of league scheduling.

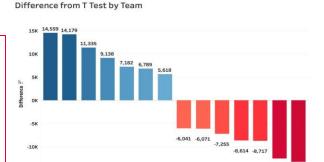
## R ++++ x

### 5.) Regression Results and Findings

To predict 2023 MLB attendance, we used R studio to run a random forest all predictors without cross validation to run a regression to get the 2023 predictions. We ran this test three times with: 1.) original data, 2.) integrated external data, and 3.) integrated previous game attendance. We found that the dynamic model using each game's previous attendance made the most accurate predictions, exhibiting the lowest test MAE (1,384.59) and MAPE (21.2%), while remaining considerably tolerant when exposed to new data.



The following t-test displays the teams with the most positive and negative impact on home game attendance. The positive impact of the LA Dodgers, NY Yankees, and STL Cardinals presents the opportunity to explore event/giveaway schedules across the league and provide insight into trends and successful promotional strategies.



#### **6.) Business Recommendations**

After conducting variable exploration, we found the variables that had low attendance indicate for the twins to target the months of April and September, weekdays including Tuesdays – Thursdays, and more general spring and league games. To increase attendance in these areas we recommend utilizing a variety of complemented promotional activities including themed games, giveaways, ticket bundles, and weekday promotions to add perceived value to games without the insistence of significant additional costs attend.

#### **Promotional Placement**

Exploring 2022 promotional scheduling gave insight into a wide range of successful promotional strategies. The Minnesota Twins should restructure their approach by more opportunities in first half of the season, including the expansion of offered items and incorporation of additional themes and events alongside items to mitigate stand-alone 'exclusive' giveaways.