VIDYAVARDHAKA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, MYSURU 570002



Subject: Management & Entrepreneurship ACTIVITY-BASED ASSESSMENT

on

Topic: Top Business Leaders of India

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1. Abstract

This report explores the stories of three of India's top business leaders: Mukesh Ambani, Natarajan Chandrasekaran, and Gautam Adani. They have each played a crucial role in shaping India's economy through their leadership and business acumen.

Mukesh Ambani, Chairman of Reliance Industries, has expanded his father's small textile business into a global giant with interests in oil, telecommunications, and retail. His initiatives like Jio have transformed India's telecom sector, making internet affordable for millions.

Natarajan Chandrasekaran, Chairman of Tata Sons, has led Tata Consultancy Services (TCS) to become a global IT leader. Under his watch, TCS has pioneered digital technologies and sustainability practices.

Gautam Adani, Chairman of the Adani Group, started with a small trading business and grew it into a conglomerate involved in ports, airports, and renewable energy. His investments have boosted India's infrastructure and energy sectors.

This report discusses their backgrounds, early careers, challenges faced, achievements, and impact on India's economy. It highlights their resilience, innovation, and strategic thinking that have influenced India's business landscape.

2. Introduction

India's economic trajectory has been significantly shaped by the visionary leadership and entrepreneurial spirit of individuals who have transformed industries and pioneered new frontiers.

Among these stalwarts are

- 1. Mukesh Ambani.
- 2. Natarajan Chandrasekaran.
- 3. Gautam Adani

Each wielding immense influence over diverse sectors ranging from telecommunications and IT services to infrastructure and renewable energy. Their journeys from humble beginnings to steering multinational conglomerates reflect not only their personal resilience and strategic foresight but also their profound impact on India's business landscape.

This report delves into their backgrounds,

- 1. early career milestones.
- 2. significant challenges.
- 3. monumental achievements
- 4. Enduring legacies that continue to define and inspire India's corporate ecosystem.

3. Prominent Business Leaders in India:

3.1 Mukesh Ambani:



- ☐ Born: 19 April 1957, India
- ☐ Occupation: Chairman and Managing Director of Reliance Industries
- ☐ Financial Status:
 - Estimated net worth of \$123.3 billion as of July 2024.
 - Richest person in Asia and 11th richest in the world.
- ☐ Public Perception:
 - Sometimes characterized as a plutocrat.
 - Attracted both fame and notoriety due to reports of market manipulation, political corruption, cronyism, and exploitation.

Background

• **Education**: Mukesh Ambani holds a Bachelor's degree in Chemical Engineering from the Institute of Chemical Technology, Mumbai. He later pursued an MBA at Stanford University but did not complete it, returning to India to assist his father, Dhirubhai Ambani, in building Reliance.

Initial Work

• **Starting Point**: Mukesh Ambani joined Reliance Industries in 1981, initially focusing on establishing the company's polyester filament yarn business.

• Early Responsibilities: He worked on integrating backward into polyester manufacturing by setting up a PTA (Purified Terephthalic Acid) plant, making Reliance a key player in the textile industry.

Struggles

- Family Business Challenges: After the demise of Dhirubhai Ambani in 2002, Mukesh faced significant challenges in managing family disputes with his brother, Anil Ambani, over the division of Reliance's assets. This led to a split of the company in 2005, with Mukesh taking control of the petrochemicals, oil, and gas business.
- Regulatory and Market Challenges: Mukesh navigated numerous regulatory hurdles and market fluctuations, especially in the oil and telecommunications sectors.

Achievements

- **Telecommunications Revolution:** Launched Jio in 2016, revolutionizing India's telecommunications industry with affordable data plans and high-speed internet, leading to widespread digital inclusion.
- **Retail Expansion:** Reliance Retail has become the largest retailer in India, with a vast network of stores across various segments, including groceries, electronics, and fashion.
- **Refining and Petrochemicals:** Built the world's largest refining complex in Jamnagar, Gujarat, significantly boosting India's refining capacity and contributing to Reliance's profitability.

Impact

Ambani's vision and strategic investments have made Reliance Industries a global powerhouse, driving economic growth and creating numerous employment opportunities in India.

3.2 Natarajan Chandrasekaran



- ☐ Born: 2 June 1963, India
- ☐ Occupation: Chairman of Tata Sons
- ☐ Career Highlights:
 - Former chief operating officer (COO) and executive director of Tata Consultancy Services (TCS).
 - Appointed CEO of TCS in 2009.
 - Chairman of Tata Motors and Tata Global Beverages (TGB).
 - First non-Parsi and professional executive to lead the Tata Group.
- ☐ Leadership Roles:
 - Chair of B20 India, responsible for leading the business agenda during India's G20 presidency.

Background

• Education: Natarajan Chandrasekaran holds a Bachelor's degree in Applied Sciences from the Coimbatore Institute of Technology and a Master's degree in Computer Applications from the Regional Engineering College, Trichy (now NIT Trichy).

Initial Work

• **Starting Point**: Chandrasekaran joined Tata Consultancy Services (TCS) in 1987 as a software programmer.

• Early Responsibilities: He initially worked on developing software solutions for global clients, gradually taking on more significant projects and responsibilities.

Struggles

- Transition to Leadership: As CEO of TCS, he faced the challenge of transitioning the company from a traditional IT services provider to a global leader in digital services and consulting.
- **Economic Downturns**: Chandrasekaran navigated TCS through periods of global economic downturn, ensuring the company remained profitable and continued to grow.

Achievements

- TCS Leadership: Under his leadership, TCS became the largest IT services company in India by market capitalization and revenue, expanding its global footprint.
- **Digital Transformation**: Pioneered the digital transformation within the Tata Group, focusing on technology and innovation to drive growth.
- **Sustainability Initiatives**: Emphasized sustainable practices and corporate social responsibility, aligning the group's goals with global sustainability standards.

Impact

Chandrasekaran has strengthened the Tata Group's global presence, diversified its business portfolio, and committed to sustainable growth, contributing to India's industrial and economic development.

3.3 Gautam Adani



- Founder and Chairman of the Adani Group, involved in port development and operations in India.
- Born on 24 June 1962 in India.

☐ Political Connections and Controversies

- Known for close ties to Prime Minister Narendra Modi and the BJP.
- Faces allegations of cronyism for securing energy and infrastructure contracts after
 Modi became Prime Minister.

☐ Legal Issues and Allegations

- Accused of stock manipulation and fraud by Hindenburg Research in January 2023.
- Supreme Court dismissed calls for investigation into these allegations in January 2024.

☐ Financial Status

- Experienced significant fluctuations in wealth:
 - Fortune dropped to US\$54.2 billion by October 2023, rebounding to US\$82.3 billion by February 2024.
 - o Rankings on Forbes Real-Time Billionaires list varied during this period.

Background

• **Education**: Gautam Adani attended Gujarat University for a Bachelor's degree in Commerce but dropped out after the second year to pursue business opportunities.

Initial Work

- **Starting Point**: Adani started his career as a diamond sorter in Mumbai, where he gained valuable business experience.
- Early Responsibilities: He then returned to Gujarat to help run his brother's plastics business, which involved importing raw materials for plastic production.

Struggles

- Early Business Challenges: Faced significant challenges in the initial years, including managing risks associated with trading and the volatility of the market.
- Regulatory and Environmental Issues: Overcame numerous regulatory and environmental challenges related to the expansion of the Adani Group's infrastructure projects.

Achievements

- **Infrastructure Development**: Expanded the Adani Group's operations into ports, airports, and logistics, making it a key player in India's infrastructure sector.
- **Renewable Energy**: Invested heavily in renewable energy, aiming to make the Adani Group the largest renewable power company in the world.
- **Global Expansion**: Successfully expanded the Adani Group's operations internationally, entering new markets and industries.

Impact

Adani's strategic vision has transformed the Adani Group into one of India's most influential business conglomerates, driving infrastructure development and contributing to the country's economic growth.

4. Conclusion:

In conclusion, Mukesh Ambani, Natarajan Chandrasekaran, and Gautam Adani have profoundly shaped India's economic landscape through their visionary leadership and strategic initiatives. Mukesh Ambani's transformational impact in telecommunications with Jio and expansive growth in retail underscores his pioneering spirit and commitment to digital inclusion. Natarajan Chandrasekaran's leadership at Tata Consultancy Services has not only solidified its position as a global IT leader but also exemplified innovation and resilience in navigating complex technological landscapes. Gautam Adani's strategic expansions in infrastructure and renewable energy reflect his entrepreneurial drive and contribution to India's sustainable development goals.

These leaders have not only built formidable business empires but also set benchmarks for corporate governance, sustainability, and societal impact. Their journeys from modest beginnings to leading conglomerates highlight the importance of vision, perseverance, and adaptability in achieving enduring success in India's dynamic business environment. As India continues to navigate global challenges and opportunities, the legacies of Ambani, Chandrasekaran, and Adani serve as guiding beacons for future generations of business leaders, inspiring innovation and transformative growth across diverse sectors.

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