

DS OBA - 22GI19CS175
Venkatesh G D

```

1.) #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node* next;
};

void push(struct Node** head_ref, int new_data);
bool isPresent(struct Node* head, int data);

struct Node* getUnion(struct Node* head1, struct Node* head2) {
    struct Node* result = NULL;
    struct Node* t1 = head1, *t2 = head2;
    while (t1 != NULL) {
        push(&result, t1->data);
        t1 = t1->next;
    }

    struct Node* getIntersection(struct Node* head1, struct Node* head2) {
        struct Node* result = NULL;
        struct Node* t1 = head1;
        while (t1 != NULL) {
            if (isPresent(head2, t1->data))
                push(&result, t1->data);
            t1 = t1->next;
        }
        return result;
    }
}

```

1.)

```
void push (struct Node** head_ref, int new_data) {
    struct Node* new_node = (struct Node*) malloc(
        sizeof (struct Node));
    new_node->data = new_data;
    new_node->next = (*head_ref);
    (*head_ref) = new_node;
}
```

```
void printList (struct Node* node) {
    while (node != NULL) {
        printf ("%d", node->data);
        node = node->next;
    }
}
```

```
bool isPresent (struct Node* head, int data) {
    struct Node* t = head;
    while (t != NULL) {
        if (t->data == data)
            return 1;
        t = t->next;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
int main ()
{
    struct Node* head1 = NULL;
    struct Node* head2 = NULL;
    struct Node* intersection = NULL;
    struct Node* union = NULL;
}
```



```
1) push(&head1, 23);
   push(&head1, 14);
   push(&head1, 18);
   push(&head1, 31);
   push(&head1, 9);
```

```
push(&head2, 12);
push(&head2, 23);
push(&head2, 9);
push(&head2, 5);
push(&head2, 25);
```

```
intersection = getIntersection(head1, head2);
union = getUnion(head1, head2);
```

```
printf("\n First list : \n");
printList(head1);
```

```
printf("\n Second list : \n");
printList(head2);
```

```
printf("\n Intersection :");
printList(intersection);
```

```
printf("\n Union :");
printList(union);
```

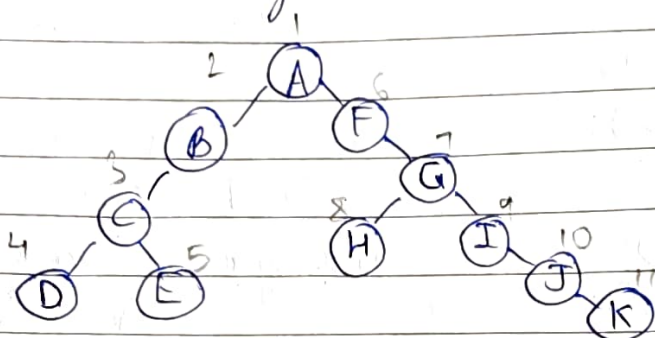
```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

// Executed & Tested on VS Code, Ubuntu 20.8.1.

2.) i) Pre-Order Traversal

1. Visit Root
2. Traverse the left subtree, i.e. call preorder (left subtree)
3. Traverse right subtree, i.e. call preorder (right subtree)



Pre Recursive call	Output
1. Visit Root	A
2. Recur left child of Root A	A B
3. Recur left child of B	A B C
4. Recur left child of C	A B C D
5. Recur right child (because left is NULL)	A B C D E
6. Recur right child of Root A	A B C D E F
7. Recur right child of F (Because left child of F is null)	A B C D E F G
8. Recur left child of G	A B A B C D E F G H
9. Recur right child of G	A B C D E F G H I
10. Recur right child of I (Because left is NULL)	A B C D E F G H I J
11. Recur right child of J (Because left is NULL)	A B C D E F G H I J K

~~Since~~ ∴ Final Output : A B C D E F G H I J K
(PREORDER)

2.)

ii.) Inorder Traversal

→

1. Visit left subtree, i.e. call Inorder (left-subtree)
2. Visit Root
3. Traverse right subtree, i.e. call Inorder (right-subtree).

Recursive CallsOutput

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| 1.) Recur on left subtree
(Traverse A → B → C → D) | D |
| 2.) Visit Root (D → C) | DC |
| 3.) Recur on right subtree (C → E) | DCE |
| 4.) Visit Root (C → B) | DCEB |
| 5.) Visit Root, since right subtree
of B is NULL (B → A) | DCEBA |
| 6.) Recur right subtree of A.
(A → F) | DCEBAF |
| 7.) Recur to right subtree &
then recur left subtree (F → G → H) | DCEBAFH |
| 8.) Visit Root of H (H → G) | DCEBAFHG |
| 9.) Recur to right subtree
(G → I) | DCEBAFHGI |
| 10.) Recur to right subtree
(I → J) | DCEBAFHGIJ |
| 11.) Recur to right subtree
(J → K) | DCEBAFHGIJK |

Final Output : DCEBAFHGIJK
(INORDER)

2.) iii) Post Order Traversal.

1. Traverse left subtree, i.e. call Postorder (left-subtree)
2. Traverse right subtree, i.e. call Postorder (right-subtree)
3. Visit the root.

Recursion calls

Output

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 1. Recur on left subtree
(A → B → C → D) | D |
| 2. Traverse right subtree (D → E) | DE |
| 3. Visit root (E → C) | DEC |
| 4. Visit root (C → B) | DECB |
| 5. Traverse right subtree &
recur to left subtree (B → F → G → H) | DECBH |
| 6. Visit root (H → I → J → K) | DECBHK |
| 6. Recur to right subtree
(H → I → J → K) | DECBHK |
| 7. Visit root (K → J) | DECBHKJ |
| 8. Visit root (J → I) | DECBHKJI |
| 9. Visit root (I → G) | DECBHKJIG |
| 10. Visit root (G → F) | DECBHKJIGF |
| 11. Visit root (F → A) | DECBHKJIGFA |

Final Output : DECBHKJIGFA
(POSTORDER)