

# Computational Quantum Physics

## Week 3

### Due on Week 5

**Slides template** Starting from this week, it is mandatory to submit a report of the exercises in the presentation format (slides). The maximum length is six slides, including:

1. First slide: heading with your name, the date, exercise number and course name and year.
2. Different sections, such as (if applicable)
  - \* **THEORY:** Explain very briefly the theory you have based your solution on.
  - \* **CODE DEVELOPMENT:** Introduce strategies, tests, and report debugging problems, compilations options.
  - \* **RESULTS:** Present data and explain your results.
- (a) Upload the slide report in Moodle under the correspondent exercise.
- (b) File names must include your name, exercise number and codewords SLIDES, and CODE. Example: Ex3-Rossi-SLIDES.pdf

#### Exercise 1: **Scaling of the matrix-matrix multiplication**

Consider the program developed in Exercise 3 of Week 1 (matrix-matrix multiplication).

- (a) Write a python script that changes  $N$  between two values  $N_{min}$  and  $N_{max}$ , and launches the program.
- (b) Store the results of the time needed in different files depending on the multiplication method used.
- (c) Fit the scaling of the time needed for different methods as a function of the input size. Consider the biggest possible difference between  $N_{min}$  and  $N_{max}$ .
- (d) Plot the results for the different multiplication methods.

#### Exercise 2: **Eigenproblem**

Consider a random Hermitian matrix  $A$  of size  $N$ .

- (a) Diagonalize  $A$  and store the  $N$  eigenvalues  $\lambda_i$  in crescent order.
- (b) Compute the normalized spacings between eigenvalues  
 $s_i = \Delta\lambda_i / \bar{\Delta\lambda}$  where

$$\Delta\lambda_i = \lambda_{i+1} - \lambda_i,$$

and  $\bar{\Delta\lambda}$  is the average  $\Delta\lambda_i$ .

#### Exercise 3: **Random Matrix Theory**

Study  $P(s)$ , the distribution of the  $s_i$  defined in the previous exercise, accumulating values of  $s_i$  from different random matrices of size at least  $N = 1000$ .

- (a) Compute  $P(s)$  for a random HERMITIAN matrix.
- (b) Compute  $P(s)$  for a DIAGONAL matrix with random real entries.
- (c) Fit the corresponding distributions with the function:

$$P(s) = as^\alpha \exp(-bs^\beta)$$

and report  $\alpha, \beta, a, b$ .

*Hint:* if necessary neglect the first matrix eigenvalue.